

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

Unix Shell Programming Lab Report

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “**UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING**” carried out by **HEMAMALA MN(1BM20CS056)**, who is a bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Unix Shell Programming - (20CS5PCUSP)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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Index

Sl. No.	Date	Experiment Title	Page No.
1	28/11/22	A shell script which displays the number of words and lines in a file.	4
2	28/11/22	Shell script which displays list of files in a given directory.	5
3	5/12/22	Shell script to display area of a circle	6
4	5/12/22	Shell script to display largest of three numbers	7
5	5/12/22	Shell script to display whether the entered number is a positive, negative or a zero number	8
6	5/12/22	Shell script to display whether the entered arguments are equal or not	9
7	12/12/22	Shell script to display whether the entered year is a leap year or not	10
8	12/12/22	Shell script to display the gross salary of an employee	11
9	12/12/22	Shell script to convert from fahrenheit to celsius	12
10	12/12/22	Shell script to perform arithmetic operations using CASE statements	13
11	19/12/22	Shell script to find the factorial of a number	14
12	19/12/22	Shell script to find the sum of even number	15
13	19/12/22	Shell script to find the power of a number	16
14	19/12/22	Shell script to find the sum of 'N' numbers	17
15	2/1/23	Shell script to print all combinations of '1 2 3'	18
16	2/1/23	Shell script to find GCD and LCM of the entered number	19

17	2/1/23	Shell script that file name as arguments and searches for a specific word on the file and stops when word is found	20
18	9/1/23	Shell script to check the number of line, words and characters on an entered file	21
19	9/1/23	Shell script to display count, sum of positive number and sum of negative numbers	
20			
21			

Program 1

Aim of the program - A shell script which displays the number of words and lines in a file.

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
ls
```

```
echo Enter a filename :
```

```
read fname
```

```
echo -n Number of lines is :
```

```
wc -l $fname | head -c 3
```

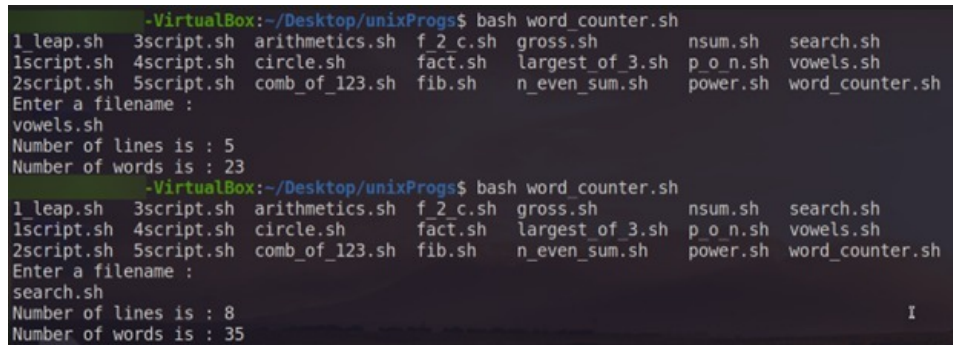
```
echo
```

```
echo -n Number of words is :
```

```
wc -w $fname | head -c 3
```

echo

Output Screen shot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ bash word_counter.sh
1_leap.sh 3script.sh arithmetics.sh f_2_c.sh gross.sh nsum.sh search.sh
1script.sh 4script.sh circle.sh fact.sh largest_of_3.sh p_o_n.sh vowels.sh
2script.sh 5script.sh comb_of_123.sh fib.sh n_even_sum.sh power.sh word_counter.sh
Enter a filename :
vowels.sh
Number of lines is : 5
Number of words is : 23
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ bash word_counter.sh
1_leap.sh 3script.sh arithmetics.sh f_2_c.sh gross.sh nsum.sh search.sh
1script.sh 4script.sh circle.sh fact.sh largest_of_3.sh p_o_n.sh vowels.sh
2script.sh 5script.sh comb_of_123.sh fib.sh n_even_sum.sh power.sh word_counter.sh
Enter a filename :
search.sh
Number of lines is : 8
Number of words is : 35
```

Program 2

Aim of the program - Shell script which displays list of files in a given directory.

Program

#!/bin/bash

echo “list of files present in this directory:”

echo “enter directory name”

read dir

echo “list of files in this directory”

ls \$dir

Output screenshot

```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gedit env_contents.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gcc env_contents.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out
SHELL=/bin/bash
SESSION_MANAGER=local/hecker-VirtualBox:/@tmp/.ICE-unix/2338,unix/hecker-VirtualBox:/.ICE-unix/2338
QT_ACCESSIBILITY=1
COLORTERM=truecolor
XDG_CONFIG_DIRS=/etc/xdg/xdg-ubuntu:/etc/xdg
SSH_AGENT_LAUNCHER=gnome-keyring
XDG_MENU_PREFIX=gnome-
GNOME_DESKTOP_SESSION_ID=this-is-deprecated
LANGUAGE=en_IN:en
GNOME_SHELL_SESSION_MODE=ubuntu
SSH_AUTH_SOCK=/run/user/1000/keyring/ssh
XMODIFIERS=@im=ibus
DESKTOP_SESSION=ubuntu
GTK_MODULES=gail:atk-bridge
DBUS_STARTER_BUS_TYPE=session
PWD=/home/hecker/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs
LOGNAME=hecker
XDG_SESSION_DESKTOP=ubuntu
XDG_SESSION_TYPE=wayland
SYSTEMD_EXEC_PID=2338
XAUTHORITY=/run/user/1000/.mutter-Xwaylandauth.VLDIZI
HOME=/home/hecker
USERNAME=hecker
IM_CONFIG_PHASE=1
LANG=en_IN
LS_COLORS=rs=0:di=01;34:ln=01;36:mh=00:pi=40;33:so=01;35:do=01;35:bd=40;33;01:cd=40;33;01:or=40;31;01:mi=00:su=37;41:sg=30;43:ca=30;41:tw=30;42:ow=34;42:st=37;44:ex=01;32:*.tar=01;31:*.tgz=01;31:*.arc=01;31:*.arj=01;31:*.taz=01;31:*.lha=01;31:*.lz4=01;31:*.lzh=01;31:*.lzma=01;31:*.tlz=01;31:*.txz=01;31:*.tzo=01;31:*.t7z=01;31:*.zip=01;31:*.z=01;31:*.dz=01;31:*.gz=01;31:*.lrz=01;31:*.lz0=01;31:*.lzo=01;31:*.xz=01;31:*.zst=01;31:*.tzt=01;31:*.bz2=01;31:*.bz=01;31:*.tbz=01;31:*.tbz2=01;31:*.tz=01;31:*.deb=01;31:*.rpm=

