

Milestone 3: Practical Implementation of LowTech GmbH Webshop in CSP Platform

Wladimir Alexander Brborich Herrera (1437876)
wladimir.brborich-herrera@stud.fra-uas.de,
Vishwaben Pareshbhai Kakadiya (1471845)
vishwaben.kakadiya@stud.fra-uas.de,
Hellyben Bhaveshkumar Shah (1476905)
hellyben.shah@stud.fra-uas.de,
Heer Rakeshkumar Vankawala (1449039)
heer.vankawala@stud.fra-uas.de, and
Priyanka Dilipbhai Vadiwala (1481466)
priyanka.vadiwala@stud.fra-uas.de

Frankfurt University of Applied Sciences
(1971-2014: Fachhochschule Frankfurt am Main)
Nibelungenplatz 1
D-60318 Frankfurt am Main

Abstract LowTech GmbH Cloud Transformation Project, building upon the previous analyses and migration strategies. In this phase, the focus is on optimizing cloud operations, performance monitoring, and cost efficiency after the transition to Microsoft Azure. The objective is to ensure the system reliability, security, and scalability while fine-tuning the deployed infrastructure. The report outlines key post-migration strategies, including performance assessment, security enhancements, and cost analysis. It introduces automation techniques using tools like Terraform and Ansible for infrastructure management and GitHub Actions for continuous integration and deployment (CI/CD). Special attention is given to monitoring solutions like Azure Monitor and Prometheus to track system performance and detect potential issues in real time. Furthermore, we evaluate cloud cost management techniques by analyzing usage patterns and identifying areas for optimization. The report also discusses future scalability strategies, ensuring that LowTech GmbH is well-equipped to handle growing business demands. This phase serves as the foundation for long-term cloud sustainability, enabling the company to leverage cloud-native solutions efficiently while maintaining operational resilience.

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview of the Project

Brief recap of previous milestones and progression to current implementation phase

1.2 Objectives of the Cloud Implementation of Webshop

2 Application Design

2.1 Architectural Overview

Detailed description of the three-tier structure with CSP service mapping

2.1.1 Presentation-Tier (Frontend) - User Interface (UI)

Technology Stack

- Frontend Framework
- State Management
- Communication with Backend
- Hosting & Deployment,

component-based architecture

1. Navigation & Routing
2. API Communication
3. Data Fetching

Key Features of the UI

1. Product Catalog
2. Product Search and Filtering
3. Product Details Page
4. Shopping Cart
5. Checkout Process

2.1.2 Application-Tier (Backend) - Business Logic*Technology Stack**Product Management**Order Management**Payment Processing**Inventory Management**Email Notification***2.1.3 Data-Tier (Database) - Databases***Technology Stack**Data bases*

1. Product Data
 - Product
 - Catagories
2. Order Data
 - Order
 - Order Details
3. Inventory Data
 - Stocks
 - suppliers

2.2 Technology Stack

- Frontend:
- Backend:
- Database:

2.3 System Diagrams

3 Implementation Process

3.1 Cloud Environment Setup

Step-by-step account configuration and resource provisioning

3.2 Service Integration

- Azure Load Balancer configuration
- Database replication setup
- Blob storage integration patterns

3.3 Development Challenges

- State management in scaled environments
- Database connection pooling
- CSP-specific limitations encountered

4 Operational Characteristics

4.1 Performance Metrics

4.1.1 Functional Test Cases

Test Case ID	Test Scenario	Expected Outcome	Status (Pass/Fail)
TC-001	Load homepage and verify product listing	Homepage loads with products displayed correctly.	
TC-002	Apply price filter (Ascending/Descending)	Products reorder correctly based on selected price.	
TC-003	Apply Out of Stockfilter	Only out-of-stock items are displayed.	
TC-004	Apply FFast Deliveryfilter	Only products eligible for fast delivery show up.	
TC-005	Filter by category	Products are filtered correctly by selected category.	
TC-006	Search product by name or category	Products matching search are shown correctly.	
TC-007	Clear filter functionality	All filters are removed, showing the full product list.	
TC-008	Product Detail Page - Click Product	Clicking a product opens its detailed page.	

Test Case ID	Test Scenario	Expected Outcome	Status (Pass/Fail)
TC-009	Product Detail Page - Load Product Details	Product details (name, description, price) are displayed.	
TC-010	Add a product to cart	Product appears in cart with correct details.	
TC-011	Increase product quantity in cart	Quantity updates and is reflected in the cart.	
TC-012	Remove product from cart	Product is removed from the cart immediately.	
TC-013	Proceed to checkout	Checkout page loads with the correct order summary.	
TC-014	Select payment method - Stripe	Stripe payment option is selected and processed.	
TC-015	Select payment method - PayPal	PayPal payment option is selected and processed.	
TC-016	Complete order processing	Order confirmation message is displayed.	
TC-017	Order confirmation email is received	Email is sent after order is placed.	
TC-018	Shipment notification email is received	Email is sent when the order is shipped.	
TC-019	Toggle Dark/Light Theme	Application switches between themes successfully.	

4.2 Security Considerations

- Network security groups configuration
- Database encryption implementation
- Access control mechanisms

5 Critical Analysis

5.1 Cloud Service Evaluation

Cost-benefit analysis of selected Azure services

5.2 Architectural Decisions

Trade-off discussion between containerized vs serverless approaches

6 Repository Documentation

6.1 GitHub Structure

- **Branching Strategy** The project follows a simple main branch strategy where all contributors work directly on the main branch. This ensures seamless integration without managing multiple branches. All changes should be committed with meaningful messages. Code should be reviewed and tested before pushing to the main branch.
- **CI/CD Pipeline Configuration** Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) is implemented to automate the software development lifecycle, ensuring that code changes are tested, built, and deployed efficiently.

- ****Continuous Integration (CI)****: Every code commit triggers an automated build and testing process. This includes:
 - * Running unit tests to validate individual components.
 - * Performing integration tests to ensure compatibility between different modules.
 - * Static code analysis for linting and security vulnerabilities.
- ****Continuous Deployment (CD)****: Once the CI stage passes successfully, the application is automatically deployed to the appropriate environment. This process includes:
 - * Deploying to a staging environment for final testing.
 - * Running automated acceptance tests before production deployment.
 - * Deploying to production with rollback mechanisms in case of failure.
- Documentation standards

6.2 Contribution Tracking

Commit history analysis and individual contribution breakdown

7 Conclusion

7.1 Project Outcomes

Summary of achieved objectives and demo capabilities

7.2 Future Enhancements

Potential improvements for production readiness

References