Date=20/08/2020 Lecture By=Shubham Joshi Subject ⇒ Heaps-3

IN PREVIOUS LECTURE (QUICK RECAP) Date-19/08/2020	In Today's Lecture (Overview)
Heapify in Heap Types of Heaps Minimum Heap Maximum Heap Questions For Self Practice // Assignment for the Day	⇒ Insertion of heap Question=2(From leetcode) MCQs Questions For Self practice // CC For The Day

⇒ Insertion of heap

Problem Description

The program creates a binary max-heap and presents a menu to the user to perform various operations on it.

Problem Solution

- 1. Create a class BinaryHeap with an instance variable item set to an empty list. This empty list is used to store the binary heap.
- 2. Define methods size, parent, left, right, get, get_max, extract_max, max_heapify, swap and insert.
- 3. The method size returns the number of elements in the heap.
- 4. The method parent takes an index as argument and returns the index of the parent.

- 5. The method left takes an index as argument and returns the index of its left child.
- 6. The method right takes an index as argument and returns the index of its right child.
- 7. The method takes an index as argument and returns the key at the index.
- 8. The method get_max returns the maximum element in the heap by returning the first element in the list items.
- 9. The method extract max returns the maximum element in the heap and removes it.
- 10. The method max_heapify takes an index as argument and modifies the heap structure at and below the node at this index to make it satisfy the heap property.
- 11. The method swap takes two indexes as arguments and swaps the corresponding elements in the heap.
- 12. The method insert takes a key as argument and adds that key to the heap.

Program/Source Code

```
class Heap:
    def __init__(self, heap_arr):
        self.heap_arr = heap_arr

def pop_max_element(self):
        max_ele = self.heap_arr[0]
        self.heap_arr[0], self.heap_arr[len(heap_arr) - 1] =

self.heap_arr[len(heap_arr) - 1], self.heap_arr[0]
        self.heap_arr.pop()
        self.prune_down(0)
        return max_ele

def prune_down(self, idx):
        if 2 * idx + 1 > len(self.heap_arr) - 1:
            return

left = 2 * idx + 1
```

```
right = 2 * idx + 2
        if left <= len(self.heap_arr) - 1 and self.heap_arr[max_idx] <</pre>
self.heap arr[left]:
            max idx = left
        if right <= len(self.heap arr) - 1 and self.heap arr[max idx] <</pre>
self.heap arr[right]:
            max idx = right
            self.heap arr[max idx], self.heap arr[idx] =
self.heap arr[idx], self.heap arr[max idx]
            self.prune down(max idx)
   def build heap(self):
       idx = len(self.heap arr) - 1
            self.prune down(idx)
       print("the heap build is ", self.heap arr)
   def heap sort(self):
        for i in range(len(self.heap arr)):
            print(self.pop max element())
if name == ' main ':
   heap arr = [55, 33, 11, 22, 33, 77, 88, 100]
   heap = Heap(heap arr)
   heap.build heap()
   heap.heap sort()
```

Question=2(From leetcode)

Find the kth largest element in an unsorted array

Note that it is the kth largest element in the sorted order, not the kth distinct element.

Example 1:

```
Input: [3,2,1,5,6,4] and k = 2
Output: 5

Example 2:
Input: [3,2,3,1,2,4,5,5,6] and k = 4
Output: 4
```

Note:

You may assume k is always valid, $1 \le k \le \text{array's length}$.

Code

```
ans.append(i)
count -= 1
if len(ans) == len(nums) - (k - 1):
    return ans[-1]
```

MCQs

1. What is the time complexity for building a max / min heap?
A.O(n)
B.O(nlogn)
C.O(n2)
2. What is the time complexity to get the max / min element from the heap?
A.O(k)
B.O(1)
C.O(logn)
D.O(nlogn)
3.when will prune down not work for max heap?
A.when left and right are not max heap
B.when left and right are not min heap

4.what is the best time complexity for finding the kth largest element in heap?		
A.(n - k) logk		
B.(n-k) logn n		
C.(n-k)		
D.nlogn		

Questions For Self practice // CC For The Day

https://leetcode.com/problems/kth-largest-element-in-an-array/