

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

WORD LIST-2 (JUN 02, 2023)

1. ride (verb) - be supported by something moving with great momentum.
2. momentum (noun) – the increase in the rate of growth of something; strength, impetus.
3. National Statistical Office (NSO) (noun) – The Ministry of Statistics and the Department of Programme Implementation has two wings, one relating to Statistics and the other Programme Implementation. The Statistics Wing called the National Statistical Office (NSO) gives considerable importance to coverage and quality aspects of statistics released in the country. The statistics released are based on administrative sources, surveys and censuses conducted by the Center and State Governments and non-official sources and studies.
4. fiscal (adjective) – financial, monetary, budgetary.
5. measure (noun) – activity, step, move.
6. quarter (noun) – a period of three months (considered as one-fourth of a year).
7. provisional (adjective) – temporary, short-term, interim, transitional.
8. Gross domestic product (GDP) (noun) – a measure of economic activity in a country. It is the total value of a country's annual output of goods and service.
9. posit (verb) – put forward, propose, postulate, suppose, suggest.
10. picture (noun) – concept, idea, notion, view, impression,
11. sustained (adjective) – continuous, continual, constant, steady.
12. headwinds (noun) – (in business) situations or conditions that make growth harder/difficult. Whereas tailwinds describe a situation or condition that will move growth, revenues, or profits higher.
13. expand (verb) – increase, heighten.
14. projected (adjective) – estimated.
15. pace (noun) – rate.
16. gross value added (GVA) (noun) – it is a measure of total output and income in the economy. It provides the rupee value for the amount of goods and services produced in an economy after deducting the cost of inputs and raw materials that have gone into the production of those goods and services. It also gives a sector-specific picture like what is the growth in an area, industry, or sector of an economy. On the other hand, GDP or gross domestic product is a measure of economic activity in a country. It is the total value of a country's annual output of goods and services.

Note:

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17. point to (phrasal verb) – indicate, suggest, denote, signal, signify.
18. broad-based (adjective) – comprehensive, widespread, wide-ranging.
19. uptick (noun) – a small increase or upward trend.
20. preceding (adjective) – previous, prior, earlier.
21. umbrella (modifier) – something (coalition) that has many different parts/elements.
22. umbrella system/organization (noun) – an association of related institutions who work together formally to coordinate activities or pool resources.
23. (public) utility (noun) – an organization (supplying water, gas, power & etc.).
24. omnibus (noun/adjective) – the Latin word literally meaning “for all”; consisting of several parts/items; consisting of many different things/points; covering a number of diverse or unrelated topics; all-embracing, all-in, comprehensive, exhaustive, all-inclusive.
25. deceleration (noun) – slowing down, easing off, reduction, diminishing, lessening.
26. expansion (noun) – increase, growth.
27. cross-sectoral (adjective) – affecting more than one group/area/sector.
28. buoy (verb) – support, encourage, stimulate, boost, cheer up, strengthen, fortify, inspire, give strength to.
29. notwithstanding (preposition) – despite, in spite of, regardless of.
30. sequentially (adverb) – in succession, successively, continuously.
31. rebound (verb) – recover, revive, rally, bounce back, pick up, come back (in value of something after decline).
32. in the wake of (phrase) – as a result of some event, especially an unpleasant one; in the aftermath of, as a consequence of, on account of, because of, owing to.
33. recede (verb) – diminish, decrease, reduce, lessen.
34. silver lining (noun) – sign of hope; comforting prospect, hopeful or bright side (during difficulty); consoling and hopeful aspect of a difficult/unpleasant situation.
35. contraction (noun) – decline, decrease, reduction.
36. log (verb) - achieve, attain; register, record.
37. surge (verb) – increase suddenly.

