

CS21B2011

G. Hemanth

Question 1:-Step-1

⇒ According to the web portal / present roll list.

GURRAM HEMANTH

⇒ Brust time:-

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↳ ASCII values corresponding to above letters.

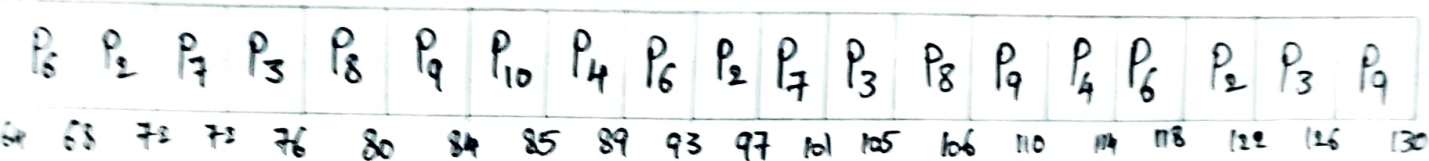
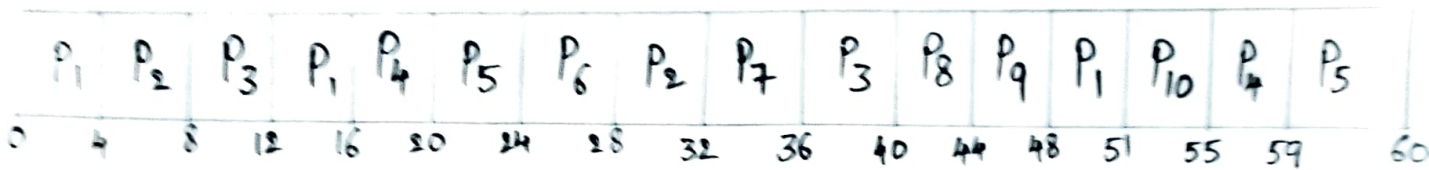
71, 85, 82, 82, 65, 77, 72, 69, 77, 65

⇒ After subtracting each value with minus 60.

BT:- 11, 25, 22, 22, 5, 17, 12, 9, 17, 5

Pid	P ₁	P ₂	P ₃	P ₄	P ₅	P ₆	P ₇	P ₈	P ₉	P ₁₀
AT	0	2	4	5	7	7	12	14	14	17
BT	11	25	22	22	5	17	12	9	17	5

⇒ Gantt chart



P_4	P_6	P_2	P_3	P_9	P_4	P_2	
134	135	139	139	141	142	144	145

Job/ P _{id}	A.T	B.T	F.T	T.A.T	W.T	R.T
P ₁	0	11	51	51	40	0
P ₂	2	25	145	143	118	2
P ₃	4	22	141	137	115	4
P ₄	5	22	144	139	117	11
P ₅	7	5	60	53	48	13
P ₆	7	17	135	128	111	17
P ₇	12	12	101	89	77	20
P ₈	14	9	106	92	83	26
P ₉	14	17	142	128	111	30
P ₁₀	17	5	85	68	63	34

$$\Rightarrow \text{Average completion Time} = 1110/10 = 111$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Average Turn Around Time} = 1028/10 = 102.8$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Average waiting Time} = 883/10 = 88.3$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Average Response Time} = 157/10 = 15.7$$

Question-2

⇒ calculation of "MAX" matrix.

GURRAMHEMANT

↳ ASCII values corresponding to above letters.

71, 85, 82, 82, 65, 77, 72, 69, 77, 65, 78, 84

⊛ MAX matrix:-

Pid	A	B	C
P ₀	11	25	22
P ₁	22	5	17
P ₂	12	9	17
P ₃	5	18	24

@ matrix Need

Pid	A	B	C
P ₀	8	20	18
P ₁	18	2	14
P ₂	9	5	14
P ₃	0	14	19

• Operations :- calculating the Need Matrix....

