

B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING BENGALURU
Autonomous Institute, Affiliated to VTU



Lab Record

Artificial Intelligence

Submitted in partial fulfillment for the 5th Semester Laboratory

Bachelor of Technology
in
Computer Science and Engineering

Submitted by:

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B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Artificial Intelligence (20CS5PCAIP) laboratory has been carried out by **HEMAMALA MN (1BM20CS056)** during the 5th Semester October-January-2023.

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Program 1: Implement Tic –Tac –Toe Game.

```
board = ['
' for x in
range(10)]

def insertLetter(letter, pos):
    board[pos] = letter

def spaceIsFree(pos):
    return board[pos] == ' '

def printBoard(board):
    print('   |   |')
    print(' ' + board[1] + ' | ' + board[2] + ' | ' + board[3])
    print('   |   |')
    print('-----')
    print('   |   |')
    print(' ' + board[4] + ' | ' + board[5] + ' | ' + board[6])
    print('   |   |')
    print('-----')
    print('   |   |')
    print(' ' + board[7] + ' | ' + board[8] + ' | ' + board[9])
    print('   |   |')

def isWinner(bo, le):
    return (bo[7] == le and bo[8] == le and bo[9] == le) or (bo[4] == le and
bo[5] == le and bo[6] == le) or (
        bo[1] == le and bo[2] == le and bo[3] == le) or (bo[1] == le and
bo[4] == le and bo[7] == le) or (
            bo[2] == le and bo[5] == le and bo[8] == le) or (
            bo[3] == le and bo[6] == le and bo[9] == le) or (
            bo[1] == le and bo[5] == le and bo[9] == le) or (bo[3] ==
le and bo[5] == le and bo[7] == le)

def playerMove():
```

```

run = True
while run:
    move = input('Please select a position to place an \'X\' (1-9): ')
    try:
        move = int(move)
        if move > 0 and move < 10:
            if spaceIsFree(move):
                run = False
                insertLetter('X', move)
            else:
                print('Sorry, this space is occupied!')
        else:
            print('Please type a number within the range!')
    except:
        print('Please type a number!')

def compMove():
    possibleMoves = [x for x, letter in enumerate(board) if letter == ' ' and x
!= 0]
    move = 0

    for let in ['O', 'X']:
        for i in possibleMoves:
            boardCopy = board[:]
            boardCopy[i] = let
            if isWinner(boardCopy, let):
                move = i
                return move

    cornersOpen = []
    for i in possibleMoves:
        if i in [1, 3, 7, 9]:
            cornersOpen.append(i)

    if len(cornersOpen) > 0:
        move = selectRandom(cornersOpen)
        return move

    if 5 in possibleMoves:
        move = 5
        return move

    edgesOpen = []
    for i in possibleMoves:
        if i in [2, 4, 6, 8]:

```

```

        edgesOpen.append(i)

    if len(edgesOpen) > 0:
        move = selectRandom(edgesOpen)

    return move

def selectRandom(li):
    import random
    ln = len(li)
    r = random.randrange(0, ln)
    return li[r]

def isBoardFull(board):
    if board.count(' ') > 1:
        return False
    else:
        return True

def main():
    print('Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!')
    printBoard(board)

    while not (isBoardFull(board)):
        if not (isWinner(board, 'O')):
            playerMove()
            printBoard(board)
        else:
            print('Sorry, O\'s won this time!')
            break

    if not (isWinner(board, 'X')):
        move = compMove()
        if move == 0:
            print('Tie Game!')
        else:
            insertLetter('O', move)
            print('Computer placed an \'O\' in position', move, ':')
            printBoard(board)
    else:
        print('X\'s won this time! Good Job!')
        break

```

```

if isBoardFull(board):
    print('Tie Game!')

while True:
    answer = input('Do you want to play again? (Y/N)')
    if answer.lower() == 'y' or answer.lower == 'yes':
        board = [' ' for x in range(10)]
        print('-----')
        main()
    else:
        break

```

Output:

```

Do you want to play again? (Y/N)Y
-----
Welcome to Tic Tac Toe!
| | |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |

```

```

Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 2
| | |
X | X |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
-----
| | | 0
| | |
Computer placed an 'O' in position 3 :
| | |
X | X | 0
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
-----
| | | 0
| | |

