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## 2012 Further Mathematics Trial Exam 1 Solutions

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## **SECTION A** Core: Data analysis

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
В	D	В	C	A	C	D	Е	Е	В	В	A	Е

#### **SECTION B**

## **Module 1: Number patterns and applications**

Middle 1. Mainber				atterns and applications					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Е	D	С	D	С	Е	A	В	С

#### Module 5: Networks and decision mathematics

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
A	Α	С	С	Е	D	Е	Е	Е

#### Module 6: Matrices

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	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	C	C	D	D	A	Е	D	В	В			

#### **SECTION A** Core: Data analysis

Q1 
$$3+5+6+5+5+3+2+1=30$$
 B

O3

$$5 \times 5 + 15 \times 7 + 25 \times 10 + 35 \times 10 + 45 \times 9 + 55 \times 9 + 65 \times 7 + 75 \times 2$$

Q4 Range = 
$$89 - 33 = 56$$
, median =  $\frac{68 + 69}{2} = 68.5$ 

Q5 
$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1 = 74 - 57 = 17$$

$$Q_1 - 1.5 \times IQR = 57 - 25.5 = 31.5$$

Q6 
$$\frac{0.5}{0.34 + 0.5} \approx 0.6 = 60\%$$

Q7 
$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{8.4 - 6.0}{1.5} = 1.60$$
 D

Q8 
$$\bar{y} = a + b\bar{x} = 0 + \frac{6}{8} \times 3.7 \approx 2.8$$

Q9 
$$\frac{s_y}{s_x} = \frac{b}{r} = \frac{\frac{6}{8}}{0.95} \approx 0.8$$

Q13 Gradient = 
$$\frac{5.5 - 3}{44 - 9} \approx 0.0714$$

#### SECTION B

#### Module 1: Number patterns and applications

Q3 
$$S_{13} = \frac{13}{2}(a+l)$$
,  $3.25 = \frac{13}{2}(a+l)$ ,  $a+l = 0.5$ 

$$t_6 + t_8 = 0.5$$
,  $t_7 = \frac{t_6 + t_8}{2} = 0.25$ ,  $t_6 + t_7 + t_8 = 0.75$ 

Q4 
$$1.4 \times r^3 = -4.725$$
,  $r = -1.5$ ,  $1.4 \times r + 1.4 \times r^2 = 1.05$  D

Q5 
$$t_1 = 1$$
,  $t_2 = 3$ ,  $t_3 = 5$ , .....

.: it is an arithmetic sequence, 
$$d = 2$$
,  $t_7 = 1 + (7 - 1)2 = 13$ 

Q6 Geometric sequence, 
$$r = 1 - 0.025 = 0.975$$

$$0.975^n < 0.5$$
,  $n > 27.3779$ , at least 28 weeks

Q7 
$$t_{n+1} - 2t_n = n(n+1)$$
,  $t_1 = 3$ ,  $t_2 = 8$ ,  $t_3 = 22$ ,  $t_4 = 56$   
 $t_5 = 132$ 

Q8 
$$f_{10} - 10 = f_{11}$$
,  $f_{11} + f_{10} = f_{12}$ ,  $f_{12} + f_{11} = 12$ 

$$f_{10} = f_{11} + 10$$
,  $f_{11} + f_{11} + 10 = f_{12}$ ,  $f_{11} = \frac{f_{12}}{2} - 5$ 

: 
$$f_{12} + \frac{f_{12}}{2} - 5 = 12$$
,  $\frac{3f_{12}}{2} = 17$ ,  $f_{12} = \frac{34}{3} \approx 11.3$ 

Q9 
$$A_{n+1} = (1 + 0.05)A_n - 15000$$
,  $A_{n+1} - A_n = 0.05A_n - 15000$ 

## Module 5: Networks and decision mathematics

Q1 The minimum number of edges = 
$$\frac{17 \times 16}{2}$$
 = 136 A

Q3 
$$V = E - F + 2$$
. If  $F$  is odd, then V and E cannot be both even or both odd. The numbers do not add up for A.

C

Q7
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q can reach P and R using one-stage route, and S using two-stage route.

R can reach P and Q using two-stage route, and S using one-stage route.

S can reach P and Q using one/two-stage route, and R using two-stage route.

Q9 D can finish Q and R in 3 hours; A can finish P in 3 hours; C can finish S in 3 hours.

$$\left(\begin{bmatrix}
0.95 & 0.015 & 0.005 \\
0.04 & 0.98 & 0.075 \\
0.01 & 0.005 & 0.92
\end{bmatrix}^{-1}\right)^{2} \begin{bmatrix}
0.58 \\
0.37 \\
0.05
\end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix}
0.63 \\
0.33 \\
0.04
\end{bmatrix}$$
B

09

Ε

Е

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.95 & 0.015 & 0.005 \\ 0.04 & 0.98 & 0.075 \\ 0.01 & 0.005 & 0.92 \end{bmatrix}^n \begin{bmatrix} 0.58 \\ 0.37 \\ 0.05 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0.21973 \\ 0.70852 \\ 0.07175 \end{bmatrix}$$
 for large  $n$ .

В

Please inform mathline@itute.com re conceptual, mathematical and/or typing errors

## **Module 6: Matrices**

$$Q2 \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - 2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 C

Q5
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \\ -6 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x^{3} & 5 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \\ -6 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = -\frac{1}{99} \begin{bmatrix} 45 & 30 & 24 \\ 72 & 15 & 12 \\ 54 & 36 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 A

$$Q6 \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a - b + c - d = 2 - 1 + 0 - 1 = 0$$