

# INSIGHT Trial Exam Paper

# 2007

# **MATHEMATICAL METHODS**

# Written examination 1

### **QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK**

Reading time: 15 minutes Writing time: 1 hour

#### Structure of book

Number of questions	Number of questions to be answered	Number of marks
11	11	40

- Students are permitted to bring the following items into the examination: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring notes of any kind, sheets of paper, white out liquid/tape or a calculator into the examination.

#### Materials provided

- The question and answer book of 12 pages, with a separate sheet of miscellaneous formulas.
- Working space is provided throughout the question book.

#### Instructions

- Write your name in the box provided.
- Remove the formula sheet during reading time.
- You must answer the questions in English.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones or any other electronic devices into the examination.

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Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

A decimal approximation will not be accepted if an **exact** answer is required to a question. In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working must be shown. Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.

Question 1				
Let f(x) = 2x - 5	and $g(x) = \cos x$ .	Write down t	he rule of	f(g(x)).

1 mark

#### **Question 2**

For the function  $f:(2,\infty) \to R$ ,  $f(x) = 2\log_e(x-1)$ ,

**a.** find the rule for the inverse function  $f^{-1}$ .

2 marks

**b.** find the domain of the inverse function  $f^{-1}$ .

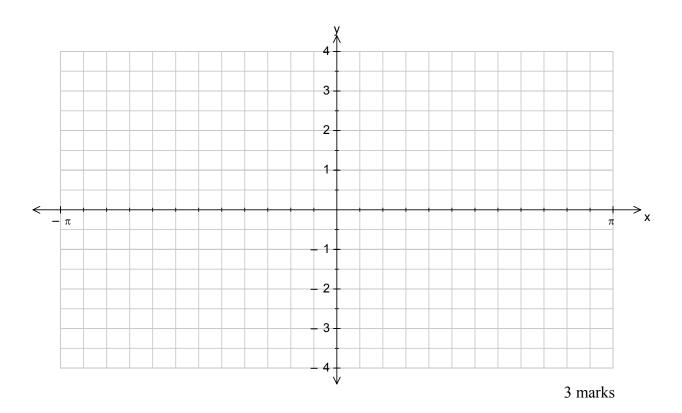
1 mark

For the function  $f:[-\pi,\pi] \to R$ ,  $f(x) = -2\sin(3(x-\frac{\pi}{4}))$ 

**a.** write down the amplitude and period of the function.

2 marks

**b.** on the set of axes below, sketch the graph of the function *f*. Label the axis intercepts with their coordinates. Label the end-points of the graph with their coordinates.



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a.

1 mark

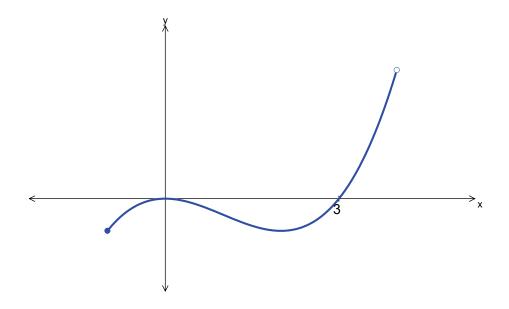
**b.** Let  $y = x^2 \cos(x)$ . Evaluate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

Let  $f(x) = \log_e(\sin(x))$ . Find f'(x).

2 marks

CONTINUED PLEASE TURN OVER

The graph of  $f:[-1,4] \to R$  where  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$  is shown below.



**a.** Let g(x) = |f(x)|. On the same set of axes, sketch the graph of g.

2 marks

**b.** State the domain of the derivative function g'.

1 mark

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Solve the equation $\sin(2x) - \sqrt{3}\cos(2x) = 0$ for $x \in [0,2\pi]$ , giving exact values in terms of $\pi$ .					

3 marks

CONTINUED PLEASE TURN OVER

The probability density function of a continuous random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{k} & 2 \le x \le 6\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

a.	Show that $k = 16$ .	
		2 marks
b.	Find $Pr(X > 4)$	
		2 marks
c.	Find the median of $X$	
		2 1

The random variable X has the following probability distribution:

x	-1	0	1	2
Pr(X=x)	a + b	2a-b	3 <i>a</i>	0.4

a.	Find the value of a.	

		1 mark
b.	If $E(X) = 0.95$ , find the value of b.	

2 marks

The random variable X is normally distributed with mean 50 and standard deviation 5. The random variable Z is normally distributed with mean 0 and standard deviation 1.

a.	If $Pr(X < 56) = Pr(Z < a)$ , find the value of a.	
		2 marks
b.	If $Pr(50 < X < b) = 0.5 - Pr(Z > 2)$ , find the value of b.	

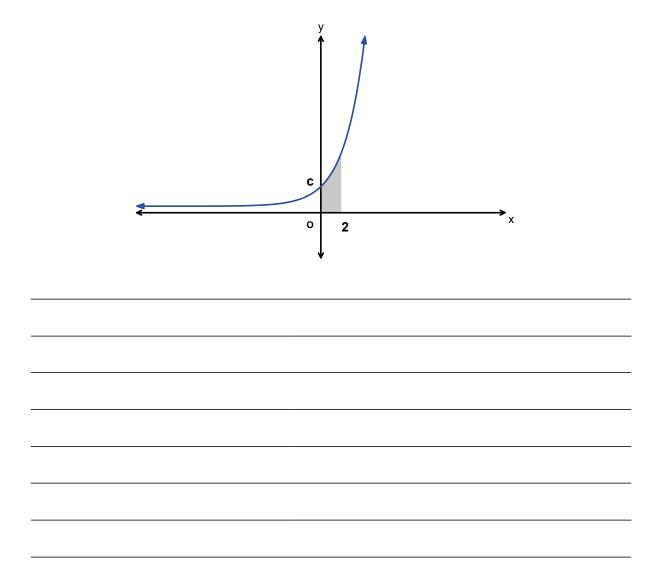
2 marks

A hemispherical bowl is being filled with water at a constant rate of $150\pi$ cm <sup>2</sup> / min. When the depth of the water in the bowl is h cm, the volume, $V \text{ cm}^3$ , of the water is given by
$V = \pi h^2 (30 - \frac{2}{3}h)$ . Find the rate at which the depth of the water is increasing when the depth
is 5 cm.

4 marks

CONTINUED PLEASE TURN OVER

Part of the graph of the function  $f: R \to R$ ,  $f(x) = ae^{2x} + b$  is shown below. If the shaded area is  $3e^4 + 1$  square units, find one set of possible values for a, b and c, where c is the y-intercept of the graph y = f(x).



5 marks

## END OF QUESTION AND ANSWER BOOK