```

```

Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 1
| | |
X | | |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
Computer placed an 'O' in position 9 :
| | |
X | | |
| | |
-----
| | |
| | |
-----
| | | 0
| | |

```

```

Please select a position to place an 'X' (1-9): 4
| | |
X | X | 0
| | |
-----
| | |
X | | |
| | |
-----
| | | 0
| | |
Computer placed an 'O' in position 6 :
| | |
| | |
Sorry, O's won this time!
Do you want to play again? (Y/N)

```

Program 2: Solve 8 puzzle problem using bfs.

```
def bfs(src,target):
    queue = []
    queue.append(src)

    exp = []

    while len(queue) > 0:
        source = queue.pop(0)
        exp.append(source)

        print(source)

        if source==target:
            print("success")
            return

        poss_moves_to_do = []
        poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)

        for move in poss_moves_to_do:

            if move not in exp and move not in queue:
                queue.append(move)

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    #index of empty spot
    b = state.index(-1)

    #directions array
    d = []
    #Add all the possible directions

    if b not in [0,1,2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [0,3,6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d.append('r')

    # If direction is possible then add state to move
    pos_moves_it_can = []

    # for all possible directions find the state if that move is played
```



```

    ### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given
directions

```

```

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))

    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not
in visited_states]
def gen(state, m, b):
    temp = state.copy()

    if m=='d':
        temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]

    if m=='u':
        temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]

    if m=='l':
        temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]

    if m=='r':
        temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]

    # return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
    return temp

```

Output:

```

src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
bfs(src, target)

```

```

[1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]
[-1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, -1, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, -1, 8]
[2, -1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, -1, 8]
[1, -1, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]
success

```

```

src = [2,-1,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target=[1,2,3,8,-1,4,7,6,5]
bfs(src, target)

```

```

[2, -1, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[-1, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, -1, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, -1, 5]
[2, 8, 3, -1, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, -1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, -1, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, -1, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, -1]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[-1, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, -1]
[2, 8, -1, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, -1, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, -1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
success

```

Program 3: Solve 8 puzzle problem using iddfs.

DATE:31/03/2021

```
def dfs(src,target,limit,visited_states):
    if src == target:
        return True
    if limit <= 0:
        return False
    visited_states.append(src)
    moves = possible_moves(src,visited_states)
    for move in moves:
        if dfs(move, target, limit-1, visited_states):
            return True
    return False

def possible_moves(state,visited_states):
    b = state.index(-1)
    d = []
    if b not in [0,1,2]:
        d += 'u'
    if b not in [6,7,8]:
        d += 'd'
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d += 'r'
    if b not in [0,3,6]:
        d += 'l'
    pos_moves = []
    for move in d:
        pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
    return [move for move in pos_moves if move not in visited_states]

def gen(state, move, blank):
    temp = state.copy()
    if move == 'u':
        temp[blank-3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-3]
    if move == 'd':
        temp[blank+3], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+3]
    if move == 'r':
        temp[blank+1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank+1]
    if move == 'l':
        temp[blank-1], temp[blank] = temp[blank], temp[blank-1]
    return temp

def iddfs(src,target,depth):
    for i in range(depth):
```

```
visited_states = []  
if dfs(src,target,i+1,visited_states):  
    return True  
return False
```

Output:

```
In [5]: #Test 1  
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]  
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]  
  
depth = 1  
iddfs(src, target, depth)
```

Out[5]: False

```
In [6]: #Test 2  
src = [3,5,2,8,7,6,4,1,-1]  
target = [-1,3,7,8,1,5,4,6,2]  
  
depth = 1  
iddfs(src, target, depth)
```

Out[6]: False

```
In [7]: # Test 2  
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]  
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]  
  
depth = 1  
iddfs(src, target, depth)
```

Out[7]: True

Program 4: Solve 8 puzzle problem using A*.

