Practice - 3

1) Multiple Onene using 2D-wordy

```
# include < Stdio. W
# include (conto. w>
# include < Stdlib. W>
# define N
 int
     quem [3][N];
  int front [3] = { 0,0,06;
  int rear [ 3] = { -1, -1, -1};
  int item, px;
   yoid painsent (int pa) {
        (1-4= [K9] most ) fi
            print[ "In Onene overflow In"];
            else;
            E printf (" In enter the îtem In");
               8 couf (" y.d", & item );
               rear[pg] ++;
                quem [pr] [ reon [pr]] = item;
             return;
    Void padelek () {
```

in his

```
for (i=0; i <3; i++) {
            (1- [i] mon ] == [i] mon ) fi
               printf (" In Onene Empty In");
                printf ("deleted i tem is i'd of grew i'd
                                     ( ", quem [ i] [frou[i]], i+i];
                ; ++ [i] thout
                netwow;
   3
Void display () {
    int ini;
    fox( i=0; i<3; i++) {
        if ( near [i] = = front [i] -1)
           print (" In Quene empty r.d In", i+1);
        else s
             print (" Nu Queue Y.d: ", i+1);
             for( j = front [i]; j<= rear [i]; j++)
                ([[][i] manp & " +1 p. V.") Huired
 return;
void main (13}
   int ch;
    while (11 9
        print[" Priority Onene Operations h");
```

```
printf(" In 1. Painsat In2. Padelcte In3. Padisplay
         IN 4. Exit ");
Scarf (" Y.d", &ch);
 switch (ch)
     Case 1: paint ("Intute ten Priority
                             number (");
               scanf (" y.d", & pr);
               if (px>0 & 2 px < 4)
                 painent (px-1)
                 else
                    shiroing & yelvo n' ) Huing
                            exists 1,2,3 \");
                   preak;
     Cose 2: pgdelek ();
               break;
      Case 3: por display();
                break;
       Case 4: exit(0);
```

de Ascending & Descending Priority Quene

```
# include < stdio.h>
# include ( stdlib. h>
# define SIZE 5
    Painsent Pa[SIZE], f=0; x=1;
 int Paintent (int elem)
        if (afull ())
         Printf (" In Overflow !! In");
              ++ M!
              while ( Paci) > = elem && i > = 0)
                  PQ[i+1] = PO[i];
                 pasiti] = elem;
 int Padelele - ASC()
       int elem :
        if ( Dempty (1) {
              print (" | n Underflow!! \n");
              return (-1);
       2
```

```
else f
     elew = PB[f];
     t = t +1;
     return ( elem );
     3
 7
     Padelek-DES (1
     int elem;
      if ( Dempty ()) {

printf (" In Underflow!!!");

return (-1);
     3
      else
       5
       f=f+1;
        : [ 7- 15I2] B9 = wals
        return (elem);
      (1- 25IS = = x ) fi
   3
```

```
Void display - ASC ()
       if ( Bempty (1)
         print (" In Empty Onem in");
            fox(i=f;i<= n;i++)
            ([1]B9, "+1 b. ") Hirag
         3
     display-DESCIS
       jut i ;
       if ( Decupty (1)
       printfl" in Empty Omenein"),
          for (i = SIZE - (f+1); i> =0; i--) }
          ([i]B9,"+1 b.r") theirs
Void main (1 &
   int opn, ch, elew;
   printf (" Euler what you want : In 1. Ascending
             priority Onene la 2. Descending Privrity Onent
   Scouf (" Y.d", Lch);
          printf (" In ** * Privridy Onem Operation * *1")
```

```
printf(" lu 1-Insert lu 2-Delete lu 3-Display lu
                                      4- Exi+ 1 ~");
Scarf (" Y.d", Rober);
 Switch (opn)
        Case 1: printer l'un Enter element to be
                                    Inserted In");
                   scauf (" Y.d", & elem);
                   Painsent (elem);
                   break;
        (ace 2: if (cf == 1) {
                    elem = Padelek - AS( ();
                   if (elem 1=-1)
                      printf (" in Deleted Element is:
                                  yed In", elem);
                      break;
                  if (ck = = 2) h
                        elem = PBdelete-DES(); =
                         if ( elem 1 = -1)
                           printfl" In Deleted elements
                                   is: ".d 1", elcy)
                       break!
          Case 3: if (ch == 1) &
                     print ("In Quene In");
                     display- ASC ();
                     break
                 if (ch = = 2) &
```

```
printf (" la Onene : la");
      display - DESCI;
      break;
Care 4: exit(0);
default: print ("in Involid Option!!");
          break;
} while (opn != 4);
```