

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (NOV 27, 2021)

1. reading (noun) - interpretation, construal, understanding, analysis.
2. National Family Health Survey (NFHS) (noun) – a large-scale, multi-round survey conducted in a representative sample of households throughout India. Three rounds of the survey have been conducted since the first survey in 1992-93. The survey provides state and national information for India on fertility, infant and child mortality, the practice of family planning, maternal and child health, reproductive health, nutrition, anaemia, utilization and quality of health and family planning services.
3. National Family Health Survey 2019-20 (NFHS-5) (noun) – the fifth in the NFHS series, NFHS-5 conducted in 2019-20, provides information on population, health, and nutrition for India and each state and union territory. All five NFHS surveys have been conducted under the stewardship of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW), Government of India.
4. given (preposition) – considering, taking into account, bearing in mind.
5. Gross domestic product (GDP) (noun) – a measure of economic activity in a country. It is the total value of a country's annual output of goods and services.
6. demographic (adjective) – relating to the statistical study/structure of populations, especially human beings.
7. fare (verb) – perform, do, cope.
8. alarm (noun) – danger signal, distress signal, alert.
9. abundant (adjective) – large, huge, plentiful, copious, ample.
10. measure (noun) – quantity, amount.
11. go into detail (phrase) - to give a full explanation of something.
12. hastily (adverb) – swiftly, rapidly, quickly.
13. index (noun) – a data figure reflecting something compared with a standard or base value; pointer, indicator.
14. comprehensive (adjective) – all-inclusive, broad-based; all-embracing, universal, complete, thorough.
15. multi-dimensional (adjective) – involving several dimensions (aspects/features).
16. state (noun) – condition.
17. trajectory (noun) – track/course, route, path, direction, approach.

Note:

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18. National Family Health Survey 2015-16 (NFHS-4) (noun) – the fourth in the NFHS series, NFHS-4 conducted in 2015-16, provides information on population, health, and nutrition for India and each state and union territory. All four NFHS surveys have been conducted under the stewardship of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW), Government of India.
19. dimension (noun) – aspect, feature, side, element, facet.
20. attainment (noun) - achievement, accomplishment, realization, fulfilment.
21. vaccination (noun) – treatment with a vaccine to protect against a particular disease; immunization.
22. infant (noun) – baby, newborn, young child.
23. mortality (noun) – (in a particular time/for a cause) the rate/number of death; death, loss of life.
24. much more (phrase) – a lot more.
25. for now (phrase) – for the time being, for the present, for the moment.
26. abysmal (adjective) – very bad, awful, terrible.
27. infrastructure (noun) – the basic physical or organisational structure for something (to function properly).
28. apparent (adjective) – evident, obvious, manifest, visible, discernible, noticeable.
29. pandemic (noun) – the worldwide spread of a new disease; The illness spreads around the world and typically affects a large number of people across a wide area.
30. hit (verb) – affect, damage badly.
31. total fertility rate (TFR) (noun) – the average number of children a woman would give birth to during her lifetime if she were to pass through her childbearing years (15-49 years) experiencing the present day age-specific fertility rates.
32. fall (verb) - decrease, decline, diminish, go down, lessen.
33. replacement rate (noun) - the number of children that a couple would have to have over the course of their reproductive years in order to replace themselves. The UN states that this replacement rate worldwide is 2.1 children per couple.
34. strike off (phrasal verb) - remove.
35. to-do list (noun) - agenda, line-up, list of items.
36. devote (verb) – allocate, assign, allot, commit, give, dedicate.

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37. bogey (noun) – bane, anathema, abomination, nightmare, curse; spectre.
38. population explosion (noun) – a quick increase in the size of a population.
39. coercive (adjective) – overbearing, forceful, intimidating, high-handed.
40. absolutely (adverb) – completely, totally, utterly.
41. tie (verb) – join, connect, link.
42. welfare (noun) – social security, government/state benefit, public assistance.
43. measure (noun) – action, step, procedure.
44. sex ratio (noun) – gender ratio; the ratio/proportion of males to females in a population.
45. no longer (phrase) – not anymore.
46. tenacious (adjective) – firm, strong, purposeful.
47. deep-rooted (adjective) – profound, fundamental, basic, well established, irremovable.
48. lead to (verb) – result in, cause, bring on.
49. pervasive (adjective) – extensive, widespread, prevalent, ubiquitous, omnipresent.
50. gauge (verb) – assess, evaluate, appraise, analyse.
51. metric (noun) – a standard of measurement.
52. sex ratio at birth (SRB) (noun) - Sex ratio at birth (SRB) refers to the ratio between live male births and live female births during a certain period of time.
53. masculine (adjective) – male.
54. imbalance (noun) – disparity, variation, disproportion, unevenness, lopsidedness.
55. carry forward (phrasal verb) – have something to continue/handle at a later stage.
56. adulthood (noun) – the condition of being fully grown/mature.
57. household (noun) – family, house.
58. for instance (phrase) – as an example.
59. undercount (verb) – count (incorrectly) less than the actual number of.
60. migrant (noun) – a person who moves from one region to another – either within a country or across national borders in order to find work or better living conditions.
61. short of (phrase) - less than.