class Node:

```
def __init__(self, data, level, fval):  
    """ Initialize the node with the data, level of the node and the calculated fvalue """  
    self.data = data  
    self.level = level  
    self.fval = fval
```

```
def generate_child(self):  
    """ Generate child nodes from the given node by moving the blank space  
    either in the four directions {up,down,left,right} """  
    x, y = self.find(self.data, '_')  
    """ val_list contains position values for moving the blank space in either of  
    the 4 directions [up,down,left,right] respectively. """  
    val_list = [[x, y - 1], [x, y + 1], [x - 1, y], [x + 1, y]]  
    children = []  
    for i in val_list:  
        child = self.shuffle(self.data, x, y, i[0], i[1])  
        if child is not None:  
            child_node = Node(child, self.level + 1, 0)  
            children.append(child_node)  
    return children
```

```
def shuffle(self, puz, x1, y1, x2, y2):  
    """ Move the blank space in the given direction and if the position value are out  
    of limits the return None """  
    if x2 >= 0 and x2 < len(self.data) and y2 >= 0 and y2 < len(self.data):  
        temp_puz = []  
        temp_puz = self.copy(puz)  
        temp = temp_puz[x2][y2]  
        temp_puz[x2][y2] = temp_puz[x1][y1]  
        temp_puz[x1][y1] = temp  
        return temp_puz  
    else:  
        return None
```

```
def copy(self, root):  
    """ Copy function to create a similar matrix of the given node """  
    temp = []  
    for i in root:  
        t = []  
        for j in i:  
            t.append(j)  
        temp.append(t)  
    return temp
```

```

def find(self, puz, x):
    """ Specifically used to find the position of the blank space """
    for i in range(0, len(self.data)):
        for j in range(0, len(self.data)):
            if puz[i][j] == x:
                return i, j

```

```

class Puzzle:

```

```

    def __init__(self, size):
        """ Initialize the puzzle size by the specified size, open and closed lists to empty """
        self.n = size
        self.open = []
        self.closed = []

```

```

    def accept(self):
        """ Accepts the puzzle from the user """
        puz = []
        for i in range(0, self.n):
            temp = input().split(" ")
            puz.append(temp)
        return puz

```

```

    def f(self, start, goal):
        """ Heuristic Function to calculate heuristic value  $f(x) = h(x) + g(x)$  """
        return self.h(start.data, goal) + start.level

```

```

    def h(self, start, goal):
        """ Calculates the different between the given puzzles """
        temp = 0
        for i in range(0, self.n):
            for j in range(0, self.n):
                if start[i][j] != goal[i][j] and start[i][j] != '_':
                    temp += 1
        return temp

```

```

    def process(self):
        """ Accept Start and Goal Puzzle state """
        print("Enter the start state matrix \n")
        start = self.accept()
        print("Enter the goal state matrix \n")
        goal = self.accept()

        start = Node(start, 0, 0)
        start.fval = self.f(start, goal)
        """ Put the start node in the open list """

```

```

self.open.append(start)
print("\n\n")
while True:
    cur = self.open[0]
    print("")

    print(" | ")
    print(" | ")

    print(" \\\'/ \n")
    for i in cur.data:
        for j in i:
            print(j, end=" ")
        print("")
        """ If the difference between current and goal node is 0 we have reached the goal node """
        if (self.h(cur.data, goal) == 0):
            break
    for i in cur.generate_child():
        i.fval = self.f(i, goal)
        self.open.append(i)
    self.closed.append(cur)
    del self.open[0]

    """ sort the open list based on f value """
    self.open.sort(key=lambda x: x.fval, reverse=False)

```

Output:

