

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

WORD LIST-2 (APR 23, 2022)

1. **narrative** (noun) – a representation of a particular situation; portrayal, account, description, statement.
2. **faction** (noun) - bloc, section, group.
3. **campaign** (noun) – an organized effort which seeks to influence the decision making progress within a specific group; movement, drive, push.
4. **critic** (noun) – criticizer, censurer, castigator, attacker, fault-finder.
5. **administration** (noun) – government, regime, authority, leadership.
6. **grow into** (phrasal verb) - Become something due to gradual increase.
7. **polarising** (adjective) – dividing, separating, parting (into two opposing groups).
8. **deep** (adjective) – deep-rooted, fervent, profound, serious.
9. **fringe** (adjective) - unconventional, unorthodox, unofficial; radical, extreme (by a group with marginal or extremist views).
10. **currency** (noun) – acceptance, popularity, traction, publicity.
11. **take over** (phrasal verb) – assume control of, take control of, take charge of, take command of.
12. **serve** (verb) – spend, complete, go through.
13. **head** (verb) - move towards, go towards, set out for.
14. **puppet** (noun) - pawn, tool, hostage, mouthpiece.
15. **thereby** (adverb) – as a result of that.
16. **compromise** (verb) - damage, harm, spoil, diminish, reduce, weaken, lessen, decrease.
17. **sovereignty** (noun) – autonomy, independence, self-government, freedom.
18. **allegation** (noun) – charge, accusation, indictment.
19. **rally** (noun) - meeting, gathering, march, parade.
20. **largely** (adverb) – mostly, mainly, generally.
21. **ultimatum** (noun) – (final) warning, demand, notice, conditions/terms.
22. **withdraw** (verb) – pull out, retreat, pull back, disengage.
23. **atoll** (noun) – an atoll is a ring of coral (a hard stone-like substance) that originally grew completely around the shoreline of an island, and which continued to grow upward on top of itself as the island subsided or eroded away.
24. **trigger** (verb) – cause, produce, bring about, prompt.
25. **tension** (noun) - strained relations, strain, unease; ill feeling, friction, antagonism, antipathy, hostility, enmity

Note:

1. Click each one of the words above for their definition, more synonyms, pronunciation, example sentences, phrases, derivatives, origin and etc from <http://www.oxforddictionaries.com/>.
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26. remarkably (adverb) - noticeably, decidedly, distinctly, clearly.
27. commit (verb) - allocate, assign, allot, give, give over.
28. socio-economic (noun) – relating to the interaction of social (position, rank, or importance) and economic (income, pay, and wealth) aspects.
29. play a role (phrase) – contribute to, be instrumental in, be a factor in.
30. neighbour (noun) – a country that is next to another country; (bordering) country.
31. rise (noun) - advancement, growth.
32. strategic (adjective) – relating to achieving long-term or overall goals.
33. import-dependent (adjective) - relating to a country that cannot produce enough goods and services to sustain its citizens and must depend on importing the majority of its forms of sustenance.
34. vie (verb) - compete, contend, contest, struggle, strive, fight (with others to do/achieve something).
35. influence (noun) – power, authority, sway, leverage, weight, standing.
36. shore up (phrasal verb) – support, help, assist someone/something from ; bolster up, buttress, strengthen, fortify, reinforce, underpin something from decline.
37. nationalism (noun) – it refers to a system (with narrow set of ideas) created by a group of people who believe their nation is superior to all others. It is also a perception of national superiority and an orientation toward national dominance- called as chauvinism (excessive nationalism).
38. sentiment (noun) – point of view, way of thinking, feeling, attitude, thought, opinion, belief.
39. counter (verb) - hit back at, answer, respond to, contradict, negate.
40. nationalist (noun/adjective) – relating to nationalism.
41. food security (noun) – it is defined as the availability and the access of food to all people.
42. wrangling (noun) – long dispute, argument, quarrel.
43. find oneself (verb) – discover himself/herself/itself to be in a particular situation.
44. anti-incumbency (noun) – a situation which is against elected officials currently in power; discontent against ruling government/ party in power.
45. difference (noun) - disagreement, difference of opinion, misunderstanding, dispute, argument, debate, quarrel.

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