

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

WORD LIST-2 (JUN 12, 2023)

1. miles to go (phrase) – have to do a lot of work to achieve something.
2. state (noun) - condition, situation, position.
3. poise (verb) – balance, steady; get into position, be ready/prepared to do something.
4. deft (adjective) – skillful, adept, expert, clever, astute, impressive, masterful.
5. steering (noun) – guidance, conduct, direction, navigation.
6. steer (verb) – guide, conduct, direct/navigate.
7. mindful (adjective) – careful, cautious, cognizant, conscious, conversant, apprehensive, sensible.
8. in the throes of (phrase) – struggling with, grappling with, in the middle of.
9. throes (noun) – a difficult or unpleasant situation or activity; agony, suffering, hardship, struggle, distress.
10. blues (noun) – depression, sadness, unhappiness, gloominess, dejection, low spirits.
11. Gross domestic product (GDP) (noun) – a measure of economic activity in a country. It is the total value of a country's annual output of goods and service.
12. underestimate (noun) – a very low estimate.
13. decade (noun) – a period of ten years.
14. if not more (noun) – used to say that if someone's expectations are significantly below what happens in reality.
15. uninterrupted (adjective) – continuous, undisturbed, steady, constant, sustained.
16. undertake (verb) – begin/start, launch into, engage in, become involved in, take part in.
17. Chief Economic Adviser (CEA) (noun) – The Chief Economic Adviser to the Government of India (CEA) is responsible for providing fresh ideas to bolster growth, investments and limiting fiscal deficit. In his/her role, he/she would be required to share views on key policy matters with the finance minister as well as being the lead author of the Economic Survey, which is the annual report card of the economy that gets tabled in Parliament ahead of the budget.
18. prognosis (noun) – prediction, indication, projection, calculation, speculation, forecast (of future events or trends).
19. assert (verb) – state, declare, maintain, pronounce, affirm (confidently).

Note:

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20. run into (phrasal verb) – experience, encounter, be faced with, be confronted with (a problem or difficulty).
21. overheating (noun) – (In economics) it is a situation in which the economy grows exponentially with an output greater than the normal level and exhibits full employment. It harms the nation because it causes a spiraling wage-price system and unexpected inflationary pressures.
22. optimism (noun) – hopefulness, hope, confidence, positive attitude, buoyancy.
23. momentum (noun) – the increase in the rate of growth of something; strength, impetus.
24. macroeconomic (adjective) – relating to the branch of economics concerned with large-scale factors (interest rates/national productivity).
25. fundamentals (noun) – essentials, basics, basic principles.
26. inflation (noun) – simply meaning “cost of living”; an increase of price level of goods & services and vice versa decrease of currency value.
27. ease (verb) – decrease, reduce, lower, moderate.
28. trade deficit (noun) – a trade deficit (a deficit in the balance of trade) occurs when the value of a country's imports exceeds that of its exports. It is also called a trade gap.
29. balance sheet (noun) – the financial statement of a company which includes assets, liabilities, equity capital, total debt, etc. at a point in time; account book.
30. bolster (verb) – strengthen, support, make stronger, reinforce, buttress.
31. digitisation (noun) – the use of digital technologies to change a business model and provide new revenue and value-producing opportunities; the generic term for the Digital Transformation of society and the economy. Simply put, digitization is the process of converting information into a digital format.
32. formalisation (noun) – the extent/degree/level to which rules and procedures are followed in an organization.
33. spur (verb) – stimulate, encourage, prompt, motivate, inspire, galvanize.
34. elucidation (noun) – explanation, clarification, interpretation, report, comment.
35. prospects (noun) – chances, possibilities, expectations, outlook, future.
36. nudge (noun) – push, prod, encouragement, reminder.
37. auto-pilot (adjective) – automatic, self-operating.
38. appetite (noun) – hunger, strong desire, liking.

