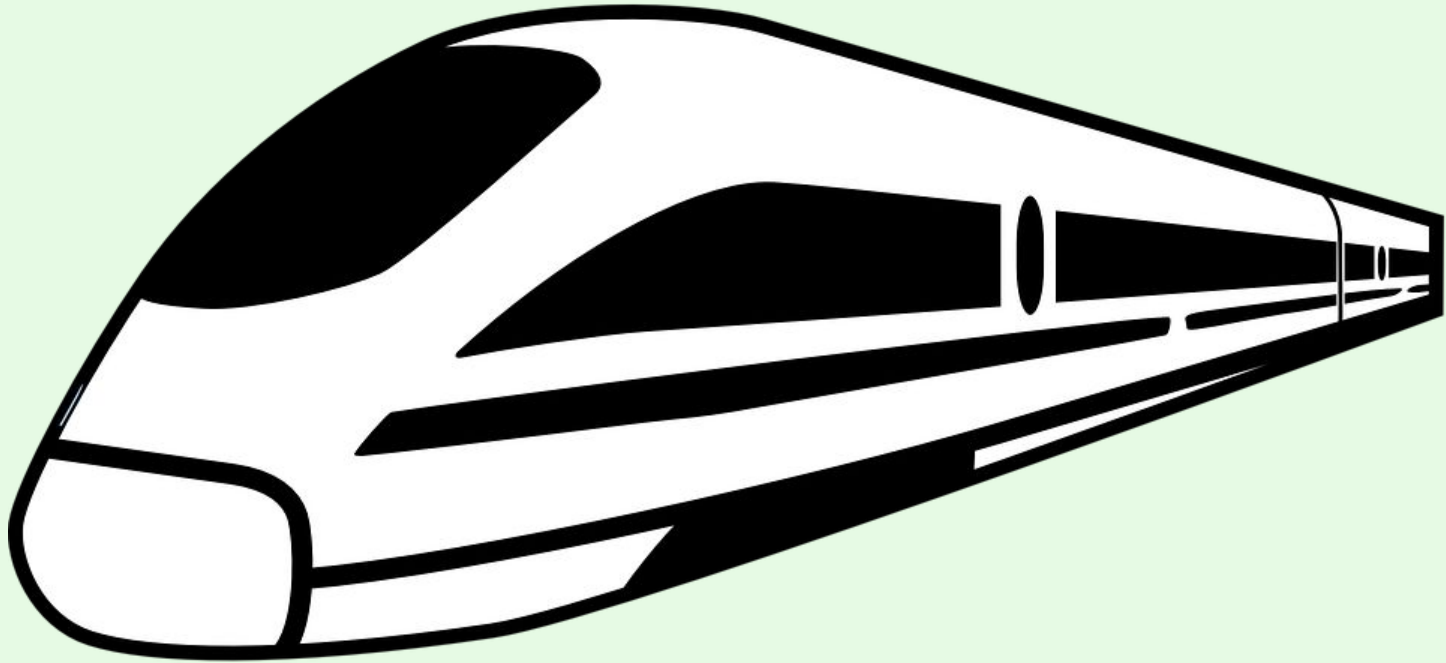


Taking Transportation

Unit 9



Vocabulary

Look at the first schedule:

- What is the destination?
- What is the frequency?
- What is the departure time?
- What is the arrival time?
- What are the stops?
- What is the terminal?

Schedule: A plan that gives a list of events or tasks and the times at which each one should happen or be done.

Destination: The place where someone is going or where something is going.

Frequency: How often something happens

Departure time: The time when a plane, train, bus, etc., is scheduled to depart.

Arrival time: The time when a plane, train, bus, etc., is scheduled to arrive.

Stops: The places where a bus stops before arriving to its final destination.

Terminal: Is a building in which passengers wait before they get on to an aeroplane, bus or train

Photo Story:

Language vocabulary:

- To Connect to: Take another flight to
- To Hurry: Walk faster
- To Catch a flight to: Take a plane to

Speaking:

What means of transportation do you prefer for work/school?

I prefer to take a car because it is more convenient than taking the bus.

Vocabulary: Kind of tickets and trips

One-way ticket: A ticket that allows a passenger to travel only to their destination, without returning.

Round-trip ticket: A ticket entitling a passenger to travel to his or her destination and back again

A direct flight: Flight from one airport to another, but includes stops in one or more cities along the way.

A non-stop flight: Flight from one airport to another, without any stops along the way.

Local: Trains that stop at many or all of the stations along their route.

Express: Trains that makes few or no stops

Aisle seat: A seat on or next to an aisle.

