



Semantic Tags



Semantic elements

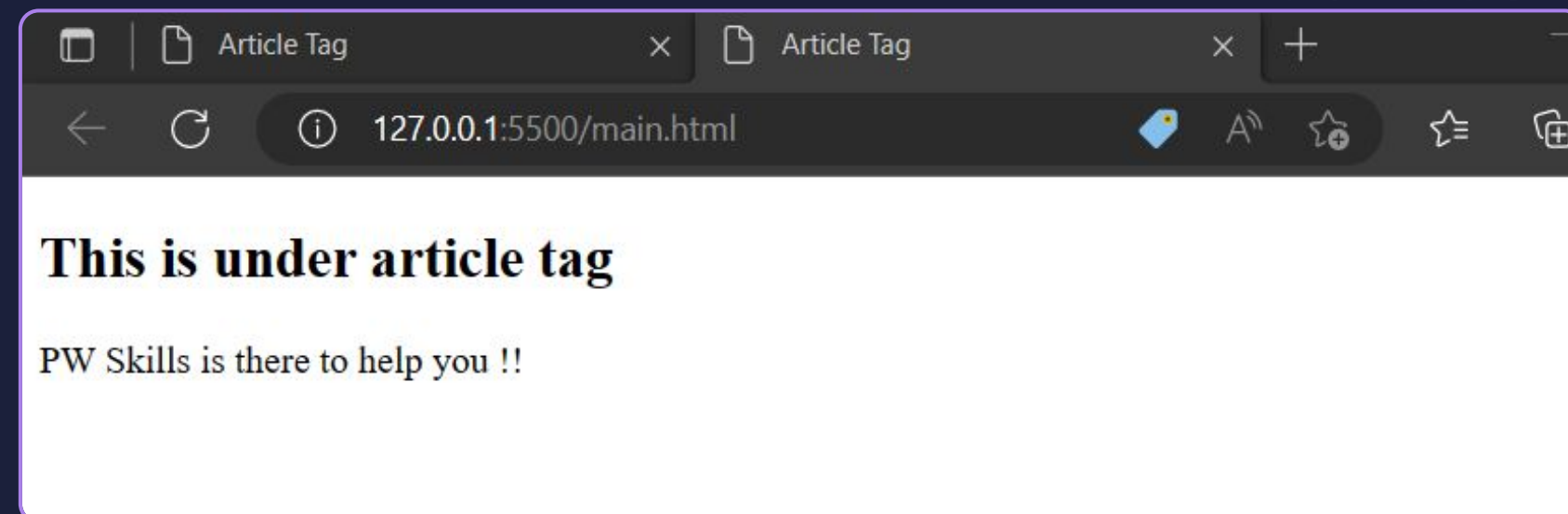
- Semantic elements have proper names that indicate the nature of the content.
- For instance, a table, footer, header, etc.
- HTML5 provides a number of semantic components that help developers create and comprehend code more easily and give browsers guidance on how to handle certain elements.

Different semantic tags

- article
- aside
- details
- figcaption
- figure
- footer
- header
- main
- mark
- nav
- section