```

Program - 3

Aim of the program - To find the area of the circle

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter the radius of the circle : "
```

```
read r
```

```
echo "Area of circle is `echo 3.14*$r^2 | bc`"
```

Output Screenshot

```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh circle.sh
Enter the radius of the circle : 1
Area of circle is 3.14
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh circle.sh
Enter the radius of the circle : 10
Area of circle is 314.00
```

Program 4

Aim of the Program - To find the largest of three numbers

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter 3 numbers : "
```

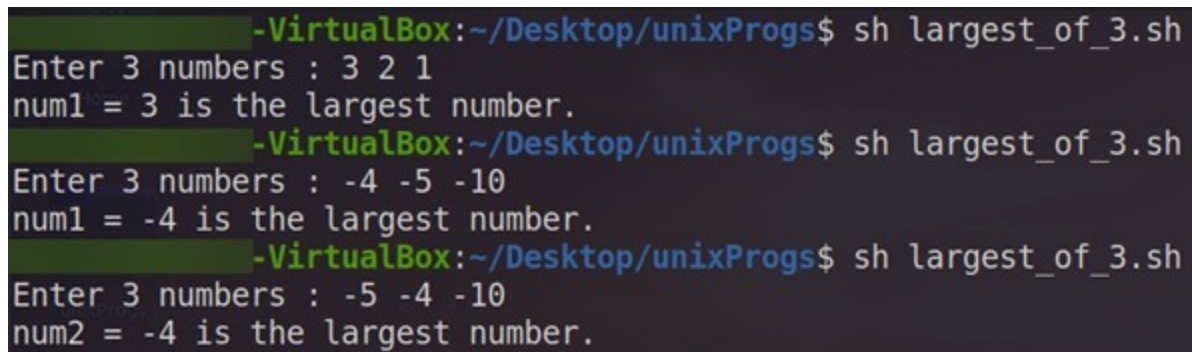
```
read num1 num2 num3
```

```
if [ $num1 -gt $num2 ] && [ $num1 -gt $num3 ]
```

```
then
```

```
        echo num1 = $num1 is the largest number.
    elif [ $num2 -gt $num1 ] && [ $num2 -gt $num3 ]
    then
        echo num2 = $num2 is the largest number.
    else
        echo num3 = $num3 is the largest number.
    fi
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh largest_of_3.sh
Enter 3 numbers : 3 2 1
num1 = 3 is the largest number.
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh largest_of_3.sh
Enter 3 numbers : -4 -5 -10
num1 = -4 is the largest number.
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh largest_of_3.sh
Enter 3 numbers : -5 -4 -10
num2 = -4 is the largest number.
```

Program 5

Aim of the Program - Shell program to find whether a number is a positive, negative or zero

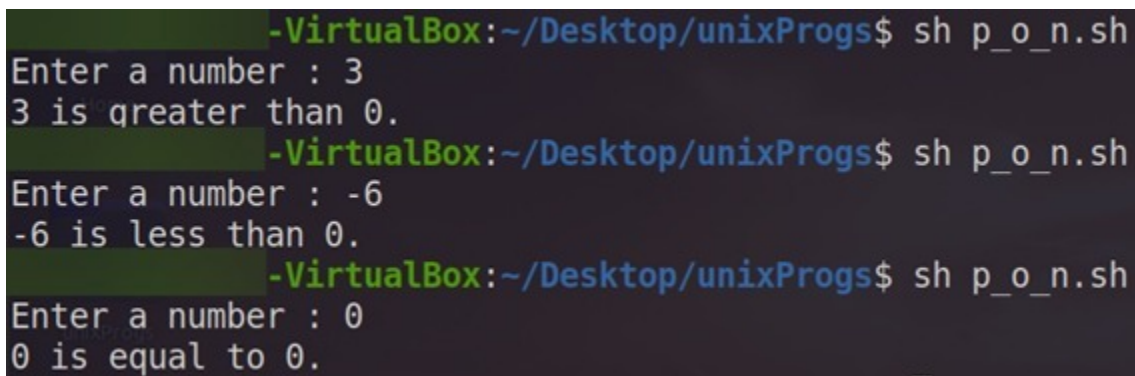
Program

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter a number"
read num
if [ $num -lt 0 ]
then
```