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39. **rationalise** (verb) – modernise, streamline, make more efficient, hone, simplify, reorganize.
40. **archaic** (adjective) – antiquated, old-fashioned, antique, ancient; outdated, out of date, outmoded.
41. **factor market** (noun) – A factor market is where business firms purchase different resources or production factors needed to produce goods and services.
42. **in action** (phrase) – in operation; working, functioning, in use.
43. **loosen the purse strings** (phrase) – to have no control of or no restriction on spending of money (by a family, company, country, etc.).
44. **tighten the purse strings** (phrase) – to have control of or restriction on spending of money (by a family, company, country, etc.).
45. **broad-based** (adjective) – comprehensive, widespread, wide-ranging.
46. **revival** (noun) – improvement, rallying, picking up; re-establishment, reintroduction, restoration.
47. **buttress** (verb) – support, bolster up, strengthen, fortify, reinforce.
48. **confidence-building (measures)** (noun) – positive thinking, practice, training, knowledge and talking to other people are all useful ways/measures to help improve or boost your confidence levels.
49. **hit** (noun) – blow, damage, devastation.
50. **mark** (verb) – indicate, represent, signify.
51. **contraction** (noun) – decline, decrease, reduction.
52. **trajectory** (noun) – track/course, route, path, direction, approach.
53. **slide** (verb) – fall, slip, drop, slump, decrease.
54. **successive** (adjective) – continuous, back to back, straight.
55. **quarter** (noun) – a period of three months (considered as one-fourth of a year).
56. **pandemic** (noun) – the worldwide spread of a new disease; The illness spreads around the world and typically affects a large number of people across a wide area.
57. **lockdown** (noun) – an emergency protocol implemented by the authorities that prevents people from leaving from a place; An extended state of confinement/encirclement/isolation of a person by the authority.
58. **thus far** (phrase) – until now, up to this point, hitherto.
59. **rev up** (phrasal verb) – become more active, make someone or something more active; accelerate, speed up, increase the speed (of an engine/motor/something similar) quickly.

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60. **sustain** (verb) – continue, carry on, keep up, maintain, bolster up.
61. **virtuous cycle/circle** (noun) – a recurring series of events in which good actions bring about good results and so on (whereas vicious cycle/circle means ‘a recurring series of events in which bad actions bring about bad results and so on’).
62. **bet on** (phrasal verb) – to have a very strong feeling that something will happen; speculate, try one’s luck.
63. **encash** (verb) – exchange, change something into money; convert something into cash.
64. **china-plus-one** (noun) – China-Plus-One, or just Plus One refers to a strategy in which companies avoid investing only in China and diversify their businesses to alternative destinations.
65. **supply chain** (noun) – a dynamic network when a company purchases or uses goods or services from others. It involves people, information, processes, and resources involved in the production, handling, and distribution of materials and finished products or providing a service to the customer.
66. **quest** (noun) – search, pursuit.
67. **intent** (adjective) – determined, firm about, single-minded about, resolved to.
68. **misadventure** (noun) – misfortune; problem/difficulty, mishap/setback.
69. **angel tax** (noun) – a tax that is levied on the funding received by startups from an external investor. The 30% tax is levied when startups receive angel funding at a valuation higher than its ‘fair market value’.
70. **inbound** (adjective) – incoming, inflowing; travelling to a country other than that of where they live.
71. **outbound** (adjective) – travelling out of your home country.
72. **engender** (verb) – cause, give rise to, bring about, produce, create, (a particular feeling, atmosphere, or situation).
73. **desist from** (verb) – refrain from, stop oneself, abstain, hold back.
74. **tinker (with)** (verb) – try to improve/repair something, particularly by making small changes in a casual way; try to mend, adjust slightly, experiment with; work amateurishly/unskillfully on, fiddle with, play with.
75. **calibration** (noun) – evaluation, assessment, appraisal.
76. **conducive** (adjective) – good for, helpful for, useful for.
77. **swift** (adjective) – quick, rapid, sudden, prompt, speedy.

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