AI1110 Assignment 1

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April 10, 2022

Question 4a

Solve the following inequation, write down the solution set and represent it on the real number line:

$$-2 + 10x \le 13x + 10 < 24 + 10x, x \in Z$$

Solution

$$-2 + 10x \le 13x + 10 < 24 + 10x, x \in Z \tag{1}$$

Let us solve the above expression geometrically.

now consider each equation in this expression as a line,i.e., L_1 L_2 ans L_3

$$L_1 \equiv 10x - y - 2 \tag{2}$$

$$L_2 \equiv 13x - y + 10 \tag{3}$$

$$L_3 \equiv 10x - y + 24 \tag{4}$$

Clearly slopes of L_1 and L_3 are same i.e., slope = 10and $L_1 \leq L_2 < L_3$, so the integral values of x on x-axis satisfying this inequality are the required solution set. In vector form,

$$L_1 \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 2 \tag{5}$$

$$L_2 \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 13 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -10 \tag{6}$$

$$L_3 \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -24 \tag{7}$$

So we need to find the range of x at where the line L_2 lies between between line L_1 and the line L_3

We can obtain the intersection point of L_1 and L_2 by the following way,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 \\ 13 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

The augmented matrix for the above matrix equa- Now let us draw the corresponding lines

tion is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 & 2 \\ 13 & -1 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
10 & -1 & | & 2 \\
13 & -1 & | & -10
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (9)$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 \leftarrow 10R_2 - 13R_1}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix}
10 & -1 & | & 2 \\
0 & 3 & | & -126
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (10)$$

$$\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow 3R_1 + R_2}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix}
30 & 0 & | & -120 \\
0 & 3 & | & -126
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (11)$$

$$\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow R_1/30}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & | & -4 \\
0 & 3 & | & -126
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (12)$$

$$\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow 3R_1 + R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 30 & 0 & | & -120 \\ 0 & 3 & | & -126 \end{pmatrix} \tag{11}$$

$$\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow R_1/30}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & -4 \\ 0 & 3 & | & -126 \end{pmatrix} \tag{12}$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 \leftarrow R_2/3}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & -42 \end{pmatrix} \tag{13}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -42 \end{pmatrix} \qquad (14)$$

Hence the point of intersection of lines L_1 and L_2

Similarly we get the x value at intersection point of lines L_2 and L_3

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 \\ 13 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -24 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

The augmented matrix for the above matrix equa-

$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & -1 & | & -24 \\ 13 & -1 & | & -10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
10 & -1 & | & -24 \\
13 & -1 & | & -10
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (16)$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 \leftarrow 10R_2 - 13R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix}
10 & -1 & | & -24 \\
0 & 3 & | & 212
\end{pmatrix} \qquad (17)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow 3R_1 + R_2}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 30 & 0 & 140 \\ 0 & 3 & 212 \end{pmatrix} & (18) \\
\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow R_1/30}{\longrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4.67 \\ 0 & 3 & 212 \end{pmatrix} & (19)
\end{array}$$

$$\stackrel{R_1 \leftarrow R_1/30}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 4.67 \\ 0 & 3 & | & 212 \end{pmatrix} \tag{19}$$

$$\stackrel{R_2 \leftarrow R_2/3}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 4.67 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 70.67 \end{pmatrix} \tag{20}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 4.67 \\ 70.67 \end{pmatrix} \tag{21}$$

Hence the point of intersection of lines L_2 and L_3

Since $L_1 \leq L_2 < L_3$, this implies the corresponding x-coordinates follows, $-4 \le x < 4.67$

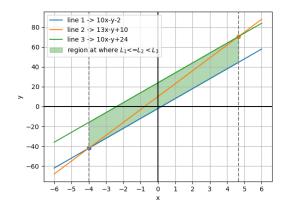


Figure 1: lines L_1 , L_2 and L_3

If we observe this graph, it is clear that the lines L_1 and L_2 are intersecting at x=-4 and the lines L_2 and L_3 are intersecting at some point where x>4

Hence the required range of x is [-4, 4.67)

Therefore the integers in this range are,

$$\{-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

Here is the plot of corresponding points on the real number line

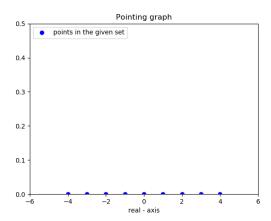


Figure 2: set of points that obey given expression on real number line