

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (MAR 21, 2022)

1. crawl (verb) – move, proceed, progress (very slowly).
2. goodwill (noun) – compassion; cooperation, collaboration, friendliness, mutual support.
3. aggression (noun) – hostility, belligerence, combativeness, warmongering, hawkishness.
4. unilaterally (adverb) – used to indicate something done by a person/country without approval/agreement from other people/countries involved in the situation.
5. unbridled (adjective) – unrestrained, unconstrained, uncontrolled.
6. veto (noun) – a right/power to reject a decision/proposal. (The five permanent members (China, France, the Russian Federation, the UK and the USA) of the United Nations Security Council (UNSC) have the right to veto or say no to any substantive resolution).
7. viz. (adverb) – namely, specifically, in other words.
8. residual (adjective) – remaining, leftover, lingering, surviving.
9. legatee (noun) – inheritor, receiver, beneficiary.
10. Soviet Republic (noun) – The Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (also known as the USSR or the Soviet Union) consisted of Russia and 14 surrounding countries. The USSR's territory stretched from the Baltic states in Eastern Europe to the Pacific Ocean, including the majority of northern Asia and portions of central Asia.
11. unravel (verb) – fall apart, come apart, collapse.
12. sheer (adjective) – complete, absolute, total, perfect.
13. carpet bombing (noun) - the activity of bombing an area intensively.
14. battering (noun) – striking, hitting, attacking (repeatedly with heavy blows); damaging, impairing.
15. valiant (adjective) - bold, fearless, brave, courageous.
16. bare (adjective) - straightforward, plain, simple, basic.
17. United Nations Security Council (UNSC) (noun) – it is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations, charged with ensuring international peace and security.
18. charter (noun) – constitution, canon, body of law, system of rules.
19. refrain (verb) – (often repeated) complaint, protestation, objection.
20. de-nazification (noun) - the process of making someone free of Nazism and its influence.
21. pro- (prefix) - supporting.
22. genocide (noun) – mass murder, massacre, ethnic cleansing, mass slaughter.
23. occupation (noun) - capture, seizure, takeover, annexation.
24. wrap (noun) - secret, top secret.

### Note:

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25. The International Court of Justice (ICJ)/ World Court (noun) – It is the principal judicial organ of the United Nations (UN). It was established in June 1945 by the Charter of the United Nations and began work in April 1946. The seat (headquarters) of the Court is at the Peace Palace in The Hague (Netherlands).
26. international law (noun) – International law defines the legal responsibilities of States in their conduct with each other, and their treatment of individuals within State boundaries. International law's domain encompasses a wide range of issues of international concern, such as human rights, disarmament, international crime, refugees, migration, problems of nationality, the treatment of prisoners, the use of force, and the conduct of war, among others. International law also regulates the global commons, such as the environment and sustainable development, international waters, outer space, global communications and world trade.
27. abstention (noun) – refusal to vote, abstaining, non-voting.
28. disown (verb) - reject, abandon, renounce, deny.
29. deplorable (adjective) – disgraceful, dishonourable, unacceptable.
30. human rights (noun) – Human rights are rights inherent to all human beings, regardless of race, sex, nationality, ethnicity, language, religion, or any other status. Human rights include the right to life and liberty, freedom from slavery and torture, freedom of opinion and expression, the right to work and education, and many more. Everyone is entitled to these rights, without discrimination.
31. atrocities (noun) – act of barbarity/brutality, cruelty, inhumanity.
32. leave alone (phrase) – stop disturbing something, stop interfering with something; fail to look after, abandon.
33. denounce (verb) – condemn, criticize, attack, censure, reject.
34. civil society (noun) – civil society refers to space for collective action around shared interests, purposes, and values, generally distinct from government and commercial for-profit actors. It refers to a wide array of organizations: community groups, non-governmental organizations [NGOs], labour unions, indigenous groups, charitable organizations, faith-based organizations, professional associations, and foundations. Civil society – sometimes called the “third sector” (after government and commerce) – has the power to influence the actions of elected policy-makers and businesses.
35. reticence (noun) – uncommunicativeness, unresponsiveness, quietness, silence, restraint, introversion.
36. take a stand (phrase) - to express one's opinion.

