

EXAM QUESTIONS

Chapter 10.1 - Matter

Question 1 2010:1:3

(3 marks)

Particles called *quarks* are the 'building blocks' of other sub-atomic particles. Table 1 lists the names of some quarks and two of their quantum numbers; charge q and strangeness S .

Table 1: Some properties of quarks

Quark	Charge, q	Strangeness, S
up	$+\frac{2}{3}$	0
down	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0
charm	$+\frac{2}{3}$	0
strange	$-\frac{1}{3}$	-1
top	$+\frac{2}{3}$	0
bottom	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0

When quarks combine their individual quantum numbers 'add'. For example, a fictitious particle, the Joton, made of two charm quarks and one top quark would have a charge of $+\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$ and a strangeness of $0+0+0 = 0$.

Use Table 1 to determine the values of the charge and strangeness quantum numbers for the particles in Table 2.

Table 2: Properties of some sub-atomic particles

Particle	Quark composition	Charge, q	Strangeness, S
Lambda	up, down, strange		
Xi	up, strange, strange		
Sigma minus	down, down, strange		

Question 2 2013:1:4

(3 marks)

Table of quarks

Name	Symbol	Electrostatic charge
Up	u	$+\frac{2}{3}e$
Down	d	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Strange	s	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Charmed	c	$+\frac{2}{3}e$
Bottom	b	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Top	t	$+\frac{2}{3}e$

Table of baryons

Particle	Composition
p^+	u u d
n	u d d
Σ^+	u u s
Σ^0	u d s
Σ^-	d d s
Ω^-	s s s

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Question 2 continued

- (a) Use the information in the above tables to explain why the electrostatic charge on the Σ^0 particle is neutral. (2 marks)
- (b) It is possible for another baryonic particle to exist in nature with a positive electrostatic charge equal to that of the proton. What would its quark composition be, given that this particle contains two up quarks and is **not** a proton? (1 mark)

Question 3 2014:1:3

(2 marks)

An exotic hadron, initially seen over 40 years ago, has recently been confirmed at the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN). The $Z(4430)$ particle consists of four quarks: a charm, an anti-charm, a down, and an anti-up.

Use the following table to show the calculation required to determine the charge of the $Z(4430)$ particle.

Table of quarks		
Name	Symbol	Electrostatic charge
Up	u	$+\frac{2}{3}e$
Down	d	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Strange	s	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Charm	c	$+\frac{2}{3}e$
Bottom	b	$-\frac{1}{3}e$
Top	t	$+\frac{2}{3}e$