

Assignment 9

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Outline

1 Question:

2 Solution:

Question

x, y are independent uniformly distributed random variables in $(0, 1)$. Let

$$w = \max(x, y) \quad (1.0.1)$$

$$z = \min(x, y) \quad (1.0.2)$$

Find the p.d.f of

(a) $r = w - z$

(b) $s = w + z$

Solution(a)

$$R = W - Z \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$= \max(X, Y) - \min(X, Y) \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= \begin{cases} X - Y & , X \geq Y \\ Y - X & , X < Y \end{cases} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$\text{Hence, } F_R(r) = \Pr(R \leq r) \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= \Pr(X - Y \leq r, X \geq Y) + \Pr(Y - X \leq r, X < Y) \quad (2.0.5)$$

Solution(a)

The corresponding regions are shaded as below, where we are given that x, y are in $(0,1)$

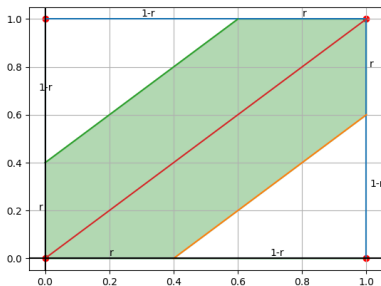


Figure: The possible region

Solution(a)

From the plot, The area is given by,

$$F_R(r) = 1 - 2\frac{(1-r)^2}{2}, 0 \leq r \leq 1 \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= 1 - (1-r)^2 \quad (2.0.7)$$

Hence the p.d.f is written as follows,

$$p_R(r) = \frac{d}{dr} F_R(r) \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$p_R(r) = \frac{d}{dr} (1 - (1-r)^2) \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$p_R(r) = \begin{cases} 2(1-r) & , 0 \leq r \leq 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.10)$$

Solution(b)

$$S = W + Z \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \max(X, Y) + \min(X, Y) \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$= \begin{cases} X + Y & , X \geq Y \\ Y + X & , X < Y \end{cases} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$S = X + Y, X, Y \in (0, 1) \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$\text{Hence, } F_S(s) = \Pr(S \leq s) \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= \Pr(X + Y \leq s), 0 < s < 2 \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$(2.0.17)$$

Solution(b)

For $0 < s < 1$, the range is given below,

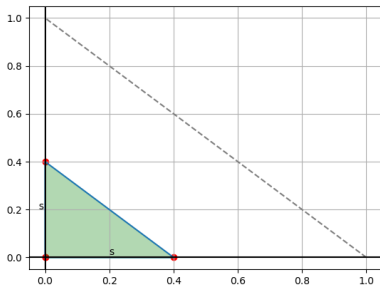


Figure: for $0 < s < 1$

$$F_S(s) = \frac{1}{2}s^2, 0 < s < 1 \quad (2.0.18)$$

Solution(b)

for $1 < s < 2$, the possible range is given as follows,

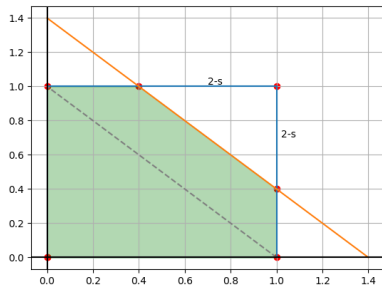


Figure: For $1 < s < 2$

$$\Rightarrow F_s(s) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}(2-s)^2, 1 < s < 2 \quad (2.0.19)$$

Solution(b)

$$F_S(s) = \begin{cases} \frac{s^2}{2} & , 0 < s < 1 \\ 1 - \frac{(2-s)^2}{2} & , 1 < s < 2 \end{cases} \quad (2.0.20)$$

Hence the p.d.f of S is given as follows,

$$p_S(s) = \frac{d}{ds} F_S(s) \quad (2.0.21)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{s^2}{2} \right) & , 0 < s < 1 \\ \frac{d}{ds} \left(1 - \frac{(2-s)^2}{2} \right) & , 1 < s < 2 \end{cases} \quad (2.0.22)$$

$$= \begin{cases} s & , 0 < s < 1 \\ 2 - s, & 1 < s < 2 \\ 0 & , otherwise \end{cases} \quad (2.0.23)$$

Solution

pdf of R,

$$p_R(r) = \begin{cases} 2(1-r) & , 0 \leq r \leq 1 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.24)$$

pdf of S,

$$p_S(s) = \begin{cases} s & , 0 < s < 1 \\ 2-s, & 1 < s < 2 \\ 0 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.25)$$