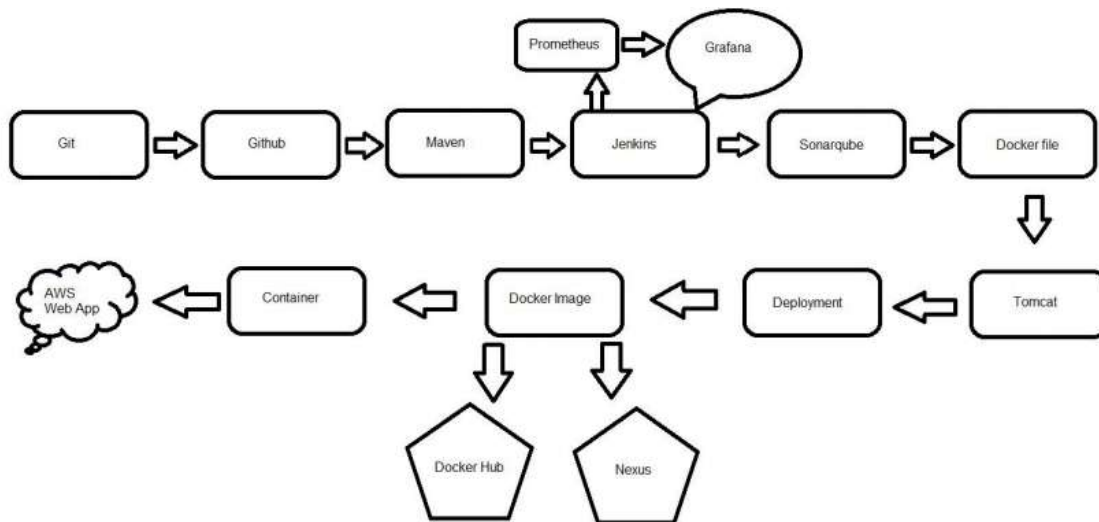


DevOps Project

Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment/Delivery

Managed and built a web application image pushed to Docker hub and Nexus Private repository. Deployed in Tomcat Server using Jenkins.

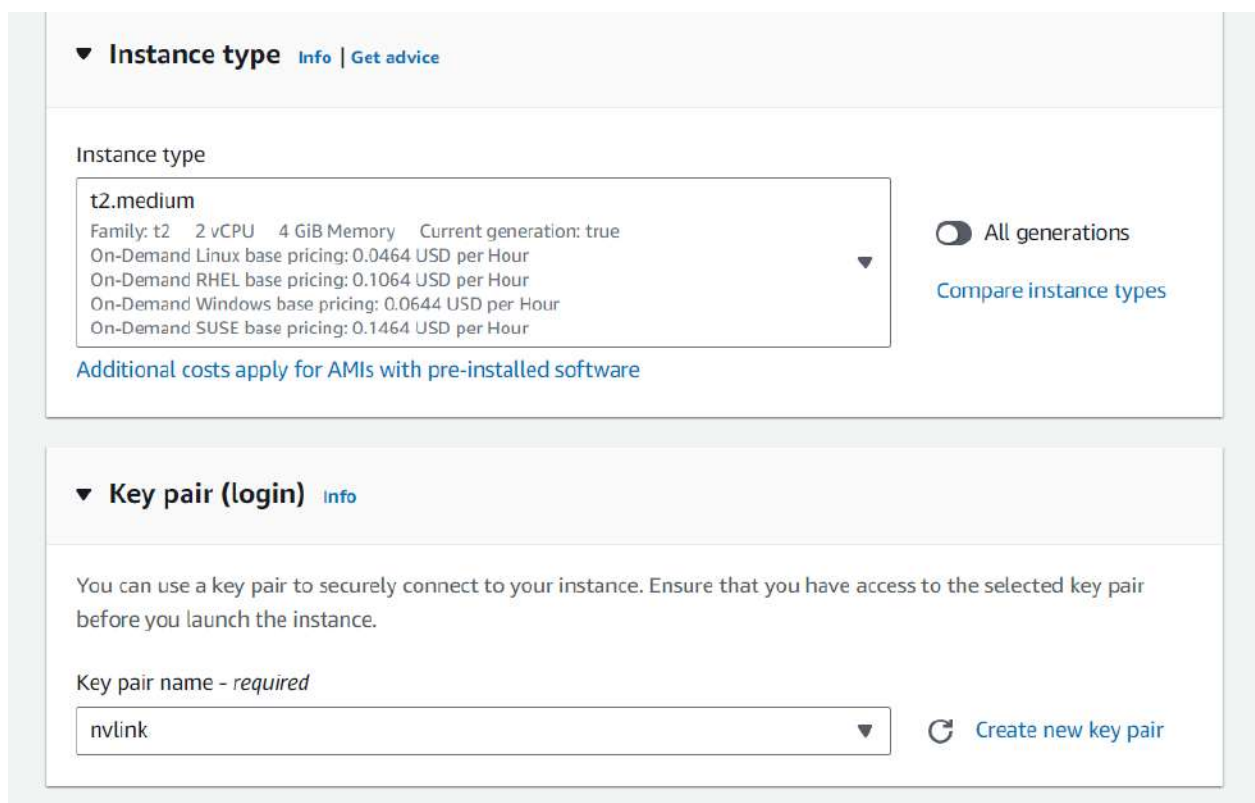
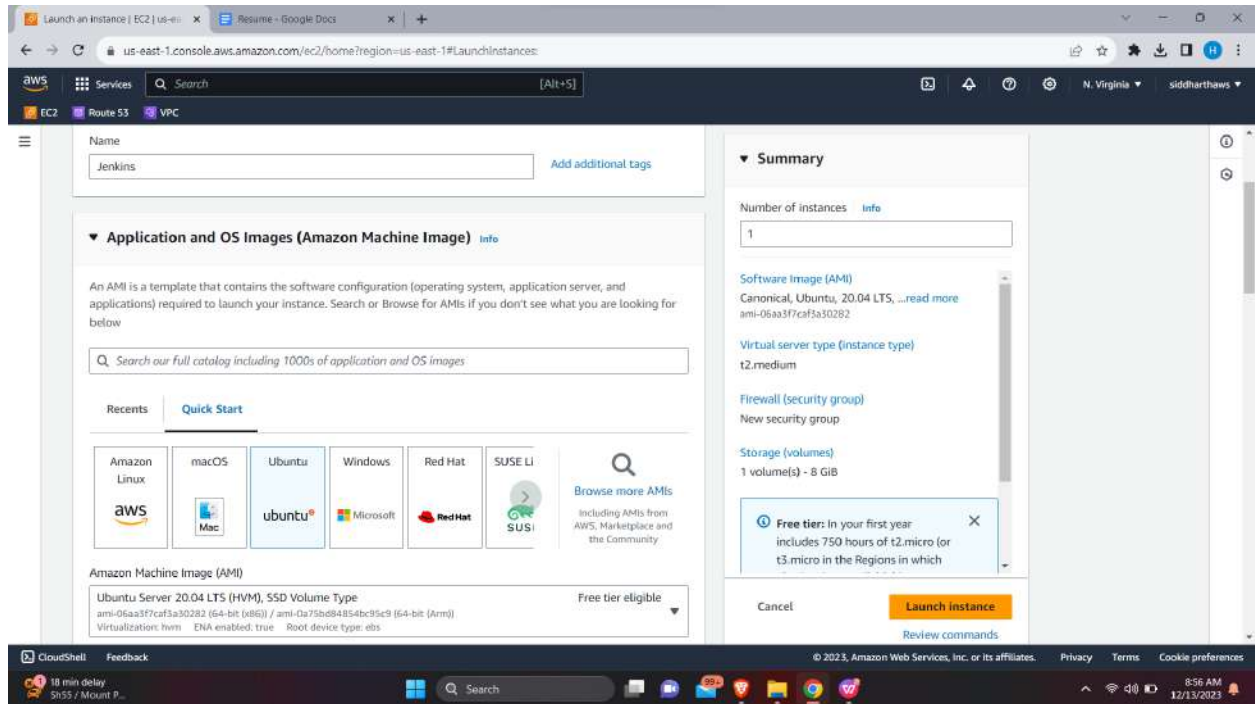
Tools used in DevOps:



Steps to Create CICD Project:

Create an EC2 instance for jenkins.

Launch an EC2 instance – Ubuntu 20.04 – RAM t2.medium – Security group (All Traffic) – Storage 30 gib



▼ Network settings

Info

Edit

Network

Info

vpc-0f684e0065eeb33aa

Subnet

Info

No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP

Info

Enable

Firewall (security groups)

Info

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

☐ Create security group

☒ Select existing security group

Common security groups

Info

Select security groups

all traffic sg-0ad66eec208119aaa X

VPC: vpc-0f684e0065eeb33aa

Compare security group rules

Security groups that you add or remove here will be added to or removed from all your network interfaces.

▼ Configure storage

Info

Advanced

1x

30

GiB

gp2

Root volume (Not encrypted)

Add new volume

The selected AMI contains more instance store volumes than the instance allows. Only the first 0 instance store volumes from the AMI will be accessible from the instance

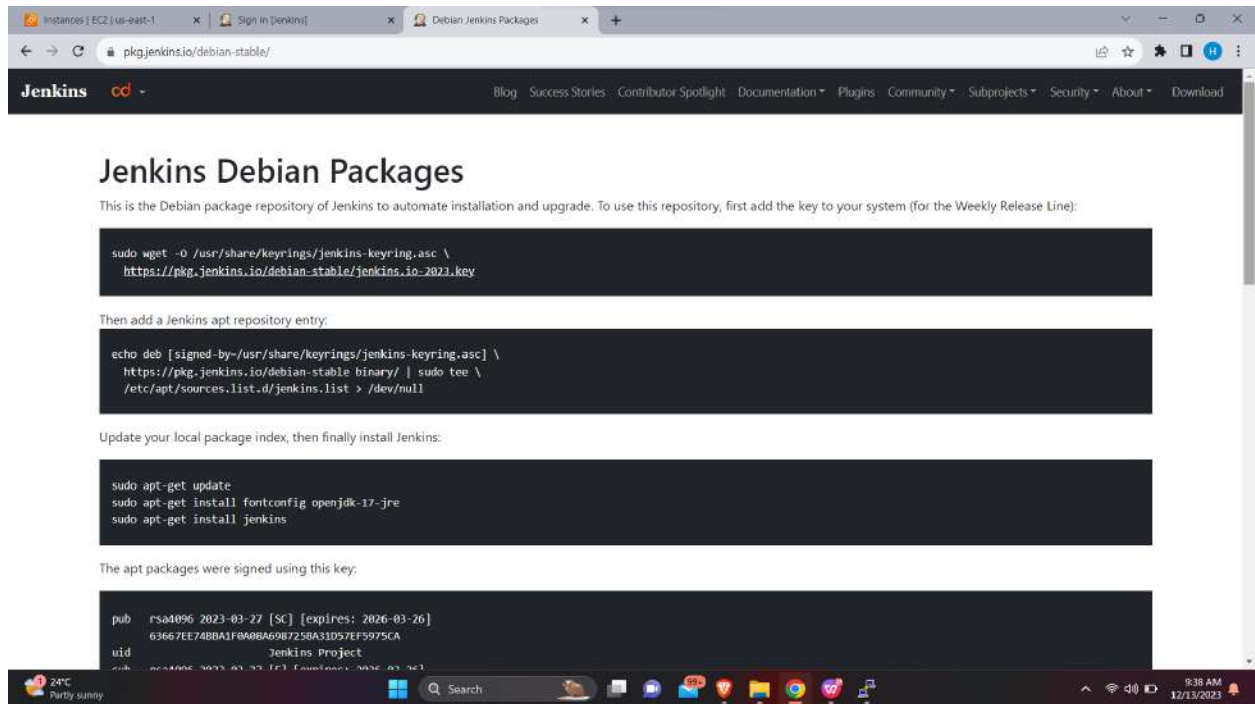
Click refresh to view backup information

The tags that you assign determine whether the instance will be backed up by any Data Lifecycle Manager policies.

