

Biometric Attendance Module – Requirements (In-App Camera + Geofence, Expo SDK 53 + Laravel)

1. Scope

This module ensures that hospital staff attendance is recorded securely and accurately using:

1. **Geofencing** – user must be **physically inside a 100 m radius** of the hospital/office.
2. **Custom Face Recognition** – user's **face must match** the biometric template stored in the hospital database, using an **in-app camera** (no device Face ID / OS biometrics).

Attendance is marked only when **both** conditions pass, preventing proxy attendance and ensuring physical presence.

Platform:

- **Frontend:** Expo SDK 53, React Native, React Navigation, [expo-camera](#), [expo-location](#).
 - **Backend:** Laravel (API only), MySQL (or compatible RDBMS) for data storage.
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2. System Overview

2.1 High-Level Workflow

1. User Login
 2. User taps "**Mark Attendance**"
 3. App sends GPS location → backend validates **100 m geofence**
 4. If inside geofence → app prompts **face capture**
 5. Backend compares live face with stored biometric template
 6. If match → **attendance marked present**
 7. Else → **attendance rejected** and logged
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3. Functional Requirements

3.1 User Roles

- **Employee/Staff**
 - Login to the app.
 - Capture face during enrollment (one-time).
 - Mark **check-in** and **check-out** using geofence + face recognition.
 - View own attendance history (future extension).
- **Admin**
 - Manage users and assign geofence locations.
 - View attendance logs.
 - View failed attempts (outside geofence / face mismatch).

- Trigger or reset face enrollment when needed.
 - Configure geofence entries per hospital/branch.
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4. Mobile App Flows

4.1 Authentication Flow (Mobile)

1. User opens the app and logs in with:
 - Mobile Number, and
 - Password.
2. On successful login:
 - Backend issues a **JWT / Sanctum token**.
 - App stores token securely (SecureStore).
3. All subsequent API calls include:
 - **Authorization: Bearer <token>** header.

(Auth module is shared with existing HIMS; this document focuses on biometric/geofence flow.)

4.2 Biometric Enrollment (One-Time Setup)

4.2.1 Enrollment Process

1. After first login (or via a profile/biometric setup screen), user is prompted to **enroll face**.
For some flows, an admin may enroll staff from an admin app/web panel.
2. App:
 - Requests **camera permission**.
 - Opens **front camera** using `expo-camera`.
 - Shows a guide overlay (e.g., oval frame, "Center your face, good lighting, no mask").
3. User taps "**Capture**".
4. App:
 - Captures an image.
 - Optionally shows a preview with "Retake" / "Use".
 - Converts image to a suitable format (e.g., JPEG base64 or compressed JPEG).
5. App sends image to backend endpoint:
 - `POST /api/face/enroll`
 - Body includes:
 - `image` (base64 or multipart file).
6. Backend:
 - Validates that a **single face** is present.
 - Extracts a **facial embedding** (vector representation).
 - Encrypts and stores the embedding linked to the user (`face_template_reference`).
 - Stores audit info (who enrolled, timestamp).
 - Returns success/failure status.
7. App:
 - If success → mark user as **Face Enrolled** in local state / profile.
 - If fail → show error and allow re-enrollment.

4.2.2 Biometric Storage

Table: `user_biometrics`

Field	Description
<code>id</code>	Primary key
<code>user_id</code>	Reference to <code>users</code> table
<code>face_embedding</code>	Encrypted JSON/vector embedding
<code>created_at</code>	Enrollment timestamp
<code>enrolled_by</code>	Admin ID or user ID who enrolled

Important:

- Raw images should **not** be permanently stored except when strictly needed (e.g., for audit with explicit policy).
 - Only **face embeddings** should be stored for matching.
 - Embeddings must be **encrypted at rest**.
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4.3 Check-In Flow (Geofence + In-App Camera)

When user taps “**Check-In**” in the app:

4.3.1 Location Permission & Retrieval

1. App requests **foreground location** permission.
2. If denied:
 - Show user-friendly message and stop flow.
3. If granted:
 - Use `expo-location` to get current GPS coordinates (`latitude`, `longitude`) with high accuracy.

4.3.2 Geofence Pre-Check (Backend)

1. App sends request:
 - `POST /api/attendance/pre-check`
 - Body: `{ lat: <number>, lng: <number> }`
 - Header: `Authorization: Bearer <token>`
2. Backend:
 - Resolves authenticated user from token.
 - Fetches assigned geofence for that hospital/branch.

