

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (DEC 31, 2021)

1. **barrier** (noun) – blockade, hurdle, obstacle, stumbling block, impediment, hindrance.
2. **lead to** (verb) – result in, cause, bring on.
3. **hit** (verb) - affect badly, devastate, damage.
4. **dispensation** (noun) – organization, establishment, system; government.
5. **speak of** (phrasal verb) – mention, talk about, discuss, refer to.
6. **spat** (noun) - quarrel, tussle, fight, clash, skirmish, uproar, commotion.
7. **break out** (phrasal verb) - flare up, begin suddenly, start suddenly, erupt, burst out,
8. **governance** (noun) – administration.
9. **far from** (phrase) – not, not at all; nowhere near, a long way from.
10. **embarrassment** (noun) – shame, humiliation, indignity, ignominy, loss of pride, loss of face.
11. **constitute** (verb) - form, organize, create, set up.
12. **mirror** (noun) – reflection, image, replica, parallel.
13. **customary** (adjective) – usual, traditional, normal, conventional.
14. **wring one's hands** (phrase) - to twist and rub one's hands together because of great distress particularly when someone has no authority/power and can't do anything to change the situation.
15. **devoid of** (adjective) – without, lacking, deprived of.
16. **analytical** (adjective) – systematic, logical, scientific.
17. **lack** (verb) – be without, be lacking, be deprived of, be short of.
18. **unmindful** (adjective) – careless of, disregardful of, regardless of, unheeding of, neglectful of, unconscious of.
19. **arguably** (adverb) – possibly, conceivably, maybe, potentially.
20. **hold a mirror up to** (phrase) - to take a look at oneself objectively to examine or reflect on things (issues) stemming from the reality of reflection; to reveal to someone about the way they look (differently) to the rest of the world (so that they can reflect upon themselves); expose, show up, bring to light (some (unpleasant) aspects to oneself).
21. **discern** (verb) - come to know, find out, realize/recognize, understand.
22. **warts and all** (phrase) - truthful, realistic, true to life.
23. **front** (noun) – a particular situation; a particular area of activity.
24. **tenuous** (adjective) – slight, insubstantial, negligible, weak/shaky; doubtful, dubious, questionable, vague, unspecific, indefinite.
25. **remittance** (noun) – money sent home by migrants.
26. **ecological** (adjective) – environmental, natural.
27. **assault** (noun) – attack, offensive, onslaught.

Note:

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28. **gender equality/parity/equity** (noun) – It is the view that everyone should receive equal treatment and not be discriminated against based on their gender (sex).
29. **gender** (noun) – Gender is used to describe the characteristics of women and men that are socially constructed, while sex refers to those that are biologically determined.
30. **equity** (noun) – fairness, justness, neutrality, lack of bias, impartiality.
31. **abysmally** (adverb) - very badly, awfully, woefully, hopelessly, poorly, inadequately, appallingly, pathetically, shockingly.
32. **masculinist** (noun) - manly, manlike, male.
33. **moot** (adjective) – debatable, arguable, questionable, at issue, open to question.
34. **scant** (adjective) – little or no, hardly any, meagre.
35. **regard** (noun) - consideration, care, concern, thought, heed, attention.
36. **fold** (noun) - community, company, group.
37. **vested interest** (noun) – a personal interest in something to get a benefit.
38. **intellectual** (noun) – intelligent person, learned person, scholar, academic.
39. **call out** (phrasal verb) – criticize someone for something (bad/incorrect) publicly and ask them to justify/explain it.
40. **play a part/role** (phrase) – contribute to, be instrumental in, be a factor in.
41. **dictate** (noun) - order, command, directive.
42. **of one's own** (phrase) – belongs or relates to oneself only.
43. **critique** (noun) – analysis, evaluation, assessment, appraisal, review.
44. **elite** (noun) – high society people; the group of most powerful people in a society; best.
45. **debut** (noun) – launching, introduction, inception.
46. **novel** (adjective) – new, different.
47. **predictably** (adverb) – as expected.
48. **sentiment** (noun) – thought, view, opinion, feeling (a general one).
49. **keep at bay** (phrase) – prevent someone/something from having an effect.
50. **stand in the way of** (phrase) - to prevent/stop someone from doing/achieving something.
51. **revelation** (noun) – disclosure, declaration, report/news, announcement.
52. **secular** (adjective) – non-religious, temporal, worldly, earthly.

