

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (JAN 26, 2022)

1. republic (noun) – a group of people involved in a particular activity with certain equality; “The Republic” is a form of government in which a state (country) is ruled by elected representatives of the people (citizen body). (The English word ‘republic’ is derived from the Latin ‘Res publica’ — the public thing. A republic then is associated with the ‘public sphere/domain’, an open space where people put forward claims about what is good for the community, what is in collective interest).
2. preamble (noun) – introduction, preface, preliminary statement.
3. self-description (noun) – self-explanation, self-categorization; self-identification.
4. identity (noun) – individuality, character, originality.
5. descriptive (adjective) - illustrative, expressive, explanatory.
6. ethical (adjective) - moral, principled, right-minded.
7. normative (adjective) – relating to a standard/norm, particularly of behaviour.
8. ideal (noun) – principle, standard, rule of living, moral value, belief, conviction.
9. consistently (adverb) – always, each time, invariably.
10. astray (adverb) – off target, wide, awry.
11. remorse (noun) – deep regret, penitence, sorrow/feelings of guilt.
12. make amends (phrase) – compensate, redress, make up for, recompense.
13. cherish (verb) – be devoted to, revere, admire, appreciate, value highly, hold dear.
14. monarchy (noun) – kingdom, sovereign state; a form of government in which a country is ruled by someone who rules for life and usually receives their position from another person when that person dies (Courtesy: VOA Learning English). The Greeks defined monarchy as the ‘rule of one (mono)’, a form of government where one person rules and all others obey.
15. for a start (noun) – used to introduce the first of a number of factors that you want to mention.
16. anti-monarchical (adjective) - opposed to the monarchy.

Note:

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17. sovereign (noun) – ruler, monarch, supreme ruler; head of state.
18. subject (noun) – citizen, national, native, resident, inhabitant of a country/state (other than a supreme ruler).
19. hereditary (adjective) - inherited, ancestral, familial.
20. autocracy (noun) - totalitarianism, absolute rule, dictatorship.
21. pernicious (adjective) – harmful, damaging, destructive.
22. subject (verb) – bring under someone's control.
23. whim (noun) – wish/will, desire, impulse, urge, fancy, passion, inclination.
24. fancy (noun) – preference, fondness, liking, predisposition, taste.
25. arbitrary (adjective) – capricious, personal (whim/choice), erratic/irregular.
26. land grant (noun) – a gift of land.
27. grant (noun) – allocation, allotment, allowance; subsidy, subvention.
28. vest (verb) - entrust to, invest in, bestow on, confer on.
29. judge and jury (noun) - a person who makes all the decisions about something important, especially when other people think this is wrong.
30. please (verb) - like, want, wish, desire, prefer.
31. (play one's cards) close to one's chest (phrase) - be very secretive; be very cautious.
32. brook (verb) – tolerate, put up with, allow/accept (something like dissent/difference of opinion).
33. tyrannical (adjective) – dictatorial, despotic, autocratic, oppressive; absolute, totalitarian, arbitrary, undemocratic, anti-democratic.
34. dread (verb) – fear, be afraid of, worry about, be anxious about.
35. in full view (phrase) - clearly visible.
36. interest (noun) – common concerns (in politics/business).
37. deliberate (verb) – think about, think over, ponder, consider, contemplate, reflect on.
38. course of action (phrase) - plan of action, method of working, procedure, approach.
39. entail (verb) – necessitate, make necessary, demand, call for, require.

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40. arbitrary (adjective) – tyrannical, autocratic, dictatorial, authoritarian, draconian, anti-democratic.
41. arbitrary power (noun) – tyranny, dictatorship, totalitarianism, fascism, autocracy.
42. whimsical (adjective) – capricious, unusual, unconventional, uncommon; impulsive, unpredictable.
43. intrusion (noun) – interruption, intervention, interference, disturbance, disruption, infringement.
44. at the mercy of (phrase) - under the control of, under the heel of, in the power of, controlled/dominated by.
45. breed (verb) – cause, bring about, give rise to, lead to, create, produce, result in.
46. subjection (noun) – domination, oppression, control, repression, suppression, slavery, enslavement, persecution, exploitation, abuse.
47. slavishness (noun) – subservience, conformity, obedience, submission, surrender.
48. torpor (noun) – lethargy, sluggishness, inertia, inertness, inactivity.
49. dispel (verb) – banish, eliminate, dismiss, make disappear.
50. agency (noun) – action, activity, effect, influence.
51. unfree (adjective) – deprived of liberty.
52. enslave (verb) – make someone a slave.
53. unbridled (adjective) – unrestrained, unconstrained, uncontrolled.
54. live by (phrasal verb) – follow, obey, conform to, adhere to, abide by.
55. deliberative (adjective) – contemplative, reflective, thinking, thoughtful.
56. embellishment (noun) – elaboration, addition, exaggeration; beautification, enhancement.
57. per se (adverb) – essentially, intrinsically.
58. in keeping with (phrase) – consistent with, in accordance with, in agreement with, in line with, compatible with.
59. sever (verb) – cut off, break off, discontinue, suspend, terminate, stop.
60. imperial (adjective) – monarchical, authoritative, high-handed/domineering.

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61. concede (verb) – agree, admit, acknowledge, accept, recognize.
62. conceivable (adjective) – possible, likely, probable.
63. connotation (noun) – meaning, understanding, reading, explanation.
64. plebeian (noun) – the common people; common person, person in the street, working person.
65. contemptuously (adverb) – scornfully, disdainfully, disrespectfully, with full of contempt.
66. mob (noun) – a large, disorganized, and often violent crowd of people.
67. in the name of (phrase) – as a representative of, as a spokesperson for, at the behest of.
68. perpetually (adverb) – constantly, permanently, endlessly.
69. vigilant (adjective) – watchful, observant, hawk-eyed, attentive.
70. watchdog (noun) – a person or organization that monitors/inspects/supervises others' activities/conducts. regulator, inspector/supervisor, observer, ombudsman.
71. come out on the streets/take to the streets (phrase) – (of a crowd) to come together in the streets to display communal harmony in either celebration or opposition.
72. Farm Acts, 2000 (noun) – Farm Acts, 2000 refer to three agricultural bills passed by Indian Parliament in September 2020. The three acts are “The Farmers’ Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2020 (FPTC Act) allows farmers to sell their harvest outside the notified Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC) mandis without paying any State taxes or fees”, “the Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Act, 2020 facilitates contract farming and direct marketing”, and “the Essential Commodities (Amendment) Act, 2020 deregulates the production, storage, movement and sale of several major foodstuffs, including cereals, pulses, edible oils and onion, except in the case of extraordinary circumstances”.
73. virtue (noun) – good quality, strong point, attribute, strength, talent.

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