

# **ASP.NET MVC**

**INTRODUCTION** 

issntt@nus.edu.sg

# **Objectives**



At the end of this lesson, students will be able to

- Describe some main tasks of servers and web browsers
- Distinguish the roles of HTML, CSS and JavaScript
- Distinguish between static and dynamic resources
- Describe the key differences when a server serves a traditional Web Browser and other types of clients
- Distinguish between .NET Core and ASP.NET Core
- Identify the correct components in .NET family when developing different platforms, e.g., Web, Desktop, and Mobile...
- Distinguish some different ASP.NET frameworks for web development
- Describe how can .NET help developers build different types of applications

# **Topics**



- Servers and Clients
  - Our focus: Web Browsers as Clients
  - HTTP
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

#### **Servers vs Clients**



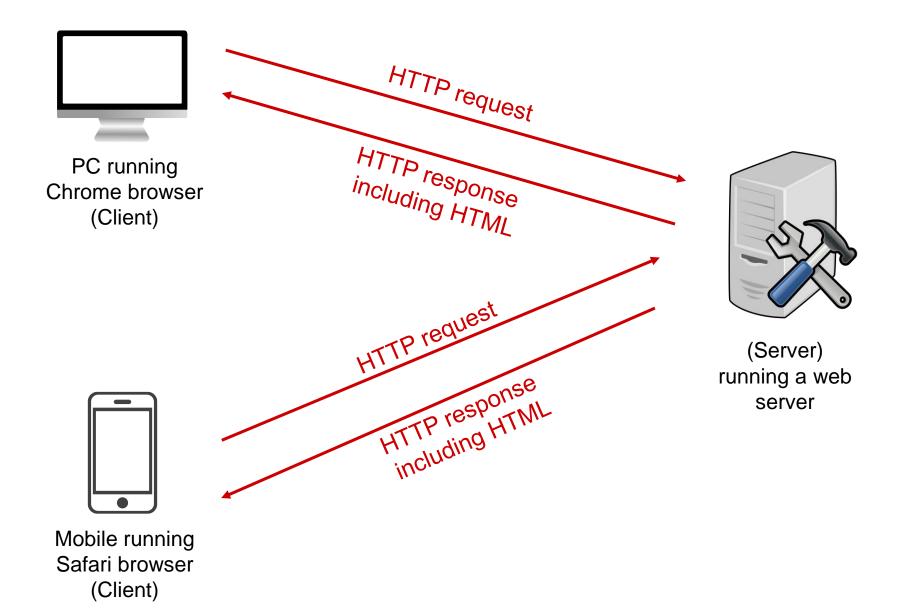
What happens when we type iss.nus.edu.sg in our web browser's address bar and hit Enter?



Image by Welcome to all and thank you for your visit!ッ from Pixabay

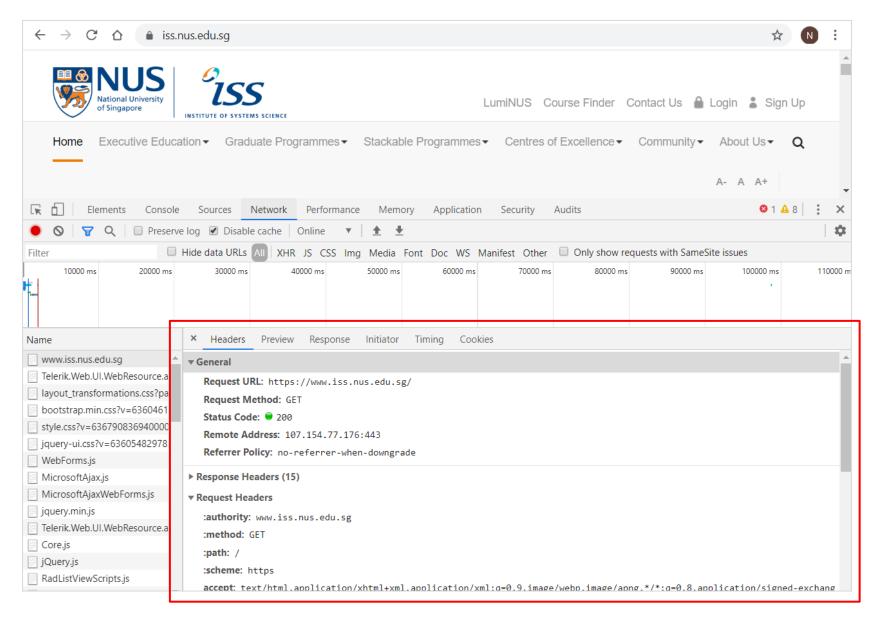
#### **Servers vs Clients**





#### **Servers vs Clients**





# **HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)**



- A protocol that allows
   clients to fetch
   resources, such as
   HTML documents,
   videos, images... from
   the servers
- Clients and servers communicate by sending messages:
  - HTTP Request (from client to server)
  - HTTP Response (from server to client)



