Problem 1

$$\begin{split} \beta^{\text{new}} &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \frac{\partial \log \Pr \left(\beta\right)}{\partial \beta} \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \frac{\partial \log \prod\limits_{i=1}^{n} \frac{e^{y_{i}^{*}X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}{1 + e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}}{\partial \beta} \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \frac{\partial \sum\limits_{i=1}^{n} \left(y_{i}^{*}X_{i}^{\top}\beta - \log\left(1 + e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}\right)\right)}{\partial \beta} \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\partial \left(y_{i}^{*}X_{i}^{\top}\beta - \log\left(1 + e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}\right)\right)}{\partial \beta} \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y_{i}^{*}X_{i} - \frac{e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}{1 + e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}X_{i}\right) \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y_{i}^{*} - \frac{e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}{1 + e^{X_{i}^{\top}\beta}}\right)X_{i} \\ &= \beta^{\text{old}} + \eta \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y_{i}^{*} - p_{i}\right)X_{i} \end{split}$$

where

$$p_i = rac{e^{X_i^ opeta}}{1+e^{X_i^ opeta}} = rac{1}{1+e^{-X_i^ opeta}}$$

The reasons of gradient should be computed on $\log \Pr(\beta)$, not on $\Pr(\beta)$:

- 1. Converting cumulative multiplication into cumulative addition($\prod \to \sum$) makes calculating gradients easier.
- 2. Cumulative multiplication(\prod) of many decimals between zero and one will cause the result to converge to zero, while cumulative addition(\sum) will not.