# **CMR Engineering College**

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# 2022-26\_I\_CS\_B\_C Programming Lab

## C PROGRAMMING\_AUTOMATA FIX\_LOOPING STATEMENTS

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 100

Marks Obtained: 100

# Section 1: Automata Fix

1. Write a program to find the sum of the series [1-X^2/2!+X^4/4!-....].

```
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
unsigned factorial(int);
int main()
{
 float x,sum,t,d;
 int i,n;
  scanf("%f",&x);
 scanf("%d",&n);
  //scanf("%f",&x);
 sum = 0; t = 0;
 for (i=0;i<n;i++)
  d = (2*i);
  t = pow(-1,i)*pow(x,d)/factorial(d);
  sum =sum+t;
 printf("%.2f",sum);
```

```
}
unsigned factorial(int x){
  return x==0||x==1 ? 1 : x*factorial(x-1);
}
```

2. Write a program to print the pyramid pattern given below.

```
Answer
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i,j,spc,rows,k;
    scanf("%d",&rows);
    for(i=1;i<=rows;i++){
        printf(" ");
        for(j=0;j<rows-i;j++)        printf(" ");
        for(j=0;j<i;j++)        printf("* ");
        printf("\n");
    }
}</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Write a program to print the multiplication table of a given number.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int i, num;
   scanf("%d", &num);

   for(int i=1; i<=10; i++){
      printf("%d * %d = %d\n", num , i, num*i);
   }
}</pre>
```

```
return 0;
}
Status: Correct
                                                                   Marks: 10/10
4. Write a program to display the sum of the series [9 + 99 + 999 +
9999 ...].
Answer
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{ long int n;
 float sum =0;
 scanf("%ld",&n);
 for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
   printf("%.0f ",pow(10,i+1)-1);
   sum+=9*(i+1)*pow(10,n-i-1);
 printf("\n%.0f",sum);
Status: Correct
                                                                   Marks: 10/10
```

5. Write a program to find out the sum of an AP series.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main(){

  int n1,df,n2,i,ln;
  int s1=0;
  scanf("%d",&n1);
  scanf("%d",&n2);
  scanf("%d",&df);
```

```
printf("%d",n1);
for(int i=1;i<n2;i++)    printf(" + %d",n1+df*i);
printf(" = %d",n1*n2+(df*n2*(n2-1)/2));
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

6. Write a program to find the numbers and the sum of all integers that are divisible by a certain number in a given range.

### **Answer**

```
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int i, sum=0,start,end,k;
   scanf("%d%d%d",&start,&end,&k);
   for(i=start;i<=end;i++)
   {
     if(i%k==0)
      {
        printf("%d ",i);
        sum+=i;
      }
     printf("\nThe sum : %d",sum);
     return 0;
}</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

7. Write a program to display the n terms of odd natural numbers and their sum.

#### Answer

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
   int i,n,sum=0;
   scanf("%d",&n);

  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
   {
     printf("%d ",2*i+1);
     sum+=2*i+1;
   }

  printf("\n%d",sum);
}</pre>
```

8. Write a program to print the strong numbers within a given range.

Hint: A strong number is a special number whose sum of the factorial of digits is equal to the original number.

```
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, n, n1, s1=0,j,k,en,sn;
    long fact;
    scanf("%d", &sn);
    scanf("%d", &en);

for(k=sn;k<=en;k++)
    {
        n1=k;
        s1=0;

        for(j=n1;j!=0;j=j/10)
        {
            fact = 1;
            for(i=2; i<=j%10; i++)
```

```
{
    fact = fact*i;
}
    s1 += fact;
}

if(s1==n1)

printf("%d ", n1);
}
return 0;
}
```

9. Write a program to find the sum of the GP series.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
  float g1,cr,i,n,j;
  float ntrm,gpn;
  float sum=0;
  scanf("%f",&g1);
  scanf("%f",&ntrm);
  scanf("%f",&cr);
 printf("%.2f ",g1);
sum=g1;
for(int i=1; i<ntrm; i++){
  gpn=g1*pow(cr,i);
  sum+=gpn;
  printf("%.2f ",g1*pow(cr,i));
}
  printf("\n%.2f",sum);
  return 0;
```

}

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

10. Write a program to obtain a number and print it as a sum of two prime numbers.

#### Answer

```
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
  long int num,i,j,temp1,temp2,ctr=0;
  scanf("%ld",&num);
  for(i=2;i<=num/2;i++){
    for(j=2;j<=i/2;j++){
       if(i\%j==0)\{ctr++;break;\}
    if(ctr==0){
       for(j=2;j<=(num-i)/2;j++){}
         if((num-i)\%j==0)\{ctr++;break;\}
       if(ctr==0) printf("%ld + %ld\n",i,num-i);
    ctr=0;
  return 0;
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10