Image by Gerd Altmann from Pixabay

# **HTTP Requests**



Following is a sample request when Browsers access

http://iss.nus.edu.sg



# **HTTP Responses**

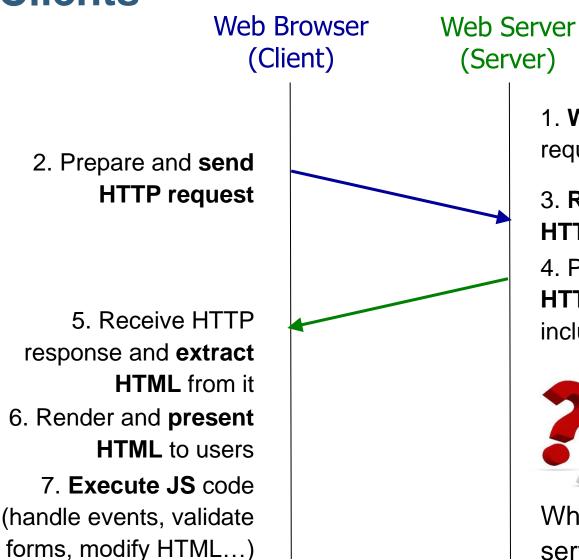


Following is a sample response when Browsers access <a href="http://iss.nus.edu.sg">http://iss.nus.edu.sg</a>

status code status phrase HTTP/1.1 200 OK Content-Type: text/html headers Server: Microsoft-IIS/10.0 Content-Length: 210 Set-Cookie: ... <html> body <head> <META NAME="robots" CONTENT="noindex,nofollow">

# Some Tasks of Servers and **Clients**





1. Wait for client requests

- 3. **Receive** and parse **HTTP** request
- 4. Prepare and **send HTTP response**, usually including HTML



Which one, client or server, initiates the communication?

#### **Next**



Web Browsers receive and extract **HTML**, but why do we only see **nice looking** web-pages?

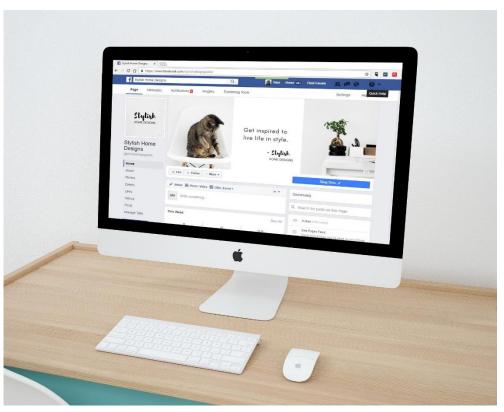


Image by Coffee Bean from Pixabay



# **Topics**



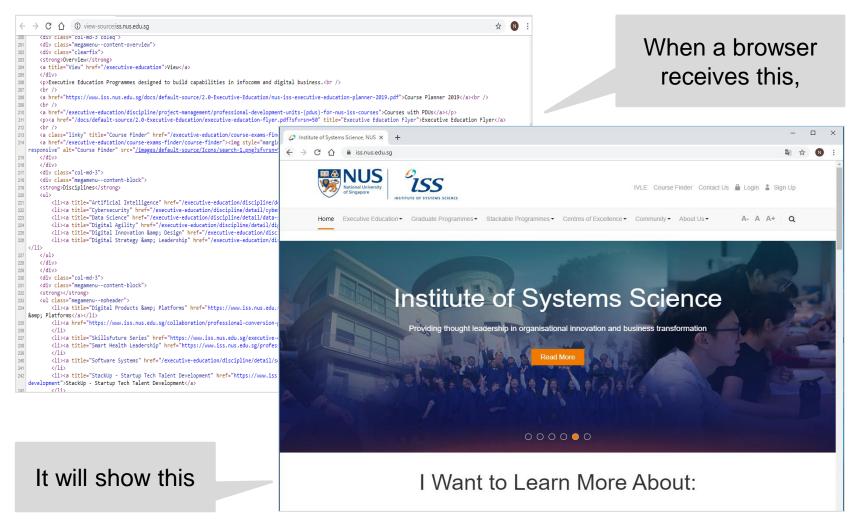
- Servers and Clients
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