0 x File systems

Edit

Connect the Jenkins Ec2 server in putty
Steps to Install Java and Jenkins.
Follow these commands to install jenkins (install java 11)



Adding Jenkins key to repository

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# sudo -i
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# wget -O /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
2023-12-13 04:02:46-- https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
Resolving pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)... 146.75.34.133, 2a04:4e42:1781:645:
Connecting to pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)[146.75.34.133]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 3175 (3.1K) [application/pgp-key]
Saving to: '/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc'

/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc 100%[=====] 3.10K --.-KB/s in 0s

2023-12-13 04:02:47 (27.2 MB/s) - '/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc' saved [3175/3175]

root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# apt-get update
```

Install Java package.

```
root@ip-172-31-28-249:~# sudo apt-get install fontconfig openjdk-11-jre
```

Now, Install Jenkins package

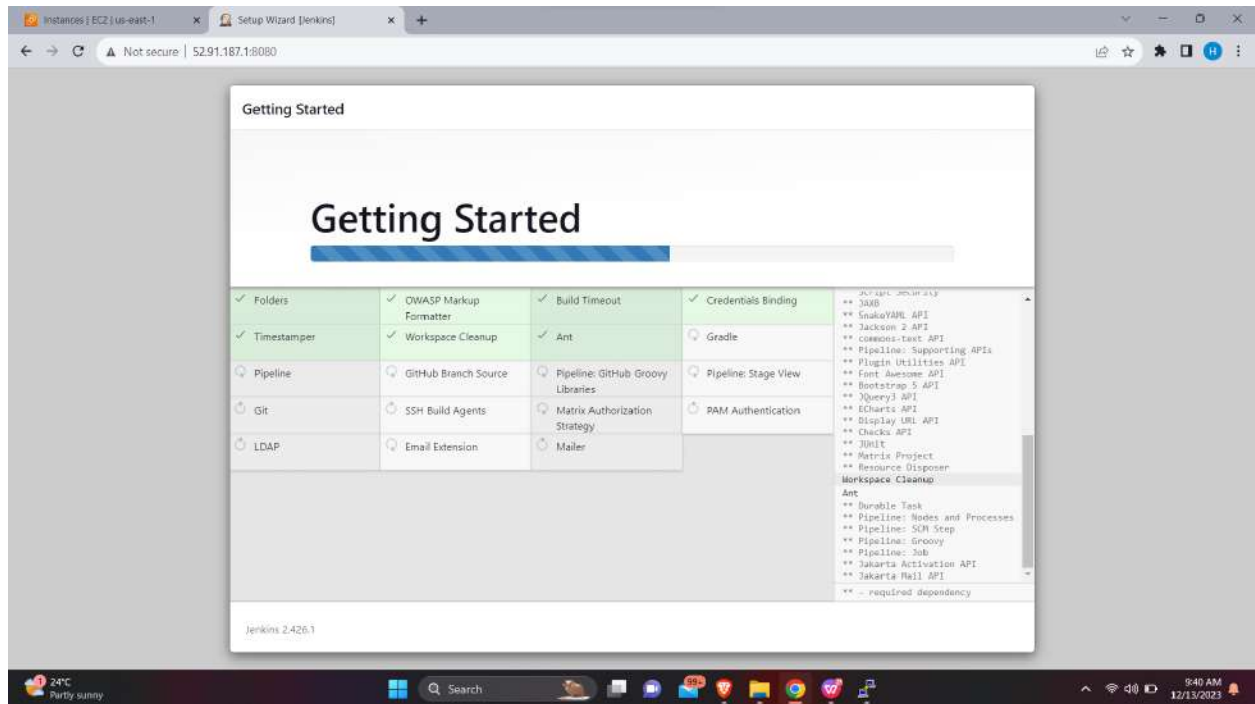
```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# apt-get install jenkins
```

Copy Jenkins Ec2 Server Ipv4 and hit in browser with its port number (8080)

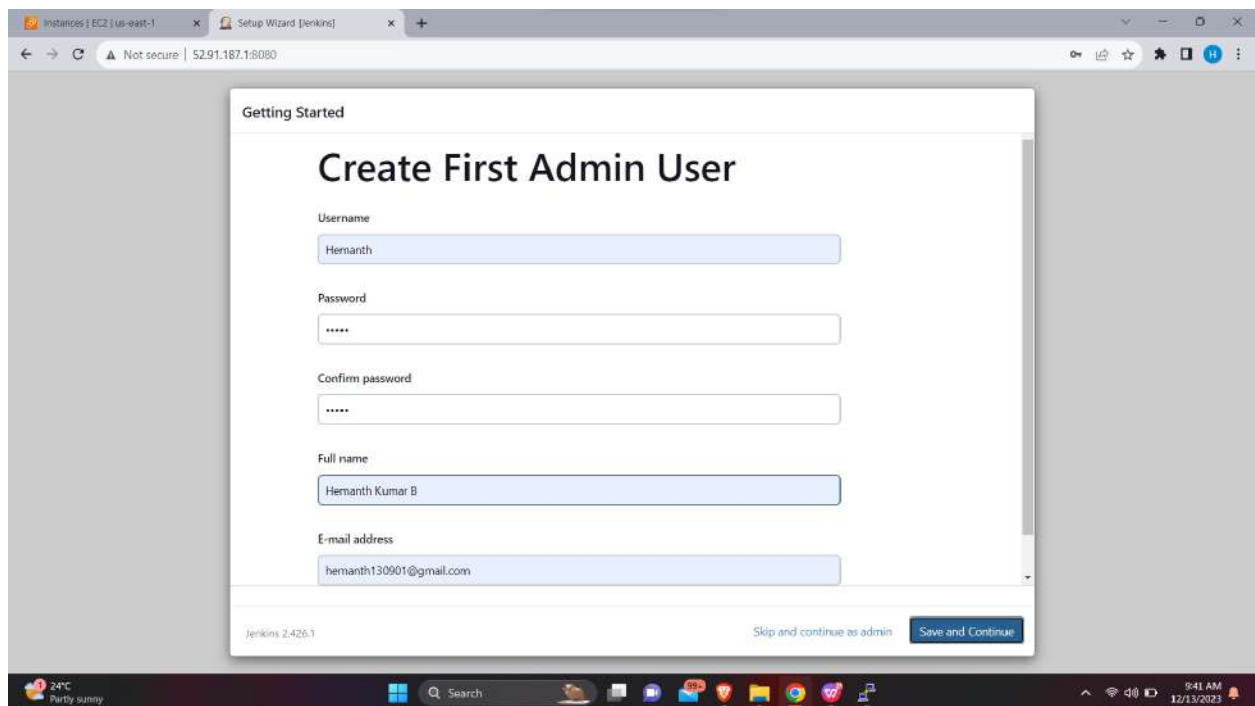
Get the admin password from the following directory

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
dfb89e15d2034eea891cdd6c6856798b
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~#
```

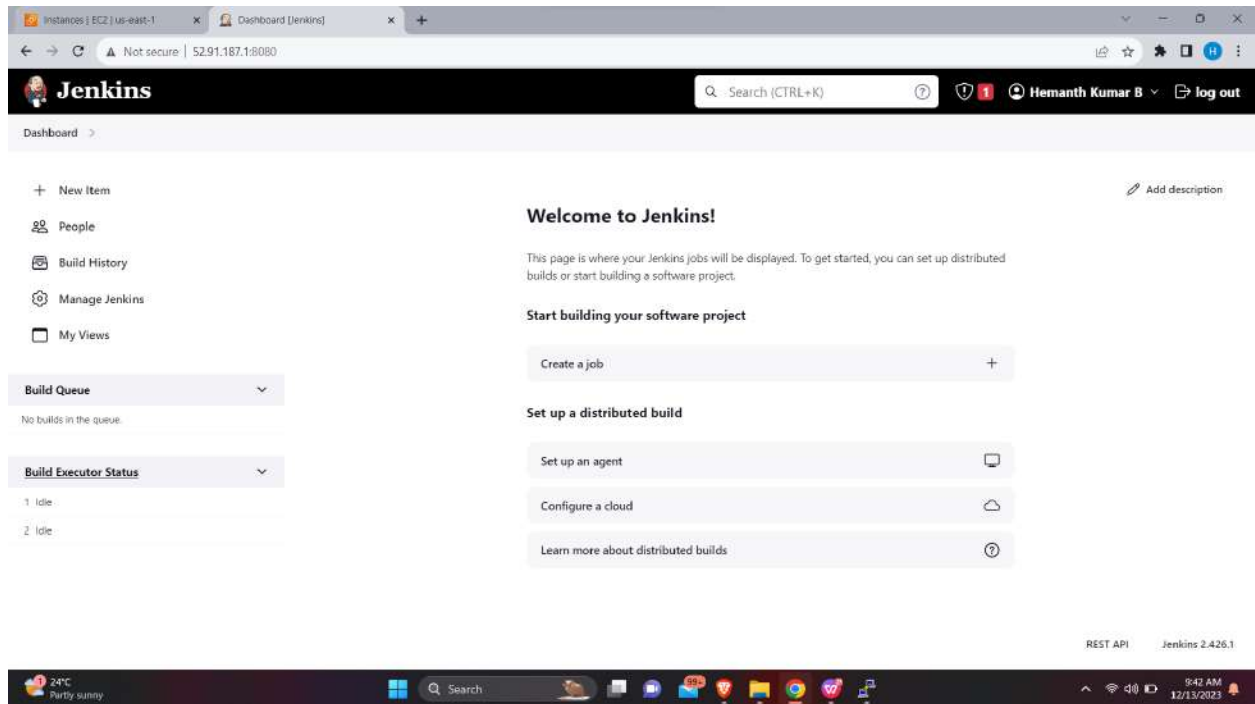
Install suggested plugins



Create admin user credentials.



Jenkins Dashboard is Successfully Hosted.



In Jenkins Ec2 Server, install the git package.

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# apt-get install git -y
```

Install docker package

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# apt-get install docker.io -y
```

Download Maven tar file using wget command

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:~# cd /opt
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt# wget http://mirrors.estointernet.in/apache/maven/maven-3/3.6.3/binaries/apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz
--2023-12-13 04:20:11-- http://mirrors.estointernet.in/apache/maven/maven-3/3.6.3/binaries/apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz
Resolving mirrors.estointernet.in (mirrors.estointernet.in)... 43.255.166.254, 2403:8940:3:1::f
Connecting to mirrors.estointernet.in (mirrors.estointernet.in)|43.255.166.254|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 9506321 (9.1M) [application/octet-stream]
Saving to: 'apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz'

apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz      100%[=====]
2023-12-13 04:20:14 (3.16 MB/s) - 'apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz' saved [9506321/9506321]

root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt# ll
total 9296
drwxr-xr-x  3 root root   4096 Dec 13 04:20 ./
drwxr-xr-x 19 root root   4096 Dec 13 03:38 ../
-rw-r--r--  1 root root 9506321 Jul  3 2020 apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz
drwxr-xr-x  4 root root   4096 Dec 13 04:18 containerd/
```

Un-tar the maven tar file package using tar cmdnd

