VAR-Seq Workflow Report for Single Computer

 $\label{local_project_ID: VARseq_Pl_Name_Organism_July2015} \\ Author of Report: Thomas Girke (thomas.girke@ucr.edu)$

July 19, 2015

Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Sample definitions and environment settings 2.1 Environment settings and input data	2 2 2
3		3 3
4	4.2 Read mapping with gsnap 4.3 Read and alignment stats	6 6 7 7
5	5.2 Variant calling with BCFtools	7 8 8
6	6.2 Filter variants called by BCFtools	9 9
7	7.1 Annotate filtered variants called by GATK	
8	Combine annotation results among samples 1 8.1 Combine results from GATK 2 8.2 Combine results from BCFtools 3 8.3 Combine results from VariantTools 3	11
9	Summary statistics of variants 9.1 Summary for <i>GATK</i>	

	9.3 Summary for <i>VariantTools</i>	12
10	Venn diagram of variants	12
11	Version Information	13
12	Funding	14
13	References	14

1 Introduction

This report describes the analysis of an VAR-Seq project from Dr. First Last's lab which studies the genetic differences of ... in *organism* The experimental design is as follows...

2 Sample definitions and environment settings

2.1 Environment settings and input data

Typically, the user wants to record here the sources and versions of the reference genome sequence along with the corresponding annotations. In the provided sample data set all data inputs are stored in a data subdirectory and all results will be written to a separate results directory, while the systemPipeVARseq.Rnw script and the targets file are expected to be located in the parent directory. The R session is expected to run from this parent directory.

To run this sample report, mini sample FASTQ and reference genome files can be downloaded from here. The chosen data set SRP010938 contains 18 paired-end (PE) read sets from *Arabidposis thaliana* Howard et al. (2013). This data set comes from a different NGS application area, but it is sufficient to demonstrate the analysis steps of this workflow. To minimize processing time during testing, each FASTQ file has been subsetted to 90,000-100,000 randomly sampled PE reads that map to the first 100,000 nucleotides of each chromosome of the *A. thalina* genome. The corresponding reference genome sequence (FASTA) and its GFF annotion files (provided in the same download) have been truncated accordingly. This way the entire test sample data set is less than 200MB in storage space. A PE read set has been chosen for this test data set for flexibility, because it can be used for testing both types of analysis routines requiring either SE (single end) reads or PE reads.

2.2 Required packages and resources

The systemPipeR package needs to be loaded to perform the analysis steps shown in this report (Girke, 2014).

```
library(systemPipeR)
```

If applicable load custom functions not provided by systemPipeR

```
source("systemPipeVARseq_Fct.R")
```

2.3 Experiment definition provided by targets file

The targets file defines all FASTQ files and sample comparisons of the analysis workflow.

```
targets <- read.delim("targetsPE.txt", comment.char = "#")[,1:5]
targets</pre>
```

```
FileName1
                                                 FileName2 SampleName Factor SampleLong
1
  ./data/SRR446027_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446027_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  M1A
                                                                              Mock.1h.A
  ./data/SRR446028_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446028_2.fastq.gz
                                                                          M1 Mock.1h.B
                                                                  M1B
  ./data/SRR446029_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446029_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  A1A
                                                                          A1
                                                                               Avr.1h.A
  ./data/SRR446030_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446030_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  A1B
                                                                          Α1
                                                                               Avr.1h.B
  ./data/SRR446031_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446031_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  V1A
                                                                          V1
                                                                               Vir.1h.A
  ./data/SRR446032_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446032_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  V1B
                                                                          V1
                                                                               Vir.1h.B
7
  ./data/SRR446033_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446033_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  M6A
                                                                          M6 Mock.6h.A
  ./data/SRR446034_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446034_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  M6B
                                                                              Mock.6h.B
  ./data/SRR446035_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446035_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  A6A
                                                                          A6
                                                                               Avr.6h.A
10 ./data/SRR446036_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446036_2.fastq.gz
                                                                               Avr.6h.B
                                                                  A6B
                                                                          A6
11 ./data/SRR446037_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446037_2.fastq.gz
                                                                               Vir.6h.A
                                                                  V6A
                                                                          V6
12 ./data/SRR446038_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446038_2.fastq.gz
                                                                  V6B
                                                                          V6
                                                                               Vir.6h.B
13 ./data/SRR446039_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446039_2.fastq.gz
                                                                         M12 Mock.12h.A
                                                                 M12A
14 ./data/SRR446040_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446040_2.fastq.gz
                                                                         M12 Mock.12h.B
                                                                 M12B
15 ./data/SRR446041_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446041_2.fastq.gz
                                                                 A12A
                                                                         A12 Avr.12h.A
16 ./data/SRR446042_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446042_2.fastq.gz
                                                                 A12B
                                                                         A12 Avr.12h.B
17 ./data/SRR446043_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446043_2.fastq.gz
                                                                 V12A
                                                                         V12 Vir.12h.A
18 ./data/SRR446044_1.fastq.gz ./data/SRR446044_2.fastq.gz
                                                                 V12B
                                                                         V12 Vir.12h.B
```