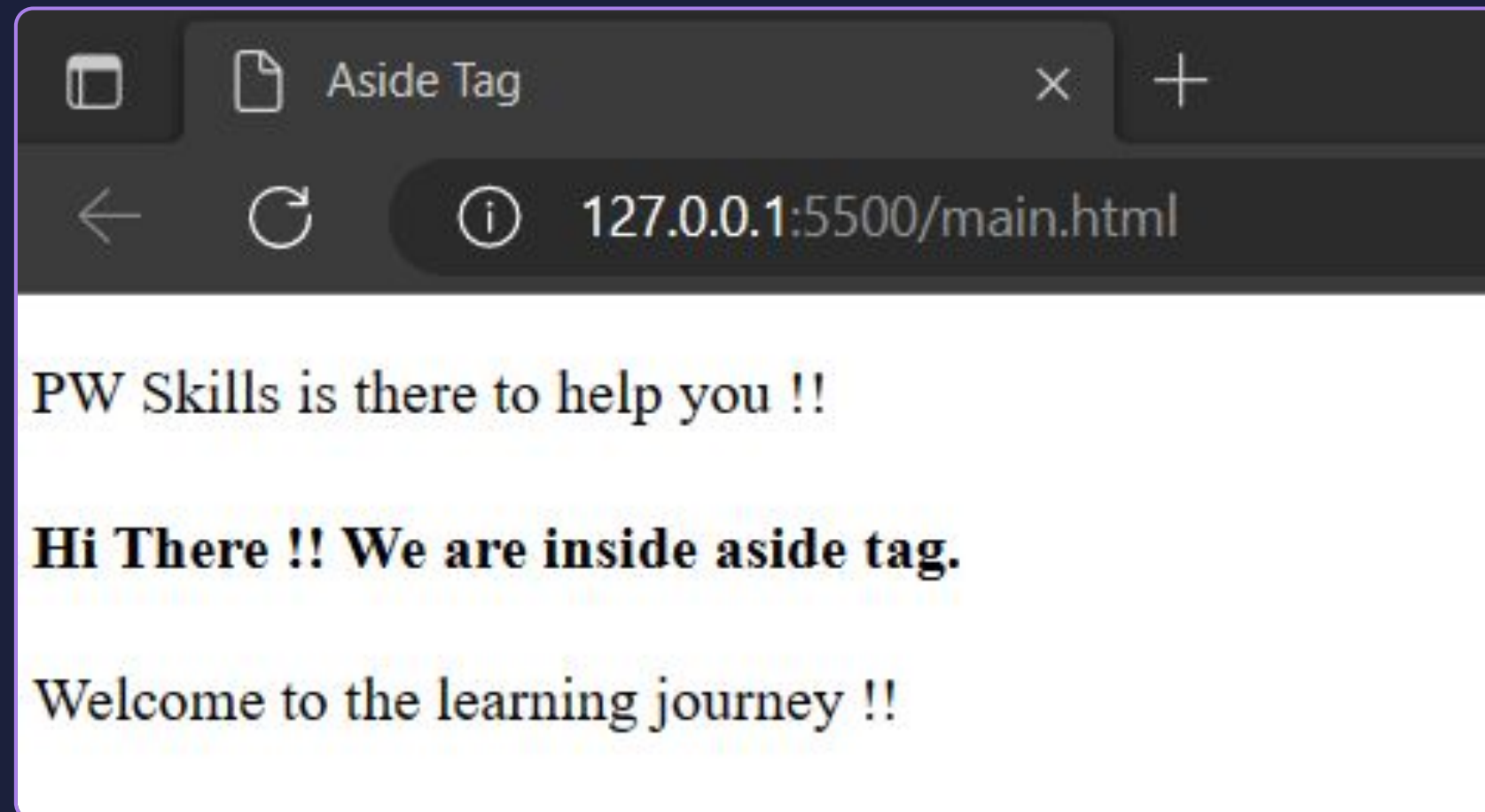
article tag

It contains independent content and doesn't require other context. Example: Blog Post, Newspaper Article etc.



