

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (DEC 29, 2021)

1. **put out** (phrasal verb) - issue, publish, release, bring out, circulate, make known, make public, publicize.
2. **dose** (noun) – an amount/quantity of something.
3. **transparency** (noun) – clarity, straightforwardness, openness, honesty, unambiguity.
4. **vaccine** (noun) – a biological preparation that improves immunity to a particular disease.
5. **regulatory** (adjective) – governmental, controlling, supervisory.
6. **frontline staff/worker/responder/personnel** (noun) – a person who is among the first to arrive and provide assistance at the scene of an emergency. First/front line workers/responders typically include paramedics, emergency medical technicians, police officers, firefighters, sanitary workers & etc.
7. **co-morbidity** (noun) – In medicine, co-morbidity is the presence of one or more additional conditions (diseases) co-occurring/co-existing with a primary condition (disease).
8. **shot** (noun) – injection, inoculation (of a vaccine/drug).
9. **outline** (verb) – indicate, delineate, give a rough idea of, summarize.
10. **administer** (verb) – dispense, provide, give, apply (a drug/vaccine).
11. **Covaxin** (noun) – India's first indigenous COVID-19 vaccine candidate (COVAXIN) developed by a Hyderabad-based company (Bharat Biotech) in collaboration with the ICMR (The Indian Council of Medical Research).
12. **Emergency Use Listing (EUL)** (noun) – a risk-based procedure for assessing and listing unlicensed vaccines, therapeutics and in vitro diagnostics with the ultimate aim of expediting the availability of these products to people affected by a public health emergency.
13. **National Technical Advisory Group on Immunisation (NTAGI)** (noun) – The National Technical Advisory Group on Immunisation (NTAGI) was established by an order of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (MoHFW) in 2001. As India's apex advisory body on immunization, the NTAGI provides guidance and advice to the MoHFW on provision of vaccination and immunization services for the effective control of vaccine preventable diseases in the country. The National Technical Advisory Group on Immunisation in India (NTAGI) fulfils a need for informing decision-making concerning the introduction of new vaccines and strengthening the Universal Immunisation Programme (UIP).
14. **booster shot/dose** (noun) – In medical terms, a booster dose is an extra administration of a vaccine after an earlier dose.

Note:

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15. **vaccination** (noun) – treatment with a vaccine to protect against a particular disease; immunization.
16. **vaccinate** (verb) – inoculate, administer, introduce (with a vaccine to provide immunity against a disease).
17. **tacit** (adjective) - implicit, hinted, suggested.
18. **acknowledgement** (noun) – acceptance, admission, realization.
19. **roll-out** (noun) – official launch/introduction.
20. **subsequent** (adjective) – following, ensuing, succeeding, successive.
21. **sero-survey** (noun) – collection and testing of serum (or proxy such as oral fluid) specimens from a sample of a defined population over a specified period of time to estimate the prevalence of antibodies against a given specific infectious pathogen as an indicator of immunity.
22. **serology survey** (noun) – A serological survey is conducted to assess the prevalence of a disease in a population. It is done by detecting the presence of specific antibodies that are produced against the virus.
23. **serology** (noun) – a method of diagnostic examination of blood serum concerning the immune system's response to pathogens (the pathogen is something, like bacteria/virus, that causes disease). (serum is an amber (yellowish-orange), watery fluid, rich in proteins, obtained from blood...).
24. **antibody** (noun) – it is also called ‘immunoglobulin’; a protective protein produced mainly by plasma (blood) cells in the immune system in response to the presence of antigens (disease causing organisms (bacteria & viruses) and other harmful/toxic foreign substances like insect venom).
25. **Omicron variant** (noun) – On 26 November 2021, WHO designated the (new coronavirus) variant B.1.1.529 a variant of concern, named Omicron, on the advice of WHO’s Technical Advisory Group on Virus Evolution (TAG-VE). The first known confirmed Omicron infection was from a specimen collected on November 9. In recent weeks, infections in South Africa have increased steeply, coinciding with the detection.
26. **variant** (noun) – different or form or version or mutant of something (virus).
27. **backdrop** (noun) – situation, scenario, context.
28. **public health** (noun) – the branch of medicine handling public health; public health is also the science of protecting and improving the health of people and their communities through education, policy making and research for disease and injury prevention.

