



Western Australian Certificate of Education Examination, 2014

Question/Answer Booklet

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Stage 2

CATION DIES	F	Please place your student identification label in this box
Student Number:	In figures	
	In words	

Time allowed for this paper

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Working time for paper: two and a half hours

Materials required/recommended for this paper

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Multiple-choice Answer Sheet

Number of additional	
answer booklets used	
(if applicable):	

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener,

correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: non-programmable calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations

Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Structure of the examination

The WACE Physical Education Studies examination consists of a written component worth 70 per cent of the total examination score and a practical (performance) component worth 30 per cent of the total examination score.

Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Suggested working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of total exam
Section One: Multiple-choice	20	20	30	20	14
Section Two: Short answer	10	10	80	58	42
Section Three: Extended answer	4	2	40	20	14
				Total	70

Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of WACE external examinations are detailed in the booklet WACE Examinations Handbook 2014. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Answer the questions according to the following instructions.

Section One: Answer **all** questions on the separate Multiple-choice Answer Sheet provided. For each question, shade the box to indicate your answer. Use only a blue or black pen to shade the boxes. If you make a mistake, place a cross through that square, then shade your new answer. Do not erase or use correction fluid/tape. Marks will not be deducted for incorrect answers. No marks will be given if more than one answer is completed for any question.

Sections Two and Three: Write your answers in this Question/Answer Booklet.

- 3. You must be careful to confine your responses to the specific questions asked and to follow any instructions that are specific to a particular question.
- 4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
 Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

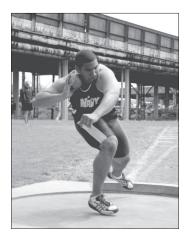
Section One: Multiple-choice 14% (20 Marks)

This section has **20** questions. Answer **all** questions on the separate Multiple-choice Answer Sheet provided. For each question, shade the box to indicate your answer. Use only a blue or black pen to shade the boxes. If you make a mistake, place a cross through that square, then shade your new answer. Do not erase or use correction fluid/tape. Marks will not be deducted for incorrect answers. No marks will be given if more than one answer is completed for any question.

Suggested working time: 30 minutes.

- 1. The total displacement divided by total time is the definition of
 - (a) instantaneous velocity.
 - (b) mean velocity.
 - (c) average acceleration.
 - (d) instantaneous acceleration.
- 2. Which one of the following is the **best** example of deceleration (negative acceleration)?
 - (a) a diver coming off the top platform
 - (b) a swimmer gliding in to touch the wall
 - (c) a cricket ball being bowled at the point of release
 - (d) the final instantaneous speed minus the starting instantaneous speed of a sprinter
- 3. If its acceleration has doubled, what does this mean for an object's velocity?
 - (a) velocity has increased
 - (b) velocity has halved
 - (c) velocity has quadrupled
 - (d) velocity will be zero
- 4. According to the coordination of linear motion, which statement is the **most** correct?
 - (a) All activities fall into one or two categories.
 - (b) Most activities fall into the sequential motion.
 - (c) Most activities fall into the simultaneous motion.
 - (d) Most activities fall into the simultaneous motion or sequential motion.

5. Which of the following components of fitness is **least** important to the shot putter pictured below when executing the skill?



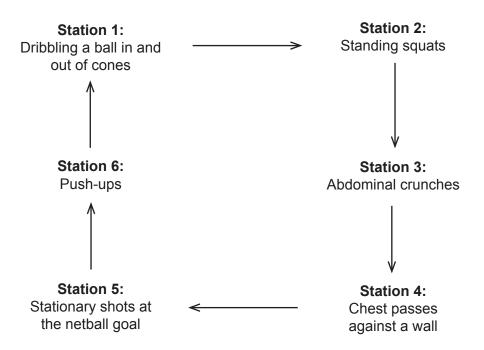
- (a) muscular strength
- (b) balance
- (c) reaction time
- (d) power
- 6. Which of the following is an adaptation in the respiratory system that occurs as a consequence of regular participation in physical activity?
 - (a) a decrease in resting heart rate
 - (b) an increase in aerobic capacity
 - (c) a decrease in cardiac output
 - (d) an increase in respiratory rate
- 7. To facilitate the long-term development of muscular endurance, which is the **most** relevant training type and training principle?
 - (a) continuous and duration
 - (b) cardiorespiratory endurance and frequency
 - (c) flexibility and intensity
 - (d) fartlek and reversibility
- 8. Which of the following order of words completes the statement correctly?