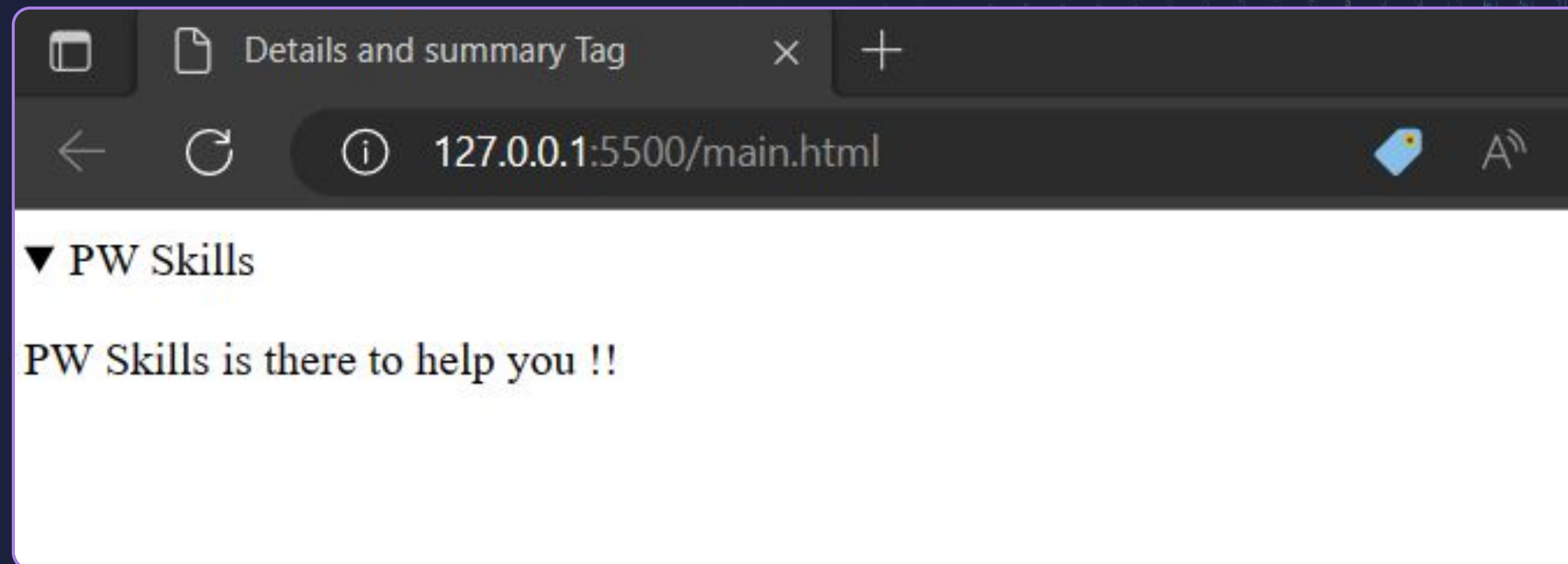
aside tag

is used to place content in a sidebar i.e. aside from the existing content



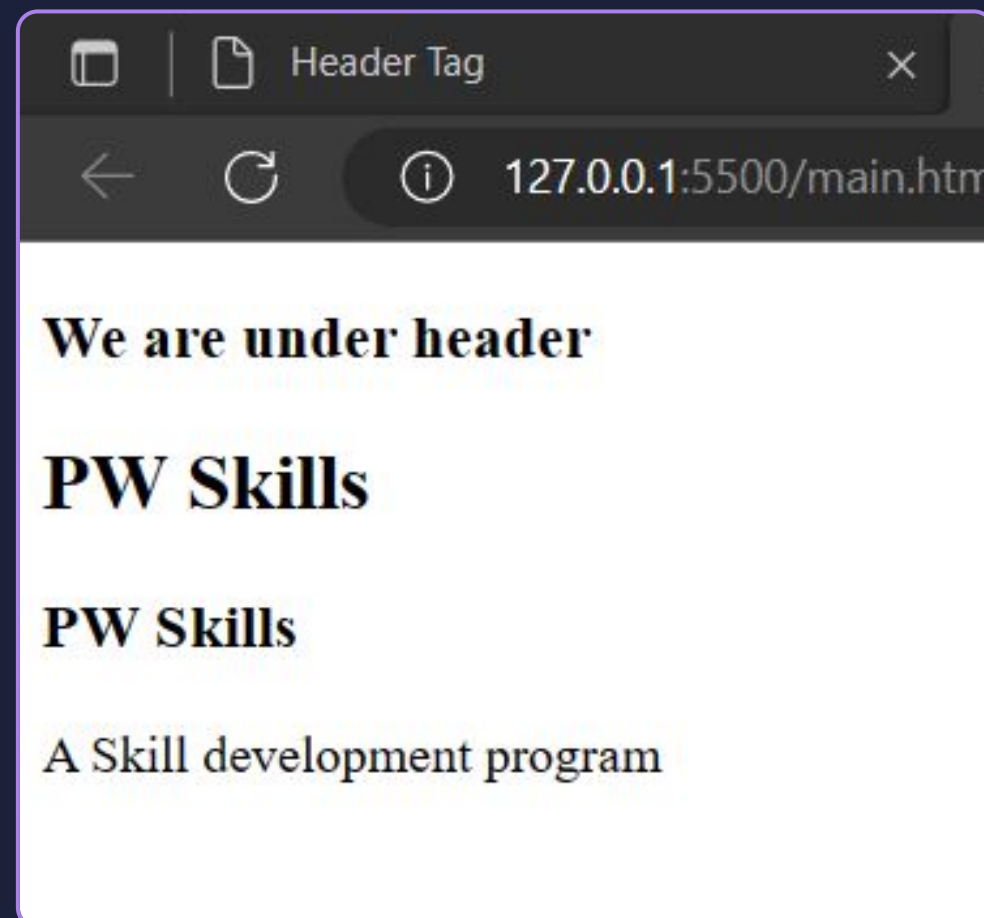
details and summary tag

“details” tag defines additional details that the user can hide/view. “summary” on the other hand defines the visible heading for a “details” element.