3 Read preprocessing

3.1 Read quality filtering and trimming

```
source("systemPipeVARseq_Fct.R")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/trimPE.param", mytargets="targetsPE.txt")[1:4] # Note: subsetting!
preprocessReads(args=args, Fct="filterFct(fq, cutoff=20, Nexceptions=0)", batchsize=100000)
37646 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
37646 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
24906 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
24906 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
39247 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
39247 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
26254 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
26254 processed reads written to file: /home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_PEtrim.txt", overwrite=TRUE)</pre>
Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_PEtrim.txt
```

3.2 FASTQ quality report

The following seeFastq and seeFastqPlot functions generate and plot a series of useful quality statistics for a set of FASTQ files including per cycle quality box plots, base proportions, base-level quality trends, relative k-mer diversity, length and occurrence distribution of reads, number of reads above quality cutoffs and mean quality distribution. The results are written to a PDF file named fastqReport.pdf.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/bwa.param", mytargets="targets_PEtrim.txt")
fqlist <- seeFastq(fastq=infile1(args), batchsize=100000, klength=8)
pdf("./results/fastqReport.pdf", height=18, width=4*length(fqlist))
seeFastqPlot(fqlist)</pre>
```

dev.off()
pdf

2

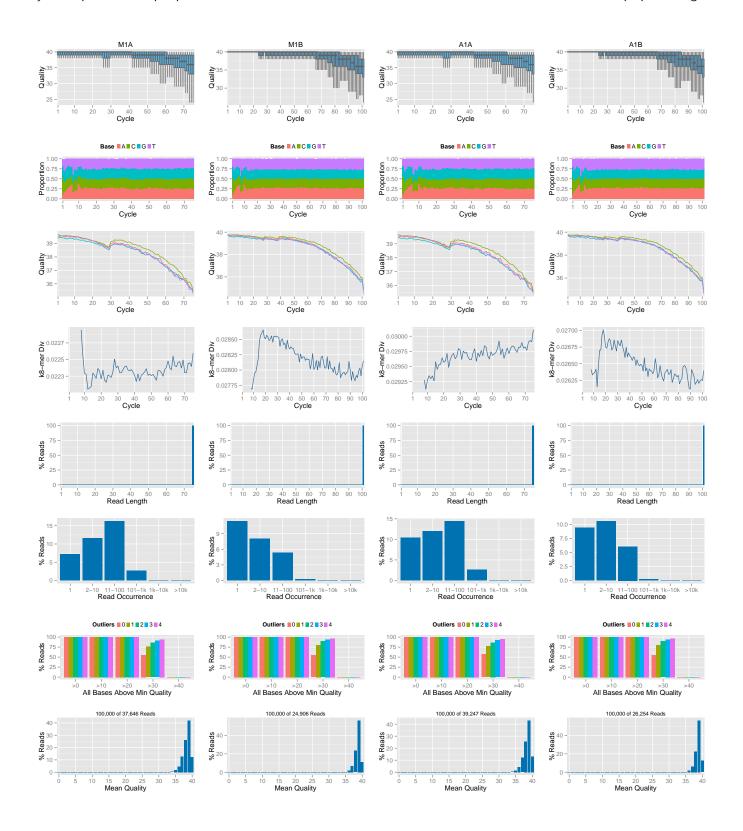


Figure 1: QC report for 18 FASTQ files.

4 Alignments

4.1 Read mapping with BWA

The NGS reads of this project are aligned against the reference genome sequence using the highly variant tolerant short read aligner BWA (Li, 2013; Li and Durbin, 2009). The parameter settings of the aligner are defined in the bwa.param file.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/bwa.param", mytargets="targets_PEtrim.txt")
sysargs(args)[1] # Command-line parameters for first FASTQ file

"bwa mem -t 4 -M -R '@RG\\tID:group1\\tSM:sample1\\tPL:illumina\\tLB:lib1\\tPU:unit1' /home/tgirke/Dropbox
```

