

WORD LIST-2 (JUN 18, 2022)

1. **bubble** (noun) – a very fast increase in the asset prices with subsequent decline of the economy.
2. **in the air** (phrase) – going on, happening; becoming prevalent; noticeable in all respects.
3. **regulate** (verb) – control, oversee, govern, monitor something (by using rules and regulations).
4. **cryptocurrency** (noun) – a type of digital currency.
5. **regulation** (noun) – supervision, overseeing, monitoring, inspection; control, direction, guidance.
6. **retail investor** (noun) – an individual investor who purchases securities directly; a non-professional investor. (securities mean investments, shares, holdings, equities and bonds).
7. **scam** (noun) – fraud, swindle, fraudulent scheme.
8. **crash** (noun) – failure, collapse.
9. **timely** (adjective) – prompt, appropriate, opportune, well timed, at the right time.
10. **stay away from** (phrasal verb) – avoid, evade, dodge.
11. **speculative** (adjective) – risky, unsafe, uncertain, unpredictable.
12. **asset class** (noun) – a group of assets (financial instruments, securities, bonds, shares, holdings, etc.) with similar characteristics, particularly in terms of risk, return, liquidity, and regulations.
13. **Bitcoin** (noun) – a type of digital currency (cryptocurrency).
14. **wipe out** (phrasal verb) – eliminate, abolish, remove (completely).
15. **witness** (verb) – show, demonstrate, indicate, reveal.
16. **plunge** (verb) – fall sharply, fall steeply, plummet, drop rapidly, go down.
17. **in the making** (phrase) – burgeoning, developing, growing, up and coming.
18. **tout** (verb) – endorse, praise, recommend, commend, speak of, urge.
19. **flat money** (noun) – convertible paper money (usually issued by a country's government or central bank). Also, this type of money is not backed by a physical commodity such as gold or silver.
20. **by design** (phrase) - deliberately, intentionally, on purpose, purposefully.

Note:

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21. **inflation** (noun) – simply meaning “cost of living”; increase of price level of goods & services and vice versa decrease of currency value.
22. **fuel** (verb) – encourage, intensify, fortify, support, nurture.
23. **central bank** (noun) – the banking regulator of a country’s banking system. (e.g. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) is the central bank of India).
24. **obvious** (adjective) – clear, apparent, conspicuous, noticeable, observable, visible.
25. **acceptance** (noun) – endorsement, acknowledgement, recognition; favourable reception.
26. **enthusiast** (noun) – fan, addict, supporter, follower.
27. **hedge** (noun) – safeguard, protection, shield.
28. **precious metals** (noun) - valuables, riches, jewels, gems, gold, silver, platinum.
29. **possess** (verb) - own, have, hold.
30. **intrinsic** (adjective) - essential, implicit, inherent, fundamental, basic.
31. **intrinsic value** (noun) – Intrinsic value is a way of describing the perceived or true value of an asset; often called fundamental value, it is determined through fundamental analysis with no reference to its market value. The intrinsic value of a company is what it is really worth – its real value.
32. **legitimate** (adjective) – lawful, genuine, authentic, real, true.
33. **acceptability** (noun) – acceptableness, desirability, satisfactoriness.
34. **minuscule** (adjective) – very small, insignificant, negligible.
35. **speculation** (noun) - projection, prediction, indication, prognosis, calculation.
36. **tailwinds** (noun) – tailwinds describe a situation or condition that will move growth, revenues, or profits higher. Whereas headwinds (in business) situations or conditions that make growth harder/difficult.
37. **rally** (verb) - increase, recover, rebound, improve (after a fall/decline).
38. **concern** (noun) – anxiety, worry, disquiet; a matter of importance.
39. **concern** (noun) – anxiety, worry, disquiet; a matter of importance.
40. **climate** (noun) - atmosphere, feeling, tendency, attitude.

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41. **monetary policy** (noun) – monetary policy refers to the use of monetary instruments under the control of the central bank to regulate magnitudes such as interest rates, money supply, and availability of credit with a view to achieving the ultimate objective of economic policy mentioned in the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
42. **get-rich-quick** (phrase) - designed to make or earn a lot of money quickly.
43. **fool** (noun) - buffoon, comic, joker, idiot, laughing stock.
44. **Internet stock bubble or dotcom boom** (noun) – dotcom bubble, tech bubble, Internet bubble; it refers to the period (1990s) when investors pumped money into Internet-based startups in the hopes that these fledgling companies would soon turn a profit.
45. **tulip bulb bubble** (noun) – tulip mania, tulip fever; In 17th Century, the people of Dutch Republic traded the (tulip) flower's bulbs for extraordinary sums of money, until, without warning, the market for them spectacularly collapsed leaving many people in financial ruin. This is considered as the first example of an economic bubble. [In botany, a bulb is structurally a short stem (with fleshy leaves or leaf bases) that stores food/energy for the plant's growth].
46. **hallmark** (noun) – distinctive feature, indicator, indication, sure sign.
47. **liquidity** (noun) – a measure of activity (i.e. the ability to buy or sell easily) in a market.
48. **liquidity-fuelled** (adjective) - intensified by the liquidity.
49. **in the past** (phrase) - formerly, previously, in olden times.
50. **perhaps** (adverb) – maybe, possibly.
51. **prospects** (noun) – chances, possibilities, expectations, outlook, future.
52. **existential** (adjective) – relating to existence.
53. **largely** (adverb) – mostly, mainly, to a large/great extent.
54. **unwilling** (adjective) – disinclined, resisting, opposed, hesitant.
55. **recognise** (verb) – realize, be aware of, be conscious of, perceive, discern, understand.
56. **unlikely** (adjective) – doubtful, implausible, improbable, questionable.

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57. **infringe** (verb) - erode, diminish, weaken, impair, damage; trespass on, encroach on, impinge on, intrude on, enter, invade.
58. **the state** (noun) – the government, the administration, the regime, the authorities.
59. **fiscal** (adjective) – financial.
60. **monetary authority** (noun) – it refers to the institution responsible for managing the currency of a country, establishing interest rates, and controlling its money supply. The goals of a country's central bank include stabilizing prices, fostering economic growth, and increasing employment. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) is the central bank of India.
61. **moreover** (adverb) - besides, furthermore, as well as, additionally.
62. **hostile** (adjective) – adverse, bad, unfavourable, uncomfortable, unwelcoming; harsh, tough.
63. **shady** (adjective) – suspicious, dubious, illegal.
64. **at large** (phrase) – as a whole, generally.
65. **look for** (phrasal verb) - search for, hunt for, seek, try to find.
66. **plunge** (verb) – jump, dive, throw oneself, launch oneself.
67. **unregulated** (adjective) – unrestricted, unchecked, uncontrollable.
68. **mark** (verb) – indicate, label, flag, identify, designate, delineate, denote.
69. **pitfall** (noun) – danger, risk, problem.
70. **in the absence of** (phrase) – lacking, notwithstanding, without.
71. **environment** (noun) – situation, background, backdrop, scenario.
72. **interests** (noun) – common concerns (in politics/business).
73. **regardless of** (verb) – irrespective of, without regard to, without reference to, disregarding; notwithstanding, no matter, despite, in spite of.
74. **regulatory** (adjective) – organizational, managerial, supervisory.
75. **framework** (noun) – structure, system organization.
76. **outright** (adjective) – complete, entire, total, categorical.

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