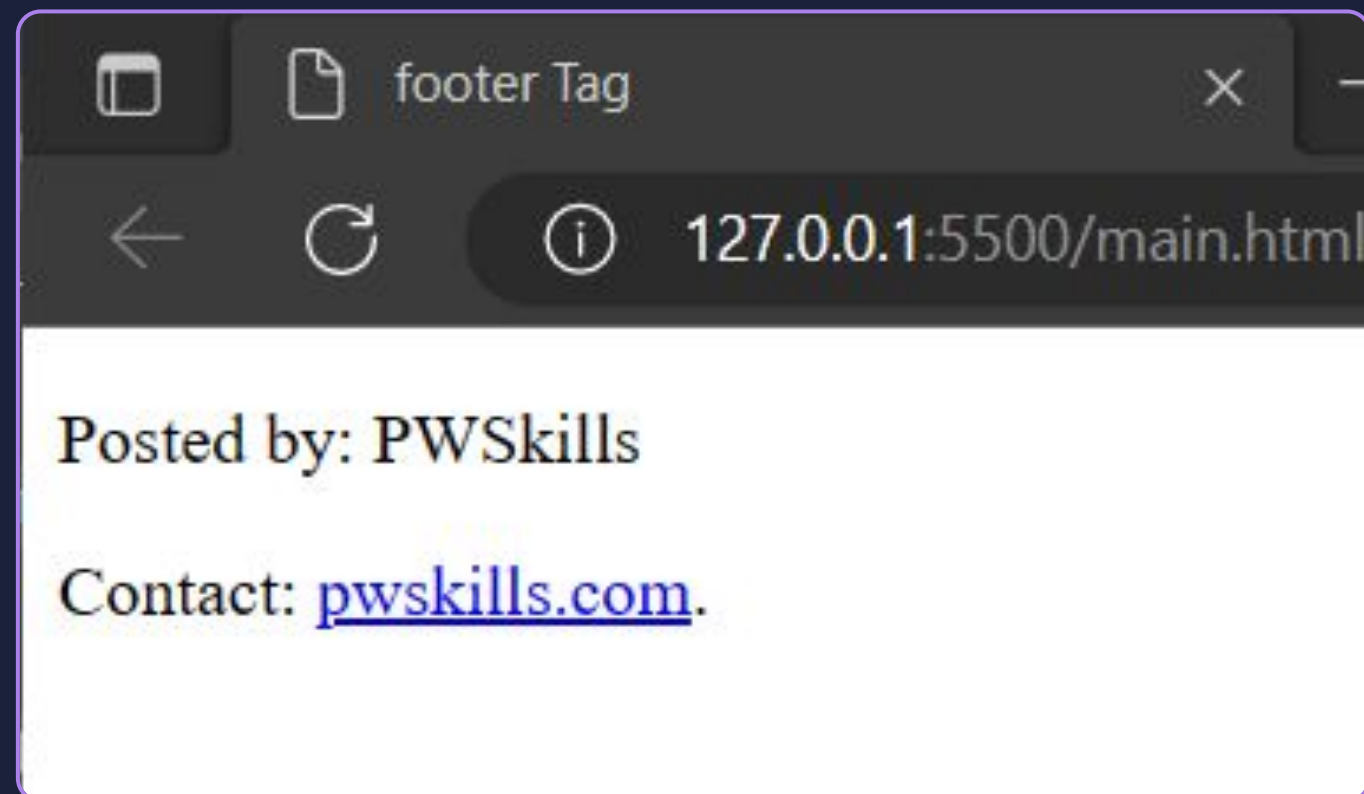
header tag

it is for the introduction heading of a page. There can be multiple headers on a page.