$$\text{Need}[n][n] = \text{Max}[n][n] - \text{Allocation}[n][n]$$

$$\text{Need}[0][0] = 11 - 3 = 8 \quad \text{Need}[0][1] = 25 - 5 = 20 \quad \text{Need}[0][2] = 22 - 4 = 18$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \text{Need}[1][0] = 22 - 4 = 18 & \text{Need}[1][1] = 5 - 3 = 2 & \text{Need}[1][2] = 17 - 3 = 14 \\ \text{Need}[2][0] = 12 - 3 = 9 & \text{Need}[2][1] = 9 - 4 = 5 & \text{Need}[2][2] = 17 - 3 = 14 \\ \text{Need}[3][0] = 5 - 5 = 0 & \text{Need}[3][1] = 18 - 4 = 14 & \text{Need}[3][2] = 24 - 5 = 19 \\ \text{Need}[4][0] = 0 - 0 = 0 & \text{Need}[4][1] = 0 - 0 = 0 & \text{Need}[4][2] = 0 - 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

⑥ Initial Value of Resources

$$A=35, B=35, C=35$$

Total Allocated Resources

$$A=15, B=16, C=15$$

Available Resources,

$$A=20, B=19, C=20$$

Operations: calculating the Final order.....

Step 1: Available Matrix = 20, 19, 20 AS Need ^[1] = (18, 2, 14) <

Available = (20, 19, 20) \Rightarrow process p_1 is selected.

\rightarrow New Available Matrix is (20, 19, 20) + (4, 3, 3)
= (24, 22, 23)

Step 2: Available Matrix = 24, 22, 23

AS Need ^[2] = (9, 5, 14) < Available = (24, 22, 23)

\Rightarrow process p_2 is selected.

\rightarrow New Available Matrix is (24, 22, 23) + (3, 4, 3)

~~(27, 26, 26)~~ = (27, 26, 26)

Step 3: Available Matrix = 27, 26, 26

AS $\text{Need}[3] = (0, 14, 19) < \text{Available} = (27, 26, 26)$

\Rightarrow process P_3 is selected.

\rightarrow New Available Matrix is $(27, 26, 26) + (5, 4, 5)$
 $= (32, 30, 31)$

Step 4: Available Matrix = 32, 30, 31

AS $\text{Need}[0] = (8, 20, 18) < \text{Available} = (32, 30, 31)$

\Rightarrow process P_0 is selected

\rightarrow New Available Matrix is $(32, 30, 31) + (3, 5, 4)$
 $= (35, 35, 35)$

\therefore The sequence is safe

\therefore safe sequence: $P_1 \ P_2 \ P_3 \ P_0$

③ request from $P_1 = (0, 2, 2)$

→ check if $\text{request}(P_1) \leq \text{Need}(P_1)$

$$(0, 2, 2) \leq (18, 2, 14)$$

→ TRUE,

→ check if $\text{request}(P_1) \leq \text{Available}$

$$(0, 2, 2) \leq (20, 19, 20)$$

→ TRUE,

→ Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i) Available} &= \text{Available} - \text{Request}(P_1) \\ &= (20, 19, 20) - (0, 2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Available} = (20, 17, 18)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) Allocation}(P_1) &= \text{Allocation}(P_1) + \text{Request}(P_1) \\ &= (4, 3, 3) + (0, 2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Allocation}(P_1) = (4, 5, 5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii) Need}(P_1) &= \text{Need}(P_1) - \text{Request}(P_1) \\ &= (18, 2, 14) - (0, 2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Need}(P_1) = (18, 0, 12)$$

⇒ Updated Need Matrix:

	A	B	C
P_0	8	20	18
P_1	18	0	12
P_2	9	5	14
P_3	0	14	19

⇒ Operations: calculating the Final order...

Step 1:- Available Matrix = 20, 17, 18

$$\text{AS } \text{Need}[1] = (18, 0, 12) < \text{Available} = (20, 17, 18)$$

⇒ process P_1 is selected.

→ New Available Matrix is $(20, 17, 18) + (4, 5, 5) = (24, 22, 23)$

Step 2:- Available Matrix = 24, 22, 23

$$\text{AS } \text{Need}[2] = (9, 5, 14) < \text{Available} = (24, 22, 23)$$

⇒ process P_2 is selected

→ New Available Matrix is $(24, 22, 23) + (3, 4, 3) = (27, 26, 26)$

Step 3:- Available Matrix = 27, 26, 26

$$\text{AS } \text{Need}[3] = (0, 14, 19) < \text{Available} = (27, 26, 26)$$

⇒ process P_3 is selected.