Runs the alignments sequentially (e.g. on a single machine)

```
moduleload(modules(args))
system("bwa index -a bwtsw ./data/tair10.fasta")
bampaths <- runCommandline(args=args)
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_bam.txt", overwrite=TRUE)</pre>
```

Alternatively, the alignment jobs can be submitted to a compute cluster, here using 72 CPU cores (18 qsub processes each with 4 CPU cores).

Check whether all BAM files have been created

```
file.exists(outpaths(args))
```

4.2 Read mapping with gsnap

```
library(gmapR); library(BiocParallel); library(BatchJobs)
gmapGenome <- GmapGenome(reference(args), directory="data", name="gmap_tair10chr", create=TRUE)</pre>
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/gsnap.param", mytargets="targets_PEtrim.txt")</pre>
p <- GsnapParam(genome=gmapGenome, unique_only=TRUE, molecule="DNA", max_mismatches=3)
for(i in seq(along=args)) -
    o <- gsnap(input_a=infile1(args)[i], input_b=infile2(args)[i], params=p, output=outfile1(args)[i])
    print(c(infile1(args)[i], infile2(args)[i]))
                                                                                               M1A
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446027_1.fastq_trim.gz"
                                                                                               M1A
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446027_2.fastq_trim.gz"
                                                                                               M<sub>1</sub>B
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446028_1.fastq_trim.gz"
                                                                                               M<sub>1</sub>B
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446028_2.fastq_trim.gz"
                                                                                               A1A
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446029_1.fastq_trim.gz"
                                                                                               A1A
```

```
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446029_2.fastq_trim.gz"
A1B
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446030_1.fastq_trim.gz"
A1B
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446030_2.fastq_trim.gz"
WriteTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_gsnap_bam.txt", overwrite=TRUE)
Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_gsnap_bam.txt
file.exists(outpaths(args))
[1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

4.3 Read and alignment stats

The following generates a summary table of the number of reads in each sample and how many of them aligned to the reference.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/gsnap.param", mytargets="targets_PEtrim.txt")</pre>
read_statsDF <- alignStats(args=args)</pre>
write.table(read_statsDF, "results/alignStats.xls", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, sep="\t")
read_statsDF[1:4,]
    FileName Nreads2x Nalign Perc_Aligned Nalign_Primary Perc_Aligned_Primary
                75292 72727
                                  96.59326
M1A
         M1A
                                                     72727
                                                                        96.59326
         M1B
                 49812 40755
                                  81.81763
                                                     40755
                                                                        81.81763
M1B
A1A
         A1A
                78494 73466
                                  93.59441
                                                     73466
                                                                        93.59441
                 52508 41932
                                  79.85831
                                                     41932
                                                                        79.85831
A1B
         A1B
```

4.4 Create symbolic links for viewing BAM files in IGV

The symLink2bam function creates symbolic links to view the BAM alignment files in a genome browser such as IGV. The corresponding URLs are written to a file with a path specified under urlfile, here IGVurl.txt.

```
symLink2bam(sysargs=args, htmldir=c("~/.html/", "projects/workshop/July2015/"),
    urlbase="http://biocluster.ucr.edu/~tgirke/",
    urlfile="./results/IGVurl.txt")
```

5 Variant calling

The following performs variant calling with GATK, BCFtools and VariantTools in parallel mode on a compute cluster (McKenna et al., 2010; Li, 2011). If a cluster is not available, the runCommandline() function can be used to run the variant calling with GATK and BCFtools for each sample sequentially on a single machine, or callVariants in case of VariantTools. Typically, the user would choose here only one variant caller rather than running several ones.