#### Web Browsers and HTML



Self study

Web Browsers **parse HTML**, **fetch** all **sub-resources** (images, videos...) and **render** HTML to **user-friendly** pages



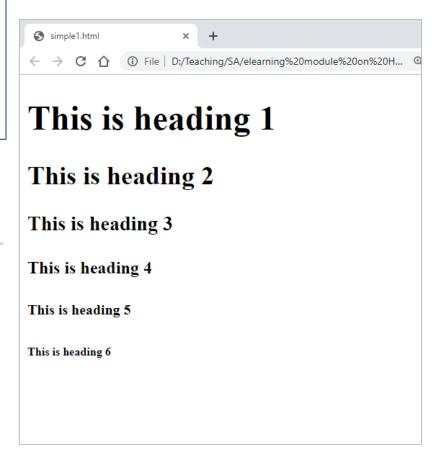
#### Web Browsers and HTML



Self study

It will show this

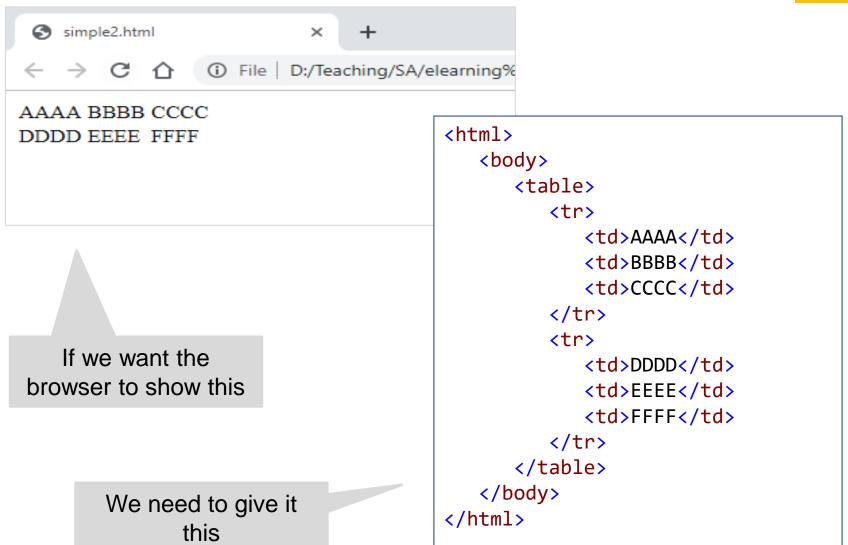
If the browser receives this,



#### Web Browsers and HTML



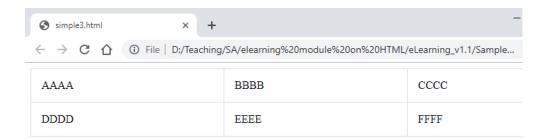
Self study



# Web Browsers and HTML (+CSS)



Self study





What do we need to do if we want to draw the **better-looking** table above?

We need to add this CSS snippet

```
<style>
  table, td {
      border: 1px solid #ddd;
      text-align left;
  table {
      border-collapse; collapse;
      width: 100%;
  td {
      padding: 15px;
</style>
```

# Web Browsers and HTML (+JS)



Self study





What if we want the browser to show this every time users click on a cell?

We need to add this **JavaScript snippet** 

```
<script>
 var table = document
         .getElementById("my-table");
 table.addEventListener(
             "click", function (e)
    if (e.target &&
         e.target.nodeName == "TD")
      alert("Cell clicked. Value: "
               + e.target.innerHTML);
  });
</script>
```

# HTML, CSS and JavaScript (JS)



Self study

#### CSS and JavaScript can be:

#### **Embedded** into HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
body {color: black;}
h1 {color: blue;}
    {color: red;}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>This is a heading</h1>
This is a paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```



Which one is better?

#### Linked from separate files

```
cstyle>
body {color: black;}
h1 {color: blue;}
p {color: red;}
</style>
styles.css
```

# **Course Pre-requisite**

NUS National University of Singapore

- This course requires you understand and write HTML, CSS, and JavaScript code
- By now, you are supposed to have **completed** the **e**-**Learning module** on HTML, CSS and JavaScript
- If you haven't done or have forgotten to do so, please pick up the knowledge asap



# **Topics**



- Servers and Clients
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

# **Static vs Dynamic Resources**



## **Static**

Delivered to the client **exactly as stored** in the server

# **Dynamic**

Delivered to the client **differently** based on

- user input, and/or
- some other factors

# Quiz



Which one(s) are more **likely** static?