```
echo "Negative"
elif [$num -gt 0]
echo "Positive"
else
echo " It is 0"
fi
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh p_o_n.sh
Enter a number : 3
3 is greater than 0.
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh p_o_n.sh
Enter a number : -6
-6 is less than 0.
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh p_o_n.sh
Enter a number : 0
0 is equal to 0.
```

Program 6

Aim of the program - Shell program to find whether the entered two arguments are equal or not

Program

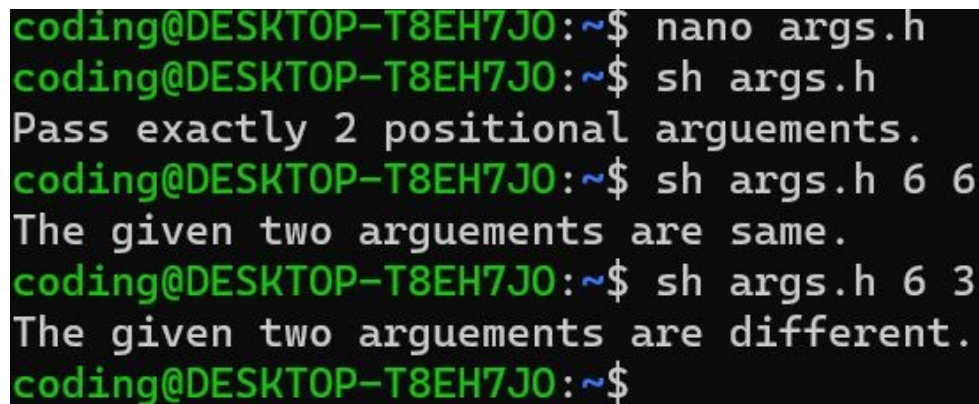
```
#!/bin/bash
if [ $# -eq 2 ]
then
    if [ $1 = $2 ]
    then
```

```

        echo "The two arguments are the same."
    else
        echo "The given two arguments are different."
    fi
else
    echo "Pass exactly 2 positional arguments."
fi

```

Output Screenshot



```

coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ nano args.h
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh args.h
Pass exactly 2 positional arguments.
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh args.h 6 6
The given two arguments are same.
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh args.h 6 3
The given two arguments are different.
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$

```

Program 7

Aim of the program - Shell programming to find whether a given year is a leap year or not

Program

```

#!/bin/bash

echo -n "Enter a year : "

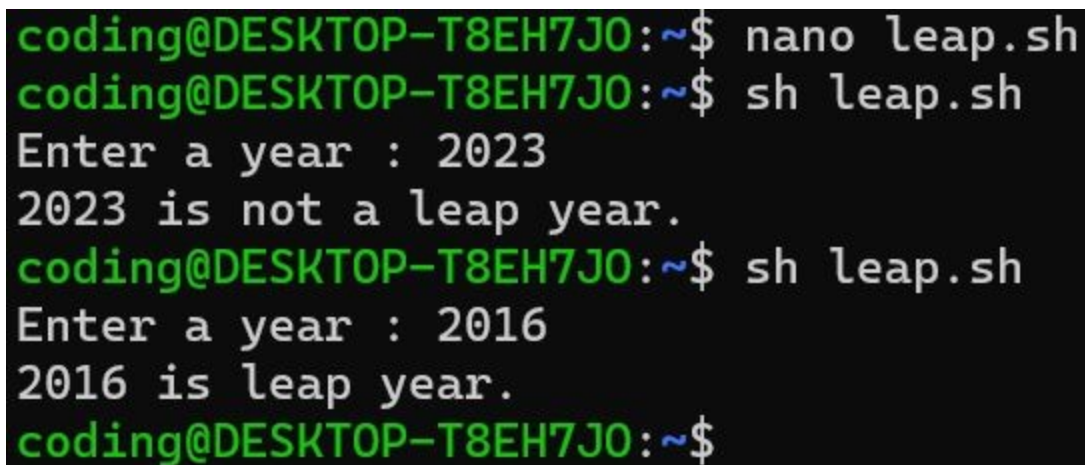
read y

if [ `expr $y % 400` -eq 0 ]
then

```

```
        echo $y is leap year.
elif [ `expr $y % 4` -eq 0 ] && [ `expr $y % 100` -ne 0 ]
then
        echo $y is leap year.
else
        echo $y is not a leap year.
fi
```

Output Screenshot



```
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ nano leap.sh
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh leap.sh
Enter a year : 2023
2023 is not a leap year.
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh leap.sh
Enter a year : 2016
2016 is leap year.
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$
```

Program - 8

Aim of the program - Shell programming to find the gross salary of an employee

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter the basic pay : "
```

```
read b
```

```
da=`echo "scale=4; $b * 0.1" | bc`
```

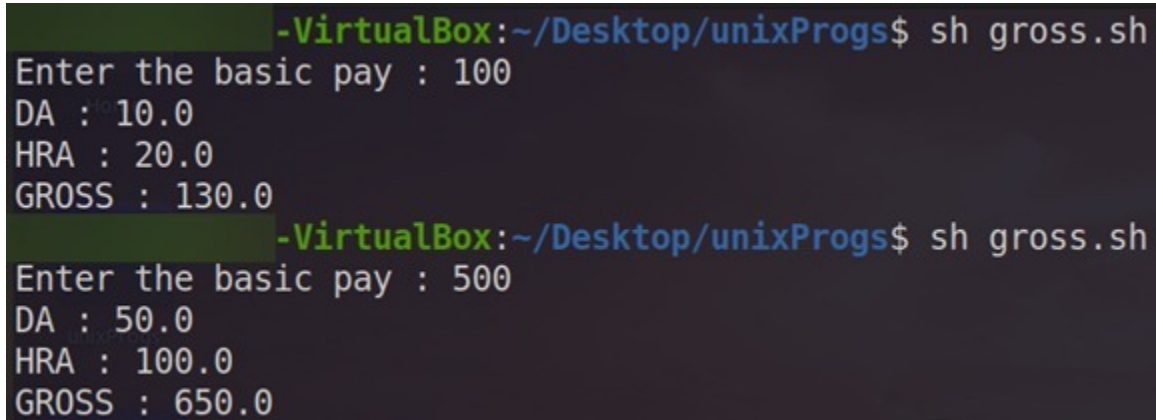
```
hra=`echo "scale=4; $b * 0.2" | bc`
```

```
echo "DA : $da"
```

```
echo "HRA : $hra"
```

```
echo "GROSS : `echo "scale=4; $b + $da + $hra" | bc` "
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh gross.sh
Enter the basic pay : 100
DA : 10.0
HRA : 20.0
GROSS : 130.0
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh gross.sh
Enter the basic pay : 500
DA : 50.0
HRA : 100.0
GROSS : 650.0
```