Window seat: A seat next to a window in an aircraft or train.

Grammar: Modals should & could

Should: Ask for advice

Case Scenario:

I have class at 6:00 am. Should I take a car, metro or a motorbike to school?

Should: Make a strong Advice

Case Scenario:

What is the fastest way to get to school at 6:00 am? You should take a motorbike because it's faster.

Could- Make a weaker suggestion / polite suggestion

Case Scenario

What is the best way to travel around medellin? Which suggestion is weaker (**have many options**)?

You could travel by car **VS** You **should** travel by metro

Could- Ask for permission

Could I use your cell phone?

Could leaves the decision making to the other person.

Should expresses advice about what is "good" to do. It is used to influence or affect the other person's decision-making.

My electricity bill was too high. How can I save money?

- You could/should use low-energy light bulbs. (could =polite suggestion/should=advice or higher priority)
- You could close all the door and heat just one room. (could = option)
- You could/should turn your heating thermostat lower. (should (advice; higher priority) or could (polite suggestion))

Gas costs too much. I can't afford to fill my car anymore!

- You could sell your car and start bicycling. (could = an option; one of several ideas)
- You could/should try to take public transportation. (should = advice; higher priority) or could (polite suggestion)

SHOULD	Expressing advice	You should do your homework. You shouldn't play with that knife.
	Expressing expectations:	Sara should do well on her driving test. She's been practicing for six months now.
COULD	Polite Question:	Could you please pass me the salt?
	Past Ability:	When I was young, I could skate very well.
	Making a Suggestion:	We could have a picnic this weekend.
	Expressing a Possibility:	Jason could be at the library, but I'm not sure.
	Expressing impossibility:	Jason couldn't be at the library. I just saw him in the classroom.

1. Children play with matches. (**negative**)
2. Matches cause a fire.
3. I ask you a question?
4. A: Where's Frank?
B: He be at home, or maybe at the library.
5. I leave now. I have to be home by 8 o'clock.
6. You call home if you're going to be late.
7. I think she do well on her test. She's a great student.
8. I'm sorry, but I come to your party last week. (**negative**)
9. Mary stay home and do her homework. She has a test tomorrow.
10. I need some help in Spanish. You talk to Pedro, or maybe Maria.

1. Children play with matches. (**negative**)
2. Matches cause a fire.
3. I ask you a question?
4. A: Where's Frank?
B: He be at home, or maybe at the library.
5. I leave now. I have to be home by 8 o'clock.
6. You call home if you're going to be late.
7. I think she do well on her test. She's a great student.
8. I'm sorry, but I come to your party last week. (**negative**)
9. Mary stay home and do her homework. She has a test tomorrow.
10. I need some help in Spanish. You talk to Pedro, or maybe Maria.

Grammar: Future be going to + base form

I am visiting my sister tomorrow- **present continuous**

I am going to visit my sister tomorrow- **Be going to**

Cuando se trata de una acción ya organizada en el futuro, utilizamos **present continuous**.

Cuando hablamos de cosas que planeamos hacer pero todavía no está cerrado, utilizamos **be going to.**

What are you going to do on your next vacation?

PRESENT CONTINUOUS AND BE GOING TO FOR THE FUTURE



BOARDING PASS
NAME: W.B. OTX313 18C
CLASS: D1
DATE: 15TH JULY 2021

I'm flying on 15th July at ten in the evening.
(already arranged)



A woman with long black hair, wearing a pink shirt, is shown from the chest up. She has a thoughtful expression, with her hand near her chin. Above her head is a large white thought bubble containing a red airplane flying upwards.

I'm going to fly up there if it's not too expensive.
(still to arrange)

Advanced C1-C2

 CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS



FUTURE

GOING TO

**Affirmative
Negative
Interrogative**

Inglés Fácil
www.pacho8a.com



Simple Future with Be Going To



Vocabulary: Travel services

Let's talk about your last vacation:

- Where did you go?
- Did you use a rental car?
- Did you use a taxi?
- Did you use a limousine?
- Did you have a hotel reservation?

A rental car

A taxi

A limousine/ a limo

A hotel reservation

Listening

Page 103, Listen to Infer (Exercise B)

Conversation One [B = Spanish]

A: Good morning. How can we assist you today?

B: I'm flying to Bogota on October 6th, and I need a limousine.

A: Certainly. For you alone?

B: No. I'll be traveling with my three children. We'll have lots of luggage.

A: That's no problem. I can book you a limo with a large trunk for the luggage. Are you going to need a hotel reservation in Bogota?

B: No, thank you. Bogota is my home.

Conversation Two [B = U.S. regional]

A: Yes, sir. Can I help you with something?

