

WORD LIST-2 (MAY 20, 2022)

1. crushing (adjective) - disappointing, embarrassing; appalling, dreadful, horrible, shocking, terrible; demanding, difficult, onerous, taxing disturbing.
2. enforce (verb) - impose, implement, carry out; force, demand, insist on.
3. quarry (noun) - a type of open-pit mine in which rock, sand, gravel or other minerals is excavated from the ground.
4. enforcement (noun) - imposition, implementation, carrying out; forcing, compelling, demanding.
5. cost (noun) - loss, suffering, damage, detriment; adverse effects.
6. hazardous (adjective) - dangerous, risky, unsafe, perilous, precarious, insecure.
7. explosive (noun) - bomb, incendiary device, incendiary.
8. machinery (noun) - equipment, apparatus, instruments, tools.
9. deploy (verb) - use, utilize, employ, make use of.
10. fraught (with) (adjective) - full of, filled with, rife with, charged with, loaded with.
11. casualty (noun) – victim, sufferer, loss; fatality, mortality.
12. greed-induced (adjective) - caused by greed (selfish desire).
13. exploitation (noun) – taking advantage, making use, abuse of, misuse, ill treatment, unfair treatment.
14. violation (noun) – contravention, breach, breaking, transgression, non-observance.
15. norm (noun) – rule, standard, criterion.
16. collusion (noun) – conspiracy, connivance, complicity, intrigue, secret understanding, collaboration.
17. regulator (noun) – an association/statutory body that supervises a particular business activity.
18. culpability (noun) – guilt, blame/fault; responsibility.
19. bear testimony/witness to (phrase) - testify to, be evidence of, be proof of, attest to, confirm, evidence, prove, vouch for.
20. boulder (noun) – stone/rock (a big one).
21. trap (verb) - confine, get stuck, prevent from escape a place.
22. debris (noun) – broken pieces, rubble, wreckage.
23. mining (noun) – the extraction of valuable minerals or other geological materials from the Earth.

Note:

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24. geology (noun) – the study of the solid Earth, the materials of which it is made, the structure of those materials, and the processes acting upon them.
25. mining geology (noun) – an applied science which combines the principles of economic geology and mining engineering to the development of a defined mineral resource.
26. serve (verb) - deliver to, present with, give to, hand over to.
27. go on (phrasal verb) - continue, carry on, proceed.
28. fateful (adjective) - disastrous, ruinous, devastating, destructive, tragic, awful, terrible, harmful, fatal, deadly.
29. perhaps (adverb) – maybe, possibly.
30. interregnum (noun) – period, intervening time/period.
31. inquiry (noun) – (an official) investigation, examination, probe, scrutiny, inspection.
32. Manufactured sand (M-Sand) (noun) – artificial sand produced from crushing hard stones into small sand sized angular shaped particles, washed and finely graded to be used as construction aggregate. It is a superior alternative to River Sand for construction purpose.
33. blue metal (noun) – a quarried, crushed aggregate rock that can range in colour from blue to black. It comes in three sizes: 5 mm, 10 mm or 20 mm, and is primarily used in making concrete or road.
34. compromise (verb) - undermine, weaken, damage.
35. breach (noun) – contravention, violation, breaking, non-observance.
36. mandated (adjective) - required, mandatory, compulsory.
37. plunge (verb) - fall suddenly and uncontrollably.
38. aggravate (verb) - worsen, make worse, exacerbate, inflame, compound.
39. comprehensive (adjective) – all-inclusive, broad-based; all-embracing, complete, thorough.
40. audit (noun) – inspection, examination, survey, scrutiny, probe, investigation, assessment, appraisal, evaluation.
41. given (preposition) – considering, taking into account, bearing in mind.
42. nexus (noun) – connection, link.
43. grant (noun) – allocation, allotment.
44. inseparable (noun) – impossible to separate; close, intimate, confidential, loyal.
45. crackdown (noun) – clampdown, getting tough/severe measures, suppression.

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46. plunder (verb) – devastate, ransack, lay waste.
47. ecologically (adverb) – environmentally.
48. sensitive (adjective) – delicate, easily damaged, fragile
49. Eco-Sensitive Zones (ESZs) (noun) – Eco-Sensitive Zones (ESZs) or Ecologically Fragile Areas (EFAs) are areas in India notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC), Government of India around Protected Areas, National Parks and Wildlife Sanctuaries. The purpose of declaring ESZs is to create some kind of “shock absorbers” to the protected areas by regulating and managing the activities around such areas.
50. Western Ghats (noun) – The mountain range that runs along the west coast of peninsular India from Tamil Nadu through Kerala, Karnataka and Goa to Maharashtra is known as the Western Ghats. Spread across six states, Western Ghats is a treasure trove of biodiversity and source of major rivers, including Godavari, Krishna and Cauvery.
51. committee (noun) – commission, board, council, panel, advisory body.
52. for instance (phrase) – for example; as an example.
53. exchequer (noun) – treasury, coffers; funds/resources/finances.
54. mushroom (verb) – increase, expand, grow, develop rapidly.
55. unlicensed (adjective) – illegal, unlawful, illicit.
56. findings (noun) – conclusion arrived at (as a result of an inquiry).
57. aside (adverb) - apart, notwithstanding.
58. resultant (adjective) – ensuing, consequent.
59. irretrievable (adjective) – irreversible, irreparable, irrecoverable.
60. exposure (noun) – vulnerability, subjection.
61. shark (noun) – a lot of money amassed by cheating others; (or) a person who is unethically exploiting others; a dishonest person, particularly one who convinces other people to pay a lot of money for something.
62. have an axe to grind (phrase) – have selfish/personal reason for doing something.
63. spurt (noun) – sudden increase, rise, surge.
64. call (for) (phrasal verb) – ask for, request, appeal, demand.
65. inter- (prefix) – between; among.
66. will (noun) – determination, will power, resolution, resolve, single-mindedness, commitment, dedication.
67. sustain (verb) – continue, carry on, maintain.
68. consequence (noun) – importance, import, significance, substance, prominence, value, seriousness.

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