

Explanation of the Article in Simple Terms

Indian Prime Minister **Narendra Modi** spoke at the **AI Action Summit in Paris** and shared his views on how Artificial Intelligence (AI) should be managed globally. He highlighted that AI governance should focus on more than just risks and competition—it should ensure **fair access** and benefit **all countries, especially developing nations (Global South)**.

Many people worry that AI will take away jobs, but **Modi reassured that history shows technology does not eliminate work—it changes it.** New types of jobs are created, and workers need to **learn new skills** to adapt.

He also stressed the **need for global cooperation** to set **common standards** for AI. Since AI affects everyone, countries should work together to create **trustworthy AI systems** that are fair, **unbiased, and accessible to all.**

Key Points from Modi's Speech:

1. AI and Jobs:

- Many fear AI will replace jobs, but **history shows technology creates new types of jobs** instead of making people jobless.
- **Reskilling the workforce** is necessary so people can work in new AI-related jobs.

2. Global Cooperation Needed for AI Governance:

- AI is a **global issue**, and countries must work together to create fair and safe AI systems.
- The **Global South (developing nations)** should get equal access to AI resources like **computing power, skilled workers, data, and funding.**

3. Improving AI Systems:

- AI should be **open-source** to increase trust.
- **Quality datasets** are necessary to prevent **bias** in AI.
- AI should be **people-centric**, meaning it should be used to help people and solve real-world problems.

4. AI and Energy Consumption:

- AI requires **a lot of electricity**, which can increase energy costs and harm the environment.
- **Green energy solutions** are needed for AI data centers.
- India and France work together on **solar energy** (International Solar Alliance) to make AI more energy-efficient.

5. India's Role in AI Development:

- India is a **leader in AI adoption and data privacy** (Digital Personal Data Protection Rules, 2025).
- India is developing its own **large language model** to reflect the country's **linguistic and cultural diversity.**
- India has one of the **largest AI talent pools** in the world.
- India uses a **public-private partnership** model to share AI resources (like

computing power) with startups and researchers at **affordable costs**.

6. India-France AI Cooperation:

- Indian and French officials held discussions about **making AI resources accessible and setting up fair legal rules for AI use**.
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Facts & Figures:

- **AI's Energy Usage:** AI data centers consume **massive amounts of electricity**, making **sustainable energy solutions crucial**.
 - **India's AI Talent:** India is home to one of the **largest AI workforces in the world**.
 - **Global South Needs AI Access:** Many developing nations **lack computing power, skilled workers, and financial resources** for AI.
 - **India's Digital Privacy Law (2025):** India has introduced **strict data privacy laws** to protect personal information in the digital space.
 - **International Solar Alliance:** A joint initiative by **India and France** to promote **solar energy use worldwide**.
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Conclusion:

Prime Minister Modi's speech emphasized that **AI should be fair, accessible, and sustainable for everyone**, especially in **developing nations**. He reassured that **AI won't eliminate jobs but will create new opportunities** and that India is **leading AI innovation** while focusing on **data privacy, sustainability, and public benefit**.