YEAR 12 IARTY TEST — OCTOBER 1998 MATHEMATICAL METHODS CAT 3 ANSWERS & SOLUTIONS

1) 2) 3) 3) 3) 5) 6)	$C(p) = \frac{1}{3}$, $Far(p) = \frac{1}{135}$ $0.423 \le \bar{p} \le 0.910$ The proportion of wins is 0.444 which is within the confidence interval: so the result is not significant at this level. $Pr(4wins) = {}^{9}C_{4}0.6^{4}0.4^{3} = 0.1672$ $Pr(0.1.2wins) = 0.4^{9} + {}^{9}C_{1}0.6^{1}0.4^{3} + {}^{9}C_{2}0.6^{2}0.4^{3}$	6)
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	$\hat{p} = proportion of wins$	
	E(wins) = 9	2)
		;
4.	$pr(win) = \frac{16}{}$	=
$\int x \sin x dx = \sin x - x \cos x + c$		N
$\frac{dx}{dx} (x \cos x) = \cos x - x \sin x$		
d (real)		
$\int_{0.5}^{10} 10^{1} x(x - \frac{1}{6}) dx = \frac{1}{960} = 0.2594$		
$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$		
77 Janua (a 6)		
$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}$		
* 3g		_
(8) $B(\sqrt{2}, \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}), D(\sqrt{6}, 0)$		
_ 2-/ 5		_
7) $h(x) = f(2x) = 2x - \frac{4x^2}{3}$	5) x = 2.8	
6) Difference=0.013	$\frac{x-x}{x}=\frac{x}{x}$	
	$f^{-1}(x) = x ^{-5}$	
origin and have the same	4) $f:(-\infty,3) \to R$ where	_
5) Both curves pass through the		
4) d=1/6	3) - 6	
a) c=0		_
	2) $(\log_{\epsilon}, \frac{3}{2}, 0), (0, -2)$	
i) a=0	,	

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