B: I hope so. I'm arriving in Seoul on October 4th, and I need a hotel reservation. I'm very concerned because I don't speak any Korean.

A: Don't be concerned, sir. The hotel staff all speak English.

Conversation Three [A = Chinese]

A: Excuse me. I need some help with a rental car reservation overseas.

B: Yes, of course. Please have a seat. I'll be right with you. Now, ma'am. Where do you need that car?

A: In New York, at John F. Kennedy airport. I arrive on the third.

B: Of October?

A: Yes. At 11:30 P.M. Is that too late to get a car?

B: Certainly not. Nothing's too late in New York!

Conversation Four [B = Portuguese]

A: Excuse me. Do you work here?

B: Yes, sir. How can I assist you this afternoon?

A: I'm arriving in Montevideo from Porto Alegre on October 4th at 8:00 in the morning. I have a reservation at the Hotel del Centro. I'll need either a taxi or a limousine. Are there limousines from the airport to the hotel?

B: Let me check . . . Actually no. You'll need to take a taxi.

A: Is it possible to make a reservation? I have a lunch meeting, and I want to be sure I don't have to wait for the taxi. Is that possible?

B: Anything is possible. If you'll just give me a moment, I'll go online to see what the options are.

Vocabulary: Airline passenger information

- Depart: To leave
- Arrive: To reach a place at the end of a journey.
- Take off: Is the beginning of a flight, when an aircraft leaves the ground
- To land: An aircraft arriving on the ground.
- Go through security: The process of checking that a person is not armed, or carrying something dangerous.
- Boarding pass: A card that a passenger must have when boarding a plane.
- The gate: A gate that allows air passengers to go from the terminal to the airplane
- An agent: This person takes your boarding pass when you get on an airplane.
- The departure lounge: Is the area you wait in until you get onto the airplane.
- A passenger: A person who is travelling in a vehicle but is not driving it, flying it.

Flight problems

What happened?

- The flight was **overbooked**. There were no seats available
- The plane was **delayed**. They said there was a storm.
- The flight was **cancelled**. I have to find another flight.
- Has an airline ever cancelled your flight?
- Where were you going?
- How did you feel? I felt frustrated

Page 104, Listening Comprehension

[A, B = Spanish]

Announcer: Lanca Airlines, flight 692, with service to Antofagasta, Chile, and continuing service to Santiago, is now ready for boarding through gate 26B. Passengers with boarding passes should pass through security and proceed immediately to the gate.

Announcer: This is a gate change for Lanca Airlines, flight 692, with service to Antofagasta, Chile, and Santiago. The new gate is gate 16C. This is a gate change for Lanca Airlines, flight 692, with service to Antofagasta, Chile, and Santiago. The new gate is gate 16C.

Announcer: Ladies and gentlemen, Lanca Airlines, flight 692 to Antofagasta, with continuing service to Santiago, is now available for boarding through gate 16C. Passengers requiring assistance or with small children will be boarded first. We're now ready to board passengers in the Wide World Alliance or those passengers with first-class or business-class boarding passes. Have a good flight!

Announcer: This is an announcement for passengers on Lanca Airlines flight 692 with service to Santiago with an intermediate stop in Antofagasta. Ladies and gentlemen, please take your seats. The captain informs me that there is a mechanical problem, and the new departure time will be at 7:00. If you are traveling on flight 692, please take your seat. The flight has been delayed. The new departure time is 7:00. We're sorry for the delay.

Vocabulary: Transportation problems

What happened?

- They **had an accident** on their way to the beach. They ran into a tree.
- I **had a mechanical problem**. The engine stopped working.
- We **missed** our **train** to Venice this morning. We woke up late.
- We **got bumped from the flight**. There were too many passengers.
- She **got seasick** on the way to the keys. She doesn't like the sea very much.

PRACTICE

ACTIVITIES

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Answer the questions in complete sentences.

1. Which is faster—the local or the express?

2. Which is more scenic—an aisle seat or a window seat?

3. Which is more convenient—a direct flight or a non-stop flight?

4. Which is less expensive—a one-way ticket or a round-trip ticket?

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Complete each sentence or question. Use could or should and the base form of the verb.

