

NMS algorithm! (non maximum suppression)

Pre-processing step used in object detection to eliminate duplicate bounding boxes that predict the same object

- keep most confident Box
- Remove all overlapping, low confidence ones.

How it works?

1. Sort all detected boxes by confidence score (\uparrow to \downarrow)

2. Select top box (highest confidence)

3. Remove all other boxes that overlap too much with it

(using IoU - intersection over Union)

4. Repeat until no boxes remain!

IoU threshold:

if 2 boxes have $\text{IoU} > 0.5 \rightarrow$ one with lower conf gets suppressed

if $\text{IoU} \leq 0.5 \rightarrow$ both boxes are kept.

Code:

import cv2

boxes = [[x, y, w, h], ...]

confidences = [0.9, 0.7, 0.6, ...]

indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes, confidences,

score_threshold = 0.5,
nms_threshold = 0.4)

See i in indices:

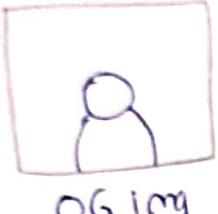
box = boxes[i]

Introducing Intersection over Union : ~~IoU~~ \rightarrow

IoU: Intersection Over Union

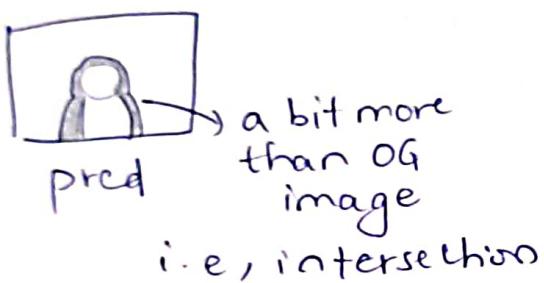
$$IoU = \frac{\text{Intersection}}{\text{Union}}$$

(don't overlap at all) 0 0.4 1
 (threshold) (all the same)



$$\rightarrow IoU = \frac{\text{Intersection}}{\text{Union}}$$

(Union is 8)



Intersection

8

Crack Detection 02/2 version: 2.0 [Roboflow Instant 1 [EVAL]]
dataset version
Roboflow 3.0 object detection.

mAP@50: 64.2%
Precision: 64.8%
Recall: 59.1%

Sourceings:

IMGS:	1811	train:	1.5K
Classes:	1	test:	115
Unannotated:	882	valid:	197

Preprocessing:	auto-oriented grayscale Resize	Augmentation	Version size
		Flip Crop Blur Rotation	3210(2x)

import cv2

import numpy as np

import requests

← configuration →

img-path = "..."

tile_size = 640

overlap = 0.2

api-key = "..."

model-id = "..."

confidence-threshold = 0.3

nms-iou-threshold = 0.4

← load image →

image = cv2.imread(img-path)

height, width, _ = image.shape

← ~~Input~~ input image → S.C. makes predictions
↓ ~~Input~~ ~~Output~~ ~~Model~~ ~~Output~~
↓ stride : 32 pixels

Stride = min(tile_size * (1 - overlap))

tiles = []

for y in range(0, height, stride):

for x in range(0, width, stride):

new_x_size

x_end = min(x + tile_size, g.width)

y_end = min(y + tile_size, g.height)

tile = ~~minimage~~ [y:y-end, x:x-end]

tiles.append((x, y, tile))

← Inference Function →

def inference_tile(tile_img):

- , img_encoded = cv2.imencode("jpg", tile_img)

- tkey:
response = requests.post(
+ "https://detect.roboflow.com/{model_id}?
{api_key}&confidence={confidence_threshold}"
files= {"file": img_encoded.tobytes()})

Some
Error
handling.

if response.status_code != 200:
print("Error: " + response.text)

return []

return response.json().get("predictions", [])

except Exception as e:

print("Request failed: ", e)

return []

: 200.00000000000002

1121 : 2.21M

1 : 2.32M

188 : 1.61M

1 : 1.55M

1 : 1.55M

@openCV
img[h,w,3]

Run Inference on all tiles →

```

all_boxes = []
for (x-offset, y-offset), tile-img = tiles:
    pred = infer_tile(tile-img)
    for pred in preds:
        x1 = int(pred['x'] - pred['width']/2) + x-offset
        y1 = int(pred['y'] - pred['height']/2) + y-offset
        x2 = int(pred['x'] + pred['width']/2) + x-offset
        y2 = int(pred['y'] + pred['height']/2) + y-offset
        conf = pred['confidence']
        all_boxes.append([x1, y1, x2, y2, conf])
    
```

(x,y)

x-offset *y-offset*

(640,0), img

array([[0,0,0], [0,0,0], [0,0,0], [0,0,0]])

← Apply NMS →

```

if len(all_boxes) == 0:
    print("no detections found")
    exit()
    
```

```

boxes_np = np.array(all_boxes)
boxes = boxes_np[:, :4].astype(int)
scores = boxes_np[:, 4].astype(float)
indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(
    bboxes=boxes.tolist(),
    scores=scores.tolist(),
    score_threshold=confidence_threshold,
    nms_threshold=nms_iou_threshold
)
    
```

NEW FINDS

(all actually!)