Program 9

Aim of program - Shell program to convert from fahrenheit to celsius

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter the temperature (in deg F) : "
```

```
read t
```

```
echo "scale=4; ($t - 32)*5/9" | bc
```

Output Screenshot

```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh f_2_c.sh
Enter the temperature (in deg F) : -40
-40.0000
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh f_2_c.sh
Enter the temperature (in deg F) : 212
100.0000
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh f_2_c.sh
Enter the temperature (in deg F) : 0
-17.7777
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh f_2_c.sh
Enter the temperature (in deg F) : 32
0
```

Program 10

Aim of the project - Shell program to do basic arithmetic operations using CASE.

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter two numbers : "
```

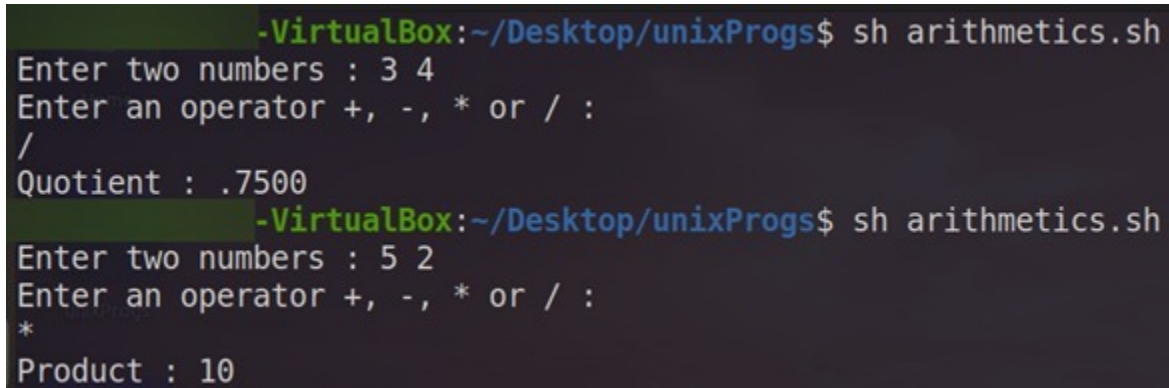
```
read x y
```

```
echo "Enter an operator +, -, * or / : "
```

```
read sign
```

`echo "scale=4; $x $sign $y" | bc`

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh arithmetics.sh
Enter two numbers : 3 4
Enter an operator +, -, * or / :
/
Quotient : .7500
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh arithmetics.sh
Enter two numbers : 5 2
Enter an operator +, -, * or / :
*
Product : 10
```

Program 11

Aim of the program - Shell script to find the factorial of a number

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter a number : "
```

```
read num
```

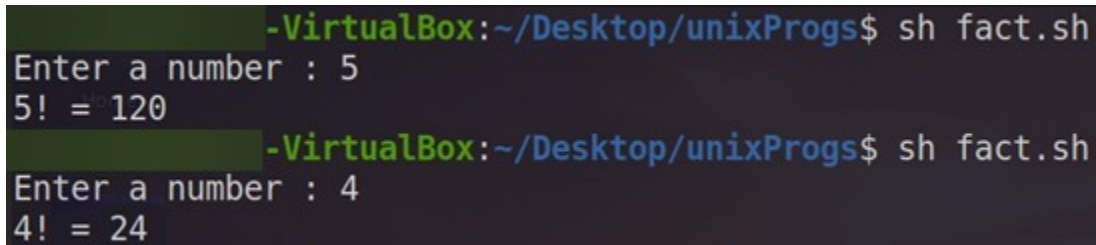
```
num_copy=$num
```

```
ans=1
```

```
while [ $num -gt 0 ]
```

```
do
    ans=`expr $ans \* $num `
    num=`expr $num - 1`
done
echo "$num_copy! = $ans"
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh fact.sh
Enter a number : 5
5! = 120
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh fact.sh
Enter a number : 4
4! = 24
```

