

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## WORD LIST-2 (FEB 08, 2023)

1. reset (noun) – re-setting; re-establishment, re-starting, re-commencing, reboot.
2. G-20 (noun) – The G20, formed in 1999, is a group of twenty of the world's largest economies that meets regularly to coordinate global policy on trade, health, climate, and other issues. It brings together the world's major advanced and emerging economies. The G20 comprises Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, China, EU, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Russia, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Turkey, UK and USA. The G20 Countries together represent around 90% of global GDP, 80% of global trade, and two thirds of the world's population.
3. presidency (noun) – premiership, leadership, stewardship.
4. look at (phrasal verb) - see, observe, view, consider, contemplate.
5. big picture (noun) – broad overview; wide perspective.
6. put behind (phrasal verb) – to stop worrying/upsetting about some unpleasant/bad things taken place in the past.
7. ramp up (phrasal verb) – increase (in amount or number).
8. outreach (noun) – the level of reaching out/activity/effort; involvement.
9. ties (noun) – association, relationship, bond, connection.
10. host (verb) - arrange, organize.
11. bilateral (adjective) – involving two groups or countries.
12. talks (noun) – discussions, negotiations, deliberation.
13. accompany (verb) – travel with, go with, go along with, appear with.
14. summit (noun) – meeting, talk, discussion (between heads of government).
15. acceleration (noun) – increase, quickening, stepping up.
16. deteriorating (adjective) – declining, weakening, dwindling, flagging, languishing.
17. The Indo-Pacific (region) (noun) – the Indo-Pacific region refers to the confluence (convergence) of the Pacific and Indian Oceans, which interconnect in Southeast Asia (Indonesia, Vietnam, Thailand, Philippines, Malaysia, Singapore, and more).
18. strategy (noun) – plan of action (in order to achieve a more expansive set of political, economic, and security interests).

### Note:

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19. mark out (phrasal verb) - define, delineate, determine.
20. increasingly (adverb) – more and more, steadily more, continuously more, gradually more.
21. disruptive (adjective) – troublemaking, troublesome, unrestrained, uncooperative.
22. pluralism (noun) – (of people) the practice exists in harmony irrespective of various differences.
23. diversify (verb) – vary, bring variety to; modify, alter/change, expand, enlarge.
24. considerable (adjective) - substantial, significant, fairly large.
25. engagement (noun) – involvement, participation, taking part.
26. push (noun) – effort, initiative, drive.
27. Free Trade Agreement (FTA) (noun) – an agreement between two or more countries designed to reduce or eliminate certain barriers to trade and investment, and to facilitate stronger trade and commercial ties between participating countries.
28. free trade (noun) – a policy to eliminate barriers/limits/regulations against imports and exports.
29. Early Progress Trade Agreement (EPTA) (noun) - agreements that are easier to negotiate as they focus on areas of convergence between two partners before they move to a fully-fledged free trade agreement (FTA).
30. secure (verb) – obtain, acquire, gain, get.
31. Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (CEPA) (noun) – a free trade agreement (FTA) between two countries.
32. flurry (noun) – spate, series, succession.
33. in contrast to (phrase) – in opposition to, be very different from.
34. development (noun) – turn of events, occurrence, happening, incident.
35. disastrous (adjective) – terrible/horrible, unfortunate, ill-fated, detrimental.
36. handling (noun) – control, leadership, management, administration.
37. agitation (noun) - protest; distress, concern.
38. led past participle of lead to (verb) – result in, cause, bring on, bring about, give rise to.

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39. diplomatic (adjective) – tactful, sensitive, subtle, delicate; consular, foreign-policy.
40. reset (verb) – re-establish (ties).
41. on the sidelines (phrase) – it refers to a meeting/forum occurs at the same time as the scheduled meeting/forum, but is not itself an item on the agenda.
42. G-7 or Group of Seven (noun) – a multilateral forum made up of the world's seven largest so-called developed countries: Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the United Kingdom and the United States. They meet annually to discuss and exchange ideas on a broad range of issues, including global economy, security and energy.
43. sort out (phrasal verb) - remove, segregate, sieve.
44. resurgence (noun) – recovery, revival, rebound, resurrection, renaissance, re-emergence.
45. Khalistanis (noun) – people who are related/connected to the Khalistan movement (a Sikh separatist movement) seeking to create a homeland for Sikhs by establishing a sovereign state, called Khālīstān ('Land of the Khalsa'), in the Punjab region.
46. separatism (noun) – dissension, nonconformity, dissent/faction.
47. call for (phrasal verb) – require, publicly ask/necessitate, demand.
48. referendum (noun) – public vote; a direct vote in which people cast ballots to decide on a specific issue or policy.
49. vandalism (noun) - deliberate damage, destruction, obstruction, disruption, crippling, impairment.
50. pronouncement (noun) – declaration, pronouncement, statement, affirmation.
51. set off (phrasal verb) – give rise to, cause, lead to, bring about, bring on, prompt, trigger.
52. landmine (noun) – an explosive device/mine hidden under or on the ground.
53. running (adjective) - continuous, constant, ceaseless, ongoing.
54. ups and downs (phrase) – uncertainties, inconstancy, instability, unpredictability, chanciness, variability, changeability, fluctuation, changes.
55. decade (noun) – a period of ten years.

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56. diaspora (noun) – the people who spread/scatter from their own country to places across the world. Indian diaspora constitutes NRIs (Non-resident Indians) and PIOs (Persons of Indian origins).
57. rupture (verb) – divide, split, separate, break, estrange.
58. shelter (noun) – protection, shield/cover, safe condition.
59. separatist (adjective) – dissident, nonconformist, sectarian.
60. prolonged (adjective) – lengthy, extended, protracted, unending, unrelenting.
61. trial (noun) – hearing, inquiry, litigation, judicial proceedings.
62. flag (verb) – indicate, identify, point out; draw attention to.
63. on course (phrase) - on track, on target.
64. leap (noun) – a sudden change, transition or transformation; a sudden rise/elevation.
65. strategic (adjective) – relating to achieving long-term or overall goals.
66. provided (conjunction) – if, given that, as long as.
67. side-step (verb) – avoid, circumvent, find a way round, bypass, evade, dodge (something problematic).
68. possible (adjective) - likely, probable.
69. pitfall (noun) – danger, risk, problem.
70. along the way (phrase) – during the course/time of something; during a particular period of time.

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