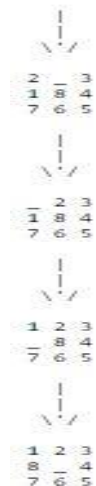
```
puz = Puzzle(3)
puz.process()
```

Enter the start state matrix

2	-	3
1	8	4
7	6	5

Enter the goal state matrix

1	2	3
8	-	4
7	6	5



Program 5: Implement vacuum cleaner agent.

```
def
vacuum_world():

    # initializing goal_state
    # 0 indicates Clean and 1 indicates Dirty
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0

    location_input = input("Enter Location of Vacuum") #user_input of
location vacuum is placed
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input) #user_input if
location is dirty or clean
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other room")
    print("Initial Location Condition" + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        # Location A is Dirty.
        print("Vacuum is placed in Location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location A is Dirty.")
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1                                #cost for suck
            print("Cost for CLEANING A " + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been Cleaned.")

        if status_input_complement == '1':
            # if B is Dirty
            print("Location B is Dirty.")
            print("Moving right to the Location B. ")
            cost += 1                                #cost for moving right
            print("COST for moving RIGHT" + str(cost))
            # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
            goal_state['B'] = '0'
            cost += 1                                #cost for suck
            print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
            print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")
        else:
            print("No action" + str(cost))
            # suck and mark clean
            print("Location B is already clean.")
```

```

if status_input == '0':
    print("Location A is already clean ")
    if status_input_complement == '1':# if B is Dirty
        print("Location B is Dirty.")
        print("Moving RIGHT to the Location B. ")
        cost += 1 #cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving RIGHT " + str(cost))
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1 #cost for suck
        print("Cost for SUCK" + str(cost))
        print("Location B has been Cleaned. ")
    else:
        print("No action " + str(cost))
        print(cost)
        # suck and mark clean
        print("Location B is already clean.")

else:
    print("Vacuum is placed in location B")
    # Location B is Dirty.
    if status_input == '1':
        print("Location B is Dirty.")
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1 # cost for suck
        print("COST for CLEANING " + str(cost))
        print("Location B has been Cleaned.")

    if status_input_complement == '1':
        # if A is Dirty
        print("Location A is Dirty.")
        print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")
        cost += 1 # cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving LEFT" + str(cost))
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['A'] = '0'
        cost += 1 # cost for suck
        print("COST for SUCK " + str(cost))
        print("Location A has been Cleaned.")

    else:
        print(cost)
        # suck and mark clean

```



```

        print("Location B is already clean.")

    if status_input_complement == '1': # if A is Dirty
        print("Location A is Dirty.")
        print("Moving LEFT to the Location A. ")

        cost += 1 # cost for moving right
        print("COST for moving LEFT " + str(cost))
        # suck the dirt and mark it as clean
        goal_state['A'] = '0'
        cost += 1 # cost for suck
        print("Cost for SUCK " + str(cost))
        print("Location A has been Cleaned. ")
    else:
        print("No action " + str(cost))
        # suck and mark clean
        print("Location A is already clean.")

# done cleaning
print("GOAL STATE: ")
print(goal_state)
print("Performance Measurement: " + str(cost))

vacuum_world()

```

Output:

```

Enter Location of VacuumA
Enter status of A1
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in Location A
Location A is Dirty.
Cost for CLEANING A 1
Location A has been Cleaned.
Location B is Dirty.
Moving right to the Location B.
COST for moving RIGHT2
COST for SUCK 3
Location B has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 3

```

```

Enter Location of Vacuum A
Enter status of A0
Enter status of other room0
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in location B
0
Location B is already clean.
No action 0
Location A is already clean.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 0

```

```
Enter Location of VacuumB
Enter status of B0
Enter status of other room1
Initial Location Condition{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Vacuum is placed in location B
0
Location B is already clean.
Location A is Dirty.
Moving LEFT to the Location A.
COST for moving LEFT 1
Cost for SUCK 2
Location A has been Cleaned.
GOAL STATE:
{'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
Performance Measurement: 2
```