 Blood flow to the digestive system is ______ at rest than when exercising and blood flow to the muscular system is _____ at rest than when exercising.
 - (a) greater, greater
 - (b) lower, lower
 - (c) lower, greater
 - (d) greater, lower

5

Questions 9 and 10 relate to the information below.

Katie is about to start pre-season training for her local netball team; her position in the team is goal shooter (GS). For a change, this year Katie has decided to plan a circuit for her pre-season training. Her six stations are shown below.



- 9. Identify one station that is the **least** appropriate for Katie to include in her circuit.
 - (a) Station 1
 - (b) Station 2
 - (c) Station 3
 - (d) Station 4
- 10. Which of the following exercises would be **most** beneficial for Katie to include in her circuit plan?
 - (a) 30 metre sprints
 - (b) 10 metre sprints
 - (c) dips
 - (d) sit-ups

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Question 11 refers to the image below.

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- 11. The player in the white socks sees her opponent attempting to block the ball. The image shows her next move to avoid this defensive tackle. In terms of the information processing model, she is demonstrating the
 - (a) motor feedback phase.
 - (b) stimulus recognition phase.
 - (c) stimulus decision phase.
 - (d) motor output phase.
- 12. An athlete in the 'zone' is one who is in their ideal performance state when competing. Which of the following will **most** assist an athlete to get into the 'zone'?
 - (a) cheering from the crowd
 - (b) receiving extra prize money for winning
 - (c) managing their level of stress
 - (d) verbal feedback from their coach

Questions 13 and 14 refer to the image below.

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- 13. In teaching this young player the correct grip of the hockey stick, which cues is the coach giving?
 - (a) visual and proprioceptive cues
 - (b) proprioceptive and verbal cues
 - (c) visual and verbal cues
 - (d) proprioceptive cues
- 14. The boy practises his new grip by rolling and tapping the ball with the hockey stick. The grip is classified as a
 - (a) continuous motor skill.
 - (b) gross motor skill.
 - (c) fine motor skill.
 - (d) serial motor skill.
- 15. Which of these statements is the **least** likely description of a player at the autonomous phase of motor learning? The player
 - (a) has all the time in the world to execute skills and is unflustered.
 - (b) is able to read the play, identify key cues and anticipate future events.
 - (c) acts automatically without thinking, with fast reaction time.
 - (d) requires a variety of augmented feedback from the coach in order to detect and correct errors.
- 16. Which of the following training activities illustrates the muscle characteristic of elasticity?
 - (a) completing a series of hamstring stretch exercises at the beginning and end of training
 - (b) flexing and extending the knee joint as many times as possible with a light ankle weight
 - (c) jumping from a box and rebounding as high as one can
 - (d) completing a leg press against the heaviest weight possible

For copyright reasons this image cannot be reproduced in the online version of this document, but may be viewed at www.foodielovesfitness.com/2012/02/08/chocolate-chip-oatmeal-raisin-cookie-for-1/lunges-with-curls/

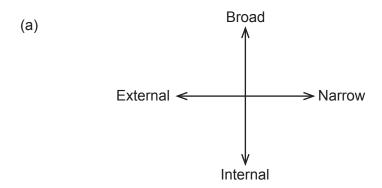
Lunge with biceps curl

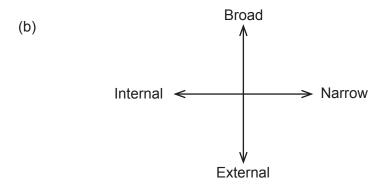
17.	Which of the following	ng order of words	completes the	statement corre	ectly?

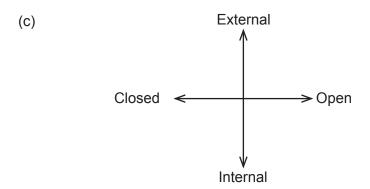
For the biceps curl	exercise shown, the	e biceps musc	le is the	and the triceps
muscles is the	To return the	elbow joint to	the fully extended	position, the
muscle i	s the antagonist an	d the	muscle is the ag	gonist.