Table: `geofences`

Field	Description
<code>id</code>	Primary key

Field	Description
name	Hospital/Branch name
center_lat	Latitude
center_lng	Longitude
radius	Default 100 meters
status	Active/Inactive
created_at	Created timestamp
updated_at	Updated timestamp

3. Backend calculates distance using the **Haversine formula** between:

- Geofence center (`center_lat`, `center_lng`) and
- User coordinates (`lat`, `lng`).

4. Decision:

- If `distance > radius (100 m)`:
 - Returns: { `status: "geo_failed"`, `message: "You are outside the allowed area"` }.
 - Logs event as `geo_failed` in `audit_logs`.
- If `distance <= radius`:
 - Returns: { `status: "geo_ok"`, `message: "Proceed to face verification"` }.

4.3.3 Face Capture (In-App Camera)

Only if `status = "geo_ok"`:

1. App:

- Opens **front camera** using `expo-camera`.
- Displays framing guides and text instructions.

2. User taps “**Capture Face**”.

3. App:

- Captures the frame.
- Optionally compresses image to reduce upload size.
- Sends POST request:
 - `POST /api/attendance/check-in`
 - Headers: `Authorization: Bearer <token>`
 - Body:
 - `image` (captured face image),
 - `lat, lng` (optional redundancy),
 - Optional metadata (device model, OS version, timestamp).

4.3.4 Face Verification & Attendance Creation (Backend)

Backend performs:

1. Identifies user via token.

2. Detects face in incoming image.
3. Extracts **live face embedding**.
4. Retrieves stored embedding from **user_biometrics** for that user.
5. Compares embeddings:
 - Computes a **similarity score** (e.g., cosine similarity or distance metric).
6. Decision rule:
 - If similarity \geq configured threshold:
 - Face match **success**.
 - If similarity $<$ threshold:
 - Face match **failed**.
 - Logs event as **face_failed** in **audit_logs**.
 - Returns error: `{ status: "face_failed", message: "Face did not match enrolled profile" }`.
7. If **both** geofence and face verification are successful:
 - Backend checks if user already has a check-in record for the day.
 - If not, creates an **attendance** record.

Table: **attendances**

Field	Description
id	Primary key
user_id	User reference
date	Attendance date
checkin_time	Check-in timestamp
checkout_time	Check-out timestamp (nullable)
checkin_lat	GPS latitude
checkin_lng	GPS longitude
checkout_lat	GPS latitude (optional)
checkout_lng	GPS longitude (optional)
method	e.g., face+geo
status	present / late / etc.
remarks	Optional notes
created_at	Created timestamp
updated_at	Updated timestamp

8. Response to app:

- Success: { `status: "success", time: "...", date: "...", site: "...", ...` }.
- App shows: "Checked-in successfully at HH:MM".

4.3.5 App Response

- On success:
 - Show confirmation and possibly update attendance UI.
- On failure (`geo_failed` or `face_failed`):
 - Display message and allow retry where appropriate.

4.4 Check-Out Flow

1. User taps "**Check-Out**".
2. App again performs **location retrieval** (same as check-in).
3. Optional:
 - Repeat **face capture** for stricter security, or
 - Use **token + location** only for a simpler UX.
4. Backend:
 - Finds today's attendance record for the user.
 - Validates rules (e.g., cannot check out before checking in).
 - Updates record with:
 - `checkout_time`,
 - optional `checkout_lat`, `checkout_lng`.
5. App:
 - Shows "Checked-out at HH:MM".

5. Backend Requirements (Laravel)

5.1 API Endpoints

- `POST /api/login`
 - Input: credentials.
 - Output: token.
- `POST /api/face/enroll`
 - Authenticated.
 - Input: face image.
 - Action: generate and store encrypted `face_embedding` for the user.
- `POST /api/attendance/pre-check`
 - Authenticated.
 - Input: `lat`, `lng`.
 - Action: geofence distance check; returns `geo_ok` or `geo_failed`.

