

# Semester One Examination, 2018

## **Question/Answer booklet**

# MATHEMATICS METHODS UNIT 1

**Section Two:** 

Calculator-assumed

If required by your examination administrator, please
place your student identification label in this box

Student number:	In figures	
	In words	
	Your name	

## Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes

Working time: one hundred minutes

# Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer booklet Formula sheet (retained from Section One)

#### To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener,

correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper,

and up to three calculators approved for use in this examination

## Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised material. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

# Structure of this paper

Section	Number of questions available	Number of questions to be answered	Working time (minutes)	Marks available	Percentage of examination
Section One: Calculator-free	8	8	50	52	35
Section Two: Calculator-assumed	13	13	100	98	65
				Total	100

## Instructions to candidates

- The rules for the conduct of examinations are detailed in the school handbook. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Supplementary pages for the use of planning/continuing your answer to a question have been provided at the end of this Question/Answer booklet. If you use these pages to continue an answer, indicate at the original answer where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number.
- 5. Show all your working clearly. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you do not use pencil, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula sheet is not to be handed in with your Question/Answer booklet.

Markers use only			
Question	Maximum	Mark	
9	4		
10	7		
11	6		
12	7		
13	6		
14	10		
15	9		
16	6		
17	9		
18	6		
19	12		
20	7		
21	9		
S2 Total	98		
S2 Wt (×0.6633)	65%		

#### **Section Two: Calculator-assumed**

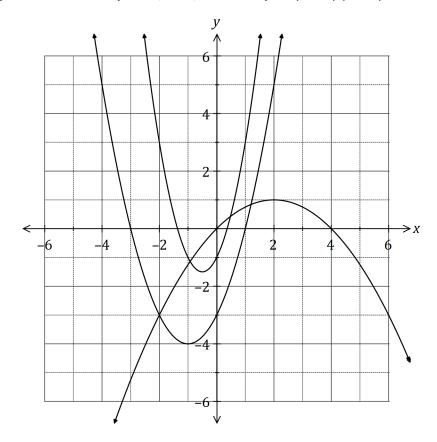
65% (98 Marks)

This section has **thirteen (13)** questions. Answer **all** questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time: 100 minutes.

Question 9 (4 marks)

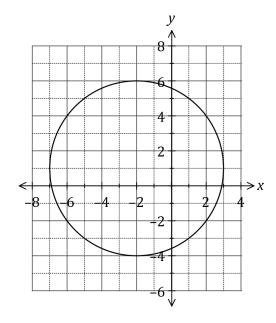
The graphs of  $y = 2x^2 + 2x + c$ ,  $y = a(x-2)^2 + 1$  and y = (x+b)(x+3) are shown below.



Determine the values of the constants a, b and c.

Question 10 (7 marks)

(a) The graph of a relationship is circular, as shown below.



Determine the equation of this circle in the form  $x^2 + y^2 = a + bx + cy$ , where a, b and c are constants. (4 marks)

(b) The line x + y + 1 = 0 intersects the circle at the points A and B. Show that the line passes through the centre of the circle, and hence determine the distance AB. (3 marks)

uestion 11	(6 marks)
iestion 11	

A thin pole stands vertically in the middle of a level playing ground. From point A on the ground, the angle of elevation to the top of the pole, T, is 18°.

From point B, also on the ground but 5.35 metres further from the foot of the pole than A, the angle of elevation to the top of the pole is  $15^{\circ}$ .

(a) Draw a sketch to represent this information.

(1 mark)

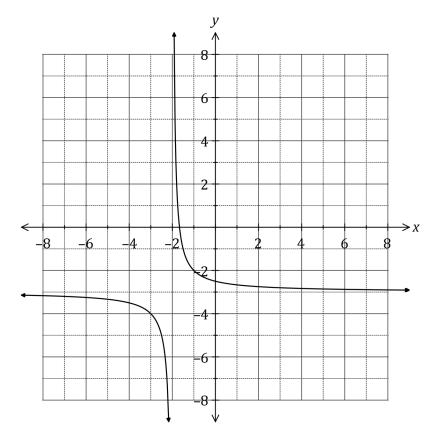
(b) Showing use of trigonometry, determine the height of the pole.

(5 marks)

Question 12 (7 marks)

Let  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3-x}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x+p} + q$ , where p and q are constants.

The graph of y = g(x) is shown below.



