

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (APR 26, 2023)

1. delimit (verb) - to determine/describe the limits of something.
2. order (noun) – a particular system (it can be of social, political, or economic one).
3. bound (noun) - limit, purview, range.
4. civil disobedience (noun) – the active, professed refusal of a citizen to obey certain laws, demands, orders, or commands of a government.
5. objective (noun) - purpose, intention, aim, goal, target.
6. unconstitutional (adjective) – illegitimate, wrongful; undemocratic, autocratic, dictatorial, totalitarian.
7. instituted (adjective) - established.
8. sovereign (noun) – ruler, leader, head of state, king, queen, monarch.
9. establishment (noun) - formation, creation, initiation, institution.
10. deem (verb) – consider, regard as, see, view.
11. insurrection (noun) – coup, uprising, rebellion, putsch; civil unrest/disorder.
12. marxism (noun) – a radical, revolutionary political philosophy by Karl Marx.
13. state (noun) - condition.
14. commune (noun) – co-op, community, a group of people.
15. extrapolate (verb) – forecast, predict, reckon, calculate, estimate.  
(extrapolation is an estimation of a value based on extending a known sequence of values or facts beyond the area that is certainly known).
16. eschew (verb) – avoid, ignore, reject, rebuff, refuse.
17. imperial (adjective) – monarchical, authoritative, high-handed/domineering.
18. citizenry (noun) – all the people/citizens (of a place/country considered as a whole).
19. sedition (noun) – incitement (to riot/rebellion), agitation, trouble making/provocation (against the established government/authority).
20. defamation (noun) – it is defined as spoken or written words or visible representations, concerning any person intended to harm his/her reputation; character assassination, libel, misrepresentation, vilification, backbiting, abuse, scandalmongering, malicious gossip.
21. regime (noun) - system.
22. spectrum (noun) – wide range, gamut, ambit.
23. manifesto (noun) – (policy) statement, declaration, pronouncement.
24. lament (verb) – complain about, object to, oppose, protest against.

### Note:

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25. civilisational (adjective) – relating to civilisation (culture, customs, way of life).
26. consciousness (noun) – awareness, knowledge, realization, recognition.
27. mobilisation (noun) – the act of bringing forces/people/resources together for a particular cause.
28. contour (noun) – outline, shape, form.
29. slur (noun) – barb, dig, jibe, slight, insinuation, cutting/mocking remark, insult, affront.
30. underground (adverb) – into hiding, into seclusion, behind closed doors, out of sight.
31. separatist (noun) – secessionist, dissident, protester, sectarian, nonconformist extremist, radical.
32. insurgent (noun) – rebel, agitator, subversive, guerrilla.
33. push the boundaries (phrase) – challenge/confront established norms; go beyond the limits of something.
34. conversely (adverb) - just the opposite.
35. settlement (noun) - agreement, compromise, understanding.
36. discontented (adjective) - impatient, displeased, agitated, restless.
37. tinker (with) (phrasal verb) – try to improve/repair something, particularly by making small changes in a casual way; try to mend, adjust slightly, experiment with; work amateurishly/unskillfully on, fiddle with, play with.
38. humanity (noun) – compassion, kindness, consideration, tolerance, fellow feeling.
39. mobilise (verb) – (of forces/people/resources) bring together for a specific cause.
40. Total Revolution (noun) - It was also called Sampoorna Kranti (Total Revolution Movement) and JP Movement. It was a political movement initiated by students in the Indian state of Bihar in 1974 and led by the veteran Gandhian socialist Jayaprakash Narayan, popularly known as JP, against misrule and corruption in the state government and in the central government.
41. legislator (noun) – a member of a legislature (parliament/legislative assembly); lawmaker, representative.
42. culminate (verb) – come to an end with, finish with, conclude with, terminate with, lead up to.