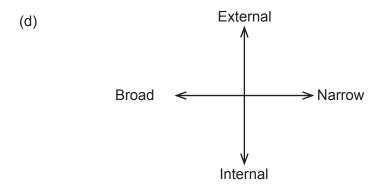
- (a) agonist; antagonist; biceps; triceps
- (b) co-contractor, extensor; biceps; triceps
- (c) agonist, co-contractor; triceps; biceps
- (d) antagonist; agonist; biceps; triceps
- 18. Which of the following statements about the mechanics of breathing is correct?
 - (a) Inhalation is caused by the stimulation of alveoli muscle, resulting in a vacuum in the lungs for air inflow.
 - (b) Inhalation is caused by the contraction of the diaphragm muscle, which increases the chest volume and in turn creates a negative pressure for air inflow.
 - (c) Inhalation is a passive process involving the stimulation of alveoli and the relaxation and flattening of the diaphragm muscle.
 - (d) Inhalation is a passive process involving the relaxation of the lung and alveoli tissues to open the airways for air inflow.
- 19. Which of the following muscle characteristics is an elite athlete, whose sport requires power and strength, likely to have?
 - (a) proportionately more slow twitch than fast twitch muscle fibres
 - (b) more excitability and contractibility than extendibility
 - (c) proportionately more fast twitch than slow twitch muscle fibres
 - (d) more contractibility and extendibility than excitability

20. Which diagram below correctly represents Nideffer's model?









End of Section One

See next page

Section Two: Short answer 42% (58 Marks)

This section has **10** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided. Wherever possible, confine your answers to the lines provided. Use a blue or black pen (**not** pencil) for this section.

Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.

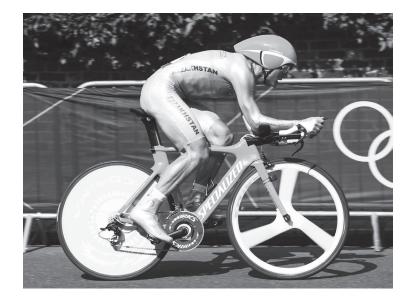
- Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
- Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

Suggested working time: 80 minutes.

Question 21 (7 marks)

(a) Describe the **three** forms of motion shown in this image.

(3 marks)



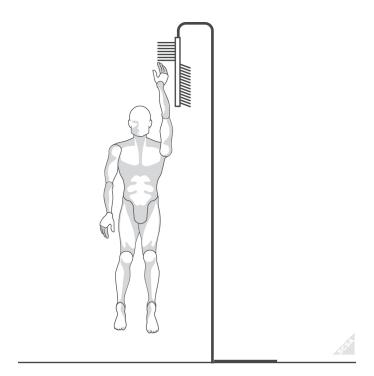
For copyright reasons this image cannot be reproduced in the online version of this document, but may be viewed at http://1.bp.blogspot.com/-0mCcaMK_d6Y/UAYqe3qIV0I/AAAAAAAAAQQ/n_P7wkZrwVw/s1600/spin.jpg

11

Ice skater spinning

	Name the type of balance involved in the above situation and describe three w athlete could improve her stability.			
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Question 22 (3 marks)



Describe how Newton's Laws are applied in this vertical jump test situation.			

Question 23	(6 Marks)

(a)	What principle of training is illustrated in the performance of an athlete who spends			
	extended time away from training and competition due to injury?	(1 mark)		
(b)	Define the principle of progressive overload and explain one way by which this is achieved.	principle (2 marks)		

Question 23 (continued)

(c) Power is a fitness component athletes utilise to varying extents. Discuss the use of leg power for each athlete shown below. (3 marks)







Badminton smash

Backstroke start

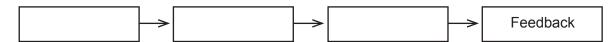
Marathon runner

Question 24	(6 Marks)
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ory system
(2 marks)
(2 marks)
oiratory e program
(1 mark)
ogram for (1 mark)

Question 25	(6 marks)
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(a)	Insert the missing labels that identify the phases of the information processing mod	el.
	(3	marks)



(b)	Using your understanding of the information processing model, explain why few	teams
	playing on outdoor ovals choose green as the colour for their uniforms.	(1 mark)

(c)	A junior player in the early phases of learning a sport is eas information during the game. When this happens, identify to	•
	this junior player.	(2 marks)

Question 26 (6 marks)

The following images show two females of different abilities throwing the javelin.





Image 1 Image 2

(a) Identify the Fitts and Posner phase of motor learning in shown Image 1. (1 mark)

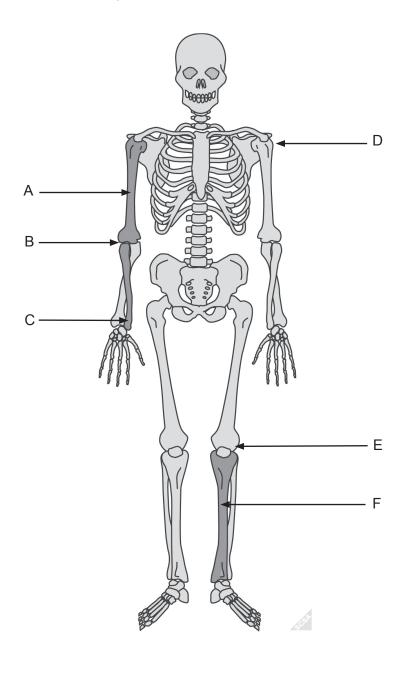
(b) Describe **two** features that distinguish this stage of learning from the stage represented in Image 2. (2 marks)

Question 26 (continued)

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Question 27 (6 marks)

Using the diagram below, identify the bones and the muscles that cause movement at that joint.