CV2 \circ Final \rightarrow

(\rightarrow) A NO NO error find and \rightarrow

h, w
final-img = Image.copy()

sucl
final-boxes = []

res
(reqv
res
nn
err.
handl
se
inc
cb
c:
ps
cv

print("\nFinal detections (after NMS):")

for i in indices:

i = i[0] if isinstance(i, (list, np.ndarray)) else i

x1, y1, x2, y2 = boxes[i]

final_boxes.append((x1, y1, x2, y2))

print(f"box: ({x1}, {y1}, {x2}, {y2})")

cv2.rectangle(final-img, (x1, y1), (x2, y2),
(0, 0, 0), thickness=10)

Op-path = cv2.imwrite("op-path", final-img)

cv2.imwrite("op-path", final-img)

print(f"Saved Result to: \"op-path\"")

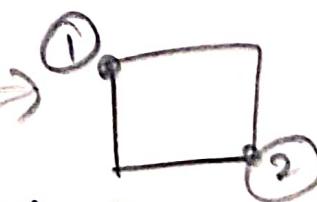
NEW FINDS

cv2.imread(img-path)
h, w, ch = img.shape
succes, encoded_image = cv2.imencode(ext, image)
response = requests.post('http://url', data=json.dumps({'image': encoded_image}))
(requests.Response)
response object
www → img-encoded.to_bytes() // API's take byte data not
numpy array / smtg!
error handling if(response.status_code != 200) → safe/not

response.json().get("predictions", [])
indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes,
 confidences,
 score_threshold=0.5,
 nms_threshold=0.4)
{ below this, remove them }
{ IOU overlap > 0.4 }

isinstance(q, (list, np.ndarray, int)) → any you like
want

cv2.rectangle(final-img,
(x1, y1), ①
(x2, y2), ②
(0, 0, 0), black (BGR)
thickness=10) → (-1 = filled rectangle).



TILING IMAGES:-

Tile-size = 640

Overlap = 0

STEP = TILE-STEP - OVERLAP # stride

Paths:

```

INPUT_DIR: DATASET
LABEL_DIR: os.path.join(INPUT_DIR, 'labels')
OUTPUT_IMG_DIR: ./tiled/dataset/img
OUTPUT_LABEL_DIR: ./tiled/dataset/labels

```

O/P directories EXISTANCE CHECK! (|| make)

os.makedirs(OUTPUT_IMG_DIR, exist_ok=True)

os.makedirs(OUTPUT_LABEL_DIR, exist_ok=True)

READ YOLO ANNOTATIONS → WRITE YOLO ANNOTATIONS
 (reads .txt & returns boxes in pixel coordinates) | (take pixel coords & writes them back into yolo format for each tile)

[G L O B A L] → [x, y, c, a, d]
 def read_yolo_annotations(file-path, img-w, img-h):

box = []

if not os.path.exists(file-path):
 return boxes

with open(file-path, 'r') as f:

for line in f:

parts = line.strip().split()

if len(parts) == 5:

cls, xc, yc, w, h = map(float, parts)

x1 = (xc - w/2) * img-w

y1 = (yc - h/2) * img-h

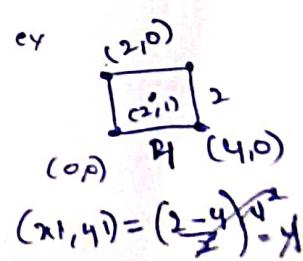
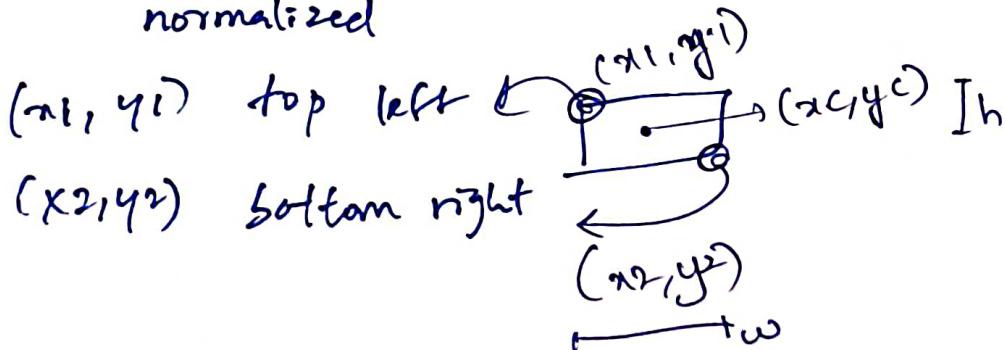
x2 = (xc + w/2) * img-w

