

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (JUN 05, 2023)

1. activism (noun) – involvement; campaigning/supporting (to cause political or social change).
2. acclaimed (adjective) – celebrated, honoured, lauded, hailed, well known, reputed, glorified.
3. harassment (noun) – oppression, victimization, persecution.
4. on paper (phrase) – theoretically, hypothetically, supposedly
5. saga (noun) – story, lengthy explanation/statement, lengthy story.
6. civil society (noun) – it is the space outside the family, public sector (government & its branches) and private sector (businesses and corporations). It now signifies a wide range of organised and organic groups including non governmental organisations (NGOs), trade unions, social movements, grassroots organisations, online networks and communities, and faith groups.
7. denouement (noun) – the end result of a situation; the very end of a story; outcome, consequence, end result, ending, climax
8. spurt (noun) – sudden increase, rise, surge.
9. impotency (noun) – the quality of lacking strength/power.
10. gain currency (phrase) – be widely accepted (currency means acceptance, traction, popularity, publicity, exposure).
11. liberalisation (noun) – removal or loosening of restrictions on something, typically an economic or political system.
12. lain past participle of lie (verb) - be, remain in a specified state/condition.
13. conservatism (noun) – (political) views/opinions that support free enterprise, private ownership, and socially traditional ideas.
14. pluralistic (adjective) – relating to a system in which people of diverse ethnic, racial, religious, or social groups coexist in harmony irrespective of their various differences.
15. egalitarian (adjective) – relating to the idea that all people are equal and should have equal rights and opportunities; fair, just, equal, impartial, unbiased.
16. dimension (noun) – aspect, feature, side, element, facet.
17. variegated (adjective) – multicoloured, multicolour, colourful, rainbow-like; diverse, various, mixed, diversified, varied, sundry.

### Note:

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18. elite (noun) – high society people; the group of most powerful people in a society; best.
19. retreat (phrasal verb) – withdraw, retire, draw back, pull back, pull out, give way, give ground.
20. hinge (verb) – to depend entirely on something, hang, rest, centre, be based.
21. anthropologist (noun) – an expert in or student of anthropology (the study of human beings (humanity)).
22. heterogeneous (adjective) – diverse, diversified, wide-ranging.
23. preponderance (noun) – dominance, ascendancy, leadership, mastery, supremacy, control, sway, power.
24. exemplify (verb) – clarify, represent, illustrate (as an example).
25. ethnicity (noun) – a category of people who identify with each other based on common language, ancestral, social, cultural, or national experiences.
26. identity (noun) – identification, recognition; individuality, originality.
27. identity (noun) – a social category, a set of persons marked by a label and distinguished by rules deciding membership and (alleged) characteristic features or attributes; individuality, character, originality.
28. interest (noun) – common concerns (in politics/business).
29. resurgence (noun) – recovery, revival, rebound, resurrection, renaissance, re-emergence.
30. discontent (noun) – disappointment, dissatisfaction, disgruntlement, resentment, grievances, unhappiness, displeasure.
31. latent (adjective) – unexpressed, unrevealed, hidden, indiscernible, unrealized.
32. subordinate (adjective) – lower-ranking, lower, inferior.
33. technocratic (adjective) – relating to a person who is with both political power as well as technical knowledge.
34. entrepreneurialism (noun) – an ability to start a new business (with a willingness to risk loss in order to make money).
35. equate (verb) – connect, relate, compare, link, regard as the same as.
36. realm (noun) – arena, domain, sphere, field, territory, area; an area/field of activity.

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37. critique (noun) – analysis, evaluation, assessment, appraisal, review.
38. mount (verb) – organize, prepare, arrange, set up.
39. empowerment (noun) – authority/power provided to someone to do something; authorization.
40. denizen (noun) – inhabitant, resident, native.
41. discipline (verb) – train, teach, educate; punish, penalize, reprimand.
42. patronize (verb) – treat someone like a child, treat someone as inferior, treat scornfully, talk to someone as if they are stupid/less important/less intelligent.
43. phenomenon (noun) – incident, occurrence, happening, situation.
44. actor (noun) – participant in an activity.
45. consolidation (noun) – strengthening, reinforcement, fortification.
46. nationalism (noun) – it refers to a system (with narrow set of ideas) created by a group of people who believe their nation is superior to all others. It is also a perception of national superiority and an orientation toward national dominance- called as chauvinism (excessive nationalism).
47. frailty (noun) – weakness, incapacity, impairment, infirmity.
48. populist (adjective) – relating to the politicians who claim that they are representing the common/ordinary people.
49. in hindsight (phrase) – considering the past with consideration of the present/current knowledge.
50. champion (verb) – advocate, support, promote, uphold, back, espouse.
51. scholar (noun) – academic, intellectual, learned person; clever person, intellect.
52. disinterest (noun) – indifference, lack of interest, lack of concern, lack of care; (impartiality, neutrality, detachment, fairness, equitability, disinterestedness, lack of bias).
53. constituency (noun) – a group/body of supporters.
54. peasant (noun) – agricultural worker, small farmer.
55. narrow (adjective) – narrow-minded, intolerant, illiberal, inward-looking.
56. circumscribe (verb) – restrict, limit; regulate.
57. mobilisation (noun) – the act of bringing forces/people/resources together for a particular cause.

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58. stall (verb) – obstruct, impede, hinder, hamper, block, interpret.  
59. dour (adjective) – stern, severe, unfriendly, unsympathetic.  
60. heft (noun) – influence, ability; weight/strength.  
61. weigh down (phrasal verb) – burden, impede, depress, oppress, make difficult.  
62. cultivate (verb) – improve, foster, nurture, encourage, promote, further, boost.  
63. solidarity (noun) – unity, unanimity, harmony, cohesion, cooperation.  
64. critique (verb) – analyse, evaluate, assess, appraise, review.  
65. privilege (verb) – grant a privilege (advantage).  
66. militant (adjective) – aggressive, assertive, vigorous, forceful, active.  
67. concession (noun) – adjustment, compromise, exception, allowance.  
68. umbrella (noun) – something (coalition) that has many different parts/elements.  
69. put down (phrasal verb) – suppress, repress, stifle, crush, quell, check.  
70. erstwhile (adjective) – old, previous, former, then.  
71. suppression (noun) – repression, crackdown, clampdown, stifling, crushing, quelling.  
72. superficial (adjective) – casual, slight, outward, ostensible.  
73. transcend (verb) – cut across, go beyond, rise above.  
74. ceiling (noun) – limit, cap, upper limit, limitation.

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