5.1 Variant calling with GATK

The following creates in the inital step a new targets file (targets_bam.txt). The first column of this file gives the paths to the BAM files created in the alignment step. The new targets file and the parameter file gatk.param are used to create a new SYSargs instance for running GATK. Since GATK involves many processing steps, it is executed by a bash script gatk_run.sh where the user can specify the detailed run parameters. All three files are expected to be

located in the current working directory. Samples files for gatk.param and gatk_run.sh are available in the subdirectory ./inst/extdata/ of the source file of the systemPipeR package. Alternatively, they can be downloaded directly from here

```
system("java -jar /opt/picard/1.81/CreateSequenceDictionary.jar R=./data/tair10.fasta O=./data/tair10.dict
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/gatk.param", mytargets="targets_bam.txt")
gatkpaths <- runCommandline(args=args)
unlink(outfile1(args), recursive = TRUE, force = TRUE)
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_gatk.txt", overwrite=TRUE)</pre>
```

5.2 Variant calling with BCFtools

The following runs the variant calling with BCFtools. This step requires in the current working directory the parameter file sambcf_param and the bash script sambcf_run.sh.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/sambcf.param", mytargets="targets_bam.txt")
sambcfpaths <- runCommandline(args=args)
unlink(outfile1(args), recursive = TRUE, force = TRUE)
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_sambcf.txt", overwrite=TRUE)</pre>
```

5.3 Variant calling with VariantTools

```
library(gmapR); library(VariantTools)
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/vartools.param", mytargets="targets_gsnap_bam.txt")</pre>
gmapGenome <- GmapGenome(systemPipeR::reference(args), directory="data", name="gmap_tair10chr", create=FAL</pre>
tally.param <- TallyVariantsParam(gmapGenome, high_base_quality = 23L, indels = TRUE)
for(x in seq(along=args)) {
    bfl <- BamFileList(infile1(args)[x], index=character())</pre>
    var <- callVariants(bfl[[1]], tally.param)</pre>
    sampleNames(var) <- names(bfl)</pre>
    writeVcf(asVCF(var), outfile1(args)[x], index = TRUE)
    print(outfile1(args)[x])
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446027_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.ba
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446028_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.ba
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446029_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.ba
"/home/tgirke/Dropbox/Bioc2015/systemPipeRdata_tests/varseq/results/SRR446030_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.ba
file.exists(outpaths(args))
[1] TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_vartools.txt", overwrite=TRUE)
Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_vartools.txt
```

6 Filter variants

The function filterVars filters VCF files based on user definable quality parameters. It sequentially imports each VCF file into R, applies the filtering on an internally generated VRanges object and then writes the results to a new subsetted VCF file. The filter parameters are passed on to the corresponding argument as a character string. The function applies this filter to the internally generated VRanges object using the standard subsetting syntax for two dimensional objects such as: vr[filter,]. The parameter files (filter_gatk.param, filter_sambcf.param and filter_vartools.param), used in the filtering steps, define the paths to the input and output VCF files which are stored in new SYSargs instances.

6.1 Filter variants called by GATK

The below example filters for variants that are supported by $\ge x$ reads and $\ge 80\%$ of them support the called variants. In addition, all variants need to pass $\ge x$ of the soft filters recorded in the VCF files generated by GATK. Since the toy data used for this workflow is very small, the chosen settings are unreasonabley relaxed. A more reasonable filter setting is given in the line below (here commented out).

```
library(VariantAnnotation)
library(BBmisc) # Defines suppressAll()
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/filter_gatk.param", mytargets="targets_gatk.txt")[1:4]
filter <- "totalDepth(vr) >= 2 & (altDepth(vr) / totalDepth(vr) >= 0.8) & rowSums(softFilterMatrix(vr))>=1
# filter <- "totalDepth(vr) >= 20 & (altDepth(vr) / totalDepth(vr) >= 0.8) & rowSums(softFilterMatrix(vr))
suppressAll(filterVars(args, filter, varcaller="gatk", organism="A. thaliana"))
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_gatk_filtered.txt", overwrite=TRUE)
Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_gatk_filtered.txt
```

6.2 Filter variants called by BCFtools

The following shows how to filter the VCF files generated by *BCFtools* using similar parameter settings as in the previous filtering of the GATK results.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/filter_sambcf.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf.txt")[1:4]
filter <- "rowSums(vr) >= 2 & (rowSums(vr[,3:4])/rowSums(vr[,1:4]) >= 0.8)"
# filter <- "rowSums(vr) >= 20 & (rowSums(vr[,3:4])/rowSums(vr[,1:4]) >= 0.8)"
suppressAll(filterVars(args, filter, varcaller="bcftools", organism="A. thaliana"))
writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt", overwrite=TRUE)
Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_sambcf_filtered.txt
```