```
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt# tar -xvzf apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz
```

Copy the maven file path.

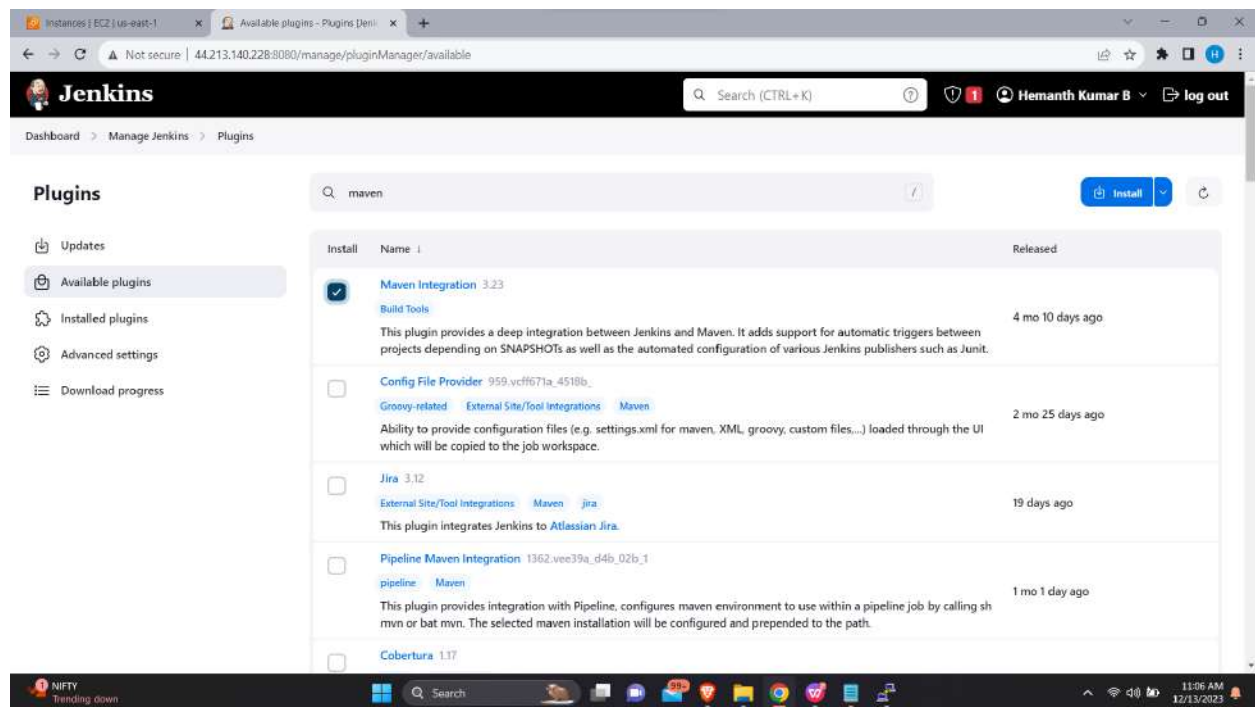
```

root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt# ls
apache-maven-3.6.3  apache-maven-3.6.3-bin.tar.gz  containerd
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt# cd apache-maven-3.6.3/
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt/apache-maven-3.6.3# ls
LICENSE  NOTICE  README.txt  bin  boot  conf  lib
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt/apache-maven-3.6.3# pwd
/opt/apache-maven-3.6.3
root@ip-172-31-82-229:/opt/apache-maven-3.6.3#

```

In Jenkins Dashboard, install the Maven Plugin.

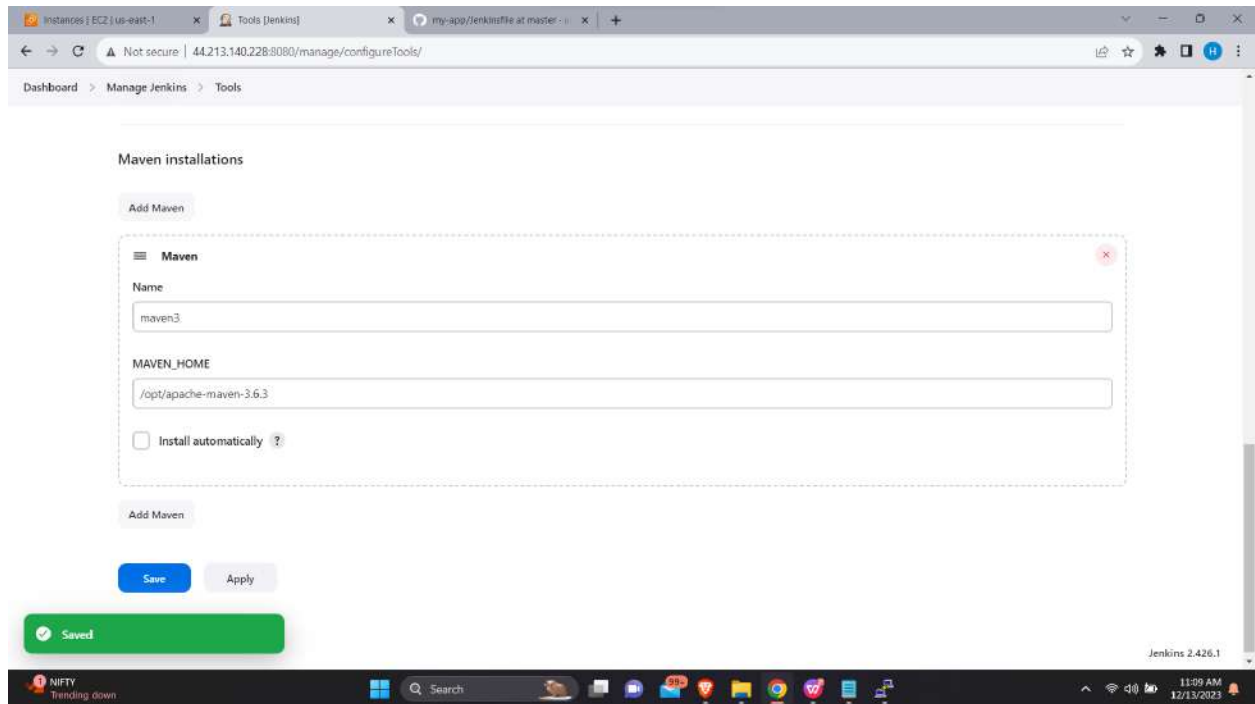
Dashboard – Manage Jenkins – Plugin – search Maven integration in Available plugins – Install without restart.



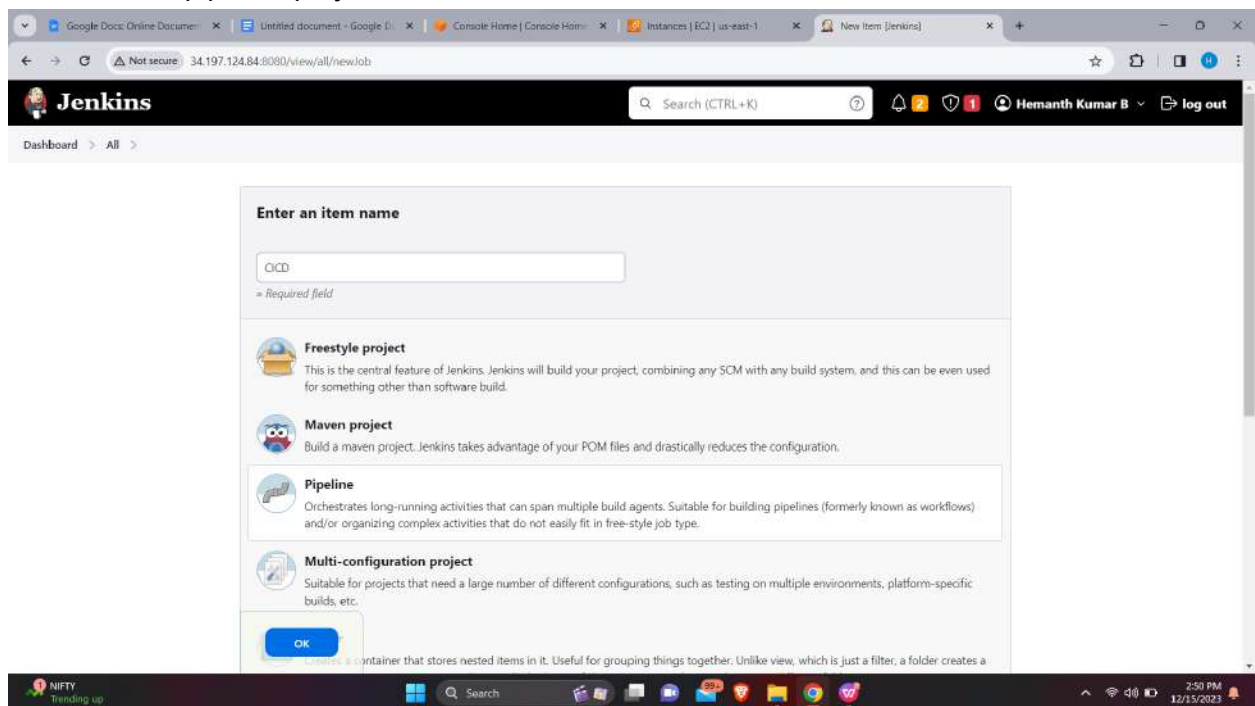
Config the maven plugin path in Jenkins dashboard.

Dashboard – manage Jenkins – Tools.

Mention the maven name same as given in groovy script



Now create a pipeline project.



I have a groovy script file saved in github.

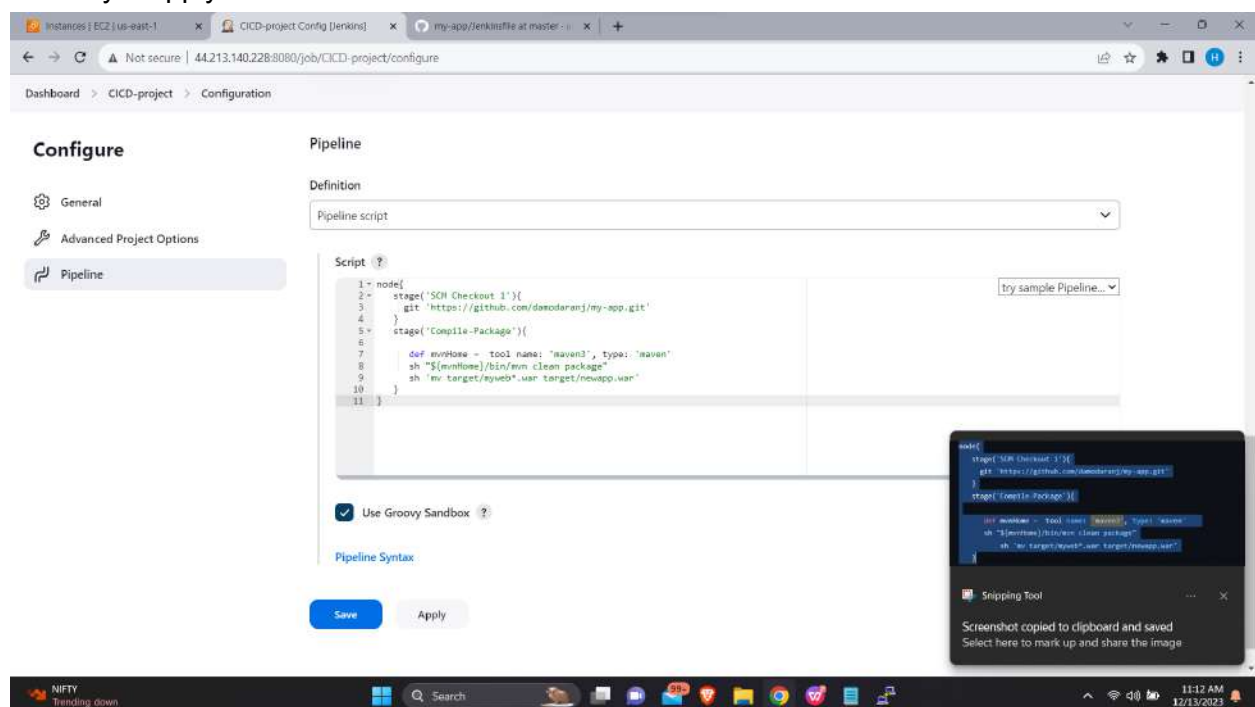
Github link: <https://github.com/udhayakumar2507/my-app>

Which I've used for deploying a respective step by step groovy script stages in Jenkins.

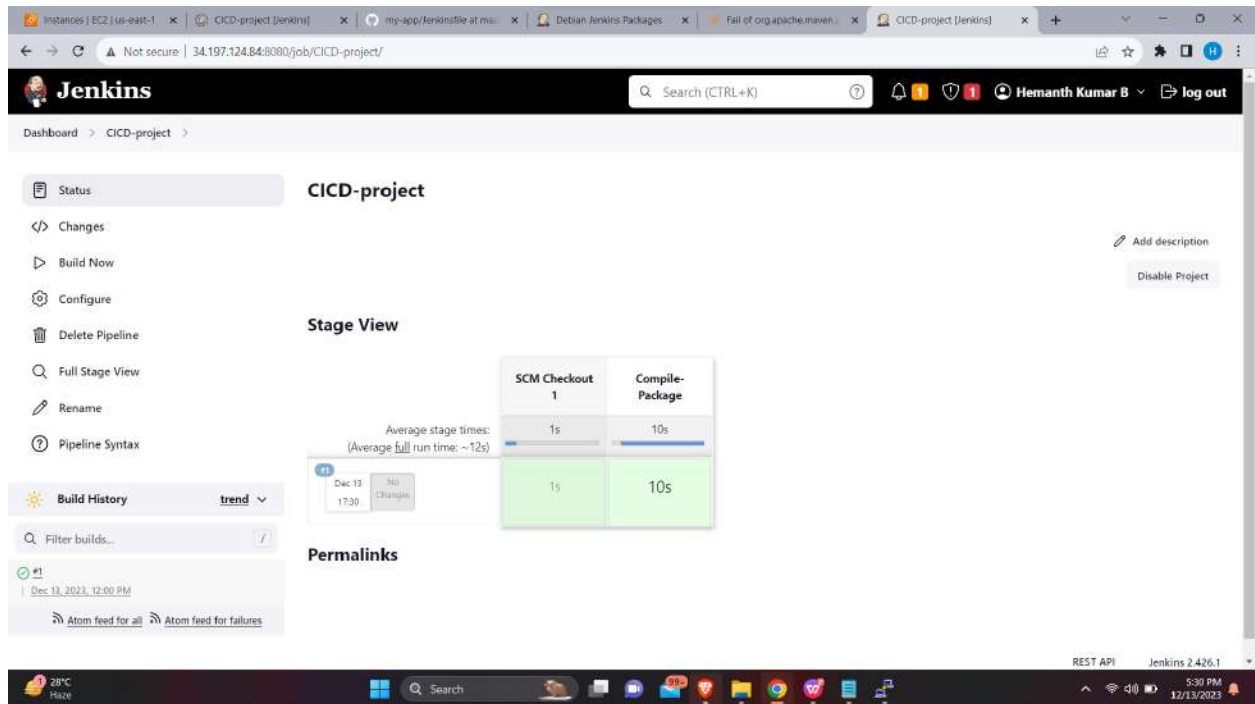
Copying Checkout stage and Maven stage.