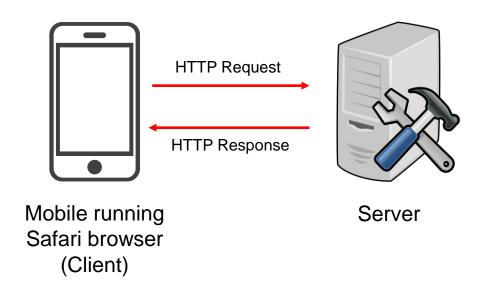
Which one(s) are more **likely** dynamic?

- 1. An image file
- 2. ISS about us page
- 3. Google search page
- 4. An Amazon product page
- 5. A linked CSS file
- 6. A linked JS file
- 7. Your profile page after you login

#### **Next**



In the Client-Server model, besides Web Browsers, what else can be clients?



# **Topics**



- Servers and Clients
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

#### **Problem**



We are designing the log in functionality to Instagram for devices in 3 different platforms (Windows, Android, iOS...)

What is the **fewest number** of **servers**do we need?



#### **Web Services**



#### Some other types of Clients besides Web Browsers

Mobile Apps **Desktop**Apps

HTML5
Apps

that
consume
another
server's
web
services

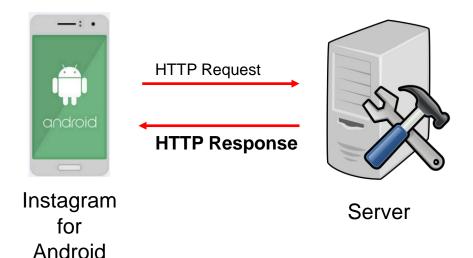
In fact, anything that can generate HTTP Requests and send to Servers properly will be a client

## Question



Compared to Web Browser, for these types of clients above, what should be different in the HTTP Responses?

Hint: besides real data, HTML includes many extra things to please the human eyes



(Client)

#### **Web Services**



```
"id": "C001",
"cartItems": [
     "product" :
        "productId": "P001",
       "name": "Pringles",
       "unitPrice": 3.20
     "quantity": 1
  },
{
     "id": "IT002",
    "product" : {
   "productId": "P002",
   "name": "Chocolates",
       "unitPrice": 4.50
     },
     "quantity": 2,
"grandTotal": 12.20
```

#### An example of JSON data

#### **Next**



So we want to develop web apps. How can .NET and .ASP.NET help us?



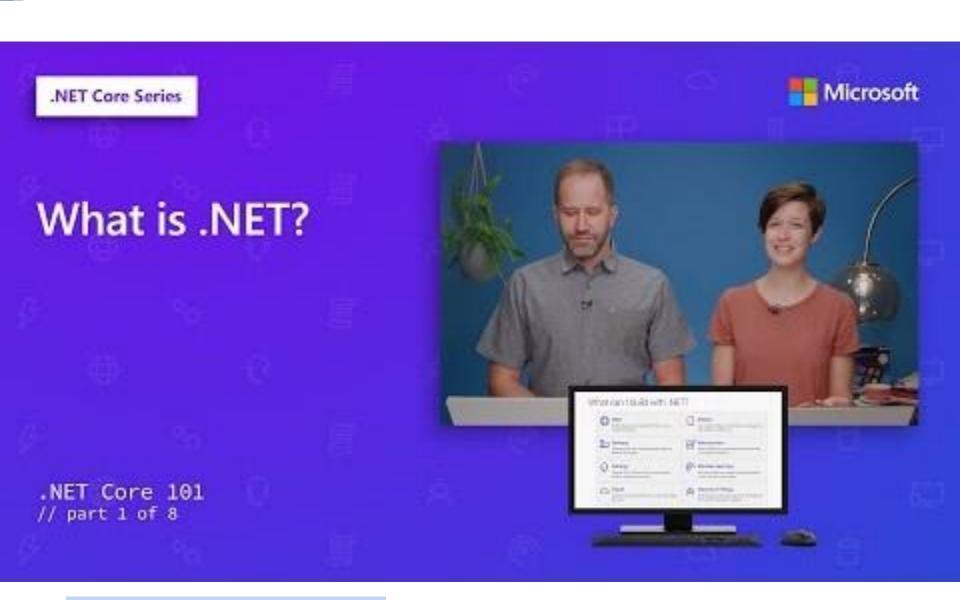
# **Topics**



- Servers and Clients
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
  - .NET
  - ASP.NET
  - Frameworks vs Libraries
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

# .NET





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eIHKZfgddLM

# What can be developed with .NET?





# Our focus in this course

Build web apps and services for Windows, Linux, macOS, and Docker.