- (a) Sketch the graph of y = f(x) on the axes above. (3 marks)
- (b) Determine the values of p and q. (2 marks)
- (c) Solve the equation f(x) = g(x), giving your solution(s) to one decimal place. (2 marks)

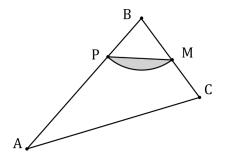
Question 13 (6 marks)

(a) Determine the equation of the axis of symmetry for the graph of  $y = 3x^2 + 12x + 40$ . (2 marks

(b) The graph of  $y = ax^2 + bx + 13$  passes through the points (-3, -23) and (4, 5). Determine the values of the constants a and b. (4 marks)

Question 14 (10 marks)

A logo with triangular outline ABC contains a shaded segment bounded by the straight line PM and the circular arc PM with centre B and radius BM = 18 cm, as shown below.



Given that  $\angle ABC = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ ,  $\angle BCA = 2\angle BAC$  and M is the midpoint of BC, determine

(a) the size of  $\angle ABC$  in degrees.

(1 mark)

(b) the area of the shaded segment.

(2 marks)

(c) the perimeter of the shaded segment.

(3 marks)

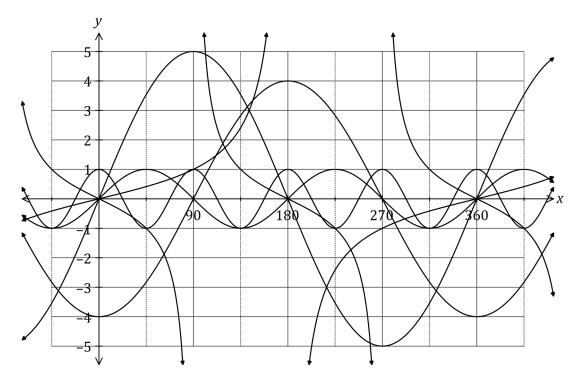
(d) the area of triangle ABC.

(4 marks)

Question 15 (9 marks)

(a) The graphs of the following, where a, b, c, d, e and f are constants, are shown below.

$$y = \sin(ax)$$
  $y = b\cos(x)$   $y = \tan(cx)$   $y = d\sin(x)$   $y = \cos(ex)$   $y = f\tan(x)$ 



State the values of a, b, c, d, e and f.

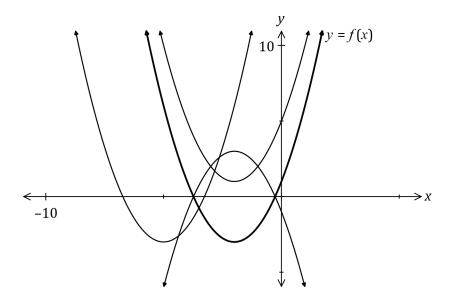
(6 marks)

Constant	Value
а	
b	
С	
d	
e	
f	

(b) Calculate the acute angle in degrees between the lines y = x + 5 and y = 3x - 1, rounding your answer to one decimal place. (3 marks)

Question 16 (6 marks)

(a) The graph of y = f(x) is shown in bold below. The graphs of y = -f(x), y = f(x + p) and y = f(x) + q are also shown, where p and q are constants.



Clearly label the remaining graphs with y = -f(x), y = f(x + p) or y = f(x) + q. (3 marks)

(b) The one-to-one relation y = 7 - 3x has domain and range given by  $\{x: x = -2, 3, a\}$  and  $\{y: y = -8, -2, b\}$  respectively. Determine the values of constants a and b. (3 marks)

Question 17 (9 marks)

The wind speed at a weather station, v metres per second, t hours after recording began, can be modelled by the function

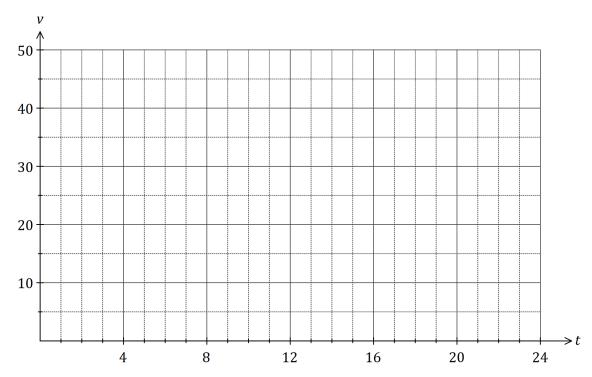
$$v = 20 - 5.8t + 0.75t^2 - 0.02t^3, 0 \le t \le 24$$

(a) Calculate the wind speed when t = 11.

(1 mark)

(b) Sketch the graph of wind speed against time on the axes below.

(4 marks)



(c) During the 24-hour period, determine

(i) the time at which the wind speed was greatest.

(1 mark)

(ii) the minimum wind speed.