6.3 Filter variants called by VariantTools

The following shows how to filter the VCF files generated by *VariantTools* using similar parameter settings as in the previous filtering of the GATK results.

```
library(VariantAnnotation)
library(BBmisc) # Defines suppressAll()
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/filter_vartools.param", mytargets="targets_vartools.txt")</pre>
```

```
filter <- "(values(vr)$n.read.pos.ref + values(vr)$n.read.pos) >= 2 & (values(vr)$n.read.pos / (values(vr)
# filter <- "(values(vr)£n.read.pos.ref + values(vr)£n.read.pos) >= 20 & (values(vr)£n.read.pos / (values(
filterVars(args, filter, varcaller="vartools", organism="A. thaliana")

[1] "Generated file 1 SRR446027_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.bam.vartools.bgz.filtered.vcf.bgz"

[1] "Generated file 2 SRR446028_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.bam.vartools.bgz.filtered.vcf.bgz"

[1] "Generated file 3 SRR446029_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.bam.vartools.bgz.filtered.vcf.bgz"

[1] "Generated file 4 SRR446030_1.fastq_trim.gz.gsnap.sam.bam.vartools.bgz.filtered.vcf.bgz"

writeTargetsout(x=args, file="targets_vartools_filtered.txt", overwrite=TRUE)

Written content of 'targetsout(x)' to file: targets_vartools_filtered.txt
```

Check filtering outcome for one sample

```
length(as(readVcf(infile1(args)[1], genome="Ath"), "VRanges")[,1])
[1] 53
length(as(readVcf(outpaths(args)[1], genome="Ath"), "VRanges")[,1])
[1] 42
```

7 Annotate filtered variants

The function variantReport generates a variant report using utilities provided by the *VariantAnnotation* package. The report for each sample is written to a tabular file containing genomic context annotations (e.g. coding or non-coding SNPs, amino acid changes, IDs of affected genes, etc.) along with confidence statistics for each variant. The parameter file annotate_vars.param defines the paths to the input and output files which are stored in a new SYSargs instance.

7.1 Annotate filtered variants called by GATK

```
library("GenomicFeatures")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
suppressAll(variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana"))</pre>
```

7.2 Annotate filtered variants called by BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
suppressAll(variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana"))</pre>
```

7.3 Annotate filtered variants called by VariantTools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
txdb <- loadDb("./data/tair10.sqlite")
fa <- FaFile(systemPipeR::reference(args))
suppressAll(variantReport(args=args, txdb=txdb, fa=fa, organism="A. thaliana"))</pre>
```

View annotation result for single sample

```
read.delim(outpaths(args)[1])[38:40,]
            VARID totalDepth refDepth altDepth REF ALT QUAL
                                                                           LOCATION
38 ChrM:16916_T/C
                                                           O coding promoter coding
                           2
                                    0
                                             2
39 ChrM:16983_T/G
                           3
                                    0
                                             3
                                                 Τ
                                                      G
                                                           O coding promoter coding
40 ChrM:17003_G/T
                           3
                                    0
                                             3
                                                 G
                                                     Τ
                                                           O coding promoter coding
                GENEID Strand
                                                                           Codon
                                            Consequence
                                                                                             AA
38 ATMG00050 ATMG00040 c(+, -) nonsynonymous synonymous 61_TCT/CCT 876_AGA/AGG 21_S/P 292_R/R
39 ATMG00050 ATMG00040 c(+, -)
                                          nonsynonymous 128_ATC/AGC 809_GAT/GCT 43_I/S 270_D/A
40 ATMG00050 ATMG00040 c(+, -)
                                    nonsense synonymous 148_GAG/TAG 789_CTC/CTA 50_E/* 263_L/L
                     TXIDs
                                    GENEIDcode
38 ATMG00050.1 ATMG00040.1 ATMG00050 ATMG00040
39 ATMG00050.1 ATMG00040.1 ATMG00050 ATMG00040
40 ATMG00050.1 ATMG00040.1 ATMG00050 ATMG00040
```

8 Combine annotation results among samples

To simplify comparisons among samples, the combineVarReports function combines all variant annotation reports referenced in a SYSargs instance (here args). At the same time the function allows to consider only certain feature types of interest. For instance, the below setting filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous") will include only nonsysynonymous variances listed in the Consequence column of the annotation reports. To omit filtering, one can use the setting filtercol="All"

