Note: To use SAT you must run it with root access (needed to mount files).

#### Naming:

SPARSE\_IMG - .img file that you want to unpack

RAW\_IMG – it is a unpacked .img file, it can be mount and modify on M\_DIR

M\_DIR - mount point directory, when RAW\_IMG is mounted (default: /mnt/sat/loop)

F\_SPARSE\_IMG - final image file (after repack)

(you can pass full path or just name to the above values)

#### Auto mode:

Unpack SPARSE\_IMG, then repack (it makes sense when using some additional options) Usage:

sat -a SPARSE\_IMG F\_SPARSE\_IMG

or:

sat -a SPARSE\_IMG

(F\_SPARSE\_IMG name will be generated automatically)

Unpack mode:

unpack SPARSE\_IMG to RAW\_IMG, then mount to not busy M\_DIR

Usage:

sat -u SPARSE\_IMG RAW\_IMG

or:

sat -u SPARSE\_IMG

(RAW\_IMG name will be generated automatically)

Repack mode:

Usage:

sat -r RAW\_IMG SPARSE\_IMG

Repack RAW\_IMG to SPARSE\_IMG

or:

sat -r RAW\_IMG

Repack RAW IMG to SPARSE IMG (automatically generated name)

or:

sat -r

will repack last created RAW IMG to SPARSE IMG (automatically generated name)

#### No-mode:

This mode is trigerred: - after each unpack - before each repack - while auto mode is used - when none of previos modes (-u,-r,-a) are used

It can be uses with some additional options. It operates on last created RAW\_IMG (can be changed by -m option)

## Additional options:

#### -m M DIR

change mountpoint directory to M\_DIR

**-o** 

overwrite all files (if you don't want overwrite files, script will create new names/dirs)

#### $\operatorname{-dm}$

(for unpack) disable automatic RAW\_IMG mounting

-c

(for no-mode) umount and delete all M DIR's

#### -vndk X

where X is one of numbers: 26, 27, 28, 29 (you can pass how many numbers do you want). It will automatically delete corresponding vndk folders: \* /lib/vndk-X, \* /lib/vndk-sp-X, \* /lib64/vndk-X, \* /lib64/vndk-xp-X

#### -ab2a

converts system from AB architecture to A-only.

#### -debug

allow to display errors (by defualt some errors and messages are not displayed)

#### -ml

prints list of mounted M DIR's

-dc

disable colorful UI

#### -resizeoff

disable resize2fs -M RAW IMG command before repacking

#### -free SIZE

(unpack option) set up free space for unpacked RAW DIR, where SIZE is values in MB

Note: when RAW DIR will be mounted the available free space will be a little lower than SIZE

#### -ds

(unpack option) delete source SPARSE IMG after unpack it

## -update

just update the script (your changes in default.conf will be kept)

#### How it works?

SAT basically follows with below process:

### Unpack mode:

```
simg2img SPARSE_IMG RAW_IMG
mkdir -p M_DIR
mount RAW_DIR M_DIR
```

#### No-mode

Here SAT makes some changes in M\_DIR (for example when -vndk, -ab2a etc. options is used).

# Repack-mode

```
umount M_DIR
e2fsck -fy RAW_IMG
resize2fs -M RAW_IMG
img2simg RAW_IMG F_SPARSE_IMG
```

#### Auto-mode

Just perform all whole process.

#### Change default settings:

Some of default settings can be changed using "default.conf" text file. List of available values below:

# enable\_color=true/false

when set to true, the tool will turn on colorful UI

# use\_tool\_binaries=true/false

when set to true, the tool uses tool's binaries. Otherwise it will use system packages.

#### do\_resize=true/false

when set to true, resize2fs -M RAW IMG command is always called before repacking

#### M\_DIR=PATH

change default M DIR directory to PATH

#### m mount dir=PATH

change directory, where tool creates new M DIR's to PATH

#### Some example uses:

## I. reduce size of Generic System Image (GSI)

You must know, which vndk folders you can delete. It depends of your device's vendor. If you don't know, then check vndk version using Treble Info app (available in Google Play). To reduce size of .img file delete unnecessary vndk folders by running:

```
sat -a SPARSE_IMG -vndk 26 27 29
```

(in that case you will remove all folders related to 26, 27, 29 vndk version)

It will unpack SPARSE\_IMG to RAW\_DIR, then mount it in M\_DIR, deleting vndk folders, resize RAW\_DIR and repack to F\_SPARSE\_IMG.

## II. converting system from AB architecture to A-only.

```
sat -a SPARSE_IMG -ab2a
```

Note: If you want you can do 1. and 2. operation by running:

```
sat -a SPARSE_IMG -vndk 26 27 29 -ab2a
```

Tip: When you using -a option, it is nice to use it with -o (if you sure that tool won't overwrite important files)

### III. Unpack SPARSE IMG and mount, do something with files, repack it

```
sat -u SPARSE_IMG
(do something with files in M_DIR)
sat -r
```

# IV. Unpack SPARSE\_IMG, delete it, set up 300 MB of free space for RAW\_DIR and mount it on default M\_DIR

```
sat -u SPARSE_IMG -ds -free 300
(now you can add some files in M_DIR)
```