- POST `/api/attendance/check-in`
 - Authenticated.
 - Input:
 - `image` (captured face),
 - optionally `lat`, `lng`.
 - Action:
 - Validate face against stored embedding.
 - Confirm user is within geofence.
 - If success → create `attendance` check-in.
 - POST `/api/attendance/check-out`
 - Authenticated.
 - Input:
 - `lat`, `lng` (if geofence also required for checkout),
 - optional image if repeating face verification.
 - Action:
 - Update existing attendance row with `checkout_time`.
 - (Future) GET `/api/attendance/history`
 - Authenticated.
 - Input: date range.
 - Output: list of attendance records for the logged-in user.
 - (Admin) APIs:
 - Manage geofences (`/api/geofences` CRUD).
 - View logs (`/api/audit-logs`).
 - View and manage biometric enrollment (`/api/user-biometrics`).
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5.2 Additional Tables

`audit_logs`

Field	Description
<code>id</code>	Primary key
<code>user_id</code>	User reference (nullable if unauthenticated)
<code>event_type</code>	<code>geo_failed</code> , <code>face_failed</code> , <code>enroll_failed</code> , etc
<code>details</code>	JSON/text: lat/lng, reason, device info, etc.
<code>created_at</code>	Timestamp

5.3 Geofence Logic

- Use the **Haversine formula** to compute distance between:

- Geofence center (`center_lat`, `center_lng`) and current (`lat`, `lng`).
 - If `distance <= radius (100 m)`:
 - Allow face verification to proceed.
 - If `distance > radius`:
 - Reject attendance attempt.
 - Log `geo_failed` in `audit_logs`.
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5.4 Face Recognition Logic

- **Enrollment:**
 - Validate presence of exactly one face.
 - Extract **embedding**.
 - Encrypt and store embedding in `user_biometrics`.
 - Do not persist original image unless explicitly required with policy.
 - **Verification:**
 - Detect face in incoming image.
 - Generate new embedding.
 - Compare with stored embedding using a similarity metric.
 - Use configurable threshold for match / mismatch decision.
 - Log all failures as `face_failed` with details.
 - Processing can be:
 - Implemented directly in Laravel using a library, **or**
 - Delegated to a **Python microservice / external AI service**, with Laravel calling it and handling responses.
Laravel remains the core API controller and orchestrator.
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6. Frontend Requirements (Expo SDK 53)

6.1 Libraries

- `expo-location` – GPS and permissions.
- `expo-camera` – front camera capture.
- `expo-secure-store` – secure token storage.
- `axios` – HTTP client.
- `@react-navigation/native, @react-navigation/native-stack` – navigation.

6.2 Screens

- **LoginScreen**
 - Inputs: mobile number, password.
 - On success: store token, navigate to Home/Attendance screen.
- **FaceEnrollScreen**

- Shows front camera preview.
 - Capture, retake, and upload to [/api/face/enroll](#).
 - Shows status of enrollment (success/fail).
- **AttendanceScreen**
 - Button: "Check-In".
 - Flow:
 - Get location → call [/api/attendance/pre-check](#).
 - If [geo_ok](#) → open camera for face capture.
 - Capture face → send to [/api/attendance/check-in](#).
 - Show success or error based on response.
 - Button: "Check-Out".
 - Similar flow, calling [/api/attendance/check-out](#).
 - (Future) **HistoryScreen**
 - Lists past attendance records for the logged-in user.

7. Non-Functional Requirements

- **Security**
 - All API communication uses **HTTPS**.
 - Face embeddings stored **encrypted at rest**.
 - Raw images are not stored permanently (or stored under strict policy).
 - Authentication via token (JWT/Sanctum) for all attendance endpoints.
 - Rate limiting on attendance attempts to prevent abuse.
 - Prevention of multiple check-ins per day unless business rules allow.
- **Performance**
 - Target < **5 seconds** total check-in time under normal network conditions.
 - Compress images before upload (e.g., reasonable resolution and quality).
 - Efficient face matching to handle concurrent staff usage.
- **Reliability**
 - Graceful handling when:
 - Location is temporarily unavailable.
 - Camera permission is denied.
 - Backend times out or is unreachable.
 - Clear error messages and retry options for users.
- **Auditability**
 - Every failed attempt (geofence or face) recorded in [audit_logs](#).
 - Admin can filter and review:
 - [geo_failed](#) attempts (outside location).
 - [face_failed](#) attempts (face mismatch).

- Logs include timestamp, coordinates, and device metadata where possible.
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8. Summary of Flow (Text)

1. **Login** → user authenticates and receives token.
2. If first time or not enrolled → **Face Enroll** via in-app camera.
3. Tap “**Check-In**”:
 - App gets **location** → calls `/attendance/pre-check` → receives `geo_ok` or `geo_failed`.
 - If `geo_ok` → app opens camera, captures face → sends to `/attendance/check-in`.
 - Backend verifies **geofence + face** → creates/updates attendance row as present.
4. Tap “**Check-Out**”:
 - App sends location (and optionally face) → backend updates attendance checkout time.