Program 6: Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not

```
combinations=[(True,True,
True),(True,True,False),(True,False,True),(True,False, False),(False,True,
True),(False,True, False),(False, False,True),(False,False, False)]
variable={'p':0,'q':1, 'r':2}
kb=''
q=''
priority={'~':3,'v':1,'^':2}

def input_rules():
    global kb, q
    kb = (input("Enter rule: "))
    q = input("Enter the Query: ")

def entailment():
    global kb, q
    print('*'*10+"Truth Table Reference"+"*"*10)
    print('kb','alpha')
    print('*'*10)
    for comb in combinations:
        s = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(kb), comb)
        f = evaluatePostfix(toPostfix(q), comb)
        print(s, f)
        print('-'*10)
        if s and not f:
            return False
    return True

def isOperand(c):
    return c.isalpha() and c!='v'

def isLeftParanthesis(c):
    return c == '('

def isRightParanthesis(c):
    return c == ')'

def isEmpty(stack):
    return len(stack) == 0

def peek(stack):
    return stack[-1]

def hasLessOrEqualPriority(c1, c2):
    try:
        return priority[c1]<=priority[c2]
```

```

except KeyError:
    return False

def toPostfix(infix):
    stack = []
    postfix = ''
    for c in infix:
        if isOperand(c):
            postfix += c
        else:
            if isLeftParanthesis(c):
                stack.append(c)
            elif isRightParanthesis(c):
                operator = stack.pop()
                while not isLeftParanthesis(operator):
                    postfix += operator
                    operator = stack.pop()
            else:
                while (not isEmpty(stack)) and hasLessOrEqualPriority(c,
peek(stack)):
                    postfix += stack.pop()
                    stack.append(c)
            while (not isEmpty(stack)):
                postfix += stack.pop()

    return postfix

def evaluatePostfix(exp, comb):
    stack = []
    for i in exp:
        if isOperand(i):
            stack.append(comb[variable[i]])
        elif i == '~':
            val1 = stack.pop()
            stack.append(not val1)
        else:
            val1 = stack.pop()
            val2 = stack.pop()
            stack.append(_eval(i, val2, val1))
    return stack.pop()

def _eval(i, val1, val2):
    if i == '^':
        return val2 and val1
    return val2 or val1

```

Output:

```
#Test 1
input_rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
    print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
else:
    print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
```

```
Enter rule: ( $\sim q \vee \sim p \vee r$ ) $^{\wedge}(\sim q \wedge p) \wedge q$ 
Enter the Query: r
*****Truth Table Reference*****
kb alpha
*****
False True
-----
False False
-----
False True
-----
False False
-----
False True
-----
False False
-----
False True
-----
False False
-----
The Knowledge Base entails query
```

```
#Test 2
input_rules()
ans = entailment()
if ans:
    print("The Knowledge Base entails query")
else:
    print("The Knowledge Base does not entail query")
```

```
Enter rule:  $(p \vee q) \wedge (\sim r \vee p)$ 
Enter the Query:  $p \wedge r$ 
*****Truth Table Reference*****
kb alpha
*****
True True
-----
True False
-----
The Knowledge Base does not entail query
```

Program 7: Create a knowledgebase using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution.

```
import re

def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split_terms(clause)
        return f'{t[1]}v{t[0]}'
    return ''

def split_terms(rule):
    exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms

def contradiction(query, clause):
    contradictions = [ f'{query}v{negate(query)}', f'{negate(query)}v{query}' ]
    return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

def resolve(kb, query):
    temp = kb.copy()
    temp += [negate(query)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(query)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0
    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i + 1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 2:
                        if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                            clauses += [f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}']
                        else:
                            if contradiction(query, f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}'):
                                temp.append(f'{gen[0]}v{gen[1]}')
            i += 1
        j += 1
```

```

        steps[''] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}
to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
        \nA contradiction is found when

{negate(query)} is assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true."
        return steps
    elif len(gen) == 1:
        clauses += [f'{gen[0]}']
    else:
        if contradiction(query, f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}'):
            temp.append(f'{terms1[0]}v{terms2[0]}')
            steps[''] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to
{temp[-1]}, which is in turn null. \
            \nA contradiction is found when {negate(query)} is
assumed as true. Hence, {query} is true."
            return steps
        for clause in clauses:
            if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and
reverse(clause) not in temp:
                temp.append(clause)
                steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.'
            j = (j + 1) % n
            i += 1
        return steps

def resolution(kb, query):
    kb = kb.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(kb, query)
    print('\nStep\t|Clause\t|Derivation\t')
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f' {i}.\t| {step}\t| {steps[step]}\t')
        i += 1

def main():
    print("Enter the kb:")
    kb = input()
    print("Enter the query:")
    query = input()
    resolution(kb, query)

```

Output:

```
#test 1
#(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
main()
```

Enter the kb:

Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ

Enter the query:

R

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	Rv~P	Given.
2.	Rv~Q	Given.
3.	~RvP	Given.
4.	~RvQ	Given.
5.	~R	Negated conclusion.
6.		Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

```
#test 2
#(P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>~(S=>Q)
main()
```

Enter the kb:

PvQ PvR ~PvR RvS Rv~Q ~Sv~Q

Enter the query:

R

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	PvQ	Given.
2.	PvR	Given.
3.	~PvR	Given.
4.	RvS	Given.
5.	Rv~Q	Given.
6.	~Sv~Q	Given.
7.	~R	Negated conclusion.
8.	QvR	Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR.
9.	Pv~S	Resolved from PvQ and ~Sv~Q.
10.	P	Resolved from PvR and ~R.
11.	~P	Resolved from ~PvR and ~R.
12.	Rv~S	Resolved from ~PvR and Pv~S.
13.	R	Resolved from ~PvR and P.
14.	S	Resolved from RvS and ~R.
15.	~Q	Resolved from Rv~Q and ~R.
16.	Q	Resolved from ~R and QvR.
17.	~S	Resolved from ~R and Rv~S.
18.		Resolved ~R and R to ~RvR, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

Program 8: Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = "(" .join(expression)
    expression = expression.split(")")[:-1]
    expression = ")" .join(expression)
    attributes = expression.split(',')
    return attributes

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
        new, old = substitution
        exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)
    return exp

def checkOccurs(var, exp):
    if exp.find(var) == -1:
        return False
    return True

def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    return attributes[0]

def getRemainingPart(expression):
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
```

```

newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
return newExpression

def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []

    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            print(f"{exp1} and {exp2} are constants. Cannot be unified")
            return []

    if isConstant(exp1):
        return [(exp1, exp2)]

    if isConstant(exp2):
        return [(exp2, exp1)]

    if isVariable(exp1):
        return [(exp2, exp1)] if not checkOccurs(exp1, exp2) else []

    if isVariable(exp2):
        return [(exp1, exp2)] if not checkOccurs(exp2, exp1) else []

    if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
        print("Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!")
        return []

    attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
    attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
    if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
        print(f"Length of attributes {attributeCount1} and {attributeCount2}
do not match. Cannot be unified")
        return []

    head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
    head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
    initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
    if not initialSubstitution:
        return []
    if attributeCount1 == 1:
        return initialSubstitution

    tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
    tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

    if initialSubstitution != []:
        tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)

```

```

        tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

    remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
    if not remainingSubstitution:
        return []

    return initialSubstitution + remainingSubstitution

def main():
    print("Enter the first expression")
    e1 = input()
    print("Enter the second expression")
    e2 = input()
    substitutions = unify(e1, e2)
    print("The substitutions are:")
    print([' / '.join(substitution) for substitution in substitutions])

```

Output:

```
main()
```

```

Enter the first expression
knows(f(x),y)
Enter the second expression
knows(J,John)
The substitutions are:
['J / f(x)', 'John / y']

```

```
main()
```

```

Enter the first expression
Student(x)
Enter the second expression
Teacher(Rose)
Cannot be unified as the predicates do not match!
The substitutions are:
[]

```

```
main()
```

```

Enter the first expression
knows(John,x)
Enter the second expression
knows(y,Mother(y))
The substitutions are:
['John / y', 'Mother(y) / x']

```