→ New Available matrix is $(27, 26, 26) + (5, 4, 5)$
 $= (32, 30, 31)$

Step 4: Available matrix = $32, 30, 31$

AS Need $[0] = (8, 20, 18) < \text{Available} = (32, 30, 31)$

⇒ process p_0 is selected

→ New Available matrix is $(32, 30, 31) + (3, 5, 4)$
 $= (35, 35, 35)$

⇒ Updated Allocation:-

Pid	A	B	C
p_0	3	5	4
p_1	4	5	5
p_2	3	4	3
p_3	5	4	5

⇒ The Available resources are
 $(A, B, C) = (20, 17, 18)$

④

Request from $P_2 = (3, 0, 3)$ → check if $\text{request}(P_2) \leq \text{Need}(P_2)$

$$(3, 0, 3) \leq (9, 5, 14)$$

→ "TRUE"

→ Now check if $\text{request}(P_2) \leq \text{Available}$

$$(3, 0, 3) \leq (20, 17, 18)$$

→ TRUE

$$(i) \text{ Available} = \text{Available} - \text{request}(P_2)$$

$$= (20, 17, 18) - (3, 0, 3)$$

$$\text{Available} = (17, 17, 15)$$

$$(ii) \text{ Allocation}(P_2) = \text{Allocation}(P_2) + \text{request}(P_2)$$

$$= (3, 4, 3) + (3, 0, 3)$$

$$\text{Allocation}(P_2) = (6, 4, 6)$$

$$(iii) \text{ Need}(P_2) = \text{Need}(P_2) - \text{request}(P_2)$$

$$= (9, 5, 14) - (3, 0, 3)$$

$$= (6, 5, 11)$$

⇒ updated Need Matrix

Pid	A	B	C
P ₀	8	20	18
P ₁	18	0	12
P ₂	6	5	11
P ₃	0	14	19

Operations:- calculating the Need Matrix.....

$$\text{Need}[n][n] = \text{Max}[n][n] - \text{Allocation}[n][n]$$

$$\text{Need}[0][0] = 11 - 3 = 8 \quad \text{Need}[0][1] = 25 - 5 = 20 \quad \text{Need}[0][2] = 22 - 4 = 18$$

$$\text{Need}[1][0] = 22 - 4 = 18 \quad \text{Need}[1][1] = 5 - 5 = 0 \quad \text{Need}[1][2] = 17 - 5 = 12$$

$$\text{Need}[2][0] = 12 - 6 = 6 \quad \text{Need}[2][1] = 9 - 4 = 5 \quad \text{Need}[2][2] = 17 - 6 = 11$$

$$\text{Need}[3][0] = 5 - 5 = 0 \quad \text{Need}[3][1] = 18 - 4 = 14 \quad \text{Need}[3][2] = 24 - 5 = 19$$

Operations:- calculating the Final order...Step 1:- Available Matrix = 17, 17, 15As $\text{Need}[2] = (6, 5, 11) < \text{Available} = (17, 17, 15)$ ⇒ process P₂ is selected.→ New Available matrix is $(17, 17, 15) + (6, 4, 6) = (23, 21, 21)$ Step 2:- Available Matrix = 23, 21, 21As $\text{Need}[3] = (0, 14, 19) < \text{Available} = (23, 21, 21)$ ⇒ process P₃ is selected.

→ New Available Matrix is $(23, 21, 21) + (5, 4, 5)$
 $= (28, 25, 26)$

Step 3:- Available Matrix = 28, 25, 26

As Need $[0] = (8, 20, 18) < (28, 25, 26)$

⇒ process P_0 is selected.

→ New Available Matrix is $(28, 25, 26) + (3, 5, 4)$
 $= (31, 30, 30)$

Step 4:- Available Matrix = 31, 30, 30

As Need $[1] = (18, 0, 12) < (31, 30, 30)$

⇒ process P_1 is selected

→ New Available Matrix is $(31, 30, 30) + (4, 5, 5)$
 $= (35, 35, 35)$

* Updated Allocation:-

Pid	A	B	C
P_0	3	5	4
P_1	4	5	5
P_2	6	4	6
P_3	5	4	5

Available:-

$(A, B, C) = (17, 17, 15)$