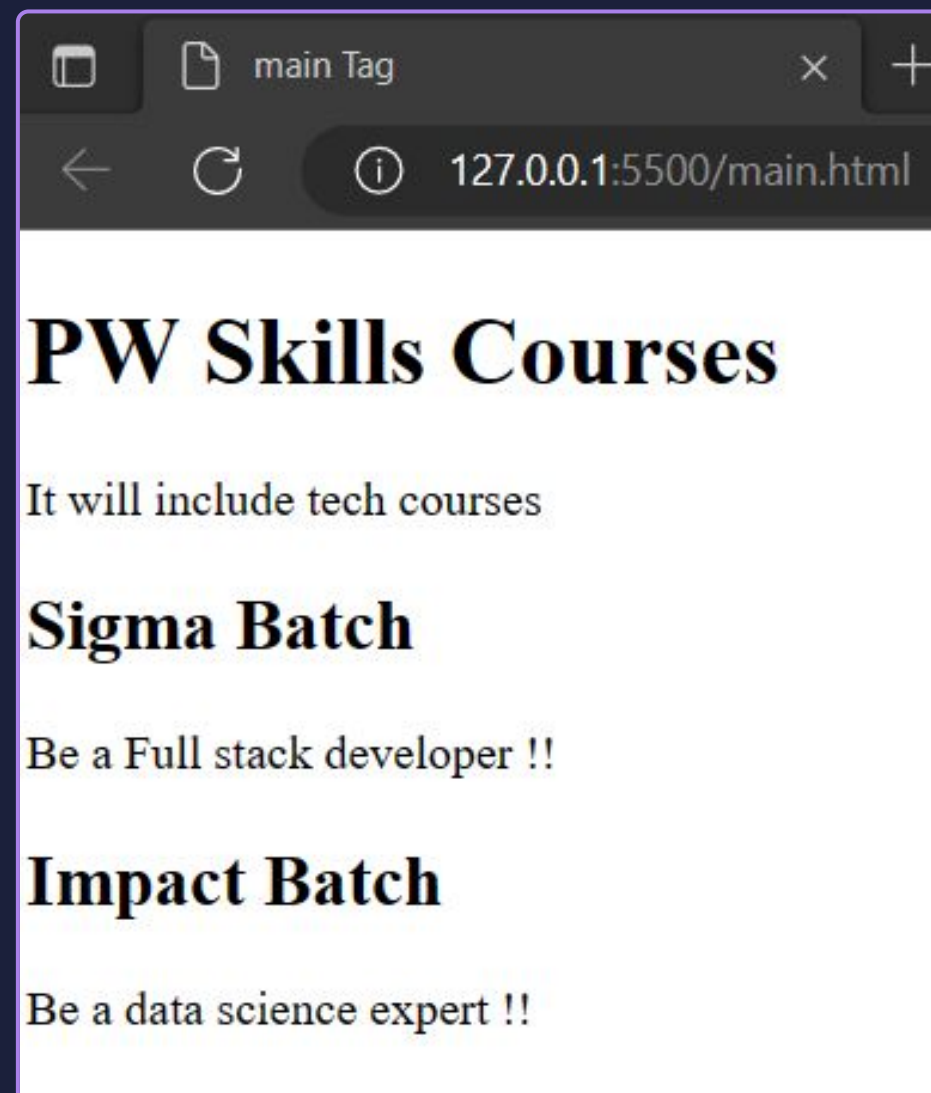
footer tag

Footer is located at the bottom of any article or document which can contain contact details, copyright information etc. There can be multiple footers on a page.