Program 12

Aim of the program - Shell script to print the sum of even numbers

Program

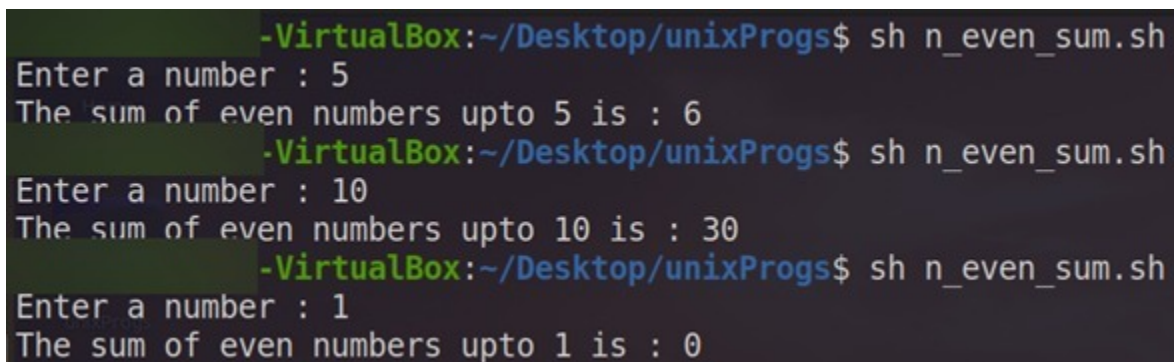
```
#!/bin/bash
echo -n "Enter a number : "
read n
sum=0
n2=$n
if [ $(( $n % 2 )) -ne 0 ]
```

```

then
    n=$(( $n - 1 ))
fi
while [ $n -gt 0 ]
do
    sum=$(( $sum + $n ))
    n=$(( $n - 2 ))
done
echo "The sum of even numbers up to $n2 is : $sum"

```

Output Screenshot



```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh n_even_sum.sh
Enter a number : 5
The sum of even numbers upto 5 is : 6
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh n_even_sum.sh
Enter a number : 10
The sum of even numbers upto 10 is : 30
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh n_even_sum.sh
Enter a number : 1
The sum of even numbers upto 1 is : 0

```

Program 13

Aim of the Program - Shell script to find the power of a given number

Program

```

#!/bin/bash
echo -n "Enter a number : "
read n
echo -n "Enter the exponent : "
read exp
res=1

```



```
while [ $exp -gt 0 ]
do
    res=`expr $res \* $n`
    exp=`expr $exp - 1`
done
echo "Result is : $res"
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh power.sh
Enter a number : 10
Enter the exponent : 2
Result is : 100
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh power.sh
Enter a number : 2
Enter the exponent : 3
Result is : 8
```

Program 14

Aim of the program - Shell script to find the sum of N numbers up to N numbers

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
echo -n "Enter a number : "
read num
ans=0
i=$num
```

```

while [ $i -gt 0 ]
do
    ans=`expr $i + $ans`
    i=`expr $i - 1`
done
echo "Sum of $num numbers is : $ans"

```

Output Screenshot



```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh nsum.sh
Enter a number : 10
Sum of 10 numbers is : 55
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh nsum.sh
Enter a number : 3
Sum of 3 numbers is : 6

```

Program 15

Aim of the Program - Shell program to find all the combinations of the numbers '1 2 3'

Program

```

#!/bin/bash
for i in 1 2 3;do
    for j in 1 2 3;do
        for k in 1 2 3;do
            if [ $i -ne $j ] && [ $j -ne $k ] && [ $k -ne $i ]

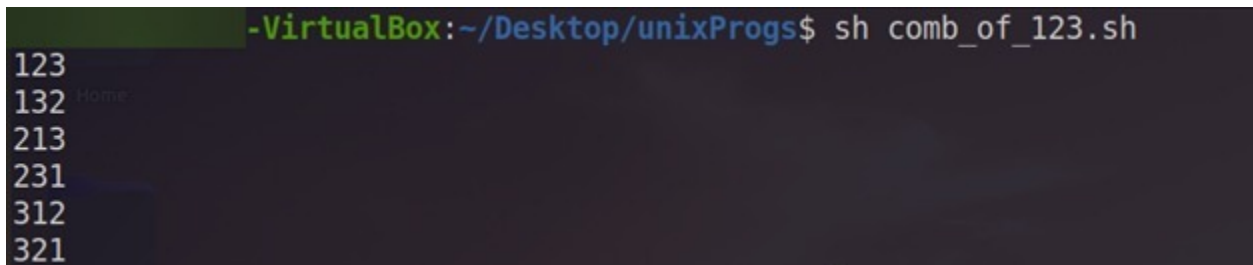
```

```

        then
        echo "$i$j$k"
        fi
    done
done
done

```

Output Screenshot



```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/unixProgs$ sh comb_of_123.sh
123
132
213
231
312
321

```

Program 16

Aim of Program - Shell program to find GCD and LCM of a number

Program

```

#!/bin/bash
echo -n "Enter 2 numbers : "
read num1 num2
n1=$num1
n2=$num2
#echo $n1 $n2

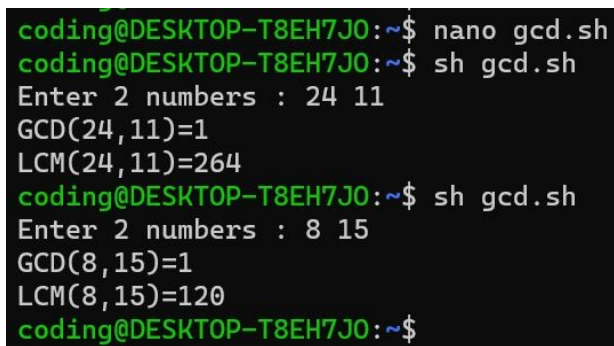
```

```

rem=`expr $num1 % $num2`
while [ $rem -ne 0 ]
do
    rem=`expr $num1 % $num2`
    num1=$num2
    num2=$rem
done
lcm=$((($n1*$n2/$num1))
echo "GCD($n1,$n2)=$num1"
echo "LCM($n1,$n2)=$lcm"

```

Output Screenshot