#### Mobile

Use a single codebase to build native mobile apps for iOS, Android, and Windows.



#### Desktop

Web

Create beautiful and compelling desktop apps for Windows and macOS.



#### Microservices

Create independently deployable microservices that run on Docker containers



#### Gaming

Develop 2D and 3D games for the most popular desktops, phones, and consoles.



#### **Machine Learning**

Add vision algorithms, speech processing, predictive models, and more to your apps.



#### Cloud

Consume existing cloud services, or create and deploy your own.



#### **Internet of Things**

Make IoT apps, with native support for the Raspberry Pi and other single-board computers.

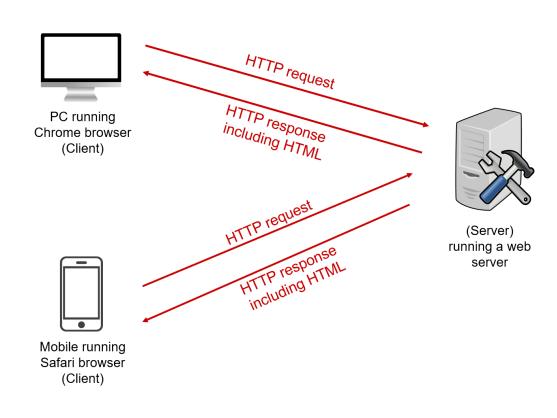


What technologies are we likely to use to develop **Desktop apps** for **Windows** and **macOS**?

#### **ASP.NET**



A server-side technology for web development in which servers do most of the work



## Remember FOPCS and OOPCS?



1. How many categories of data types? What is the key difference between them?



- 2. What are **libraries**? What libraries do we usually use?
- 3. How do **libraries** differ from **frameworks**?

#### **Frameworks**



A framework is a piece of software which provides **generic** functionalities that can be selectively **customized** by additional code



Image by Arek Socha from Pixabay

#### Libraries vs Frameworks



# LIBRARY

01

02

#### More targeted

Provide functionalities to solve **specific problems** (e.g. Math, string, analytics, graph...)

#### More generic

Provide functionalities to solve domain/class of problems (e.g. mobile apps, web apps...)

#### 01

**FRAMEWORK** 

# Control is in our code

**Do not dictate** the way we code. **Our code call** libraries whenever we need

# Control is in the framework

**Dictate** the ways we code. **Frameworks call** our code at specific times.

02

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D\_MO9vIRBcA



Does a framework usually contain some libraries? Does a library usually contain some frameworks?

# **Topics**



- Server and Client
- Web Browsers and HTML (with CSS, JavaScript) (Self-Study)
- Static vs Dynamic
- Web Service Overview
- ASP.NET Overview
- Some frameworks in ASP.NET

## **Web Frameworks**



# Following are some ASP.NET frameworks for **web development**

ASP.NET
Framework
MVC

ASP.NET
Core 3.1

ASP.NET
Core 6.0

ASP.NET Core 6.0 is our **focus** in this course

# Readings



- Client-Server Model <a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/client-server-model/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/client-server-model/</a>
- The web standards model HTML CSS and JavaScript <u>https://www.w3.org/wiki/The web standards model -</u> <u>HTML CSS and JavaScript</u>
- An overview of HTTP <a href="https://developer.mozilla.org/en-us/docs/Web/HTTP/Overview">https://developer.mozilla.org/en-us/docs/Web/HTTP/Overview</a>
- Web Service <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web\_service">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web\_service</a>
- .NET Core, .NET Framework, Xamarin The "What and When to use it" <a href="https://devblogs.microsoft.com/cesardelatorre/net-core-1-0-net-framework-xamarin-the-whatand-when-to-use-it/">https://devblogs.microsoft.com/cesardelatorre/net-core-1-0-net-framework-xamarin-the-whatand-when-to-use-it/</a>
- ASP.NET Overview <a href="https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/introduction-to-aspnet-core?view=aspnetcore-6.0">https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/core/introduction-to-aspnet-core?view=aspnetcore-6.0</a>