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43. The Emergency (noun) – In India, “The Emergency” refers to a 21-month period from 1975 to 1977 when Prime Minister Indira Gandhi had a state of emergency declared across the country. Officially issued by President Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed under Article 352 of the Constitution because of the prevailing “internal disturbance”, the Emergency was in effect from 25 June 1975 until its withdrawal on 21 March 1977.
44. summary (adjective) – immediate, instant, swift, rapid, abrupt, hasty, sudden.
45. devoid of (noun) – lacking, without, free of/free from.
46. popular (adjective) - public
47. sanction (noun) – approval, acceptance, endorsement.
48. paradox (noun) – mystery, absurdity; incongruity.
49. republic (noun) – a group of people involved in a particular activity with certain equality; “The Republic” is a form of government in which a state (country) is ruled by elected representatives of the people (citizen body).
50. Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act (UAPA) (noun) – an Indian law aimed at effective prevention of unlawful activities associations in India. Its main objective was to make powers available for dealing with activities directed against the integrity and sovereignty of India.
51. instructive (adjective) – informative, instructional, informational, explanatory, telling, revealing; good example, case study.
52. outfit (noun) – party, force, group.
53. commission (noun) – perpetration, execution, committing (of any illegal act).
54. freedom of expression (noun) – the ability of an individual or group of individuals to express their beliefs, thoughts, ideas, and emotions about different issues free from government censorship, restraint, or legal penalty.
55. retrospectively (adverb) – with effect from a date in the past.
56. entrenched (adjective) – ingrained, established, well established, deep-seated, deep-rooted.
57. grey zone (noun) – an area of uncertainty; (an intermediate area which is not clearly or easily defined).
58. precept (noun) – principle, rule, tenet/doctrine.
59. the undermining (noun) - weakening, decline, degeneration.

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60. celebratory (adjective) – in remembrance, in memory, commemorative.
61. ascent (noun) – rise, upward movement, jump, leap.
62. neoliberalism (noun) – new/revived liberal principles.
63. inferior (adjective) – second-rate, substandard, low-quality.
64. amoral (adjective) – unprincipled, without standards/morals.
65. sphere (noun) – arena, domain, realm, field, territory, area; an area/field of activity.
66. negotiations (noun) – discussions, dialogue, consultation, deliberation.
67. representative government/representative democracy (noun)  
– a government where citizens elect people to represent them and make laws on their behalf, instead of always voting directly on laws and other government actions.
68. for someone's sake (phrase) – benefit, advantage, good/gain, interest.
69. civil society organization (CSO) (noun) – non-governmental organization (NGO); any non-profit, voluntary citizens' group which is organized on a local, national or international level.
70. elite (noun) – high society people; the group of most powerful people in a society; best.
71. subaltern (adjective) – relating to the lower status/ranking (people) in a social or political hierarchy.
72. decorum (noun) – decency, correctness, propriety, customary behaviour.
73. National Advisory Council (NAC) (noun) – The National Advisory Council (NAC) of India was an advisory body set up by the first United Progressive Alliance (UPA) government to advise the Prime Minister of India.
74. outsource (verb) – assign (work) to others.
75. deliberation (noun) – careful thought, thinking, consideration, discussion.
76. brainstorming (noun) – a process wherein a group (of people) attempts to solve the specific problem with different, creative ideas and solutions spontaneously.
77. brainstorm (verb) – discuss, advise, argue.
78. galvanise (verb) – stimulate, encourage, inspire, motivate.
79. indifference (noun) – disregard, lack of interest, unconcern.
80. contempt (noun) – it refers to the offence of showing disrespect to the dignity or authority of a court (& its officers).

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81. badge (noun) – sign, symbol, signal (that discloses a particular quality).
82. erosion (noun) – undermining, weakening, deterioration, disintegration.
83. Farm Acts, 2000 (noun) – Farm Acts, 2000 refer to three agricultural bills passed by Indian Parliament in September 2020. The three acts are “The Farmers’ Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2020 (FPTC Act) allows farmers to sell their harvest outside the notified Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC) mandis without paying any State taxes or fees”, “the Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Act, 2020 facilitates contract farming and direct marketing”, and “the Essential Commodities (Amendment) Act, 2020 deregulates the production, storage, movement and sale of several major foodstuffs, including cereals, pulses, edible oils and onion, except in the case of extraordinary circumstances”.
84. come/go/turn full circle (phrase) – to return to the original position where something begun.
85. nothing short of (phrase) – nothing less than.
86. prosecutorial (adjective) – relating to the prosecution (legal action/proceeding).
87. perpetrator (noun) – a person who does immoral, harmful and illegal activities; criminal, culprit, evil-doer.
88. separatism (noun) – dissension, nonconformity, dissent/faction.
89. batter (verb) – damage, spoil, impair/ruin; smash, hit/strike repeatedly.
90. battering (noun) – damaging, impairing.
91. consolidation (noun) – strengthening, reinforcement, fortification.
92. in the face of (phrase) – despite, notwithstanding, regardless of; when confronted with.
93. sovereign (adjective) – relating to central government (sovereign) & state governments (sub-sovereigns).
94. will (noun) – decision, intention, preference, disposition, desire.
95. beyond the horizon (phrase) – beyond what one is able to see/anticipate; so far away/ahead that one cannot see.

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