```

coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ nano gcd.sh
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh gcd.sh
Enter 2 numbers : 24 11
GCD(24,11)=1
LCM(24,11)=264
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh gcd.sh
Enter 2 numbers : 8 15
GCD(8,15)=1
LCM(8,15)=120
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$

```

Program 17

Aim of the Program - Shell script that takes a filename as arguments and searches for a specific word on the file and stops when the word is found

Program

```

#!/bin/bash
if [ $# -lt 2 ]
then
    echo "Insufficient parameters"
else

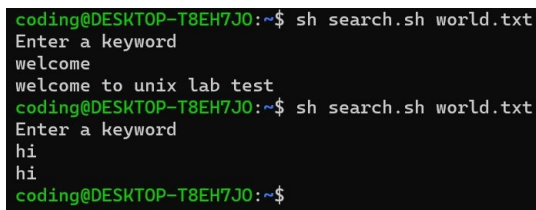
```

```

pattern=$1
shift
for filename in "$@"
do
    grep "$pattern" $filename
    if [ $? -eq 0 ]
    then
        echo "Pattern found in $filename"
        exit
    fi
done
fi

```

Output Screenshot



```

coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh search.sh world.txt
Enter a keyword
welcome
welcome to unix lab test
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh search.sh world.txt
Enter a keyword
hi
hi
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$

```

Program 18

Aim of the Program - Shell script to find the number of lines, words and characters

Program

```

#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter the name of the file:" \c
read name
echo "The number of lines are:"
wc -l $name

```

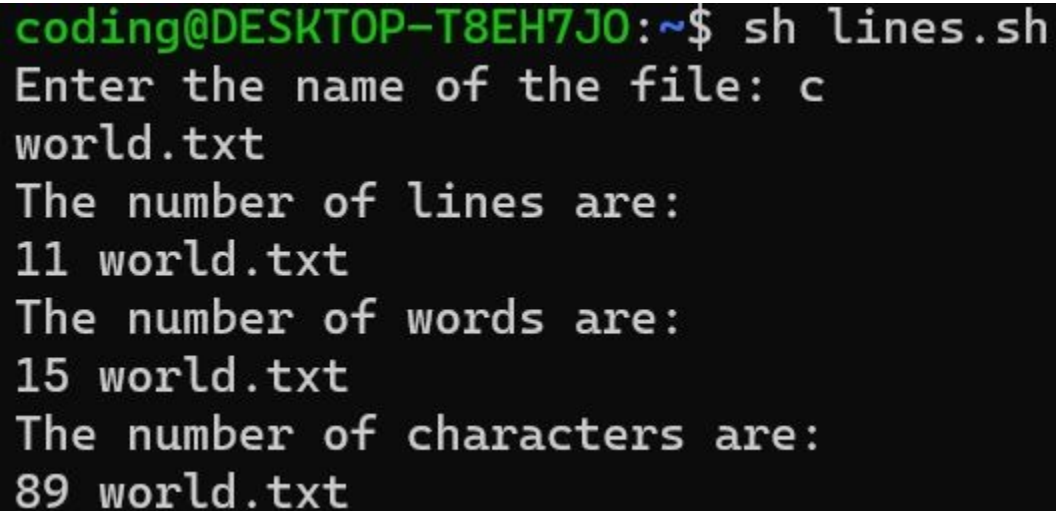
echo "The number of words are:"

wc -w \$name

echo "The number of characters are:"

wc -c \$name

Output Screenshot



```
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh lines.sh
Enter the name of the file: c
world.txt
The number of lines are:
11 world.txt
The number of words are:
15 world.txt
The number of characters are:
89 world.txt
```

Program 19

Aim of the Program - Shell program to enter N numbers and display it's count, sum of positive and negative numbers separately

Program

#!/bin/bash

echo -n "Enter the value of n : "

read n

n_cp=\$n

pos_count=0

```

neg_count=0
neg_total=0
pos_total=0
while [ $n -gt 0 ]
do
    echo -n "Enter number `expr $n_cp - $n + 1` : "
    read cur
    if [ $cur -gt 0 ]
    then
        pos_count=$((pos_count+1))
        pos_total=$((pos_total+$cur))
    elif [ $cur -lt 0 ]
    then
        neg_count=$((neg_count+1))
        neg_total=$((neg_total+$cur))
    fi
    n=$((n-1))
done
echo "Positive Numbers : $pos_count "
echo "Negative Numbers : $neg_count "
echo "Pos sum : $pos_total "
echo "Neg sum : $neg_total "

```

Output Screenshot

```
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7JO:~$ sh count.sh
Enter the value of n : 10
Enter number 1 : -2
Enter number 2 : 5
Enter number 3 : 11
Enter number 4 : -40
Enter number 5 : 31
Enter number 6 : -22
Enter number 7 : 31
Enter number 8 : -1
Enter number 9 : -10
Enter number 10 : -24
Positive Numbers : 4
Negative Numbers : 6
Pos sum : 78
Neg sum : -99
```

Program 20

Aim of the Program - Shell script to find the sum of last two prime numbers before the entered N number

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
echo -n "Enter a number : "
```



```

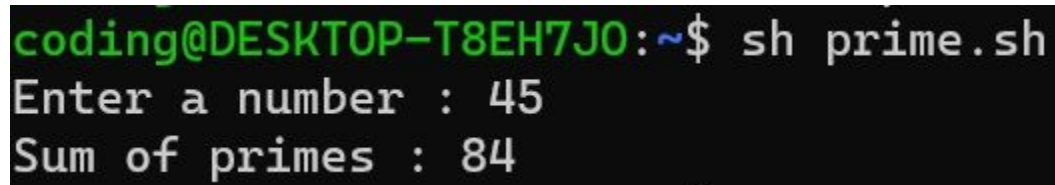
read n
count=0
prime_sum=0
while [ $n -gt 2 ] && [ $count -lt 2 ]
do
    flag=1
    n_copy=$n
    divider=$((n_copy-1))
    while [ $divider -ge 2 ]
    do
        if [ $((n_copy % divider)) -eq 0 ]
        then
            #          echo "$n_copy $divider"
            flag=0
            break
        fi
        divider=$((divider-1))
    done
    if [ $flag -eq 1 ]
    then
        #          echo "$n_copy"
        prime_sum=$((prime_sum+n_copy))
        count=$((count+1))
    fi
    n=$((n-1))