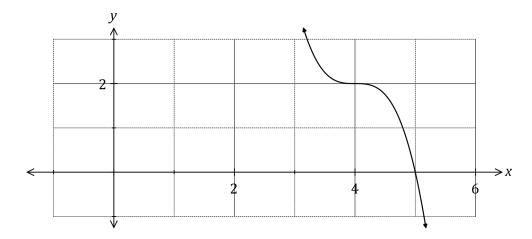
(1 mark)

(iii) the length of time, in hours and minutes, that the wind speed was increasing.

(2 marks)

Question 18 (6 marks)

(a) Part of the graph of y = f(x) is shown below, where  $f(x) = -2(x - b)^3 + c$ , and b and c are constants.



(i) State the degree of f(x).

(1 mark)

(ii) Determine the value of b.

(1 mark)

(iii) Determine f(0).

(2 marks)

(b) Another function is given by g(x) = f(x + 8).

Describe how to obtain the graph of y = g(x) from the graph of y = f(x).

(2 marks)

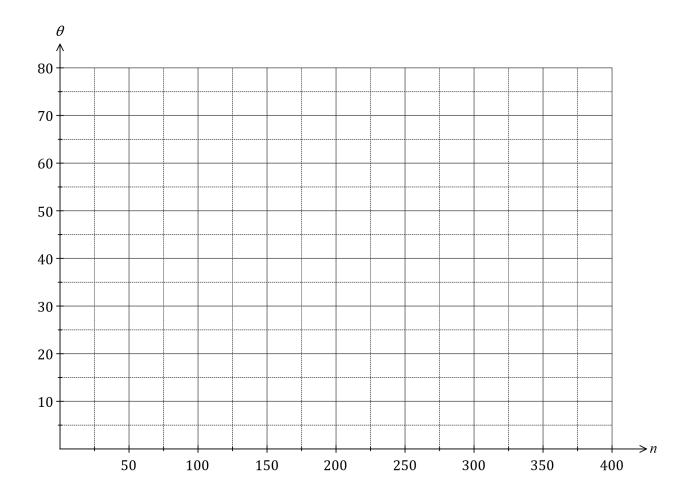
Question 19 (12 marks)

During 2018, the altitude of the sun,  $\theta$  degrees, at noon in Melbourne on the  $n^{th}$  day of the year can be modelled by the equation

$$\theta = 23.5 \sin\left(\frac{8\pi(101+n)}{1461}\right) + 52.2$$

(a) On the 26th of January, the altitude was 71.4°. Calculate the altitude ten days earlier. (2 marks)

(b) Graph the altitude on the axes below for  $0 \le n \le 365$ . (4 marks)

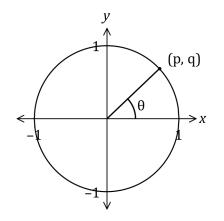


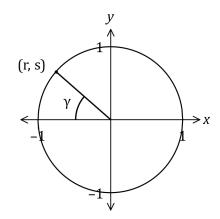
(c)	State the minimum altitude of the sun at noon in Melbourne and on which day of	the year
	this occurred.	(2 marks)

- (d) Solar panels on the roof of a Melbourne business are designed to meet its entire power needs on cloudless days when the altitude of the sun is at least 36° at noon.
  - (i) Draw a straight line on your graph to represent this requirement. (1 mark)
  - (ii) Determine the number of days the panels are expected to achieve this aim during 2018, ignoring the possibility of cloud cover. (3 marks)

Question 20 (7 marks)

Consider the points with coordinates (p,q) and (r,s) that lie in the first and second quadrants respectively of the unit circles shown below, where  $\theta$  and  $\gamma$  are acute angles.





Determine the following in terms of p, q, r and s, simplifying your answers where possible.

(a)  $\tan \theta$ . (1 mark)

(b)  $\sin(180^\circ - \theta)$ . (1 mark)

(c)  $\cos \gamma$ . (1 mark)

(d)  $\sin(\pi + \gamma)$ . (1 mark)

(e)  $\cos(\gamma - \theta)$ . (3 marks)

Question 21 (9 marks)

- (a) Use your calculator to
  - (i) determine the exact value of cos 36°.

(1 mark)

(ii) determine the exact value of sin 105°.

(1 mark)

(iii) solve  $\cos(x + 60^{\circ}) = \sin x$  for  $-270^{\circ} \le x \le 270^{\circ}$ .

(2 marks)

(b) Using suitable exact values of acute angles and an angle sum and difference identity, justify your above value of  $\sin 105^\circ$ . (5 marks)

Supplementary page

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_

Supplementary page

Question number: \_\_\_\_\_