Α	Bone:
В	Muscle for elbow flexion:
_	
С	Bone:
D	Muscle for joint abduction:
	·
E	Muscle for knee extension:
F	Rone:

Question 28	(6 marks)

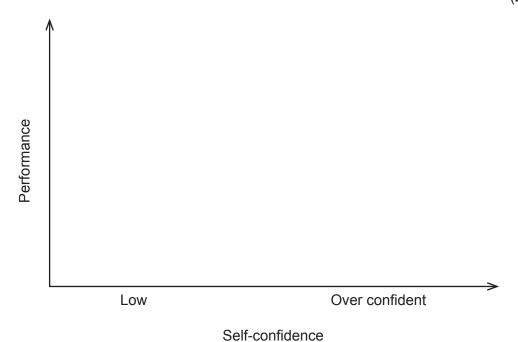
(a)	Define the function of the circulatory system.	(1 mark)	

(b) Consider the main structures of the circulatory system and their function. Complete the table below. (5 marks)

Ot	Francis I C W
Structure	Function definition
1	A muscular organ that pumps blood through vessels to body tissues.
2. Arteries	
3. Veins	
4	Very small diameter vessels that diffuse oxygen to surrounding tissues.
5. Blood	

Question 29 (6 marks)

(a) Illustrate the relationship between self-confidence and performance on the graph below.



(b) Classify the following, using the main type of attentional focus according to Nideffer's model. (4 marks)

	Attentional focus
A cricket batter scanning the field of play.	
A tennis player focusing on elbow extension.	
A basketball player jumping to gain a rebound of a failed shot.	
A hockey goalkeeper feeling nervous before a penalty shot.	

Question 30	(6 marks)
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performa	tal skill strate	egies used t	o control ar	ousal levels r	elated to I	mproving (3 marks

(b) Goals are influenced by changing motivation. For the following goals related to sport, identify the key factors influencing motivation. (3 marks)

Personal goals	Factors
Now in my forties, I want to gain muscle bulk and look fitter.	
I want to win my local A grade tennis tournament this January.	
I want to complete the Busselton Ironman event instead of the marathon.	

End of Section Two

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Section Three: Extended answer 14% (20 Marks)

This section contains **four (4)** questions. You must answer **two (2)** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.

- Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
- Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the guestion that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.

Suggested working time: 40 minutes.

Question 31	(10 marks)
4	(1011101110)

- (a) Consider two elite athletes, a track sprint cyclist and a road cyclist. In relation to their pedalling action, examine the following characteristics of skeletal muscle for each athlete.
 - fibre type
 - excitability
 - contractibility

•	extendibility elasticity			(6 marks)

Regardless of whether a person is an elite cyclist or someone who enjoys going for a morning ride on the weekends, adequate nutrition is important for athletic performance. Consuming the right sources of nutrition will enhance a person's energy levels and limit the onset of fatigue.

For a person undertaking a regular, cont energy sources are used by the body to consequence of not following correct nur	improve their cycling performance an	three d one (4 marks

Question 32 (10 marks)

(a) Sports skills can be classified according to the size of the muscles involved, the signals/cues in the environment for control and the nature of actions in the performance. Refer to the images below and use these classification categories to compare the characteristics of (i), the tennis serve; and (ii), the racing dive off the blocks. (6 marks)





(i) Tennis serve

(ii) Racing dive off blocks

the mov	v through. The shuttle will angle sharply downward to just clear the net. Analyse vement types observed at both the elbow and the forearm in performing this strok eparation to follow through. (4 marks
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Question 33 (10 marks)

A golfer uses their knowledge of projectile motion to vary the distance they hit the ball.