8.1 Combine results from GATK

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_gatk.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

8.2 Combine results from BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_sambcf.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")</pre>
```

8.3 Combine results from VariantTools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")</pre>
combineDF <- combineVarReports(args, filtercol=c(Consequence="nonsynonymous"))</pre>
write.table(combineDF, "./results/combineDF_nonsyn_vartools.xls", quote=FALSE, row.names=FALSE, sep="\t")
combineDF[2:4,]
                  VARID totalDepth refDepth altDepth REF ALT QUAL LOCATION
  Sample
2
                                 2
                                                    2
     M1B Chr2:1259_G/A
                                           0
                                                        G
                                                            Α
                                                                  0
                                                                      coding AT2G01008
21
     A1B Chr2:1259_G/A
                                 2
                                           0
                                                    2
                                                        G
                                                            Α
                                                                  0
                                                                      coding AT2G01008
     M1B Chr2:1263_C/G
                                 2
                                                                      coding AT2G01008
3
                                           0
                                                    2
                                                                  0
     Consequence
                       Codon
                                 AA
                                           TXIDs GENEIDcode
2 nonsynonymous 235_GAA/AAA 79_E/K AT2G01008.1 AT2G01008
```

```
21 nonsynonymous 235_GAA/AAA 79_E/K AT2G01008.1 AT2G01008
3 nonsynonymous 239_TCG/TGG 80_S/W AT2G01008.1 AT2G01008
```

9 Summary statistics of variants

The function varSummar counts the number of variants for each feature type included in the anntation reports.

9.1 Summary for GATK

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_gatk.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t")</pre>
```

9.2 Summary for BCFtools

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_sambcf.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t")</pre>
```

9.3 Summary for Variant Tools

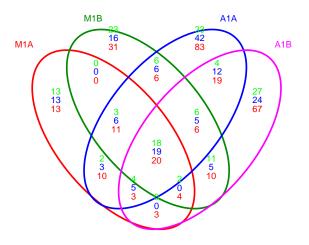
```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")</pre>
write.table(varSummary(args), "./results/variantStats_vartools.xls", quote=FALSE, col.names = NA, sep="\t"
read.delim("results/variantStats_vartools.xls", row.names=1)
             M1A M1B A1A A1B
all
              42 69 76 72
              13 16 27 23
coding
              32 49 50 45
intergenic
promoter
              16 33 28 37
               1
                   0
                      1
nonsense
nonsynonymous
               6 13 15 21
synonymous
```

10 Venn diagram of variants

The venn diagram utilities defined by the *systemPipeR* package can be used to identify common and unique variants reported for different samples and/or variant callers. The below generates a 4-way venn diagram comparing four sampes for each of the two variant callers.

```
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_gatk_filtered.txt")
varlist <- sapply(names(outpaths(args))[1:4], function(x) as.character(read.delim(outpaths(args)[x])$VARID
vennset_gatk <- overLapper(varlist, type="vennsets")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_sambcf_filtered.txt")
varlist <- sapply(names(outpaths(args))[1:4], function(x) as.character(read.delim(outpaths(args)[x])$VARID
vennset_bcf <- overLapper(varlist, type="vennsets")
args <- systemArgs(sysma="param/annotate_vars.param", mytargets="targets_vartools_filtered.txt")
varlist <- sapply(names(outpaths(args))[1:4], function(x) as.character(read.delim(outpaths(args)[x])$VARID
vennset_vartools <- overLapper(varlist, type="vennsets")</pre>
```

```
pdf("./results/vennplot_var.pdf")
vennPlot(list(vennset_gatk, vennset_bcf, vennset_vartools), mymain="", mysub="GATK: red; BCFtools: blue; V
dev.off()
pdf
2
```



GATK: red; BCFtools: blue; VariantTools: green

Figure 2: Venn Diagram for 4 samples from GATK, BCFtools and VariantTools.