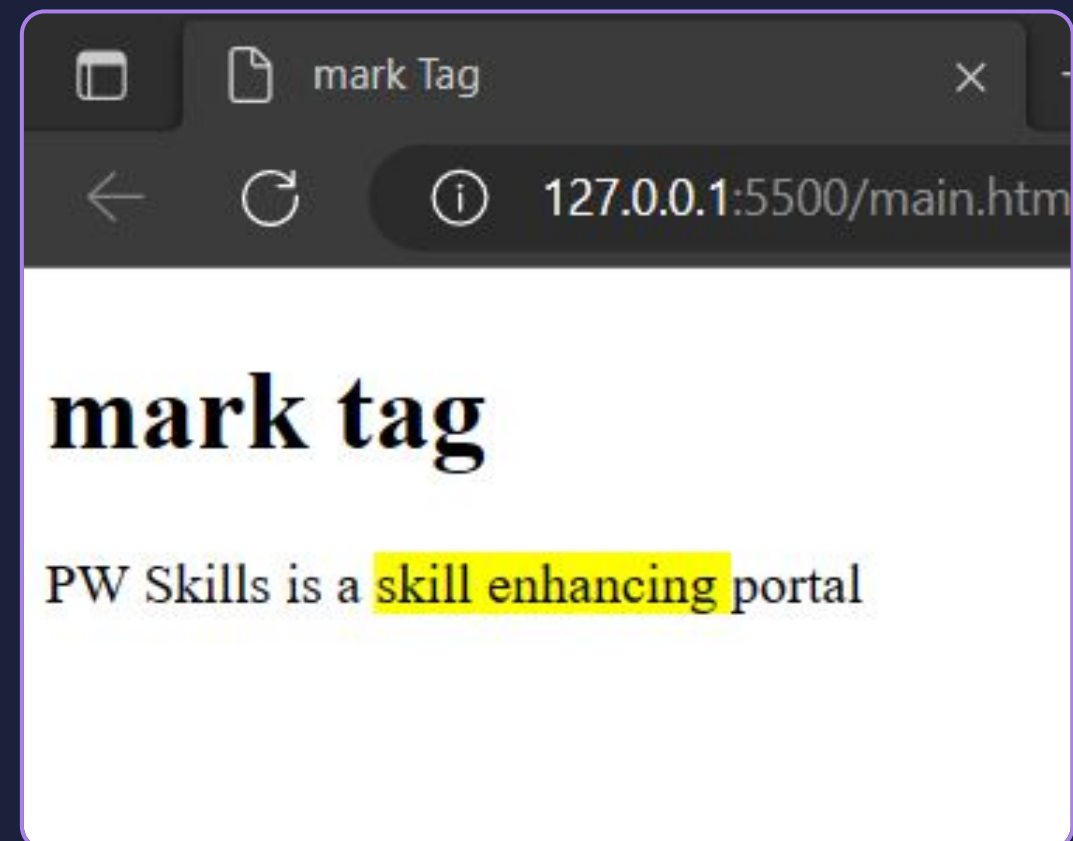
main tag

It defines the main content of the document. The content inside main tag should be unique.