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53. **draw attention to** (phrase) – to make someone notice something; emphasize, highlight, underscore; focus on.
54. **tenuousness** (noun) – weakness, dubiousness, delicacy.
55. **prospects** (noun) – chances, possibilities, expectations, outlook, future.
56. **inequality** (noun) – Inequality is simply defined as “the state of not being equal, especially in status, rights and opportunities; imbalance, unevenness, disproportion, disparity.
57. **grim** (adjective) – distressing, upsetting, worrying, unpleasant, dismal/awful.
58. **patriarchy** (noun) – a family/group/society/community/government controlled by a man/a group of men, descent described through male line of the family.
59. **sodden** (adjective) - soaked, saturated, drenched.
60. **civil society** (noun) – civil society refers to space for collective action around shared interests, purposes, and values, generally distinct from government and commercial for-profit actors. It refers to a wide array of organizations: community groups, non-governmental organizations [NGOs], labour unions, indigenous groups, charitable organizations, faith-based organizations, professional associations, and foundations. Civil society – sometimes called the “third sector” (after government and commerce) – has the power to influence the actions of elected policy-makers and businesses.
61. **front** (noun) – political group.
62. **fatal** (adjective) – deadly, lethal, killing.
63. **undermine** (verb) – weaken, subvert, sabotage, damage.
64. **excellence** (noun) – a measurement of an individual’s progress and growth; skill, talent, merit, brilliance.
65. **unbounded** (adjective) – unlimited, boundless, limitless, unrestrained, unrestricted, unconditional.
66. **instructive** (adjective) – informative, instructional, informational, explanatory, telling, revealing; good example, case study.
67. **cherish** (verb) - treasure, prize, value highly, hold dear.
68. **ruthless** (adjective) – unforgiving, unfeeling, uncaring, unsympathetic.
69. **suppression** (noun) – repression, clampdown, crackdown, restriction, crushing, quelling, stifling.
70. **stamp out** (phrasal verb) - to stop, to put an end to, to get rid of something; end, finish, eliminate, eradicate.
71. **fright** (noun) – fear.

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72. **concerted** (adjective) - involving a lot of people coming together & doing something with great effort; strenuous, vigorous, energetic, determined, active, intense; coordinated, collaborative, collective, combined, joint.
73. **pull one's weight** (phrase) - to do one's fair share of the (larger) work/task (which is divided among a number of people).
74. **condiment** (noun) - ingredients (added to the preparation of the food).
75. **hand out** (phrasal verb) - distribute, give out, dole out, dish out, mete out, circulate, dispense.
76. **Public Distribution System (PDS)** (noun) – The Public Distribution System (PDS) in the country facilitates the supply of food grains and distribution of essential commodities to a large number of poor people through a network of Fair Price Shops at a subsidized price on a recurring basis. With a network of more than 400,000 Fair Price Shops (FPS), the Public Distribution System (PDS) in India is perhaps the largest distribution machinery of its type in the world.
77. **cry out for** (phrase) - require, demand, need, necessitate.
78. **destabilised** (adjective) – impaired, weakened, damaged.
79. **household** (noun) – family, house.
80. **empowered** (adjective) – authorized, allowed, entitled.
81. **collateral** (adjective) – incidental, accidental, unintended, resultant.
82. **collateral damage** (noun) – any death, injury, or other damage inflicted that is an unintended result of a particular operation.
83. **obsession** (noun) – the particular condition of having unwanted and repeated thoughts, feelings, ideas & etc., about someone or something (all the time); fixation, preoccupation, concern, mania/craze/phobia.
84. **level down** (phrasal verb) - regularize, standardize, bring into line, balance.
85. **virtually** (adverb) – practically, almost, nearly.
86. **sin** (noun) - immoral act, wrong, wrongdoing, scandal, crime, disgrace.
87. **so to speak** (phrase) - in a manner of speaking, in a way, in some way or other, to some extent, so to say.
88. **excellence** (noun) – distinction, skill, talent, merit, brilliance, high quality.
89. **pernicious** (adjective) – harmful, damaging, destructive.
90. **influence** (noun) – power, authority, sway, leverage.
91. **partisan** (adjective) - biased, prejudiced, one-sided, discriminatory, preferential, partial.

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92. taste (verb) - experience.
93. look back (phrasal verb) – suffer a difficulty/misfortune/setback.
94. secularism (noun) – the belief that religion should not have a strong influence in education or other public parts of society.
95. profusion (noun) – a large quantity of something; a lot of, a host of.
96. capitalise on (verb) – take advantage of, use, make use of, benefit from.
97. indulge in (verb) – become involved in (an undesirable activity).
98. bidder (noun) – a person who makes an offer (formal one) for something.
99. fetch (verb) – get, bring in, yield.
100. keep alive (phrasal verb) – keep going, continue, sustain.
101. suspicion (noun) – misgiving, doubt/qualm, distrust, scepticism.
102. apotheosis (noun) – culmination, climax, high/highest point.
103. sectarian (adjective) – dogmatic, extreme, fanatical, factional, partisan.
104. brazenly (adverb) – blatantly, clearly, fragrantly, unashamedly, shamelessly.
105. cadre (noun) – members of a (political) group.
106. so long as (phrase) - provided that.
107. craven (adjective) – faint-hearted, spiritless, spineless.
108. loyalist (noun) – supporter, admirer, champion.
109. make the cut (phrase) - equal or better the (standard) score to avoid elimination.
110. strategy (noun) – plan of action (in order to achieve a more expansive set of political, economic, and security interests).
111. mobilisation (noun) – the act of bringing forces/people/resources together for a particular cause.
112. adherence (noun) – compliance, observance, conformity.
113. ideology (noun) – a system of belief, set of principles.
114. drift (verb) – depart, diverge, deviate, get sidetracked.
115. rudderless (adjective) – having no (clear) aim/principle; lacking in control, lacking in direction.
116. pursue (verb) – engage in, conduct, take part in, take up (an activity).
117. protocol (noun) – procedure, convention; habit, pattern, method, system.
118. leverage (verb) – use or utilize something to maximum advantage.
119. comprehensive (adjective) – all-inclusive, broad-based; all-embracing, universal, complete, thorough.
120. stakeholder (noun) – a person with an interest in something.
121. accountable (adjective) – responsible, liable, answerable, chargeable.

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