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38. reflect (verb) – indicate, show, display, communicate, represent.
39. S&P Global Inc. (noun) – an American publicly traded corporation headquartered in Manhattan, New York City. Its primary areas of business are financial information and analytics; S&P Global, Inc. engages in the provision of transparent and independent ratings, benchmarks, analytics and data to the capital and commodity markets worldwide. It operates through the following segments: Ratings, Market Intelligence, Platts and Indices.
40. Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) (noun) – Purchasing Managers' Index or PMI is an economic indicator, which is derived after monthly surveys of different companies. The index shows trends in both the manufacturing and services sector. The index helps in determining whether the market conditions, as seen by purchasing managers, is expanding, contracting or staying the same. It is used to provide information regarding the current and future business conditions.
41. index (noun) – an (economic) data figure reflecting something (e.g. price/quantity) compared with a standard or base value; pointer, indicator.
42. reading (noun) – amount, figure.
43. welcome (adjective) – pleasing, agreeable, heartening, promising, much needed.
44. augury (noun) – sign, indicator, indication, signal, augury, harbinger, presage; precursor.
45. buffer (noun) – protection, cushion, shielding, defence.
46. slowdown (noun) – economic decline, downturn, depression, slump, recession.
47. uncertainty (noun) – unpredictability, unreliability, riskiness/precariousness.
48. heightened (adjective) – increased, intensified, amplified.
49. gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) (noun)
(formerly gross domestic investment) Gross fixed capital formation is essentially a net investment. It is a component of the Expenditure method of calculating GDP. To be more precise Gross fixed capital formation measures the net increase in fixed capital.

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50. proxy (noun) – deputy, representative, substitute.
51. vigour (noun) – strength, potency, efficacy, powerfulness, spirit.
52. year-on-year (adjective) – year over year (for comparison).
53. robust (adjective) – strong, powerful.
54. capital spending/capital expenditure (CAPEX) (noun) – the money spent on the acquisition of assets like land, buildings, machinery, equipment, as well as investment in shares.
55. infrastructure (noun) – the basic physical or organisational structure or framework that a country or organization needs in order to function properly. For a whole nation, it includes all the physical systems such as buildings, roads & railways networks, utilities, etc.
56. big-ticket (adjective) – expensive; costly, high-end, dear, highly priced, big-budget.
57. given (preposition) – considering, taking into account, bearing in mind.
58. (Keynesian) multiplier effect (noun) – the proportional amount of increase in final income (particularly of the government) that results from an injection of spending; it occurs when an initial injection (investment/spending) into the economy causes a bigger final increase in national income. This theory was first proposed by the British economist John Maynard Keynes (1883–1946), who is regarded as the founder of modern macroeconomics.
59. potential (noun) – possibilities, prospects, capability, ability.
60. bode (well) (verb) – augur, presage, portend, indicate, signal (something, a good outcome).
61. outlook (noun) – expectations, prospects, chances, likely improvement.
62. to be sure (phrase) – certainly.
63. underscore (verb) – emphasise, underline, highlight, stress, call/draw attention to.
64. the fact that (phrase) – used to refer to a specific situation under consideration/discussion.
65. bulwark (noun) – support; protection, guard.
66. footing (noun) – stability, equilibrium, steadiness, balance, evenness, composure; standing, status, position.

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67. personal consumption (noun) – it measures consumer spending on goods and services; private consumption, consumer expenditure, or personal consumption expenditures (PCE).
68. private final consumption expenditure (PFCE) (noun) – The Private Final Consumption Expenditure (PFCE) is defined as the expenditure incurred on final consumption of goods and services by the resident households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).
69. contract (verb) – decline, decrease, diminish, reduce.
70. shrink (verb) – lessen, reduce, decrease.
71. deficit (noun) – deficiency, shortage, shortfall.
72. El Niño (noun) – abnormal warming; A warming of the ocean surface, or above-average sea surface temperatures (SST), in the central and eastern tropical Pacific Ocean. Over Indonesia, rainfall tends to become reduced while rainfall increases over the tropical Pacific Ocean.
73. La Niña (noun) – abnormal cooling. A cooling of the ocean surface, or below-average sea surface temperatures (SST), in the central and eastern tropical Pacific Ocean. Over Indonesia, rainfall tends to increase while rainfall decreases over the central tropical Pacific Ocean.
74. certainty (noun) – fact, truth, inevitability, surety, sure thing, matter of course.
75. under a cloud (phrase) – under suspicion; in trouble; to become out of favour.

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