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62. worsening (adjective) - deteriorating, aggravating, compounding, intensifying.
63. persistent (adjective) – continuous, constant, unending, unrelenting, unceasing.
64. likely (adverb) – probably, in all probability, presumably, doubtlessly.
65. impede (verb) – hinder, obstruct, hamper, disrupt.
66. anaemia (noun) – a decrease in the total amount of red blood cells (RBCs) or hemoglobin in the blood.
67. malnutrition (noun) – undernourishment, undernutrition, poor/unhealthy/inadequate diet.
68. worsen (verb) - aggravate, intensify, increase, make worse, compound.
69. incidence (noun) – it refers to the number of new cases that develop in a given period of time whereas prevalence refers to the number of cases of a disease that are present in a particular population at a given time
70. debilitating (adjective) – weakening, disabling, exhausting, undermining, impairing, paralyzing, immobilizing.
71. characterise (verb) – identify, depict, describe.
72. public health (noun) – the branch of medicine handling public health; public health is also the science of protecting and improving the health of people and their communities through education, policy making and research for disease and injury prevention.
73. barring (preposition) - except for, with the exception of, excepting, excluding, omitting, leaving out.
74. if anything (phrase) – on the contrary even.
75. discrepancy (noun) – inconsistency, difference, disparity, variance, variation, deviation, divergence.
76. stunting (noun) – low height for age. Stunted children typically have short heights and low body masses for their age group.
77. wasting (or) thinness (noun) – low weight for height. Wasted children who are thin for their height.
78. underweight (noun) – low weight for age. Underweight children who are thin for their age. In adults, underweight (BMI < 18.5) or thinness (BMI < 17.0) indicates low BMI.
79. chronic (adjective) – constant, continuing, unending, persistent, long-lasting.

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80. recurrent (adjective) – repeated, regular, cyclical, continual, periodic.
81. undernutrition (noun) - it is defined as insufficient intake of energy and nutrients to meet an individual's needs to maintain good health.
82. maternal health (noun) – it refers to the health of women during pregnancy, childbirth and the postnatal period.
83. nutrition (noun) – the process in which necessary food is received/obtained by the living things to grow and be healthy.
84. cognitive (adjective) – mental, emotional, intellectual, rational.
85. mask (verb) - hide, conceal, cover up, obscure, screen, cloak, camouflage, veil.
86. anomaly (noun) – something different, abnormal, unusual; oddity, peculiarity, deviation, aberration, exception.
87. novel coronavirus (nCoV) (SARS-CoV-2) (noun) – a new strain (type/variety) coronavirus that has not been previously identified in humans.
88. along with (phrase) – together with, accompanying.
89. consequence (noun) – outcome, ramification, repercussion.
90. non-communicable diseases (NCDs) (noun) – also known as chronic diseases, are not passed from person to person. They are of long duration and generally slow progression. The four main types of non-communicable diseases are cardiovascular diseases (like heart attacks and stroke), cancers, chronic respiratory diseases (such as chronic obstructed pulmonary disease and asthma) and diabetes
91. anthropometric (adjective) – relating to the systematic measurement of the physical properties of the human body. The core elements of anthropometry are height, weight, body mass index (BMI), body circumferences (waist, hip, and limbs), and skinfold thickness.
92. lack of (noun) – absence, unavailability.
93. measure (verb) – estimate, calculate, evaluate, determine.
94. micronutrient (noun) – minerals and vitamins are called micro nutrients since they are needed by our body in small (trace) amounts.
95. deficiency (noun) – shortage, insufficiency, undersupply/absence.
96. enzyme (noun) – a biological molecule or a substance produced by a living organism (which acts as a catalyst).
97. diversity (noun) – the state/condition of having many different types of something; variety, variation, difference, range.
98. multiplicity (noun) – a large variety.
99. slow down (phrasal verb) – reduce, lessen decrease.

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100. [National Family Health Survey 2005-06 \(NFHS-3\)](#) (noun) – the third in the NFHS series of surveys, it provides information on population, health and nutrition in India and each of its 29 states. Earlier NFHS surveys were carried out in 1992-93 (NFHS-1) and 1998-99 (NFHS-2).
101. [mislead](#) (verb) – misguide, misdirect, misinform, give wrong information to.
102. [to a large/great extent](#) (phrase) – substantially, largely.
103. [deterioration](#) (noun) – decline, collapse, failure, degradation, degeneration, breakdown.
104. [attribute](#) (verb) – assign, ascribe, regard something being caused by something else; connect with, associate with.
105. [add fuel to the fire](#) (phrase) – to make a bad situation worse; increase, magnify, amplify, augment, intensify, heighten (a difficult situation).
106. [empowerment](#) (noun) – authorization, accreditation; capacity-building, inclusiveness; authority, power.
107. [autonomy](#) (noun) – independence, freedom; self-government, self-rule.
108. [mobility](#) (noun) - adaptability, flexibility, versatility, adjustability.
109. [shine/put a spotlight on](#) (phrase) - to draw/bring attention to something; highlight, accentuate, underscore, underline.
110. [reproductive health](#) (noun) - a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity, in all matters relating to the reproductive system and to its functions and processes.
111. [caesarian](#) (noun) - C-section or caesarean delivery, is the use of surgery to deliver a baby.
112. [dramatically](#) (adverb) – greatly, largely.
113. [call into question](#) (phrase) – doubt, distrust, mistrust, suspect.
114. [compelling](#) (adjective) – convincing, telling, rational, well reasoned.
115. [ought to](#) (modal verb) – must, should.
116. [highlight](#) (verb) – underline, underscore, emphasize.
117. [inequality](#) (noun) – Inequality is simply defined as “the state of not being equal, especially in status, rights and opportunities; imbalance, unevenness, disproportion, disparity.
118. [back](#) (verb) - support, endorse, advocate, promote, uphold.

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