y2 = (yc + h/2) * img-h

box.append((int(cls), x1, y1, x2, y2))

return boxes.

converts ~~absolute~~ centers to absolute corner coordinates
 normalized



def write_yolo_annotations(file-path; tile-w, tile-h):
with open(file-path, 'w') as f:

for cls, x1, y1, x2, y2 in boxes:

$$xc = (x1+x2)/2 \text{ | tile-w}$$

$$yc = (y1+y2)/2 \text{ | tile-h}$$

$$w = (x2-x1) / tile-w$$

$$h = (y2-y1) / tile-h$$

if $0 <= xc <= 1$ and $0 <= yc <= 1$:

f.write(f"cls {xc:.6f} {yc:.6f} {w:.6f} {h:.6f}\n")

converts absolute pixel coords back to normalized yolo format
→ makes sure box is fully / mostly within the tile

introduces various methods of storage; structures for saving
loss functions

def get_ip(x):

after math (ip,x)

TILING CODE:-

TILE-SIZE = 640
(640 x 640)

```

def tile-image-and-labels(image-path):
    img = cv2.imread(image-path)  # read image
    if img is None:
        print(f"Couldn't read img: {image-path}")  # if none return
    else:
        h, w = img.shape[:2]  # get h,w dimensions
        fname = os.path.splitext(os.path.basename(image-path))[0]
        label-path = os.path.join(LABEL_DIR, fname + ".txt")
        all_boxes = read-yolo-annotations(label-path, w, h)
        file-count = 0  # initialize count.

        for y in range(0, h-TILE-SIZE+1, STEP):
            for x in range(0, w-TILE-SIZE+1, STEP):
                tile = img[y:y+TILE-SIZE, x:x+TILE-SIZE]
                tile-filename = f"{name}-tile-{file-count}.jpg"
                tile-path = os.path.join(OUTPUT-IMG-DIR, tile-filename)
                cv2.imwrite(tile-path, tile)  # saves rows from file

                tile-boxes = []  # Annots of patch [local annots]
                for cls, x1, y1, x2, y2 in all_boxes:
                    if tile-patch-size-to-bounds overlap:
                        inter-x1 = max(x1, x1)  # top-left
                        inter-y1 = max(y1, y1)  # bottom-right
                        inter-x2 = min(x+x+TILE-SIZE, x2)  # top-right
                        inter-y2 = min(y+y+TILE-SIZE, y2)  # bottom-left
                        if inter-x1 < inter-x2 and inter-y1 < inter-y2:
                            adj-x1 = inter-x1 - x
                            adj-y1 = inter-y1 - y
                            adj-x2 = inter-x2 - x
                            adj-y2 = inter-y2 - y
                            tile-boxes.append((cls, adj-x1, adj-y1, adj-x2,
                                              adj-y2))

    return

```

get just name

get annos

top R to bottom L

CROP

Putname saving patch

How much of the obj lies in this tile?

intersection box

[if intersection there] (they overlap)

Obj to file local coords

annot recentered inside tile

append in tile-boxes list

tile-label-path = os.path.join(OUTPUT_LABEL_DIR,

(replace the annotations)

tile-filename.replace(".jpg", "-txt")

write-yolo-annotations(tile-label-path, tile-boxes, TILE_SIZE,

(rewrite the annotations)

TILE_SIZE)

tile_count += 1 (update count)

print(f"file {fname} into {tile_count} patches.")

for frame in os.listdir(INPUT_DIR):

if frame.lower().endswith((".jpg", ".jpeg", ".png")):

tile_image_and_labels(os.path.join(INPUT_DIR, frame))

{loop through
all the
images}

If not work else needs improvements

- Padding (instead of skipping small edges)
- Add overlap (strides) (25%) ...

NMS (non-maximum suppression) → pre-processing step used in object detection to eliminate duplicate bounding boxes that predict the same object.

- keep the most confident box
- remove all overlapping, lower-confidence ones.