

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (MAR16, 2023)

1. [machinery](#) (noun) – system, structure, administration, apparatus.
2. [attune](#) (verb) – accustom, adjust, adapt, accommodate.
3. [private goods](#) (noun) – goods/services that are only provided to a specific group of people within a society or community. Private goods are goods or services that are excludable and rivalrous. Private goods are produced by private companies and they are profitable.
4. [public goods](#) (noun) – goods/services that are commonly provided to all people within a society or community. Public goods are goods or services that are non-excludable and non-rivalrous. Public goods are produced by the government and they are non-profitable.
5. [waste management](#) (noun) – waste management is the activities and actions required to manage waste from its inception to its disposal. This includes the collection, transport, treatment and disposal of waste, together with monitoring and regulation of the waste management process.
6. [aftermath](#) (noun) – consequences, after-effects, repercussions, repercussion; end result, outcome.
7. [landfill](#) (noun) – excavated pit made to dispose waste material.
8. [fringe](#) (noun) - border.
9. [haze](#) (noun) – fog, smog, cloud.
10. [prized](#) (adjective) – highly valued, treasured, precious, much loved, beloved.
11. [implications](#) (noun) – consequence/outcome, ramification, repercussion.
12. [ascertain](#) (verb) – find out, understand, recognize, get to know.
13. [speculation](#) (noun) – projection, prediction, indication, prognosis, calculation.
14. [carcinogen](#) (noun) – a substance/compound that can cause cancer.
15. [disheartening](#) (adjective) – discouraging, dispiriting, demoralizing.
16. [grab](#) (noun) - an act of getting a lot of public attention, especially by appearing in the news.
17. [stench](#) (noun) – stink, bad/unpleasant smell, foul smell.
18. [congenial](#) (adjective) – like-minded, friendly, agreeable/amiable.
19. [at stake](#) (phrase) – at issue, at risk; or in question.

### Note:

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20. come as a surprise/relief (phrase) – to be completely surprising/unexpected.
21. call on (phrasal verb) – visit, pay a visit to, go and see.
22. for good (phrase) - permanently, forever, definitively.
23. eye (noun) – observance, observation, lookout, surveillance, scrutiny, examination.
24. (keep) an eye on (phrase) – to take care of, to look after, to watch/supervise something.
25. laudable (adjective) – praiseworthy, commendable, admirable, excellent.
26. well-being (noun) – healthy state/condition.
27. at the heart of (phrase) – at the most important part of.
28. manifest (adjective) – obvious, apparent, evident.
29. public policy (noun) – a combination of laws, regulations, actions, policies adopted by a government.
30. domain (noun) – area of activity, sphere of activity; realm, territory.
31. lasting (adjective) – long-term, permanent, indelible, firm.
32. the state (noun) - the government, the administration, the regime, the authorities, the Establishment.
33. laureate (noun) – a person who is honoured with an award for outstanding achievement.
34. speak of (phrasal verb) – discuss, talk about, bring in.
35. incontestable (adjective) – unquestionable, indisputable, undeniable.
36. ironically (adverb) – paradoxically, unexpectedly, strangely.
37. smoulder (verb) - develop, loom, impend, fume, simmer.
38. discourse (noun) – discussion, conversation, communication, expression.
39. degradation (noun) – deterioration, degeneration, decline.
40. distributivism (noun) – It is also known as Distributism, is an economic theory largely in response to the principles of Social Justice. Its key tenet is that ownership of the means of production should be as widespread as possible rather than being concentrated in the hands of a few owners (Capitalism) or in the hands of state bureaucrats (Socialism).

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41. narrative (noun) – story, statement/report, description.
42. meta-narrative (noun) – grand narrative; overarching narrative.
43. over-reach (noun) – an act of trying to do too much.
44. spread thin (phrase) - to get involved in so many activities that one can't do any of them completely.
45. well-provisioned (adjective) - well-supplied, well-provided.
46. subpar (adjective) – below an average.
47. utility (noun) – usefulness, use, advantage, benefit, value, helpfulness.
48. run into (phrasal verb) – experience, encounter, be faced with, be confronted with.
49. hold back (phrasal verb) – hinder, prevent, hamper, obstruct, impede.
50. induce (verb) – cause, effect, bring about, give rise to, produce.
51. regulation (noun) – supervision, overseeing, monitoring, inspection; control, direction, guidance.
52. predicament (noun) – problematic situation, difficulty, quandary.
53. unconcerned (adjective) - unenthusiastic, apathetic, indifferent, dispassionate, uninterested.
54. infrastructure (noun) – the basic physical or organizational structure or framework that a country or organization needs in order to function properly. For a whole nation, it includes all the physical systems such as buildings, roads & railways networks, utilities, etc.
55. go without saying (phrase) – be obvious, be self-evident, be understood, be accepted.
56. fire-fighting (noun as modifier) – an act of dealing problems as they come (instead of avoiding them strategically).
57. determination (noun) - willpower, firmness, resolution, courage.
58. given (preposition) – considering, taking into account, bearing in mind.
59. proximity (noun) – nearness, presence, closeness.
60. segregation (noun) - separation, isolation, setting apart.
61. household (noun) – family, house.
62. conservation (noun) – preservation, protection, careful management (of the natural resources).

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63. natural capital (noun) - the world's stock of natural resources, which includes geology, soils, air, water and all living organisms.
64. bent on (adjective) – determined on, insistent on, fixed on, hell-bent on, firm about.
65. leave one's mark (phrase) - have a permanent, strong or important effect/impression.
66. scant (adjective) – little or no, hardly any, meagre.
67. regard (noun) - consideration, concern, attention, heed, interest.
68. laterite (noun) - a type of reddish clay soil produced by rock decay.
69. subsidence (noun) – collapse, caving/falling in, sinking.
70. press on (phrasal verb) - to continue doing something in a determined way; to rush forward.
71. Silver Line project (noun) – Silverline project aims to improve connectivity between the two ends of Kerala by setting up a Semi High-Speed Rail corridor (a 530-kilometre, double line stretch) from Kasaragod to Thiruvananthapuram with the aim of reducing travel time from 10 hours at present to less than 4 hours.
72. fiddle (verb) - play the violin.
73. fiddle while burn (phrase) - to do something unimportant and careless in the middle of an emergency situation.
74. recognition (noun) – (formal) acknowledgement, acceptance, admission.
75. flag (verb) – indicate, identify, point out.
76. ecological (adjective) – relating to the relationships between living organisms, including humans, and their physical environment.
77. persist (verb) – continue, carry on, go on, keep going.
78. complacent (adjective) – careless, casual, unconcerned, uninterested, apathetic, perfunctory; smug, self-satisfied, pleased/proud of oneself, self-opinionated, satisfied, pleased, contented.
79. evade (verb) – escape, run away from, dodge.
80. commentator (noun) – critic, analyst, observer.
81. the Establishment (noun) - the government, the administration, the regime, the authorities.
82. keep out of (phrase) – to stop/prevent something from something else.

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83. [propagate](#) (verb) – spread, disseminate, communicate, publicize, preach.
84. [inhabit](#) (verb) - live in, occupy.
85. [inevitably](#) (adverb) – unavoidably, certainly, definitely.
86. [avert](#) (verb) - prevent, stop, avoid.
87. [indulgence](#) (noun) – extravagance, luxury, comfort, non-essential (thing), extra (thing).
88. [stand to lose](#) (noun) – to have a very high chance of losing or being deprived of something.
89. [be littered with](#) (verb) – fill with a specific thing (especially an unpleasant one).
90. [conspicuous](#) (adjective) - clear, obvious, noticeable, observable, visible.

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