1. Want my advice? _____ the express. _____ the local, but it takes thirty minutes longer.
You / take You / take
2. _____ ! _____ the 7:30!
You / hurry You / make
3. _____ round-trip tickets. They are cheaper than two one-way tickets, and she won't have to wait in another ticket line.
She / buy
4. _____ an aisle seat in the rear of the plane or a window seat in the front. What do you think? Which seats _____ ?
We / take we / take
5. The flight is delayed. _____ late for the meeting. _____ the office?
We / be we / call
6. No, _____ a direct flight. They have to change planes in Anchorage.
they / not / get

PRACTICE ACTIVITY

Choose the correct response. Write the letter on the line.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| _____ 1. "Oh, no! The bus is leaving in four minutes." | a. Thank goodness. |
| _____ 2. "Good news. Our flight is on time." | b. No, I'm connecting to Quito. |
| _____ 3. "I'm looking for Gate C4." | c. What a coincidence! |
| _____ 4. "Is this your final destination?" | d. Yes. Let's look for track 6. |
| _____ 5. "I'm catching a flight to Barcelona, too." | e. It's down this hall, on the right. |
| _____ 6. "We're catching the 8:27 train, right?" | f. We should hurry! |

10 Read the response. Complete each question with be going to.

1. A: Where is Paul going to meet us _____?

B: Paul's going to meet us at the airport café.

2. A: Who _____?

B: I think Gretchen is going to buy the tickets.

3. A: When _____?

B: I'm going to pack tonight.

4. A: What time _____?

B: They're going to arrive at 5:50 P.M.

5. A: _____ our connecting flight?

B: Yes, we'll make it.

Complete the conversation. Use words from the box.

limousine	going	should	late	check	arriving	reservation	rental
-----------	-------	--------	------	-------	----------	-------------	--------

A: What time are we _____ in Copenhagen?

B: Pretty _____^{1.} . Around 10:30 P.M.

A: What about a _____^{2.} hotel?

B: I'm going to make a _____^{3.} online.

A: Great. And are we _____^{4.} to need a taxi to the hotel?

B: There's a _____^{5.} from the airport, or we could
get a _____^{6.} car.

A: They're expensive. We _____^{7.} save our money.
Is there a train?

B: Let me _____^{8.} ...



Complete the conversation. Use words from the box.

gate	make	check	land	delayed	depart
go through security	departure lounge		boarding passes		

1. **Passenger A:** Do we need to check in?

Passenger B: No, we don't. I printed our ______{1.} online, and we're not checking any luggage.

Passenger A: OK. Let's check a monitor for our ______{2.} number, and then we should ______{3.}

2. **Passenger:** Excuse me. Is Flight 68 going to ______{4.} on time?

Agent: No, I'm sorry. The flight is ______{5.}. Have a seat in the ______{6.}.
We'll make an announcement when we're ready for boarding.

3. **Passenger:** Excuse me. What time are we going to ______{7.}?

Flight Attendant: Let me ______{8.} . . . Our new arrival time is 8:23.

Passenger: 8:23? My connecting flight is at 8:40. Can I still ______{9.} it?

13. How long is the flight from Medellin to your birthplace? The flight from Medellín to my birthplace is _____
14. How long does it take to get from Medellin to your birthplace by bus? It takes about _____
from Medellín to my birthplace by bus.
15. When you are going to travel by plane, do you usually buy a one-way or round - trip ticket? I usually buy a _____ when traveling by plane / I don't travel by plane
16. Do you prefer a window or an aisle seat? Why? I prefer a window seat because _____
17. Did you make a reservation for your next vacation? No, I didn't / Yes, I did
18. Who is going to take you to the airport? My _____ is going to take me to the airport / I am going alone
19. Where are you going to stay? I am going to stay by/at _____
20. When are you going to arrive there? I am going to arrive on _____
21. Who are you going to meet? I am going to meet _____
22. What are you going to do there? I am going on vacation. I am going to _____
23. Why do you think airlines overbook flights? I believe they do that to make it seem that the flight is full when it isn't and to avoid having empty seats.
24. Mention some advantages of getting bumped from a flight. I can get some money or they could give me money, food and stay as compensation.

25. Tell me some advantages and disadvantages of GPS systems:

Some disadvantages of GPS systems are: Inaccuracy, lack of local knowledge, distracted driving, signal or battery failure, privacy issues and crime.

Some advantages of GPS systems are: improved safety, low cost, integrated system with other electronics and the weather

26. Do you prefer GPS systems, online maps with instructions or paper maps?

Why? I prefer GPS systems because _____

27. Talk about your most recent trip, the transportation you took and any

problems you had. (un viaje que hayas hecho recientemente, medio de transporte y si hubieron problemas, ¿cuales fueron? referencia de vocabulario pg 105 & 104 some flight problems)

Example:

On my recent trip to San Andrés I took an *airplane*. The flight was approximately *one hour and 50 minutes*. It was *delayed* for 1 hour, but It was a *smooth flight* with *very little turbulence /it was not bumpy*.