11 Version Information

toLatex(sessionInfo())

- R version 3.2.1 (2015-06-18), x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
- Locale: LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8, LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8, LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8, LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8, LC_NAME=C, LC_ADDRESS=C, LC_TELEPHONE=C, LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8, LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
- Base packages: base, datasets, graphics, grDevices, methods, parallel, stats, stats4, utils
- Other packages: AnnotationDbi 1.31.17, BatchJobs 1.6, BBmisc 1.9, Biobase 2.29.1, BiocGenerics 0.15.3, BiocParallel 1.3.34, Biostrings 2.37.2, DBI 0.3.1, GenomeInfoDb 1.5.8, GenomicAlignments 1.5.11, GenomicFeatures 1.21.13, GenomicRanges 1.21.16, gmapR 1.11.0, IRanges 2.3.14, knitr 1.10.5, Rsamtools 1.21.14, RSQLite 1.0.0, S4Vectors 0.7.10, ShortRead 1.27.5, SummarizedExperiment 0.3.2, systemPipeR 1.3.15, VariantAnnotation 1.15.21, VariantTools 1.11.0, XVector 0.9.1
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): annotate 1.47.1, AnnotationForge 1.11.12, base64enc 0.1-2, BiocStyle 1.7.4, biomaRt 2.25.1, bitops 1.0-6, brew 1.0-6, BSgenome 1.37.3, Category 2.35.1, checkmate 1.6.1, codetools 0.2-14, colorspace 1.2-6, crayon 1.3.1, digest 0.6.8, edgeR 3.11.2, evaluate 0.7, fail 1.2, formatR 1.2, futile.logger 1.4.1, futile.options 1.0.0, genefilter 1.51.0, ggplot2 1.0.1, GO.db 3.1.2, GOstats 2.35.1, graph 1.47.2, grid 3.2.1, GSEABase 1.31.3, gtable 0.1.2, highr 0.5, hwriter 1.3.2, labeling 0.3, lambda.r 1.1.7,

lattice 0.20-33, latticeExtra 0.6-26, limma 3.25.13, magrittr 1.5, MASS 7.3-43, Matrix 1.2-2, memoise 0.2.1, munsell 0.4.2, pheatmap 1.0.7, plyr 1.8.3, proto 0.3-10, RBGL 1.45.1, RColorBrewer 1.1-2, Rcpp 0.11.6, RCurl 1.95-4.7, reshape2 1.4.1, rjson 0.2.15, rtracklayer 1.29.12, scales 0.2.5, sendmailR 1.2-1, splines 3.2.1, stringi 0.5-5, stringr 1.0.0, survival 2.38-3, testthat 0.10.0, tools 3.2.1, XML 3.98-1.3, xtable 1.7-4, zlibbioc 1.15.0

12 Funding

This project was supported by funds from the National Institutes of Health (NIH).

13 References

- Thomas Girke. systemPipeR: NGS workflow and report generation environment, 28 June 2014. URL https://github.com/tgirke/systemPipeR.
- Brian E Howard, Qiwen Hu, Ahmet Can Babaoglu, Manan Chandra, Monica Borghi, Xiaoping Tan, Luyan He, Heike Winter-Sederoff, Walter Gassmann, Paola Veronese, and Steffen Heber. High-throughput RNA sequencing of pseudomonas-infected arabidopsis reveals hidden transcriptome complexity and novel splice variants. *PLoS One*, 8 (10):e74183, 1 October 2013. ISSN 1932-6203. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0074183. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0074183.
- H Li and R Durbin. Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows-Wheeler transform. *Bioinformatics*, 25(14): 1754–1760, July 2009. ISSN 1367-4803. doi: 10.1093/bioinformatics/btp324. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btp324.
- Heng Li. A statistical framework for SNP calling, mutation discovery, association mapping and population genetical parameter estimation from sequencing data. *Bioinformatics*, 27(21):2987–2993, 1 November 2011. ISSN 1367-4803. doi: 10.1093/bioinformatics/btr509. URL http://bioinformatics.oxfordjournals.org/content/27/21/2987.abstract.
- Heng Li. Aligning sequence reads, clone sequences and assembly contigs with BWA-MEM. 03 2013. URL http://arxiv.org/abs/1303.3997.
- Aaron McKenna, Matthew Hanna, Eric Banks, Andrey Sivachenko, Kristian Cibulskis, Andrew Kernytsky, Kiran Garimella, David Altshuler, Stacey Gabriel, Mark Daly, and Mark A DePristo. The genome analysis toolkit: a MapReduce framework for analyzing next-generation DNA sequencing data. *Genome Res.*, 20(9):1297–1303, 19 July 2010. ISSN 1088-9051. doi: 10.1101/gr.107524.110. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1101/gr.107524.110.