```
node{
  stage('SCM Checkout 1'){
    git 'https://github.com/damodaranj/my-app.git'
  }
  stage('Compile-Package'){
    def mvnHome = tool name: 'maven3', type: 'maven'
    sh "${mvnHome}/bin/mvn clean package"
    sh 'mv target/myweb*.war target/newapp.war'
  }
}
```

In the pipeline script field, paste the checkout and maven stages – Ensure closing (}) is given correctly – apply and save.



Build the pipeline project, In below image can we see the stages have been deployed successfully.



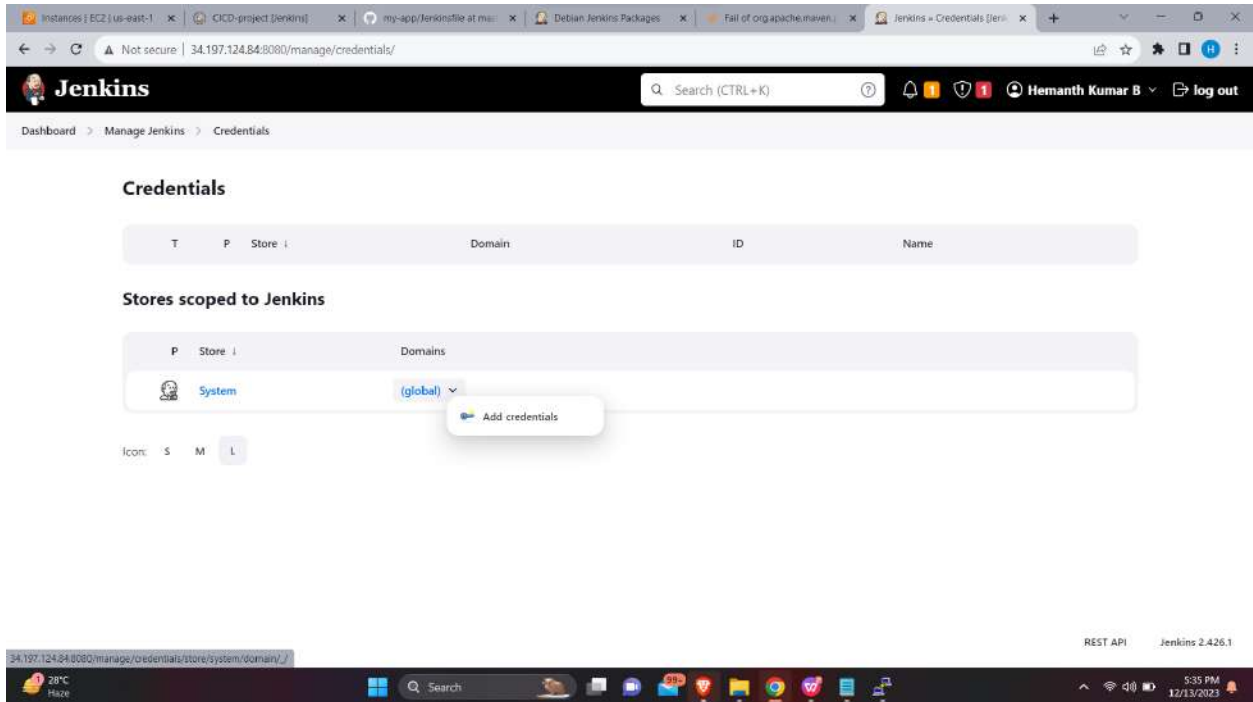
In Jenkins Ec2 server, go the Jenkins workspace default path and ensure all the files have been moved to Jenkins server from github and also successfully created a newapp.war file using maven.