```

done

echo "Sum of primes : \$prime_sum"

Output Screenshot



```
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7JO:~$ sh prime.sh
Enter a number : 45
Sum of primes : 84
```

Program 21

Aim of the Program - Shell script to form a diamond like pattern for entered N number

Program

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```

echo -n "Enter the value of n : "
read n
stars=1
n_cp=$n
while [ $n -gt 0 ]
do
    spaces=$((n-1))
    star2=$stars
    while [ $spaces -gt 0 ]
    do
        echo -n " "
        spaces=$((spaces-1))
    done
    while [ $star2 -gt 0 ]
    do
        echo -n "*"
        star2=$((star2-1))
    done
    echo " "
    n=$((n-1))
    stars=$((stars+2))
done
stars=$((stars-2))
spaces=1
while [ $n_cp -gt 0 ]

```

```
do
    spaces2=$spaces
    stars=$((stars-2))
    star2=$((stars))
    while [ $spaces2 -gt 0 ]
    do
        echo -n " "
        spaces2=$((spaces2-1))
    done
    while [ $star2 -gt 0 ]
    do
        echo -n "*"
        star2=$((star2-1))
    done
    echo " "
    n_cp=$((n_cp-1))
    spaces=$((spaces+1))
done
```

Output Screenshot

```
coding@DESKTOP-T8EH7J0:~$ sh pattern.sh
Enter the value of n : 8
      *
     ***
    *****
   ********
  **********
 **********
 **********
 **********
 **********
 **********
  **********
   **********
    *****
     ***
      *
```

SYSTEM PROGRAMS

Program 1

Aim of the Program - Write a C/C++ program to that outputs the contents of its Environment list

Program

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[ ])
{
int i;

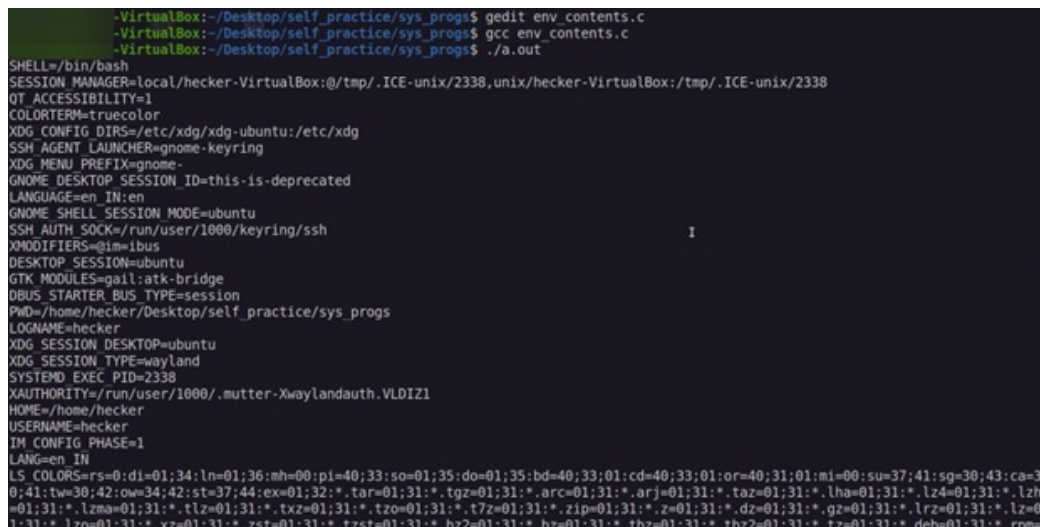
char **ptr;

extern char **environ;

for( ptr = environ; *ptr != 0; ptr++ ) /*echo all env strings*/
printf("%s\n", *ptr);

return 0;
}
```

Output Screenshot



```
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gedit env_contents.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gcc env_contents.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out
SHELL=/bin/bash
SESSION_MANAGER=local/hecker-VirtualBox:~/tmp/.ICE-unix/2338,unix/hecker-VirtualBox:~/tmp/.ICE-unix/2338
QT_ACCESSIBILITY=1
COLORTERM=truecolor
XDG_CONFIG_DIRS=/etc/xdg/xdg-ubuntu:/etc/xdg
SSH_AGENT_LAUNCHER=gnome-keyring
XDG_MENU_PREFIX=gnome-
GNOME_DESKTOP_SESSION_ID=this-is-deprecated
LANGUAGE=en_IN:en
GNOME_SHELL_SESSION_MODE=ubuntu
SSH_AUTH_SOCK=/run/user/1000/keyring/ssh
XMODIFIERS=@im=ibus
DESKTOP_SESSION=ubuntu
GTK_MODULES=gail:atk-bridge
DBUS_STARTER_BUS_TYPE=session
PWD=/home/hecker/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs
LOGNAME=hecker
XDG_SESSION_DESKTOP=ubuntu
XDG_SESSION_TYPE=wayland
SYSTEMD_EXEC_PID=2338
XAUTHORITY=/run/user/1000/.mutter-Xwaylandauth.VLDIZ1
HOME=/home/hecker
USERNAME=hecker
TM_CONFIG_PHASE=1
LANG=en_IN
LS_COLORS=rs=0:di=01;34:ln=01;36:mh=00:pi=40;33:so=01;35:do=01;35:bd=40;33;01:cd=40;33;01:or=40;31;01:mi=00:su=37;41:sg=30;43:ca=30;41:tw=30;42:ow=34;42:st=37;44:ex=01;32:*.tar=01;31:*.tgz=01;31:*.arc=01;31:*.arj=01;31:*.taz=01;31:*.lha=01;31:*.lz4=01;31:*.lzh=01;31:*.lzma=01;31:*.tlz=01;31:*.txz=01;31:*.tzo=01;31:*.t7z=01;31:*.zip=01;31:*.z=01;31:*.dz=01;31:*.gz=01;31:*.lrz=01;31:*.lz=01;31:*.lzo=01;31:*.xz=01;31:*.zst=01;31:*.tzst=01;31:*.bz2=01;31:*.bz=01;31:*.tbz=01;31:*.tbz2=01;31:*.taz=01;31:*.deb=01;31:*.rpm=
```