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29. **defer** (verb) – postpone, put off, delay, hold off.
30. **make sense** (phrase) – be accepted, be convincing, hold up, prove true.
31. **seek** (verb) – ask for, request, demand.
32. **physician** (noun) – doctor, medical practitioner.
33. **in order to** (phrase) – with the purpose/aim of.
34. **come at a cost/price** (phrase) - if something comes at a cost/price, it happens with the sacrifice/loss/expense of something else.
35. **opportunity cost** (noun) – the value of what you lose when choosing between two or more options.
36. **consideration** (noun) – factor, issue, point, concern, matter.
37. **take into account** (phrase) – consider, take into consideration, have regard to, reckon with.
38. **prescription** (noun) – the action of prescribing/recommending a medicine or treatment; (authoritative) recommendation.
39. **do away with** (phrasal verb) – abolish, quash, get rid of, discard, remove, eliminate, discontinue, cancel.
40. **consensus** (noun) – an idea or opinion that is shared by all the people in a group.
41. **immunocompromised** (adjective) – having a weakened immune system.
42. **heterologous** (adjective) - having a different relation/structure.
43. **mRNA vaccine** (noun) – The vaccine is a messenger RNA (mRNA) vaccine, which stands for “messenger ribonucleic acid”. Messenger RNA is essentially the blueprint that living cells use to turn gene sequences into the proteins that form their fundamental structures. Once injected, the mRNA in the vaccine is translated into a viral protein, which our immune systems detect. The body generates an immune response in reaction to these viral proteins, which can't by themselves cause disease, and this provides protection against developing Covid-19.
44. **Covovax** (noun) – The US-based Novavax, the maker of Covovax, as the vaccine has been named in India, developed in collaboration with the Serum Institute of India. The Novavax candidate, which is also known as NVX-CoV2373, is a “recombinant nanoparticle” vaccine with the company saying it is the “first protein-based option”.
45. **recombinant** (adjective) – produced by the combining of genetic material from more than one sources.
46. **Corbevax** (noun) – a COVID-19 vaccine candidate developed by Indian biopharmaceutical firm Biological E. Biological E's anti-coronavirus shot, Corbevax, is a RBD protein sub-unit vaccine and is currently undergoing phase 2/3 clinical trials on adults.

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47. **trial** (noun) – test, pilot study, experiment (phase 1, 2,3, and or human/clinical trial).
48. **Central Drugs Standard Control Organization (CDSCO)** (noun) – India's national regulatory body for pharmaceuticals and medical devices.
49. **viral-vectored vaccine** (noun) - a viral vector vaccine is a vaccine that uses a viral vector to deliver genetic material coding for a desired antigen into the recipient's host cells.
50. **inactivated vaccine** (noun) – The vaccine is developed using Whole-Virion Inactivated Vero Cell derived platform technology. Inactivated vaccines do not replicate and are therefore unlikely to revert and cause pathological effects. They contain dead virus, incapable of infecting people but still able to instruct the immune system to mount a defensive reaction against an infection.
51. **commission** (verb) - engage, authorize, employ.
52. **implications** (noun) – consequence/outcome, ramification, repercussion.
53. **nuanced** (adjective) – delicate, subtle.
54. **synthesise** (verb) – integrate, incorporate, put/join together, merge.
55. **arrive at** (verb) – reach a decision/conclusion; attain, accomplish.
56. **genomic** (adjective) – relating to the gene (genetic material) of a living thing.
57. **genome** (noun) – the genetic material (a complete set of DNA, including all of its genes) of an organism. The sum total of the genetic material of a cell or an organism.
58. **sequence** (noun) – the complete order of compounds/building blocks (nucleotides) of nucleic acids, such as RNA or DNA.
59. **genome sequence** (noun) – a process that determines the order, or sequence, of the DNA (nucleotides i.e., A, C, G and U) in each of the genes present in the virus's genome.
60. **in the public domain/realm** (phrase) – if something (e.g. information) is in the public domain, people generally know about it since it is no secret.
61. **strategy** (noun) – plan of action (in order to achieve a more expansive set of political, economic, and security interests).

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