```

root@ip-172-31-86-18: /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/CICD-project/target
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# cd /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace# ls
CICD-project
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace# cd CICD-project
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/CICD-project# ls
Dockerfile Jenkinsfile deploy-to-tomcat deploy-war-to-tomcat function-demo github-push-trigger global-variables parallel-executions parameterized-builds pom.xml src target
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/CICD-project# cd target/
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/CICD-project/target# ls
classes generated-sources generated-test-sources maven-archiver maven-status myWeb-0.0.1 newapp.war surefire-reports test-classes
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/var/lib/jenkins/workspace/CICD-project/target#

```

Now create a password variable for docker hub login in Jenkins dashboard.
Dashboard – manage Jenkins – credentials – global Add credentials.



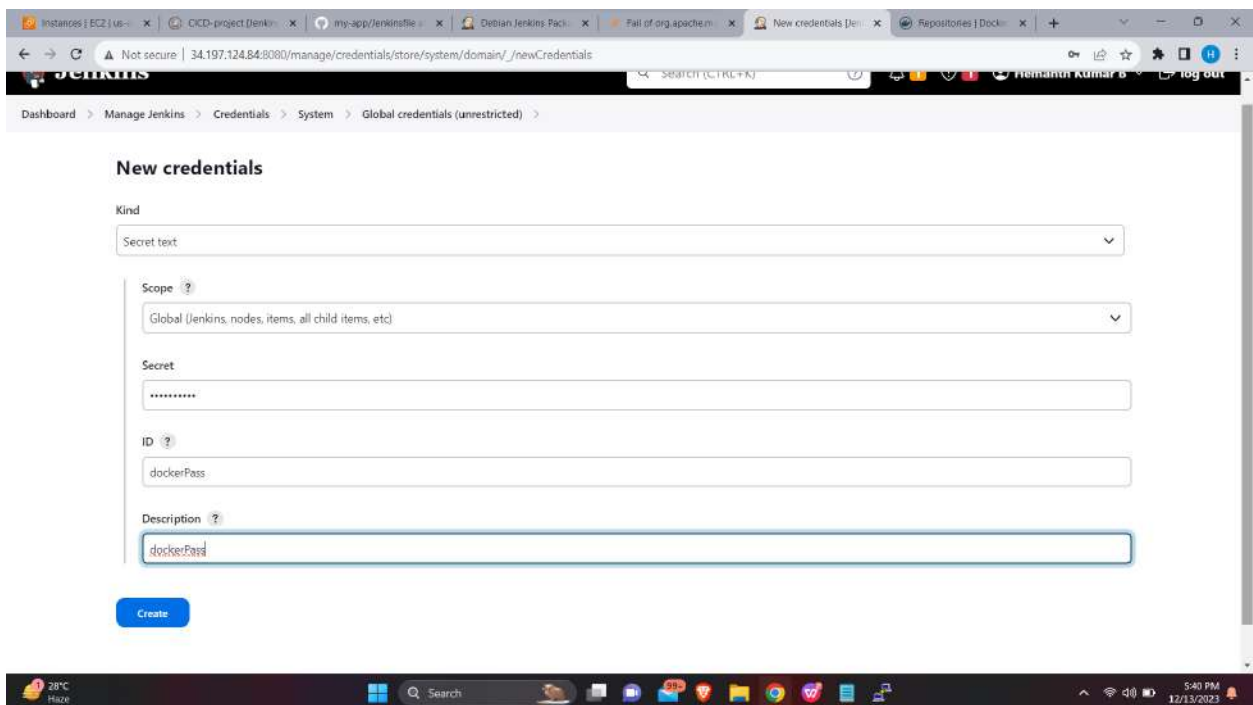
Copy the same variable name mentioned in groovy script.

Create a new credentials

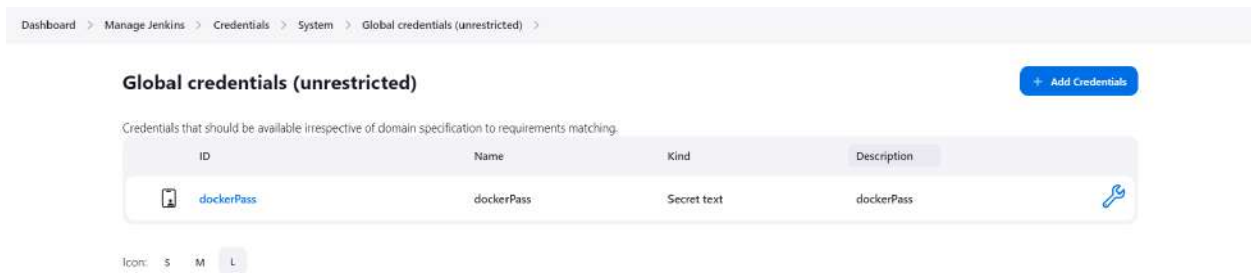
Choose Script text

In secret: Enter the docker hub login password.

Id and Description: Paste the variable name. (dockerPass) – Create.



Successfully created a variable name for docker hub login password.



Copy the Build docker Image,Docker image push, Docker deployment stage from groovy script.

Paste the groovy script under the maven stage.

Ensure the (}) is mentioned properly.

Ensure the login username name is given correctly

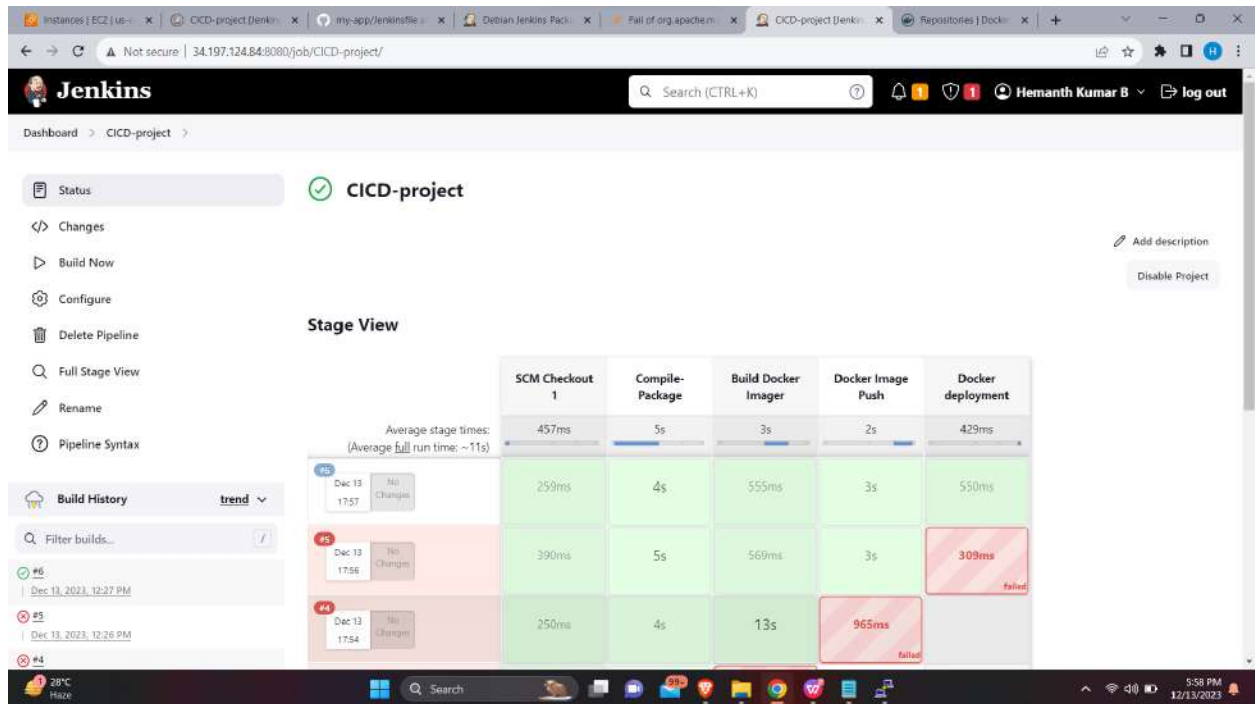
I've changed the docker image name to my own name. (optional) – apply & save.



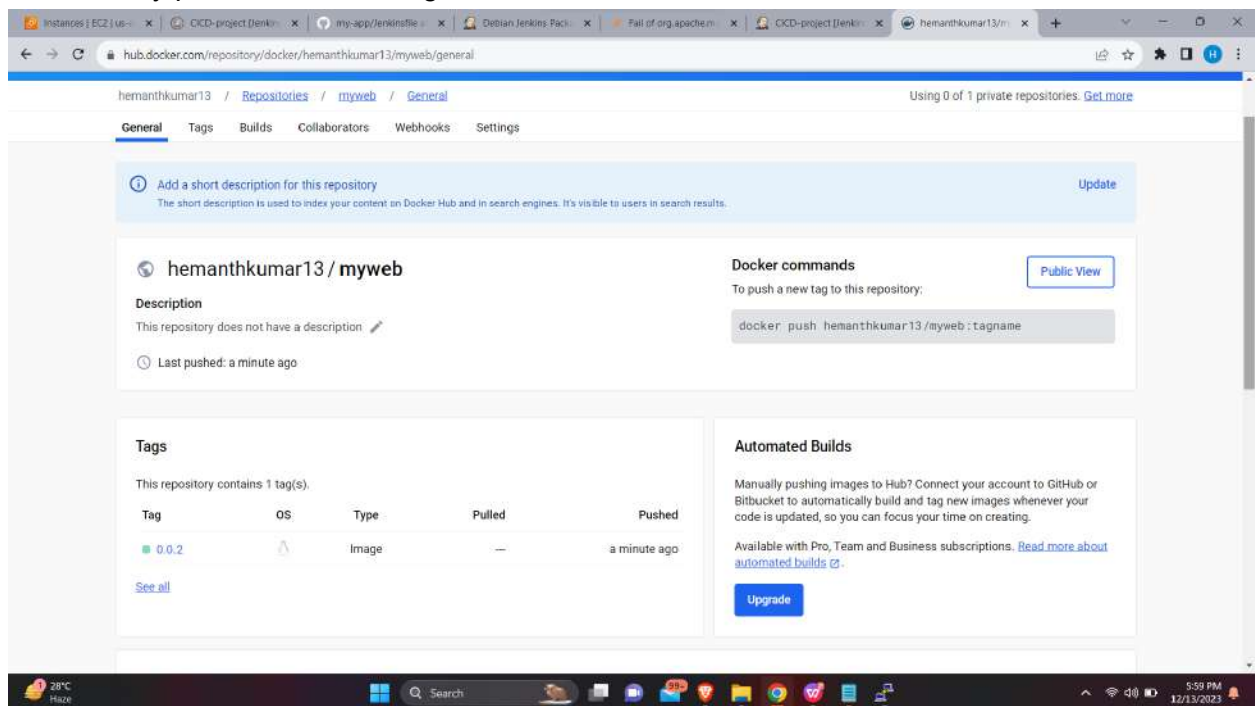
In Jenkins ec2 server, change the permission to default docker dir path to execute the script.