```
main()
```

```
Enter the first expression
```

```
like(A,y)
```

```
Enter the second expression
```

```
like(K,g(x))
```

```
A and K are constants. Cannot be unified
```

```
The substitutions are:
```

```
[]
```

Program 9: Convert given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
import re

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in matches if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-z~]+\([A-Za-z,]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def DeMorgan(sentence):
    string = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    string = string.replace('~~', '')
    flag = '[' in string
    string = string.replace('~[', '')
    string = string.strip(']')
    for predicate in getPredicates(string):
        string = string.replace(predicate, f'~{predicate}')
    s = list(string)
    for i, c in enumerate(string):
        if c == 'V':
            s[i] = '^'
        elif c == '^':
            s[i] = 'V'
    string = ''.join(s)
    string = string.replace('~~', '')
    return f'[{string}]' if flag else string

def Skolemization(sentence):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    statement = ''.join(list(sentence).copy())
    matches = re.findall('[V3].', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, '')
        statements = re.findall('\\[[^\]]+\]', statement)
        for s in statements:
            statement = statement.replace(s, s[1:-1])
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ''.join(attributes).islower():
                statement =
statement.replace(match[1], SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
            else:
                aL = [a for a in attributes if a.islower()]
                aU = [a for a in attributes if not a.islower()][0]
```

```

        statement = statement.replace(aU, f'{SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0)}('

{aL[0] if len(aL) else match[1]})')
    return statement

def fol_to_cnf(fol):

    statement = fol.replace("<=>", "_")
    while '_' in statement:
        i = statement.index('_')
        new_statement = '[' + statement[:i] + '=>' + statement[i+1:] + '^[' +
statement[i+1:] + '=>' + statement[:i] + ']'
        statement = new_statement
    statement = statement.replace("=>", "-")
    expr = '\[((^)]+)\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    while '-' in statement:
        i = statement.index('-')
        br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
        new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + 'V' + statement[i+1:]
        statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else
new_statement
    while '~V' in statement:
        i = statement.index('~V')
        statement = list(statement)
        statement[i], statement[i+1], statement[i+2] = 'E', statement[i+2],
'~'

        statement = ''.join(statement)
    while '~E' in statement:
        i = statement.index('~E')
        s = list(statement)
        s[i], s[i+1], s[i+2] = 'V', s[i+2], '~'
        statement = ''.join(s)
    statement = statement.replace('~[V', '[~V')
    statement = statement.replace('~[E', '[~E')
    expr = '(~[VVE])'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
    expr = '~\[((^)]+)\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for s in statements:
        statement = statement.replace(s, DeMorgan(s))

```

return statement

Output

```
#Test 1  
main()
```

```
Enter FOL:  
∀x food(x) => likes(John, x)  
The CNF form of the given FOL is:  
~ food(A) V likes(John, A)
```

```
#Test 2  
main()
```

```
Enter FOL:  
∀x[∃z[loves(x,z)]]  
The CNF form of the given FOL is:  
[loves(x,B(x))]
```

```
#Test 3  
main()
```

```
Enter FOL:  
[american(x)^weapon(y)^sells(x,y,z)^hostile(z)] => criminal(x)  
The CNF form of the given FOL is:  
[~american(x)V~weapon(y)V~sells(x,y,z)V~hostile(z)] V criminal(x)
```

Program 10: Create a knowledgebase consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.

```
import re

def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()

def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-z~]+\)\([^^\&|]+\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

class Fact:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
        self.predicate = predicate
        self.params = params
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())

    def splitExpression(self, expression):
        predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
        params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('()').split(',')
        return [predicate, params]

    def getResult(self):
        return self.result

    def getConstants(self):
        return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

    def getVariables(self):
        return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

    def substitute(self, constants):
        c = constants.copy()
        f = f"{self.predicate}({'.'.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p)
else p for p in self.params])})"
        return Fact(f)

class Implication:
```



```

def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    l = expression.split('=>')
    self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
    self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

def evaluate(self, facts):
    constants = {}
    new_lhs = []
    for fact in facts:
        for val in self.lhs:
            if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                    if v:
                        constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                new_lhs.append(fact)
    predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])
    for key in constants:
        if constants[key]:
            attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])
    expr = f'{predicate}{attributes}'
    return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in
new_lhs]) else None

class KB:
    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))
        for i in self.implications:
            res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
            if res:
                self.facts.add(res)

    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
        i = 1
        print(f'Querying {e}:')
        for f in facts:
            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
                print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
                i += 1

```

```

def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

def main():
    kb = KB()

    print("Enter KB: (enter e to exit)")
    while True:
        t = input()
        if(t == 'e'):
            break
        kb.tell(t)
    print("Enter Query:")
    q = input()
    kb.query(q)
    kb.display()

```

Output:

```

main()
Enter KB: (enter e to exit)
missile(x)=>weapon(x)
missile(M1)
enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)
american(West)
enemy(Nono,America)
owns(Nono,M1)
missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)
american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)
e
Enter Query:
criminal(x)
Querying criminal(x):
  1. criminal(West)
All facts:
  1. missile(M1)
  2. sells(West,M1,Nono)
  3. hostile(Nono)
  4. owns(Nono,M1)
  5. weapon(M1)
  6. criminal(West)
  7. american(West)
  8. enemy(Nono,America)

```

