

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

WORD LIST-2 (MAY 15, 2023)

1. succour (noun) – (financial) help, aid, assistance, relief.
2. Consumer Price Index (CPI) (noun) – The CPI looks at the basket of consumer goods and services and it measures the change in price of this basket over a period of time. To put it simply, the CPI monitors retail prices at a certain level for a particular commodity.
3. cannot afford/can ill afford (phrase) – if you cannot afford to do something, you must prevent it from happening because it would be embarrassing and cause problems (if it happens).
4. drop one's guard (phrase) – to become less careful, to become less vigilant, to become less alert.
5. inflation (noun) – simply meaning “cost of living”; increase of price level of goods & services and vice versa decrease of currency value.
6. reading (noun) – figure, indication, record, measurement.
7. Retail or Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation (noun) – The change in the price index of the basket of consumer goods and services over a period of time is referred to as CPI-based inflation or retail inflation.
8. brake (verb) - slow down, reduce, lessen, decelerate, slow up.
9. in no small measure (phrase) – to a very great extent.
10. price gain (noun) – a general increase in the price of something.
11. hit (verb) – reach, attain (a level/stage).
12. headline inflation (noun) – it is a measure of the total inflation within an economy, including commodities such as food and energy prices.
13. core inflation (noun) – it is a measure of the total inflation within an economy, excluding commodities such as food and energy prices (which change frequently).
14. cool (verb) – lessen, moderate, abate, diminish, reduce, dampen.
15. basis point (BPS) (noun) – a unit of measure used in finance to describe the percentage change in the value or rate of a financial instrument.
One basis point is equivalent to 0.01% (1/100th of a percent). Used for measuring change in interest rate/yield.
16. month-on-month (adjective) – used to compare data for one month with that in previous months.
17. provisional (adjective) – temporary, short-term, interim, transitional.
18. quicken (noun) - acceleration, increase, stepping up.
19. on the back of (phrase) – due to, as a result of, because of.
20. year-on-year (adjective) – year over year (for comparison).
21. softening (noun) – decrease, reduction, lessening, moderation.

Note:

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22. ease (verb) – lessen, reduce, moderate.
23. lockstep (noun) – in agreement with someone mindlessly and has exactly the same ideas/opinions that someone else has, often without questioning them in any way.
24. index (noun) – an (economic) data figure reflecting something (e.g. price/quantity) compared with a standard or base value; pointer, indicator.
25. slid past participle of slide (verb) - fall, slip, drop, decrease, slump.
26. deflation (noun) – a decrease in the general price level of goods and services.
27. cereal (noun) – a grain or plants that produce it (for example-wheat, maize, rice & etc.).
28. weight (noun) – larger number, bulk, lion's share.
29. preceding (adjective) – previous, prior, earlier.
30. accelerate (verb) – increase, rise, quicken.
31. sequentially (adverb) – in succession, successively, continuously.
32. beverage (noun) – a drink, such as tea, coffee, liquor, beer, milk, juice, or soft drinks, usually excluding water.
33. basket (noun) – a group of something (taxes, investments, commodities, etc.).
34. deflationary (adjective) – characterized by or tending to cause economic deflation.
35. territory (noun) – sphere, arena, domain.
36. surge (verb) – increase suddenly.
37. of concern (phrase) - If something is of concern, then it is worrying & unsatisfactory.
38. pulses (noun) – edible seeds (chickpeas, lentils, beans). (dals).
39. conffectionery (noun) - sweets and chocolates (as a whole).
40. acceleration (noun) – increase, quickening, stepping up.
41. crop (noun) – a plant that can be grown and harvested extensively for profit or subsistence.
42. tighten (verb) – make stricter, make more rigorous, make more stringent, stiffen, toughen.
43. so as to (phrase) – in order to.
44. head off (phrasal verb) - prevent, avoid, stop, avert, fend off, stave off.
45. hoard (verb) – store up, stock up on, stockpile, put aside, set aside, amass, heap up, pile up, stack up.

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46. [push up](#) (phrasal verb) – increase, raise.
47. [mull](#) (verb) - think over/about, consider, ponder, contemplate, deliberate.
48. [curb](#) (verb) – restrain, control, limitation, restriction.
49. [shortfall](#) (noun) – deficit, inadequacy, deficiency.
50. [to be sure](#) (phrase) – certainly.
51. [besides](#) (preposition) – apart from, other than, excluding, in addition to.
52. [bound](#) (adjective) - certain, very likely, guaranteed
53. [tolerance](#) (noun) – deviation, fluctuation, variation.
54. [threshold](#) (noun) – it is an amount, level, or limit of something. Once the threshold is reached, something else happens or changes; lower limit, starting point, point of entry.
55. [tolerance threshold](#) (noun) – maximum allowable departure/deviation from a standard one.
56. [quarter](#) (noun) – a period of three months (considered as one-fourth of a year).
57. [room](#) (noun) – scope, chance, leeway, freedom, latitude, opportunity (for something to happen).
58. [complacency](#) (noun) – carelessness, laziness, laxity; self-satisfaction, smugness, self-regard.
59. [The monetary policy committee \(MPC\)](#) (noun) – it is a six-member panel that is expected to bring “value and transparency” to rate-setting decisions. It will feature three members from the RBI — the Governor, a Deputy Governor and another official — and three independent members to be selected by the Government. The MPC will meet four times a year to decide on monetary policy by a majority vote.
60. [flag](#) (verb) – indicate, identify, point out.
61. [loom](#) (verb) – be imminent, be impending, be close.
62. [outlook](#) (noun) – expectations, prospects, future, lookout.
63. [uncertainty](#) (noun) – unpredictability, unreliability, riskiness.
64. [heightening](#) (adjective) - exacerbating, intensifying, increasing.
65. [El Niño](#) (noun) – an unusual/abnormal warming of the waters across the central and eastern equatorial Pacific that lies closer to the Americas). [La Niña](#) means abnormal cooling.
66. [forebode](#) (verb) – indicate, predict, foretell, portend (something, a bad or misfortune situation) in advance.
67. [erratic](#) (adjective) – inconsistent, irregular, random.
68. [deficient](#) (adjective) – insufficient, meagre, inadequate.

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