Program 2

Aim of the program - To emulate the unix line command

Program

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    if(argc < 3 || argc > 4 || (argc == 4 && strcmp(argv[1], "-s")))
    {
        printf("Usage: ./a.out [-s] <org_file> <new_link>\n");
        return 1;
    }
    if(argc == 4)
    {
        if((symlink(argv[2], argv[3])) == -1)
            printf("Cannot create symbolic link\n");
        else
            printf("Symbolic link created\n");
    }
    else
    {
        if((link(argv[1], argv[2])) == -1)
            printf("Cannot create hard link\n");
        else
```

```

        printf("Hard link created\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Output Screenshot

```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gedit ln_emulation.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gcc ln_emulation.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out
Usage: ./a.out [-s] <org_file> <new_link>
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ echo "Hello" > file1
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ cat file1
Hello
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out -s file1 file1
Cannot create symbolic link
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out -s file1 file2
Symbolic link created
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ls -l
total 28
-rwxrwxr-x 1 16080 Jan 28 23:08 a.out
-rw-rw-r-- 1 201 Jan 28 23:03 env_contents.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 6 Jan 28 23:09 file1
lrwxrwxrwx 1 5 Jan 28 23:09 file2 -> file1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 551 Jan 28 23:07 ln_emulation.c

```

Program 3

Aim of the Program - A POSIX compliant program that prints POSIX defined configurations option supported in any given system using feature test macro.

Program

```
#define _POSIX_SOURCE
#define _POSIX_C_SOURCE 199309L
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
int main()
{
    #ifdef _POSIX_JOB_CONTROL
        printf("System supports job control\n");
    #else
        printf("System does not support job control \n");
    #endif
    #ifdef _POSIX_SAVED_IDS
        printf("System supports saved set-UID and saved set-GID\n");
    #else
        printf("System does not support saved set-UID and saved set-GID\n");
    #endif
    #ifdef _POSIX_CHOWN_RESTRICTED
        printf("chown_restricted option is %d\n",_POSIX_CHOWN_RESTRICTED);
    #else
        printf("System does not support chown_restricted option \n");
    #endif
}
```

```

#ifdef _POSIX_NO_TRUNC
    printf("Pathname trunc option is %d\n", _POSIX_NO_TRUNC);
#else
    printf("System does not support system-wide pathname trunc
option \n");
#endif

#ifdef _POSIX_VDISABLE
    printf("Disable character for terminal files is
%d\n", _POSIX_VDISABLE);
#else
    printf(" System does not support _POSIX_VDISABLE \n");
#endif

return 0;
}

```

Output Screenshot



```

-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gedit posix.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ gcc posix.c
-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$ ./a.out
System supports job control
System supports saved set-UID and saved set-GID
chown_restricted option is 0
Pathname trunc option is 1
Disable character for terminal files is 0

```

Program 4

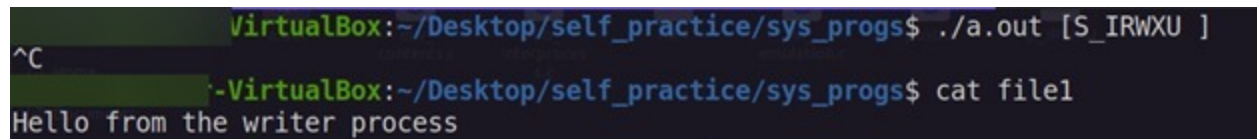
Aim of the Program - Write a program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader and a write process

Program

```
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<errno.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int fd;
    char buf[256];
    if(argc != 2 && argc != 3)
    {
        printf("USAGE %s <file> [<arg>]\n",argv[0]);
        return 0;
    }
    mkfifo(argv[1],S_IFIFO | S_IRWXU | S_IRWXG | S_IRWXO );
    if(argc == 2)
    {
        fd = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY|O_NONBLOCK);
        while(read(fd, buf, sizeof(buf)) > 0)
            printf("%s",buf);
    }
}
```

```
else
{
    fd = open(argv[1], O_WRONLY);
    write(fd,argv[2],strlen(argv[2]));
}
close(fd);
}
```

Output Screenshot



A terminal window screenshot showing the execution of a program. The prompt is `VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$`. The command `./a.out [S_IRWXU]` is entered. A carriage return `^C` is shown. The prompt changes to `-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/self_practice/sys_progs$`. The command `cat file1` is entered, and the output `Hello from the writer process` is displayed.

