

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: hemachandiran A  
Email: 240701188@rajalakshmi.edu.in  
Roll no: 240701188  
Phone: 9655742740  
Branch: REC  
Department: I CSE AH  
Batch: 2028  
Degree: B.E - CSE

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 6\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

A shopkeeper is recording the daily sales of an item for N days, where the price of the item remains the same for all days. Write a program to calculate the total sales for each day and save them in a file named sales.txt that can store the data for a maximum of 30 days. Then, read the file and display the total earnings for each day.

Note: Total Earnings for each day = Number of Items sold in that day × Price of the item.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of days.

The second line of input consists of N space-separated integers representing the

number of items sold each day.

The third line of input consists of an integer M, representing the price of the item that is common for all N days.

### ***Output Format***

If the number of days entered exceeds 30 ( $N > 30$ ), the output prints "Exceeding limit!" and terminates.

Otherwise, the code reads the contents of the file and displays the total earnings for each day on separate lines.

Contents of the file: The total earnings for N days, with each day's earnings appearing on a separate line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 4  
5 10 5 0  
20  
Output: 100  
200  
100  
0

### ***Answer***

```
# You are using Python
N = int(input())
```

```
if N > 30:
    print("Exceeding limit!")
else:
    items_sold = list(map(int, input().split()))
    M = int(input())
```

```
# Calculate earnings and write to file
with open("sales.txt", "w") as file:
    for items in items_sold:
        file.write(str(items * M) + "\n")
```

```
# Read and display earnings from file
with open("sales.txt", "r") as file:
    print(file.read().strip())
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

Alice is developing a program called "Name Sorter" that helps users organize and sort names alphabetically.

The program takes names as input from the user, saves them in a file, and then displays the names in sorted order.

File Name: sorted\_names.txt.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of multiple lines, each containing a name represented as a string.

To end the input and proceed with sorting, the user can enter 'q'.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays the names in alphabetical order, each name on a new line.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: Alice Smith  
John Doe  
Emma Johnson  
q

Output: Alice Smith  
Emma Johnson  
John Doe

**Answer**

```
names = []

while True:
    name = input().strip()
    if name == "q":
        break
    names.append(name)

if len(names) < 3 or len(names) > 20:
    print("Invalid number of names!")
else:
    names.sort()

    with open("sorted_names.txt", "w") as file:
        file.write("\n".join(names) + "\n")

    with open("sorted_names.txt", "r") as file:
        print(file.read().strip())
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

**3. Problem Statement**

Write a program to read the Register Number and Mobile Number of a student. Create user-defined exception and handle the following:

If the Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters in the specified format(2 numbers followed by 3 characters followed by 4 numbers) or if the Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters, throw an `IllegalArgumentException`. If the Mobile Number contains any character other than a digit, raise a `NumberFormatException`. If the Register Number contains any character other than digits and alphabets, throw a `NoSuchElementException`. If they are valid, print the message 'valid' or else print an Invalid message.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the Register number.

The second line of the input consists of a string representing the Mobile number.

### ***Output Format***

The output should display any one of the following messages:

If both numbers are valid, print "Valid".

If an exception is raised, print "Invalid with exception message: ", followed by the specific exception message.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 19ABC1001

9949596920

Output: Valid

### ***Answer***

```
class IllegalArgumentException(Exception):  
    pass
```

```
class NumberFormatException(Exception):  
    pass
```

```
class NoSuchElementException(Exception):  
    pass
```

```
def validate_register_number(register_number):  
    if len(register_number) != 9:  
        raise IllegalArgumentException("Register Number should have exactly 9  
characters.")
```

```
    if not (register_number[:2].isdigit() and register_number[2:5].isalpha() and  
register_number[5:].isdigit()):  
        raise IllegalArgumentException("Register Number should have the format: 2
```

numbers, 3 characters, and 4 numbers.")

```
if not register_number.isalnum():  
    raise NoSuchElementException("Register Number should contain only digits  
and alphabets.")
```

```
def validate_mobile_number(mobile_number):  
    if len(mobile_number) != 10:  
        raise IllegalArgumentException("Mobile Number should have exactly 10  
characters.")
```

```
if not mobile_number.isdigit():  
    raise NumberFormatException("Mobile Number should only contain digits.")
```

```
try:  
    register_number = input().strip()  
    mobile_number = input().strip()  
  
    validate_register_number(register_number)  
    validate_mobile_number(mobile_number)
```

```
print("Valid")
```

```
except (IllegalArgumentException, NumberFormatException,  
NoSuchElementException) as e:  
    print(f"Invalid with exception message: {e}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks : 10/10**

#### 4. Problem Statement

In the enchanted realm of Academia, you, the Academic Alchemist, are bestowed with a magical quill and a parchment to weave the grades of aspiring students into a tapestry of academic brilliance.

The mission is to craft a Python program that empowers faculty members to enter student grades for any two subjects, stores these magical grades in a mystical file, and then, with a wave of your virtual wand, calculates the GPA to unveil the true essence of academic achievement.

### ***Input Format***

The input format is a string representing the student's name, any two subjects, and corresponding grades.

After entering grades, they can type 'done' when prompted for the student's name.

### ***Output Format***

The output should display the (average of grades) calculated GPA with a precision of two decimal places.

The magical grades will be saved in a mystical file named "magical\_grades.txt".

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: Alice

Math

95

English

88

done

Output: 91.50

### ***Answer***

```
# You are using Python
with open("magical_grades.txt", "w") as file:
```

```
    while True:
```

```
        student_name = input().strip()
```

```
        if student_name.lower() == "done":
```

```
            break
```

```
        subject1 = input().strip()
```

```
        grade1 = int(input().strip())
```

```
        subject2 = input().strip()
```

```
        grade2 = int(input().strip())
```

```
        if not (0 <= grade1 <= 100 and 0 <= grade2 <= 100):
```

```
print("Invalid grades! Grades must be between 0 and 100.")  
continue
```

```
gpa = (grade1 + grade2) / 2
```

```
file.write(f"{student_name}: {subject1}-{grade1}, {subject2}-{grade2}, GPA:  
{gpa:.2f}\n")
```

```
print(f"{gpa:.2f}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10