## W12: 设备驱动程序中的文件操作结构

Linux 中采用 VFS 文件系统为各类文件系统提供了一个统一接口,其中有 file、inode、super\_block、dentry 四个结构,对于每个结构,又抽象出了对应的 operations 结构,用于操作该结构。

Linux2.4 中,VFS 文件系统相关的结构定义在 Linux/include/linux/fs.h 中,struct file operations 是文件操作结构。

```
858 /*
859 * NOTE:
860 * read, write, poll, fsync, readv, writev can be called
861 * without the big kernel lock held in all filesystems.
862 */
863 struct file operations {
            struct module *owner;
864
865
            loff_t (*llseek) (struct file *, loff_t, int);
866
            ssize_t (*read) (struct file *, char *, size_t, loff_t *);
            ssize t (*write) (struct file *, const char *, size t, loff t *);
867
            int (*readdir) (struct file *, void *, filldir t);
868
            unsigned int (*poll) (struct file *, struct poll_table_struct *);
869
            int (*ioctl) (struct inode *, struct file *, unsigned int,
unsigned long);
871
            int (*mmap) (struct file *, struct vm_area_struct *);
872
            int (*open) (struct inode *, struct file *);
            int (*flush) (struct file *);
873
874
            int (*release) (struct inode *, struct file *);
            int (*fsync) (struct file *, struct dentry *, int datasync);
875
876
            int (*fasync) (int, struct file *, int);
            int (*lock) (struct file *, int, struct file lock *);
877
878
            ssize t (*readv) (struct file *, const struct iovec *, unsigned
long, loff_t *);
            ssize t (*writev) (struct file *, const struct iovec *, unsigned
879
long, loff_t *);
            ssize_t (*sendpage) (struct file *, struct page *, int, size_t,
880
loff t *, int);
            unsigned long (*get_unmapped_area)(struct file *, unsigned long,
unsigned long, unsigned long, unsigned long);
882 };
```