

Lab-11(18/6/24)

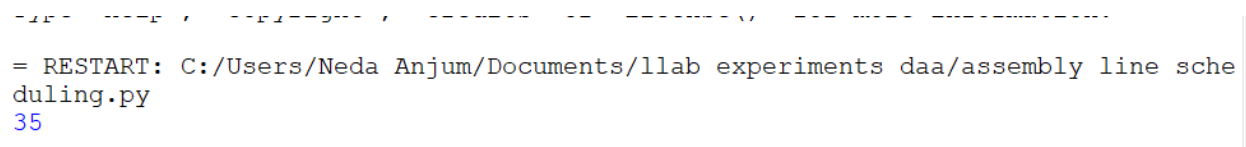
1.Assembly line scheduling:

Code:

```
def fun(a, t, cl, cs, x1, x2, n):  
    if cs == n - 1:  
        if cl == 0:  
            return x1  
        else:  
            return x2  
    same = fun(a, t, cl, cs + 1, x1, x2, n) + a[cl][cs + 1]  
    diff = fun(a, t, not cl, cs + 1, x1, x2, n) + a[not cl][cs + 1] + t[cl][cs + 1]  
    return min(same, diff)  
  
n = 4  
a = [[4, 5, 3, 2], [2, 10, 1, 4]]  
t = [[0, 7, 4, 5], [0, 9, 2, 8]]  
e1 = 10  
e2 = 12  
x1 = 18  
x2 = 7  
x = fun(a, t, 0, 0, x1, x2, n) + e1 + a[0][0]  
y = fun(a, t, 1, 0, x1, x2, n) + e2 + a[1][0]  
print(min(x, y))
```

output:

```
=====
```



```
C:\Users\Neda Anjum\Documents\llab experiments daa>python assembly_line_scheduling.py  
35
```

2.kanpsack 0/1:

Code:

```
def knapSack(W, wt, val, n):  
    if n == 0 or W == 0:  
        return 0  
  
    if (wt[n-1] > W):  
        return knapSack(W, wt, val, n-1)  
    else:  
        return max(val[n-1] + knapSack(W-wt[n-1], wt, val, n-1),  
                    knapSack(W, wt, val, n-1))  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    profit = [20, 101, 70]  
    weight = [10, 20, 30]  
    W = 80  
    n = len(profit)  
    print (knapSack(W, weight, profit, n))
```

output:

```
>> |  
    |==== RESTART: C:/Users/Neda Anjum/Documents/llab experiments daa/kanpsack.py =  
    |191  
>> |
```

3. bellman ford algorithm:

Code:

```
def bellman_ford(graph, source):  
    distances = {vertex: float('inf') for vertex in graph}  
    distances[source] = 0  
    for _ in range(len(graph) - 1):  
        for u in graph:  
            for v, weight in graph[u].items():  
                if distances[u] != float('inf') and distances[u] + weight < distances[v]:
```

```

        distances[v] = distances[u] + weight
    for u in graph:
        for v, weight in graph[u].items():
            if distances[u] != float('inf') and distances[u] + weight < distances[v]:
                raise ValueError("Graph contains negative weight cycle")
    return distances

graph = {
    'A': {'B': -1, 'C': 4},
    'B': {'C': 3, 'D': 2, 'E': 2},
    'C': {},
    'D': {'B': 1, 'C': 5},
    'E': {'D': -3}
}

source = 'A'

shortest_distances = bellman_ford(graph, source)

print(shortest_distances)

output:
>> == RESTART: C:/Users/Neda Anjum/Documents/llab experiments daa/bellman ford.py =
>> {'A': 0, 'B': -1, 'C': 2, 'D': -2, 'E': 1}

```

4.floyds warshall algorithm:

Code:

V = 4

INF = 999

def floyd_warshall(G):

d = list(map(lambda i: list(map(lambda j: j, i)), G))

for k in range(V):

for i in range(V):

for j in range(V):

```

        d[i][j] = min(d[i][j], d[i][k] + d[k][j])
    print_solution(d)
def print_solution(d):
    for i in range(V):
        for j in range(V):
            if(d[i][j] == INF):
                print("INF", end=" ")
            else:
                print(d[i][j], end=" ")
        print(" ")
G = [[0, 3, INF, 5],
      [2, 0, INF, 4],
      [INF, 1, 0, INF],
      [INF, INF, 2, 0]]
floyd_warshall(G)

```

output:

```

==== RESTART: C:/Users/Neda Anjum/Documents/llab experiments daa/warshall.py
0 3 7 5
2 0 6 4
3 1 0 5
5 3 2 0

```