1)	Using the three components of projectile motion, provide two examples for each component that (while keeping all other factors constant) will influence the distance a goall will travel. (6 mar					

example specific to golf that differentiates each type.	(4 ma

Question 34 (10 marks)

(a)	Footb halve:	amian is a State grade touch football player, competing for the Southern Stars Touch botball team. At the State grade level, a game of touch football consists of two 20 minute alves. There are six players per team on the field at one time. Also, regular substitutions fter approximately two minutes on the field are a critical part of the game at this level.				
	(i)	Consider one relevant characteristic of each of the energy systems Damian will utilise during a State grade game of touch football.				
	(ii)	Use the energy system continuum to explain how the body's energy systems are utilised during the game. (6 marks)				

(b)

Like all high level sportspeople, Damian is aware that he will not be able to keep playing touch football at a State grade level indefinitely. There will come a point in his playing career when he will have to reassess his personal goals.
Discuss two factors that will influence Damian's future goals. For each factor, recommend one way in which Damian can address its effect so he can continue to be involved in touch football at a State grade level. (4 marks

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Question number:	

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Section One

Question 5 Romano, M.L. (2005, April 29). Darryl Hunter side steps into position

[Image]. Retrieved January 19, 2014, from

http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:US_Navy_050429-N-7975R-001_Midshipman_4th_Class_Darryl_Hunter_side_steps_into_position_for_his_first_attempt_in_the_shot_put_event_at_the_Penn_Relays.jpj

Question 11 Hirschfeld, J. (n.d.). Junior field hockey [Image]. In L. Tolliver. (2006,

October 31). Maury is white hot with junior field hockey force. Jason Hirschfeld/Special to the Virginian-Pilot. Retrieved January 13, 2014,

from http://hamptonroads.com/node/175071

Questions 13–14 Field hockey skills day [Image]. (n.d.). Retrieved January, 2014, from

http://wallersdownunder.blogspot.com.au/2011_02_01_archive.html

Question 17 Adapted from: Lee, J. (n.d.). Lunge with biceps curl [Image]. Retrieved

from www.foodielovesfitness.com/2012/02/08/chocolate-chip-oatmeal-

raisin-cookie-for-1/lunges-with-curls/

Section Two

Question 21(a) Diliff, [Iliff, D.]. (2012, August 1). Alexander Vinokourov 2, London

2012 Time Trial – Aug 2012 [Image]. Retrieved April 3, 2014, from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Alexander_Vinokourov_2,_London_20

12 Time Trial - Aug 2012.jpg

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Unported license.

Question 21(b) Duomo TIPS RF. (n.d.). Blurred action of female figure skater

performing a spin [Image]. (AGE Fotostock WR0108809). Retrieved January 13, 2014, from http://1.bp.blogspot.com/-0mCcaMK_d6Y/UAYge3qIV0I/AAAAAAAAAAQQ/n P7wkZrwVw/s1600/spin.jpg

Question 23(c) Stanley, A. (2012, August 5). Lee Chong Wei prepares to smash

[Image]. Retrieved January 3, 2014, from

http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Lee_Chong_Wei_Prepares_To

Smash.jpg

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The Wolf. [Jelijs, M.]. (2008, March 22). *Backstroke start* [Image]. (Fotopedia 2353906607). Retrieved January 16, 2014, from http://images.cdn.fotopedia.com/flickr-2353906607-original.jpg

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license.

Pecher, E. [Arcimboldo]. (2007, September 2). *Osaka07 D9M WMarathon Ndereba running* [Image]. Retrieved January 3, 2014, from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Osaka07 D9M WMarathon Ndereba

running.jpg

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Question 26

Image 1 Adapted from: Miss Hamada. (2013, April 15). *Throwing javelin*

[Image]. Retrieved January, 2014, from

http://blogs.unishanoi.org/18sjeong1/files/2013/04/2-21ld34b.png

Image 2 Forster, S. Track and field preparation [Image]. (Getty Image

149219506). (n.d.). Photograph: Stu Forster/Getty Images. In I'll be fine, vows injured Goldie Sayers (2012, July 25). *London Evening*

Standard. Retrieved January, 2014, from

www.standard.co.uk/olympics/athletics/ill-be-fine-vows-injured-goldie-

sayers-7979128.html

Question 26(c) Miss Hamada. (2013, April 15). Throwing javelin [Image]. Retrieved

January, 2014, from

http://blogs.unishanoi.org/18sjeong1/files/2013/04/2-21ld34b.png

Section Three

Question 32(a) Stockman, M. (n.d.). Samantha Stosur's serve [Image]. Matthew

Stockman/Getty Images. Retrieved January 8, 2014, from

http://tennis.about.com/od/playersfemale/ss/samantha_stosur_serve_5.htm

Jupiterimages. (n.d.). Women swimmers competing in race [Image].

(ThinkStock 87788991). Retrieved January 8, 2014, from

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Question 32(b) Adapted from: Lange, A. (n.d.). The overhead forehand strokes

[Images]. Retrieved January 15, 2014, from

http://badminton.chorwong.com/badmintontechniques.html

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