```
root@ip-172-31-28-249:~# chmod -R 777 /var/run/docker.sock
root@ip-172-31-28-249:~#
```

Now Build the Pipeline project,In the below image can we see that the stages have been deployed successfully.



Successfully pushed docker image in dockerhub.



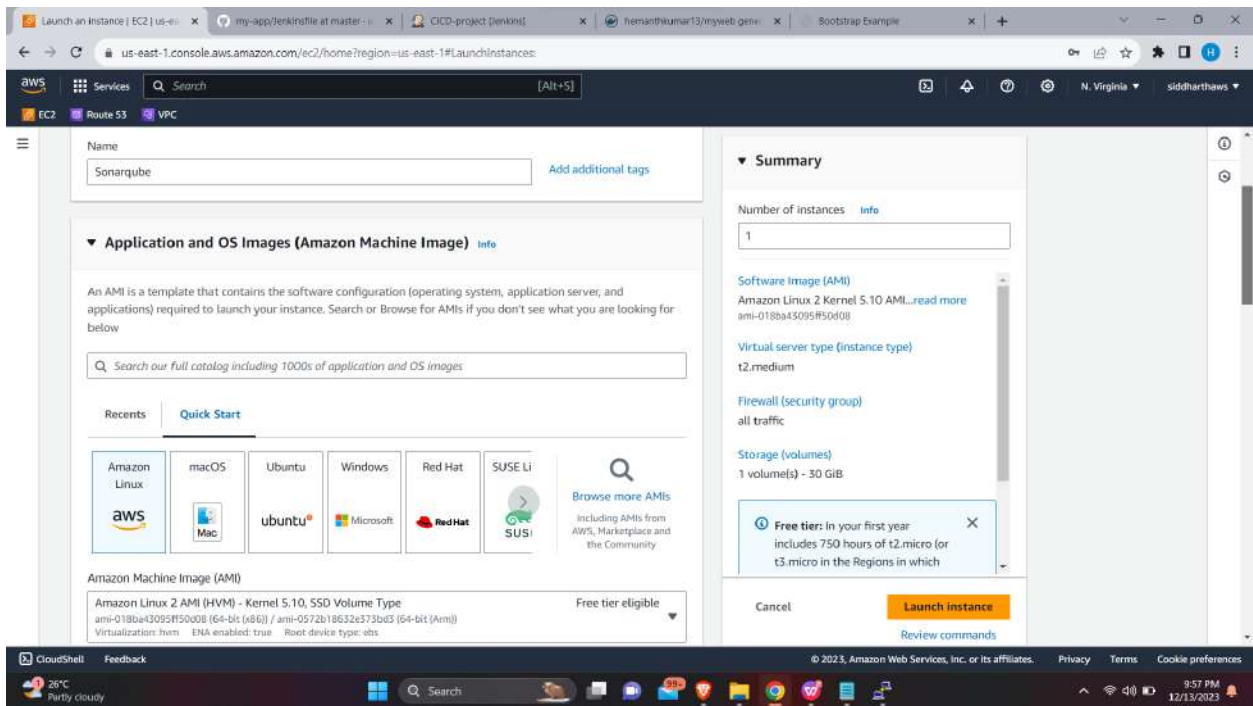
Successfully deployed a war file in tomcat server. (testdemo)

Hi this is my first project work

Steps to install Sonarqube and deploy in Jenkins pipeline to analyze the SCM for clean code delivery.

Launch an Ec2 Instances for Sonarqube.

Amazon Linux 2 – RAM t2.medium – SG (All Traffic) – Storage 30 gib – Launch an instance.



▼ Instance type [Info](#) | [Get advice](#)

Instance type

t2.medium

Family: t2 2 vCPU 4 GiB Memory Current generation: true
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0464 USD per Hour
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.1064 USD per Hour
On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.0644 USD per Hour
On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.1464 USD per Hour

☐ All generations

[Compare instance types](#)

[Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software](#)

▼ Key pair (login) [Info](#)

You can use a key pair to securely connect to your instance. Ensure that you have access to the selected key pair before you launch the instance.

Key pair name - *required*

nvlink

 [Create new key pair](#)

▼ Network settings [Info](#)

[Edit](#)

Network [Info](#)

vpc-0f684e0065eeb33aa

Subnet [Info](#)

No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP [Info](#)

Enable

Firewall (security groups) [Info](#)

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.


☐ Create security group

☒ Select existing security group

Common security groups [Info](#)

Select security groups

all traffic sg-0ad66eec208119aaa ✕
VPC: vpc-0f684e0065eeb33aa

 [Compare security group rules](#)

Security groups that you add or remove here will be added to or removed from all your network interfaces.

▼ **Configure storage** [Info](#)

Advanced

1x GiB ▼

Root volume (Not encrypted)

Add new volume

🕒 Click refresh to view backup information

The tags that you assign determine whether the instance will be backed up by any Data Lifecycle Manager policies.

↻

0 x File systems

Edit

In RDS create a Mysql database.

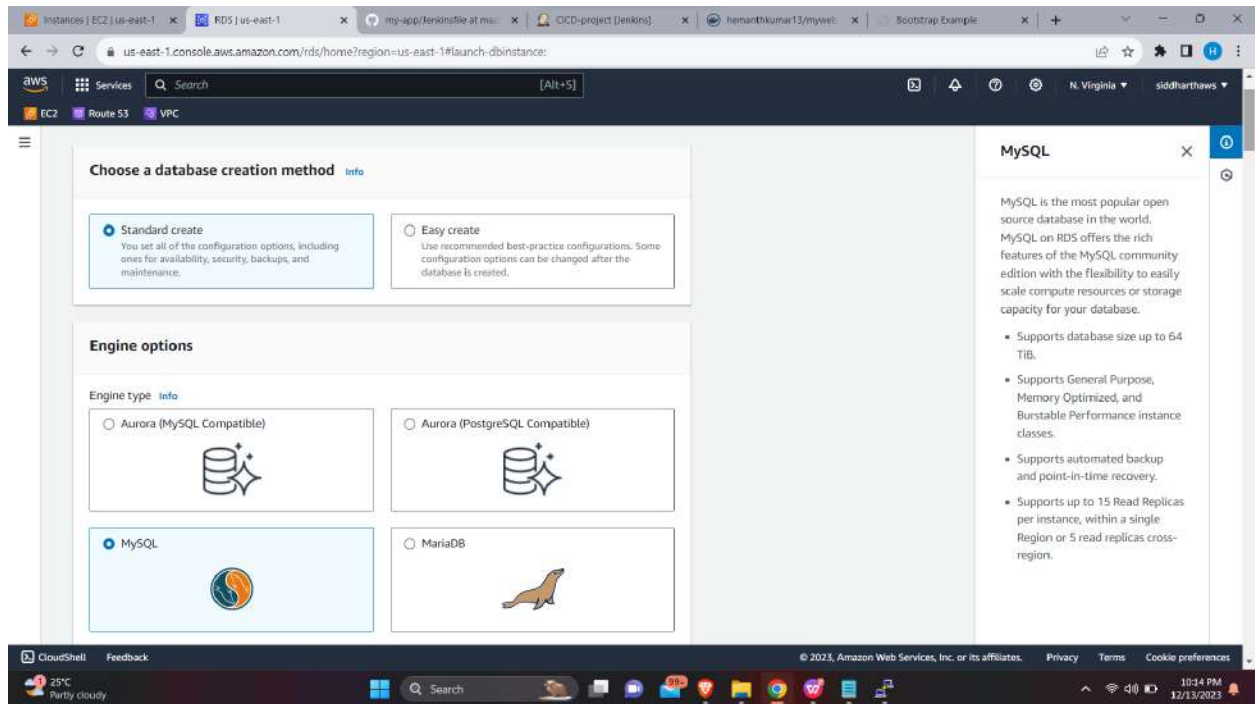
Create a subnet group

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for creating a new subnet group. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Amazon RDS, including Dashboard, Databases, Query Editor, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, and Zero-ETL integrations. The main content area is titled 'Subnet group details' and contains the following fields:

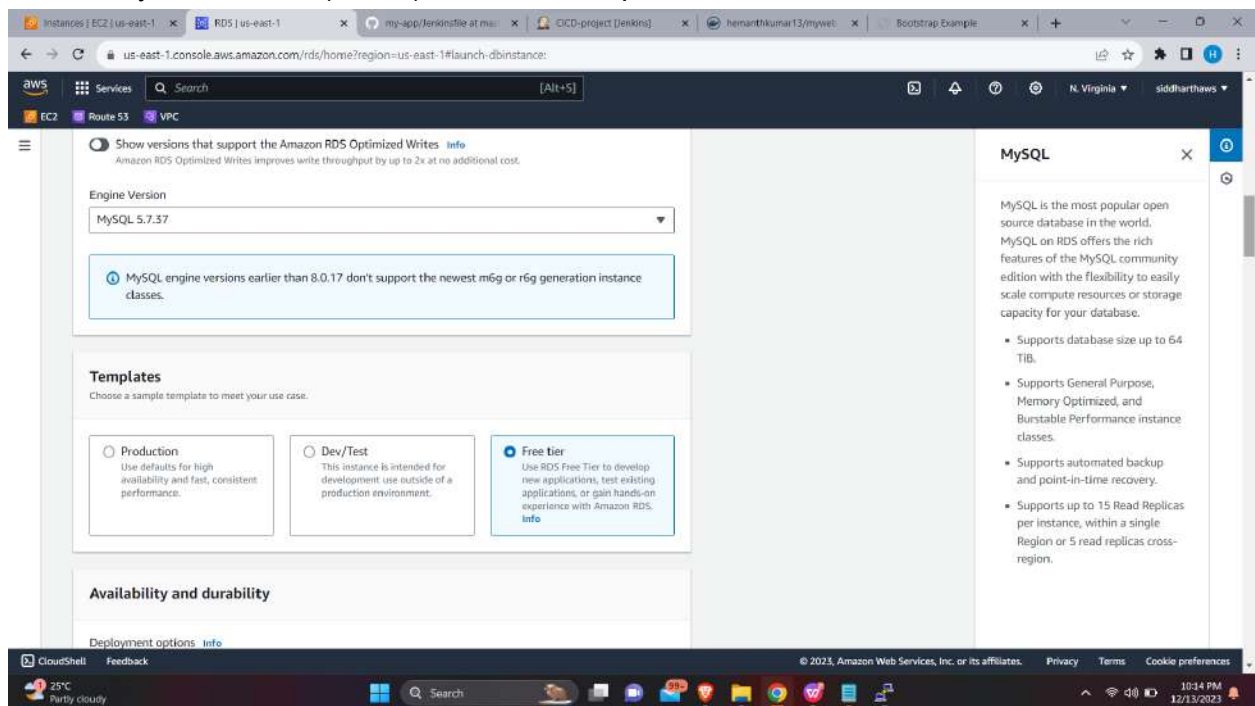
- Name:** A text input field containing 'Sonar'. A note below the field states: 'You won't be able to modify the name after your subnet group has been created. Must contain from 1 to 255 characters. Alphanumeric characters, spaces, hyphens, underscores, and periods are allowed.'
- Description:** A text input field containing 'sonar-subnet'.
- VPC:** A dropdown menu showing 'us-east-1'. A note below the field states: 'Choose a VPC identifier that corresponds to the subnets you want to use for your DB subnet group. You won't be able to choose a different VPC identifier after your subnet group has been created.'
- Subnets:** A list of subnets with checkboxes: 'us-east-1a', 'us-east-1b', 'us-east-1c', 'us-east-1d', 'us-east-1e', and 'us-east-1f'. All checkboxes are checked.
- Choose an availability zone:** A dropdown menu showing 'us-east-1a'.

At the bottom of the console, there is a taskbar with various application icons and a system tray showing the date and time as 10:11 PM on 12/13/2023.

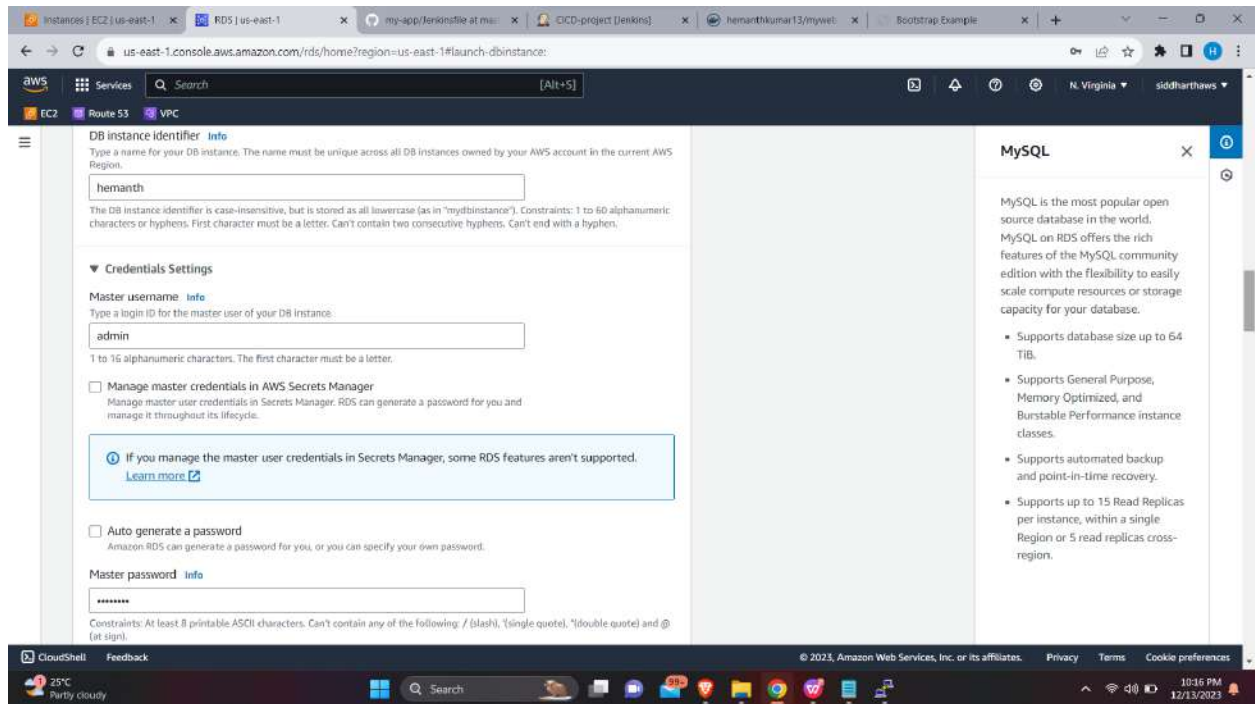
Create a database - Standard create - Choose MySQL DB engine.



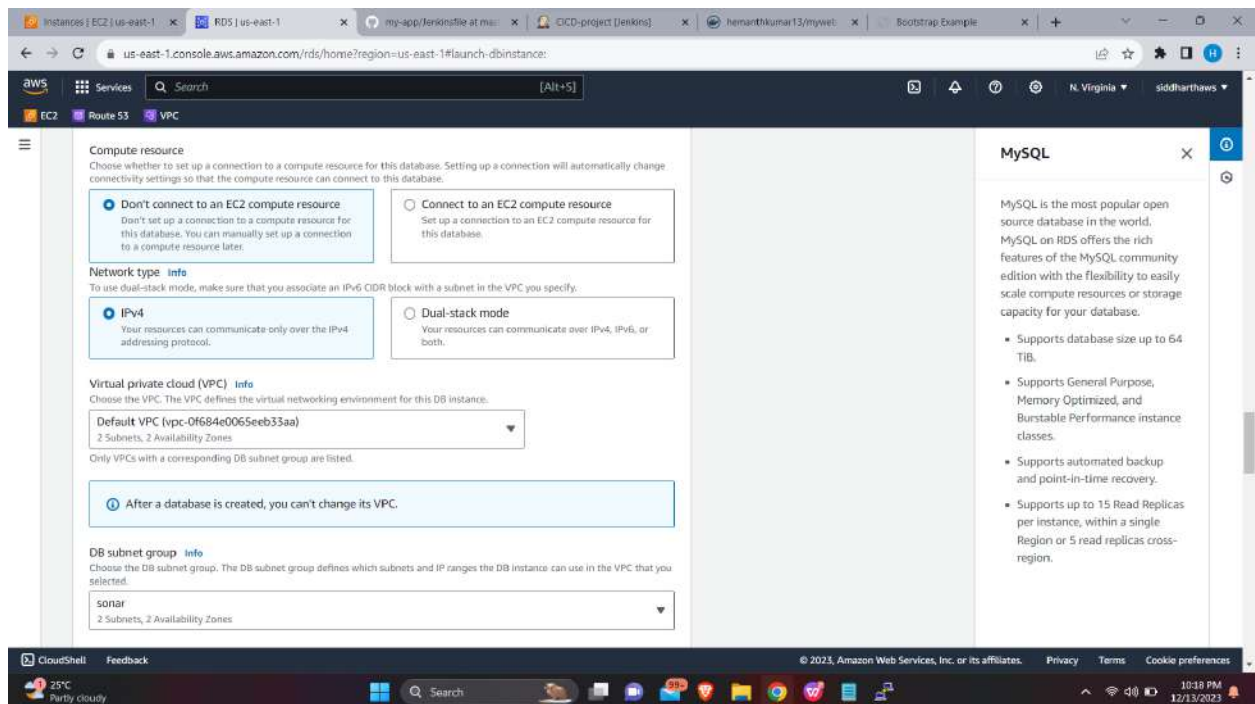
Choose MySQL version (5.7.37) - Free tier Templates.



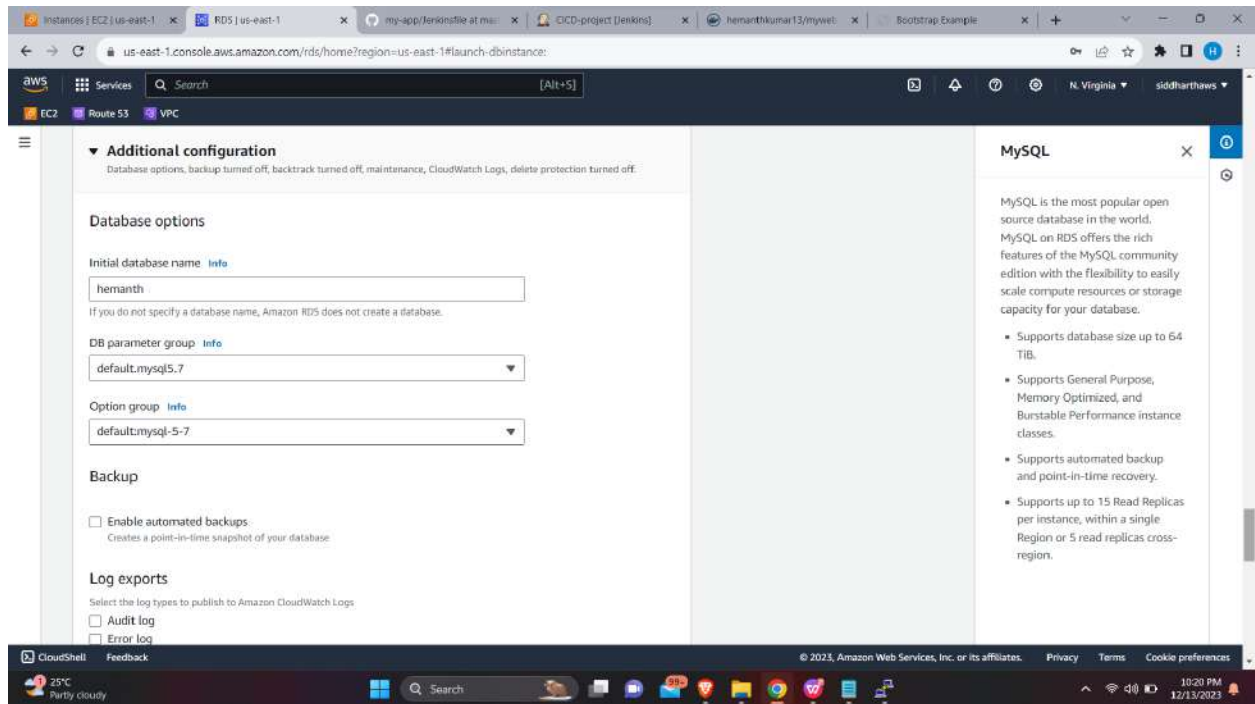
In the settings tab, create a DB ID Eg : hemanth - Username (admin) – Master Password – Confirm Master Password.



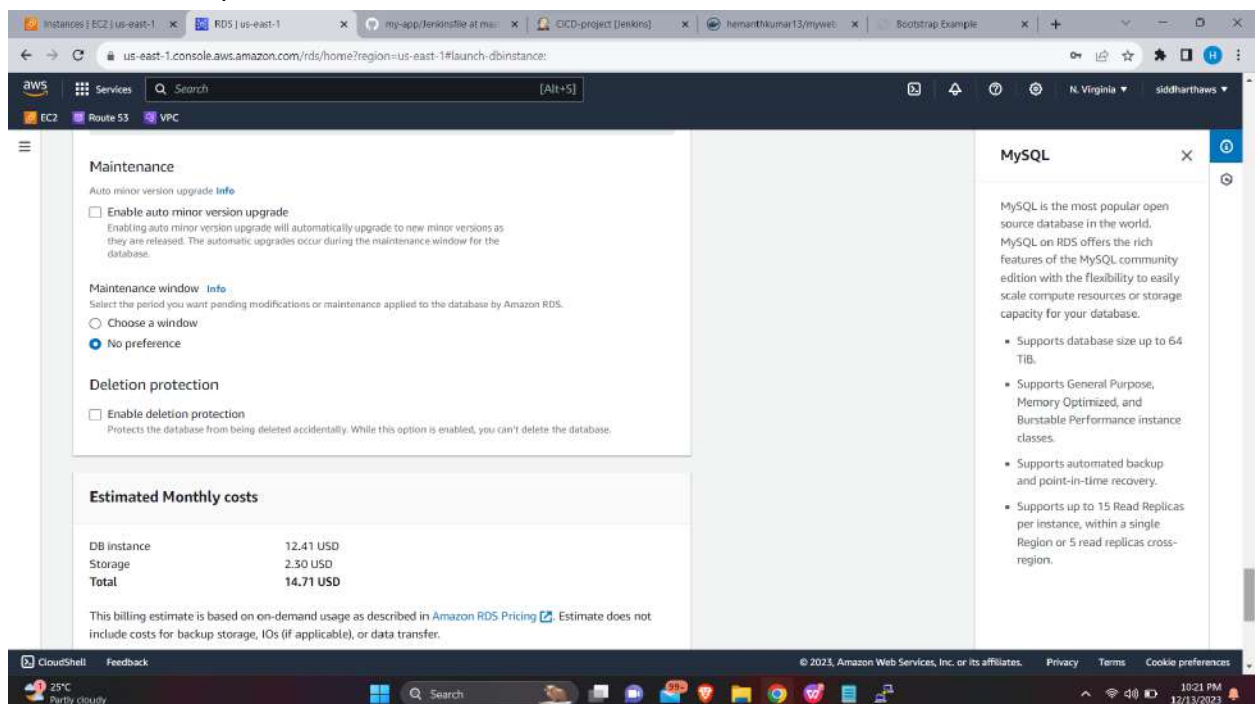
In Instance Configuration, choose db.t2.micro.
 Leave the storage as default.
 In connectivity, choose the created Subnet Group.



In Additional configuration, enter the Initial Database name
 Uncheck Backup.



In the maintenance, uncheck auto minor version upgrade.
Disable deletion protection – Create database.



Connect the Sonarqube Ec2 Server in putty.
Install Java

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 ~]# yum install java-1.8.0 -y
```

