

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (APR 25, 2023)

1. **Bill** (noun) – A Bill is a draft statute that becomes law after it is passed. All legislative proposals are brought before Parliament in the forms of Bills (or) draft statute/law, proposed legislation, proposal (presented to parliament/congress/council for discussion).
2. **gubernatorial** (adjective) – relating to a state governor (and or his/her office).
3. **indecision** (noun) – delay, hesitancy, hesitation, lack of resolution, unsureness, waiting.
4. **inaction** (noun) – inactivity, passivity, apathy, negligence, disregard.
5. **court of law** (noun) – court, law court, bench, tribunal.
6. **resolution** (noun) – a resolution is one of the most important procedural devices to raise discussion in the House/Assembly on a matter of general interest; decision (or) declaration (by all members of the Assembly, it usually requires a simple majority (50 percent of all votes plus one) to pass.
7. **among other things** (phrase) – used to indicate that there are several more things like the one mentioned, but that you do not intend to mention them all.
8. **assent** (noun) – approval, agreement, acceptance, consent, concurrence.
9. **Assembly** (noun) – the legislature of State government in the Indian system of government with elected representatives by the voters of an electoral districts (constituencies); law-making body or governing body.
10. **provocation** (noun) – annoyance, irritation, agitation, vexation; stirring, goading, prompting.
11. **imply** (verb) - indicate, signify, point to.
12. **legislature** (noun) – law-making body or governing body; parliament, congress, council, assembly.
13. **transgress** (verb) – breach, contravene, disobey, break.
14. **constitution** (noun) – body of law; system of rules; regulations, fundamental principles, charter.
15. **The Constitution of India** (noun) – India, also known as Bharat, is a Union of States. It is a Sovereign Socialist Secular Democratic Republic with a parliamentary system of government. The Republic is governed in terms of the Constitution of India which was adopted by the Constituent Assembly on 26th November, 1949 and came into force on 26th January, 1950.
16. **Constituent Assembly** (noun) – The Constituent Assembly of India, consisting of indirectly elected representatives, was established to draft a constitution for India. It existed for approx. three years, the first parliament of India after independence in 1947.

Note:

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17. **Article 355 of the Constitution** (noun) – it says that "Duty of the Union to protect States against external aggression and internal disturbance; It shall be the duty of the Union to protect every State against external aggression and internal disturbance and to ensure that the government of every State is carried on in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution.
18. **invasion** (noun) – violation, infringement, breach, disturbance, intrusion (into another's field of activity).
19. **dynamic** (adjective) – powerful, strong, vital, effective.
20. **interpret** (verb) - explain, clarify, understand, comprehend.
21. **from time to time** (phrase) - occasionally, periodically, at intervals, at times.
22. **Article 200 of the Constitution** (noun) – Assent to Bills; it deals with "governors dealing with bills". Article 200 provides options to the Governor when a Bill is presented to him after being passed by the legislature. These options are: to give assent; to withhold assent; to send it back to the Assembly to reconsider it; or to send the Bill to the President for his consideration.
23. **invoke** (verb) – cite, refer to, adduce, use, put into effect, turn to, resort to.
24. **pronouncement** (noun) – announcement, declaration, ruling, judgement.
25. **as regards** (phrase) - concerning; in respect of.
26. **withhold** (verb) – stop, check; to refuse to give something; to refrain from giving permission.
27. **commentary** (noun) – comments, opinions, remarks, reports, analysis.
28. **sovereign** (noun) – ruler, leader, head of state, king, queen, monarch.
29. **reign** (noun) – rule, sovereignty.
30. **veto** (noun) – a right/power to reject a decision/proposal; rejection, dismissal, denial, ban, prohibition.
31. **veto** (verb) – reject, dismiss, deny, ban, prohibit.
32. **on the ground** (phrase) – in a situation/place where things are happening really/practically.
33. **unconstitutional** (adjective) – illegitimate, wrongfult; undemocratic, autocratic, dictatorial, totalitarian.
34. **discretionary power** (noun) – it means the authority, which provides an administrative agency or official with some degree of latitude (freedom) in regard to choosing the most reasonable decision among several decisions in compliance with public and private interests.

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35. [Article 154 of the Constitution](#) (noun) – Executive power of State; it says that "the executive power of the State shall be vested in the Governor and shall be exercised by him either directly or through officers subordinate to him in accordance with this Constitution".
36. [the Council of Ministers](#) (noun) – the supreme executive organ in a government. The term is usually equivalent to the word “cabinet”.
37. [repeal](#) (verb) – invalidate, reverse, cancel, nullify, revoke.
38. [appointee](#) (noun) – one who is appointed to a job/position; representative, delegate, office holder.
39. [with/at the stroke of a pen](#) (phrase) - used to highlight that something important is done quickly & easily by signing a document.
40. [negate](#) (verb) – oppose, go against, reject, object.
41. [will](#) (noun) - decision, intention, preference, disposition, desire.
42. [enunciation](#) (noun) - articulation, expression, utterance, voice, pronunciation.
43. [justiciable](#) (adjective) – capable of being settled/decided/determined by a law of court.
44. [lapse](#) (verb) – expire, become invalid, terminate, become obsolete; deteriorate, decline, worsen.
45. [dissolution](#) (noun) – cessation/end, termination, suspension.
46. [consideration](#) (noun) – attention, analysis; examination, scrutiny.
47. [hold](#) (verb) – (of a court) rule, decide.
48. [discretion](#) (noun) – liking, wish, desire, preference, disposition. choice.
49. [in the affirmative](#) (phrase) – showing agreement (or) saying yes. (If you answer to a question in the affirmative, you say ‘yes’ in turn).
50. [framer](#) (noun) – a person who is one of the drafters of the US Constitution.
51. [sit on](#) (phrasal verb) – to delay acting on something.
52. [federalism/federal framework/system](#) (noun) – a system of government in which establishments such as states or provinces share power with a national government.

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