

# EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

## WORD LIST-2 (NOV 03, 2021)

1. reservation (noun) – a system of affirmative action in India that provides historically disadvantaged groups representation in education, employment, and politics.
2. base (verb) – form, establish, use as the foundation for something.
3. expediency (noun) – convenience, advantage, advantageousness, usefulness, utility, benefit.
4. exclusive (adjective) – sole, only, single, especial.
5. fraught with (adjective) – full of, filled with, rife with, loaded with; accompanied by.
6. invalidation (noun) – nullification, cancellation, revocation, abrogation, reversal.
7. it is no surprise (phrase) – as expected, as anticipated, as predicted.
8. strike down (phrasal verb) – abolish, annul, nullify (a law or regulation).
9. earmark (verb) – set aside, set apart, reserve, designate (for a particular purpose).
10. foremost (adjective) – most important.
11. lack (verb) – be without.
12. legislative (adjective) – law-making, policy-making, parliamentary.
13. competence (noun) - authority, power, ambit, remit.
14. enact (verb) – make law, pass, approve, ratify.
15. 102nd Constitution Amendment, 2018 (noun) – The 102nd amendment deals with the constitutional status of the National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC). Article 338B deals with the structure, duties and powers of the commission while 342-A speaks about the power of the Indian President to notify a class as Socially and Educationally Backward (SEBC) and the power of Parliament to alter the central SEBC list.
16. confer (verb) – present, give, grant.
17. in force (phrase) – in effect, in operation, in action.
18. 105th Constitution Amendment, 2021 (noun) - it restores the power of the State Governments and Union Territories to identify and specify Socially and Economically Backward Classes (SEBCs).
19. subsequently (adverb) – afterwards, later on, in due course.
20. deem (verb) – consider, regard as, view as.
21. enactment (noun) – validation, approval, endorsement, ratification (of a legislation).

### Note:

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22. denude (verb) – divest, strip of, deprive of (something).
23. bench (noun) – a court of law with a number of judges.
24. quantifiable (adjective) – measurable (as quantity).
25. quantifiable data (noun) – the type of data whose value is measured in the form of numbers or counts, with a unique numerical value associated with each data set. Also known as numerical data, quantitative data further describes numeric variables (e.g. How many? How often? How much?) This data type can also be defined as a group of quantifiable information that can be used for mathematical computations and statistical analysis which informs real-life decisions.
26. backwardness (noun) – the condition/state of not developed.
27. relative to (phrase) – in comparison with, proportionate, proportional, commensurate, corresponding.
28. amount to (verb) – be regarded as, be equivalent to, be tantamount to.
29. solely (adverb) – only.
30. impermissible (adjective) – unsatisfactory, inappropriate, unsuitable.
31. denotify (verb) - (in India) to repeal the categorization of (a tribe) as criminal under the Criminal Tribes Act.
32. discrimination (noun) – prejudice, intolerance, inequity, unfairness (against an individual or group of individuals by society and its institutions (basically in the procedures, policies or objectives) as a whole.
33. hindrance (noun) – obstacle, impediment, block.
34. measure (noun) – action, step, procedure.
35. back (verb) – support, endorse, approve, advocate, champion.
36. census (noun) – an official survey, particularly of a population.
37. cause for concern (phrase) – a reason to worry (feel anxious).
38. amend (verb) – alter, change, modify.

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39. [Tamil Nadu Act 45, 1994](#) (noun) - An Act to provide for reservation seats to educational institutions in the state and of appointments or posts in the services under the State for the Backward Classes of citizens and for persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes in the State of Tamil Nadu. The Government of India has already supported the provision of the State legislation by giving the President's assent to the Tamil Nadu Bill. As a corollary (consequence) to this decision, it is now necessary that the Tamil Nadu Act 45 of 1994 is brought within the purview of the Ninth Schedule to the Constitution so that it gets protection under article 31B of the Constitution in regard to the judicial review.
40. [assent](#) (noun) – approval, consent, sanction, agreement, acceptance.
41. [The Ninth Schedule](#) (noun) - The Ninth Schedule contains a list of laws that cannot be challenged in courts. Out of 284 such laws which are shielded from judicial review, 90 per cent of laws are about agriculture and landholding. The Ninth Schedule was brought in the Indian Constitution on 18 June 1951 to abolish Zamindari system.
42. [position](#) (noun) – point of view, viewpoint, opinion, standpoint, perspective.
43. [pose](#) (verb) – constitute, present, create, cause (a problem or danger or risk).
44. [standalone](#) (adjective) – independent, self-governing, self-sustaining, self-reliant, self-standing.
45. [impending](#) (adjective) – imminent, approaching, coming, brewing, looming.
46. [restive](#) (adjective) – restless, agitated; rebellious.
47. [ally](#) (noun) – partner, supporter.
48. [regime](#) (noun) – government.
49. [back](#) (verb) – support, endorse, advocate, promote, uphold, champion.
50. [likely](#) (adverb) – probably, in all probability, presumably, doubtlessly.
51. [go on](#) (to) (phrasal verb) – continue, carry on, proceed.
52. [look for](#) (phrasal verb) – try to find/obtain a particular thing.
53. [shortcut](#) (noun) – an alternative route.
54. [compile](#) (verb) - organize, arrange, put together, collate, assemble.
55. [credible](#) (adjective) – acceptable, trustworthy, reliable, dependable; believable, plausible, reasonable.

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