Install MySQL

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 ~]# yum install mysql -y
```

Connect to the Mysql database in putty

#mysql -h <endpoint> -P 3306 -u admin -p (enter)

Connected to MySQL database.

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 ~]# mysql -h hemanth.c3htdkwlzxja.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com -P 3306 -u admin -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 7
Server version: 5.7.37 Source distribution

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

Now create a Database user for sonar in MySQL and Given all permission.

```
MySQL [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE sonar CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

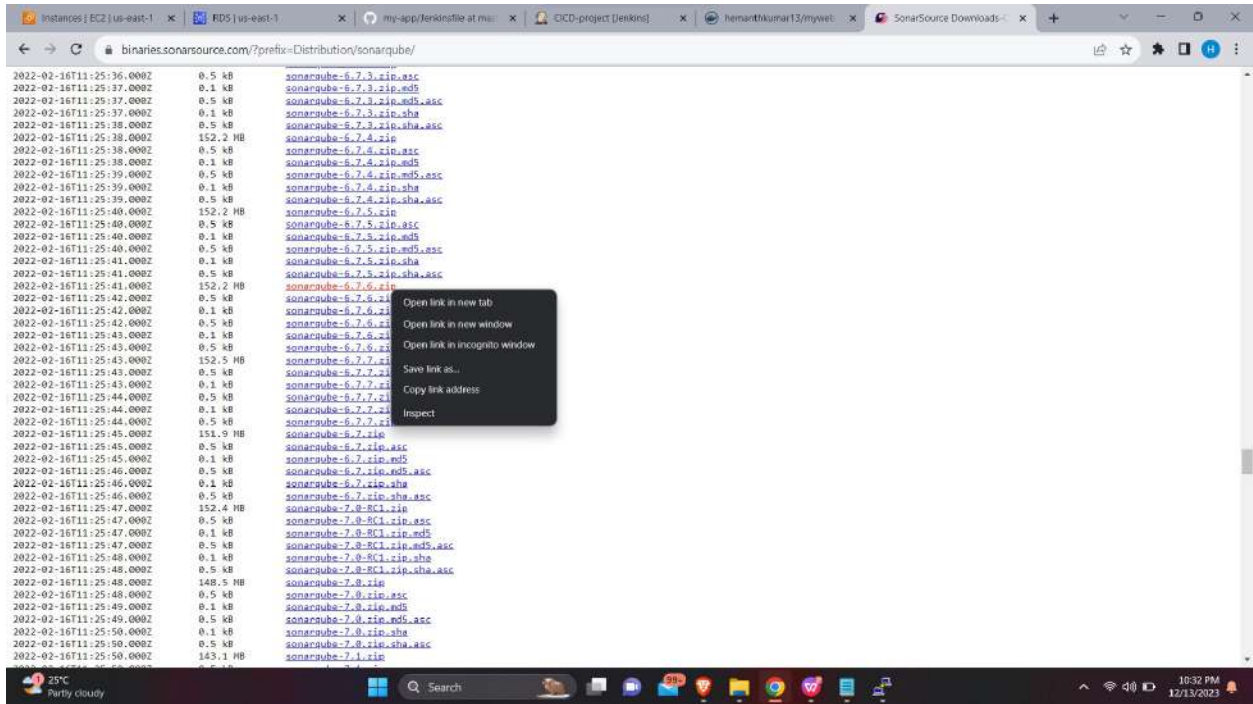
MySQL [(none)]> CREATE USER sonar@localhost IDENTIFIED BY 'sonar';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

MySQL [(none)]> CREATE USER sonar@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'sonar';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

MySQL [(none)]> GRANT ALL ON sonar.* TO sonar@localhost;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

MySQL [(none)]> GRANT ALL ON sonar.* TO sonar @'%';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

Download Sonarqube zip file (6.7.6 version)



Download sonarqube using wget command in /opt directory

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 ~]# cd /opt/
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 opt]# wget https://binaries.sonarsource.com/Distribution/sonarqube/sonarqube-6.7.6.zip
--2023-12-13 17:03:54-- https://binaries.sonarsource.com/Distribution/sonarqube/sonarqube-6.7.6.zip
Resolving binaries.sonarsource.com (binaries.sonarsource.com)... 99.84.191.87, 99.84.191.23, 99.84.191.71, ...
Connecting to binaries.sonarsource.com (binaries.sonarsource.com)|99.84.191.87|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 159610886 (152M) [application/zip]
Saving to: 'sonarqube-6.7.6.zip'

100%[=====] 159,610,886 99.2MB/s in 1.5s

2023-12-13 17:03:56 (99.2 MB/s) - 'sonarqube-6.7.6.zip' saved [159610886/159610886]
```

Unzip the sonarqube zip file.

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 opt]# ll
total 155872
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root      33 Dec  6 19:44 aws
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root       6 Aug 16 2018 rh
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 159610886 Feb 16 2022 sonarqube-6.7.6.zip
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 opt]# unzip sonarqube-6.7.6.zip
```

Open and edit the sonar.properties file.

```
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 opt]# ls
aws  rh  sonarqube-6.7.6  sonarqube-6.7.6.zip
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 opt]# cd sonarqube-6.7.6/
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 sonarqube-6.7.6]# ls
bin  conf  COPYING  data  elasticsearch  extensions  lib  logs  temp  web
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 sonarqube-6.7.6]# cd conf/
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 conf]# ls
sonar.properties  wrapper.conf
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 conf]# vi sonar.properties
[root@ip-172-31-87-92 conf]#
```