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37. the West (noun) – The Western world/civilization consisting of the majority of Europe & the North America.
38. consternation (noun) – a sudden and unexpected feeling of worry/anxiety that causes confusion; dismay, disquiet, surprise, shock.
39. adventure (noun) – (reckless or possibly dangerous) undertaking, project, operation, activity.
40. stand with (phrase) – to be in support of.
41. run with the hare and hunt with the hounds (phrase) - try to support both sides of an argument/conflict/dispute.
42. flip flop (noun) – a sudden reversal of something, particularly a policy/plan.
43. BRICS countries (plural noun) – the acronym coined to associate five major emerging national economies: Brazil, Russia, India, China, and South Africa. The BRICS members are known for their significant influence on regional affairs.
44. hard power (noun) – hard power is coercive power executed through military threats and economic incentives and based on tangible resources such as the army or economic strength.
45. soft power (noun) – soft power is convincing & effective power deriving from attraction and imitation and be based on intangible (non-physical) resources such as culture, ideology, and institutions (Courtesy: E-International Relations (E-IR)).
46. resolution (noun) – a formal decision taken at a meeting with the help of a vote; motion, proposal.
47. unanimously (adverb) – without opposition, agreed to (by everyone involved).
48. New Delhi Declaration (noun) - a resolution that was passed unanimously in its New Delhi Declaration (paragraph 22 in the XIII BRICS Summit, September 9, 2021). The core demand in this resolution was that the five BRICS nations were opposed to the unilateral use of force against any state, wanted all disputes resolved by peaceful means, and categorically ruled out the use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any state.
49. unilateral (adjective) – relating to a method of taking decisions (particularly on international relations) by a state (country) individually without considering other states (countries). In general, it is relating to the decision taken individually without consulting with the others concerned.

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50. categorically (adverb) – unqualifiedly, unconditionally, unequivocally, absolutely, explicitly, unambiguously, certainly, directly, completely.
51. integrity (noun) – unity, unification, wholeness, coherence, cohesion, togetherness, solidarity.
52. unflappable (adjective) – calm, cool-headed, relaxed, self-controlled, stoical.
53. hypocrisy (noun) – an act of saying something and doing something else; double-dealing, dishonesty, humbug/empty talk, duplicity.
54. arsenal (noun) – array, range, line-up, collection of something (resources; weaponry).
55. unravelling (adjective) - falling apart, coming apart, failing, collapsing.
56. warhead (noun) – the explosive head of a weapon/missile.
57. intercontinental ballistic missile (noun) – a ballistic missile with a range of over 5,500 km (3,400 miles). ( ballistic missile means a missile, which is shot from the ground, takes a long distance to travel well outside the atmosphere and falls to the earth to explode on its target (due to the gravity).
58. Budapest Memorandum (noun) - In 1994, Ukraine signed the Budapest Memorandum with Russia, the U.S., and the United Kingdom. According to the Memorandum, these three veto-holding permanent members of the UNSC agreed to respect the “independence, sovereignty, territorial integrity and existing borders of Ukraine”.
59. sovereignty (noun) – jurisdiction, supremacy, authority, power.
60. welch on (phrasal verb) - Fail to honour (promises); to fail to do (something that you have promised, agreed upon, or committed to do).
61. Crimea (noun) – a peninsula along the northern coast of the Black Sea in Eastern Europe. The peninsula is almost entirely surrounded by both the Black Sea and the smaller Sea of Azov. The status of Crimea is disputed. It is claimed by Ukraine and in 2014 was recognized as Ukrainian by the United Nations and most other countries, but it is governed by Russia. Russia formally annexed Crimea on 18 March 2014.
62. play a role (phrase) – contribute to, be instrumental in, be a factor in.
63. Vishwa guru (noun) – a reformer and teacher/master to the entire world.
64. tear up (phrasal verb) - damage, remove, destroy; (If you tear up an agreement, you refuse to accept it).
65. not to mention (phrase) - in addition to, as well as.

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