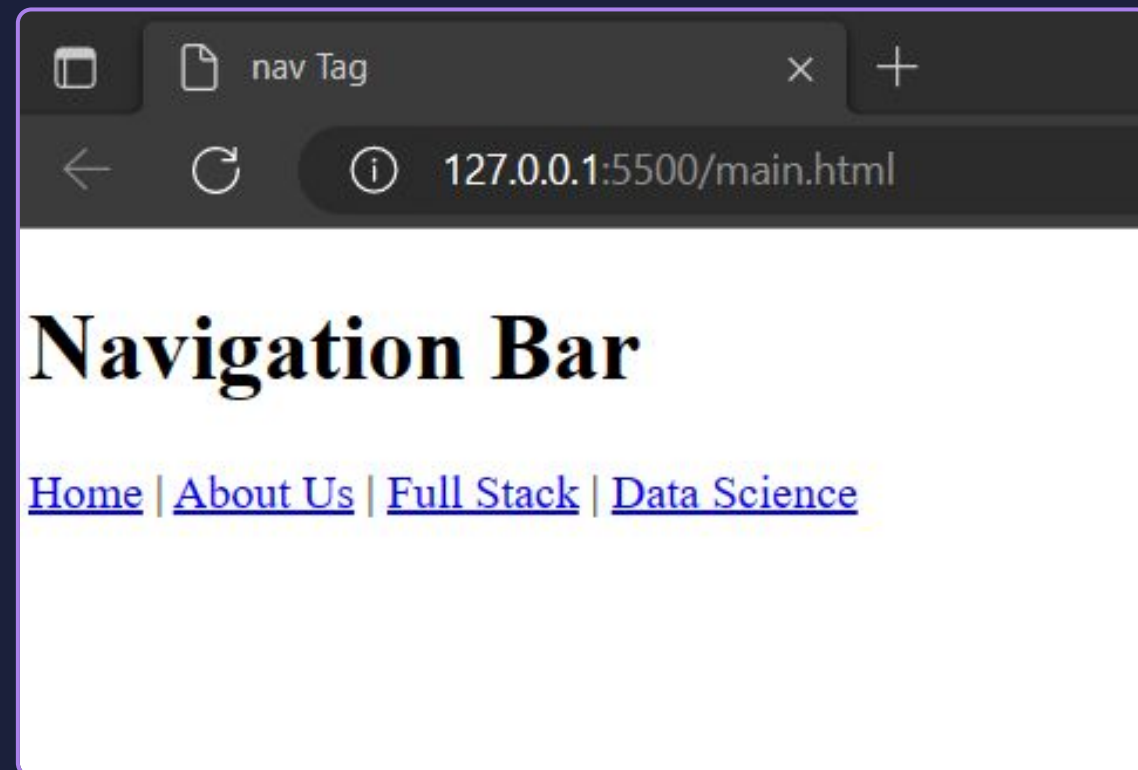
mark tag

It is used to highlight the text



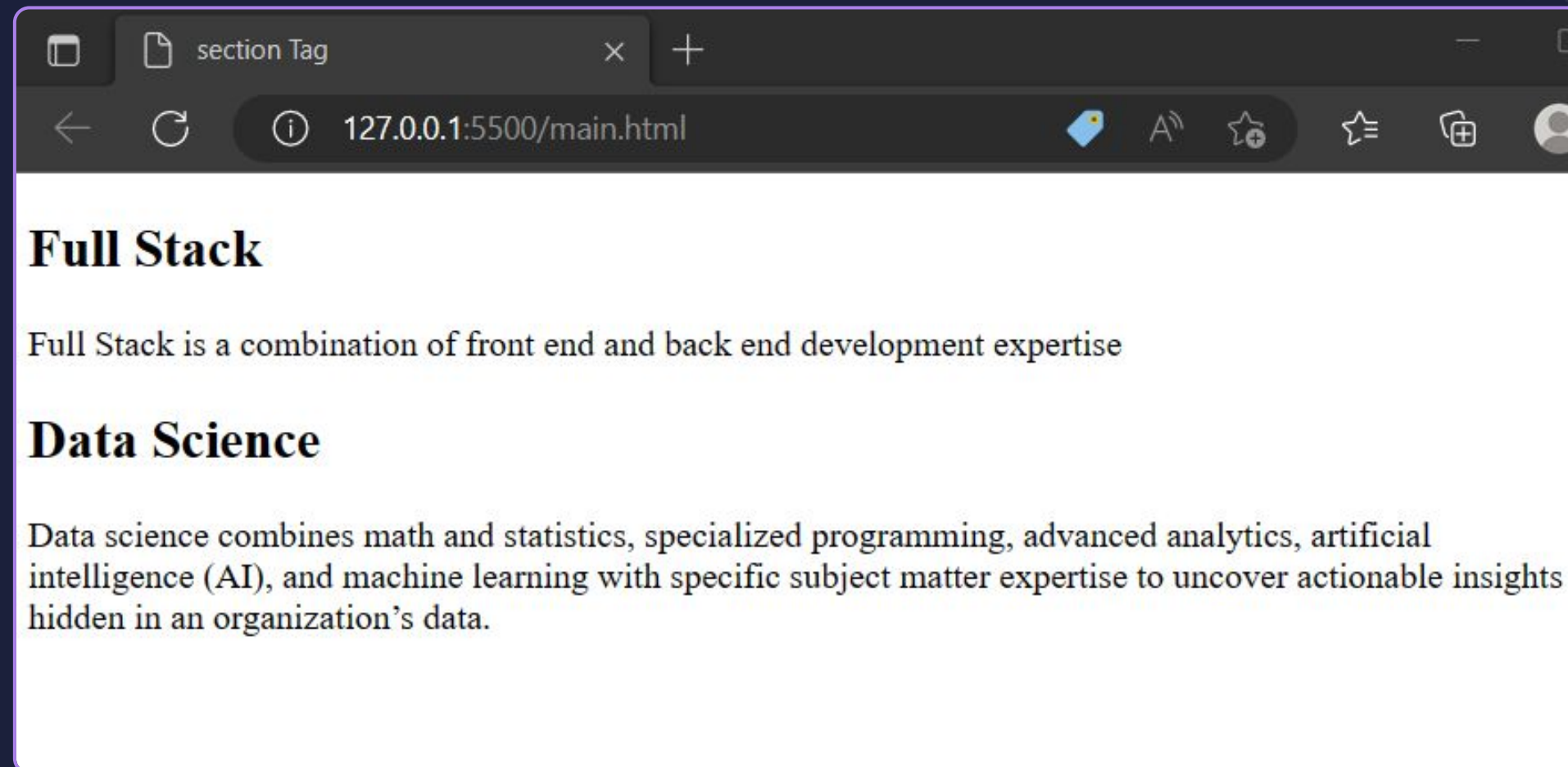
nav tag

is used to define a set of navigation links in the form of the navigation bar or nav menu



section tag

A page can be split into sections like Introduction, Contact Information, Details, etc and each of these sections can be in a different section tag.





▶ THANK YOU ◀