

Summary of Early Civilizations

This summary covers key aspects of early civilizations such as Mesopotamia and the Indus Valley.

1. Mesopotamia:

- Known as the 'Cradle of Civilization', located between the Tigris and Euphrates rivers.
- Innovations include cuneiform writing, the wheel, and advanced irrigation techniques.
- Major city-states: Ur, Babylon, and Assyria.

2. Indus Valley Civilization:

- Located in present-day Pakistan and northwest India, known for its advanced urban planning.
- Major cities include Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro, with sophisticated drainage systems.
- Economy based on agriculture, trade, and craftsmanship.

3. Cultural and technological advancements:

- Both civilizations made significant contributions to art, architecture, and governance.
- The development of written language, trade networks, and social hierarchies were pivotal.