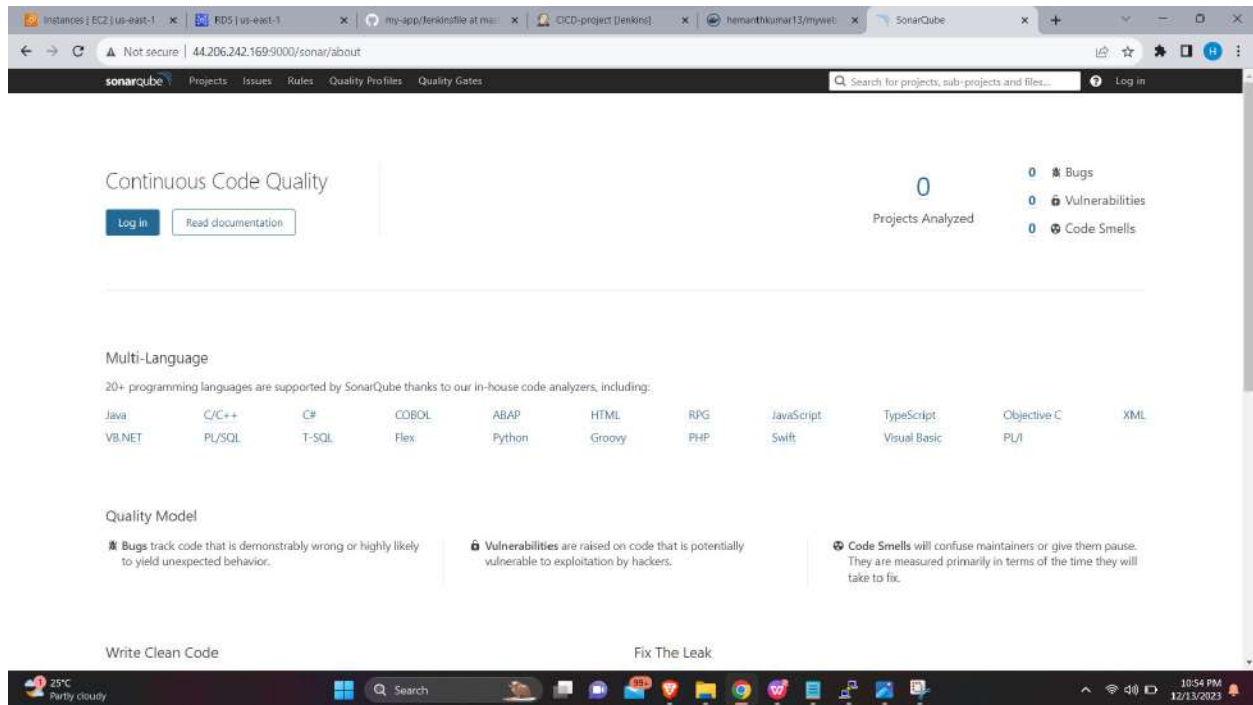
Enter the sonar username=admin

Sonar url: Paste the database endpoint URL

[illegible]

Mention the sonar.web.context=/sonar

Copy sonarqube Ec2 server Ipv4 – Hit in browser with its port number (9000/sonar)

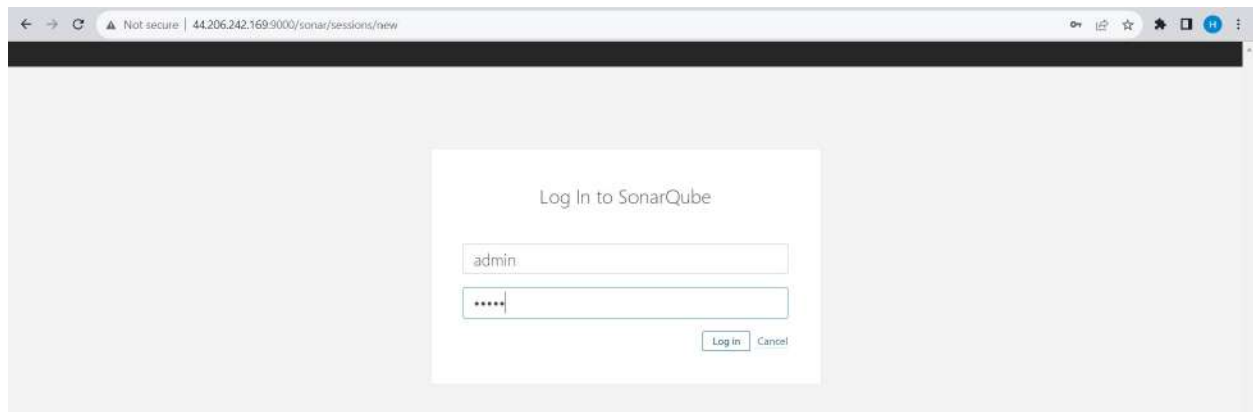


Sonarqube dashboard is hosted.

Login to the sonarqube account.

Username: admin

Password: admin



In security, generate a token and copy the token.

Welcome to SonarQube!

[Skip this tutorial](#)

Want to quickly analyze a first project? Follow these 2 easy steps.

[Find it back anytime in the Help section](#)

1 Provide a token

Generate a token:

The token is used to identify you when an analysis is performed. If it has been compromised, you can revoke it at any point of time in your user account.

2 Run analysis on your project

In Jenkins dashboard – Credential –create a variable for sonarqube login token password. Choose secret text – Secret (paste the token password) – set ID and Description name as (sonar) – Create.

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Credentials > System > Global credentials (unrestricted)

New credentials

Kind: Secret text

Scope: Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc)

Secret:

ID: sonar

Description: sonar

Create

Successfully created a variable for sonarqube login password.

Jenkins Search (CTRL+K) Hemanth Kumar B log out

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Credentials > System > Global credentials (unrestricted) >

Global credentials (unrestricted)

+ Add Credentials

Credentials that should be available irrespective of domain specification to requirements matching.

ID	Name	Kind	Description
dockerPass	dockerPass	Secret text	dockerPass
sonar	sonar	Secret text	sonar

Icon: S M L

Install a plugin for sonarqube.
Search (SonarQube Scanner) - Install

Instances [EC2 | us-east-1] x RD5 | us-east-1 x my-app/jenkinsfile at m... x Available plugins - Plugins x hemanthkumar13/myweb... x Users - Administration x +

← → ↻ Not secure | 34.197.124.84:8080/manage/pluginManager/available

Jenkins Search (CTRL+K) Hemanth Kumar B log out

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Plugins

Plugins

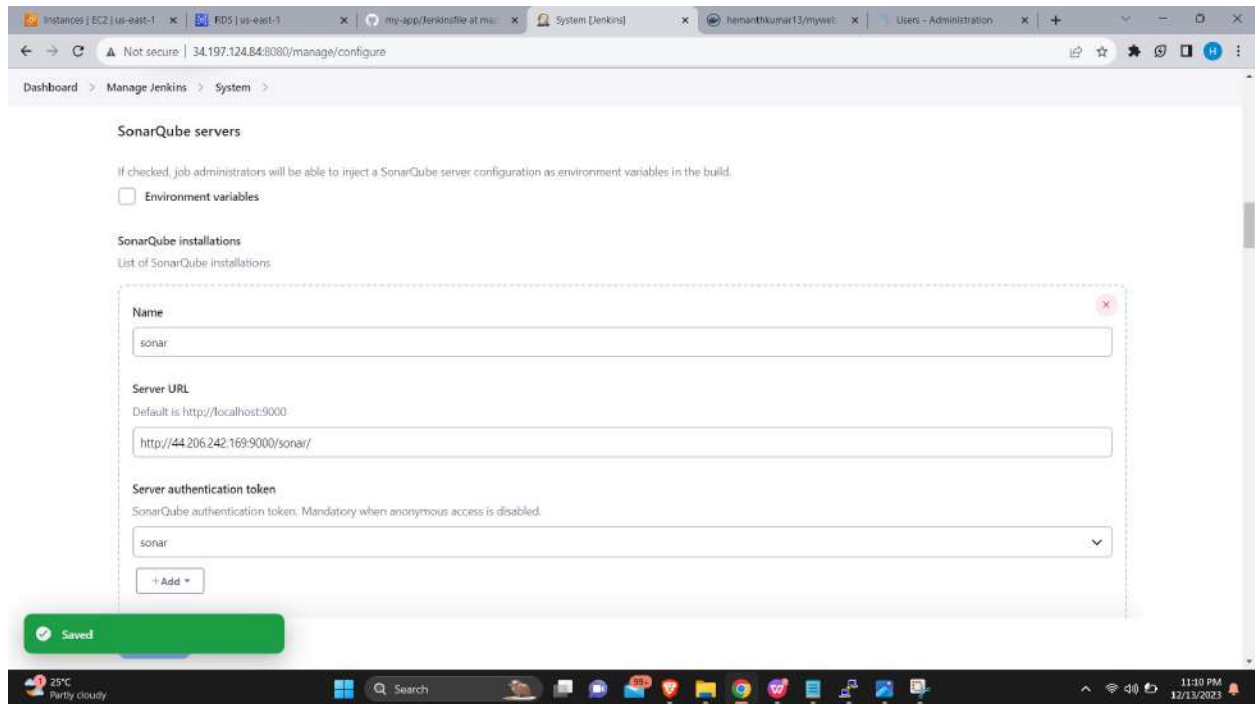
Q sonarqube Install

Install	Name	Released
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SonarQube Scanner 2.16.1 External Site/Tool Integrations Build Reports This plugin allows an easy integration of SonarQube , the open source platform for Continuous Inspection of code quality.	2 mo 4 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sonar Gerrit 385.v890738ecff15 External Site/Tool Integrations This plugin allows to submit issues from SonarQube to Gerrit as comments directly.	1 mo 20 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	SonarQube Generic Coverage 1.0 TODO	4 yr 4 mo ago

REST API Jenkins 2.426.1

29°C Partly cloudy Search 11:07 PM 12/13/2023

Dashboard – Manage Jenkins – System
SonarQube servers
Name: sonar
Server URI: paste the sonar URL
Save.



Go back to the already created pipeline project script field & paste the sonarqube groovy script under the maven stage.

```
Script ?
6
7   def mvnHome = tool name: 'maven3', type: 'maven'
8   sh "${mvnHome}/bin/mvn clean package"
9   sh 'mv target/myweb*.war target/newapp.war'
10  }
11  stage('SonarQube Analysis') {
12    def mvnHome = tool name: 'maven3', type: 'maven'
13    withSonarQubeEnv('sonar') {
14      sh "${mvnHome}/bin/mvn sonar:sonar"
15    }
16  }
17  stage('Build Docker Image'){
18    sh 'docker build -t hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2 .'
19  }
20  stage('Docker Image Push'){
21    withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'dockerPass', variable: 'Hemanth13!')]) {
22      sh "docker login -u hemanthkumar13 -p Hemanth13!"
```

And also add the remove container stage groovy script under the docker image push stage.

```
Script ?
20  stage('Docker Image Push'){
21    withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'dockerPass', variable: 'Hemanth13!')]) {
22      sh "docker login -u hemanthkumar13 -p Hemanth13!"
23    }
24    stage('Remove Previous Container'){
25      try{
26        sh 'docker rm -f tomcattest'
27      }catch(error){
28        // do nothing if there is an exception
29      }
30      sh 'docker push hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2'
31    }
32    stage('Docker deployment'){
33      sh "docker run -d -p 8090:8080 --name tomcattest hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2"
34    }
35  }
36
```

Change the container port number and container name (optional) – apply & save.

```
stage('Docker deployment'){
  sh 'docker run -d -p 8092:8080 --name sonartest hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2'
}
```

Build the project, In the below image we can see the stages are deployed successfully.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins web interface for a project named 'CICD-project'. The 'Stage View' is active, displaying a table of pipeline stages and their execution times. The stages are: SCM Checkout 1, Compile-Package, SonarQube Analysis, Build Docker Imager, Docker Image Push, Remove Previous Container, and Docker deployment. The table shows the duration for each stage in the current build (#7) and the average duration across all builds.

Stage	Current Build (#7)	Average
SCM Checkout 1	365ms	365ms
Compile-Package	5s	5s
SonarQube Analysis	11s	11s
Build Docker Imager	854ms	854ms
Docker Image Push	496ms	496ms
Remove Previous Container	3s	3s
Docker deployment	553ms	553ms

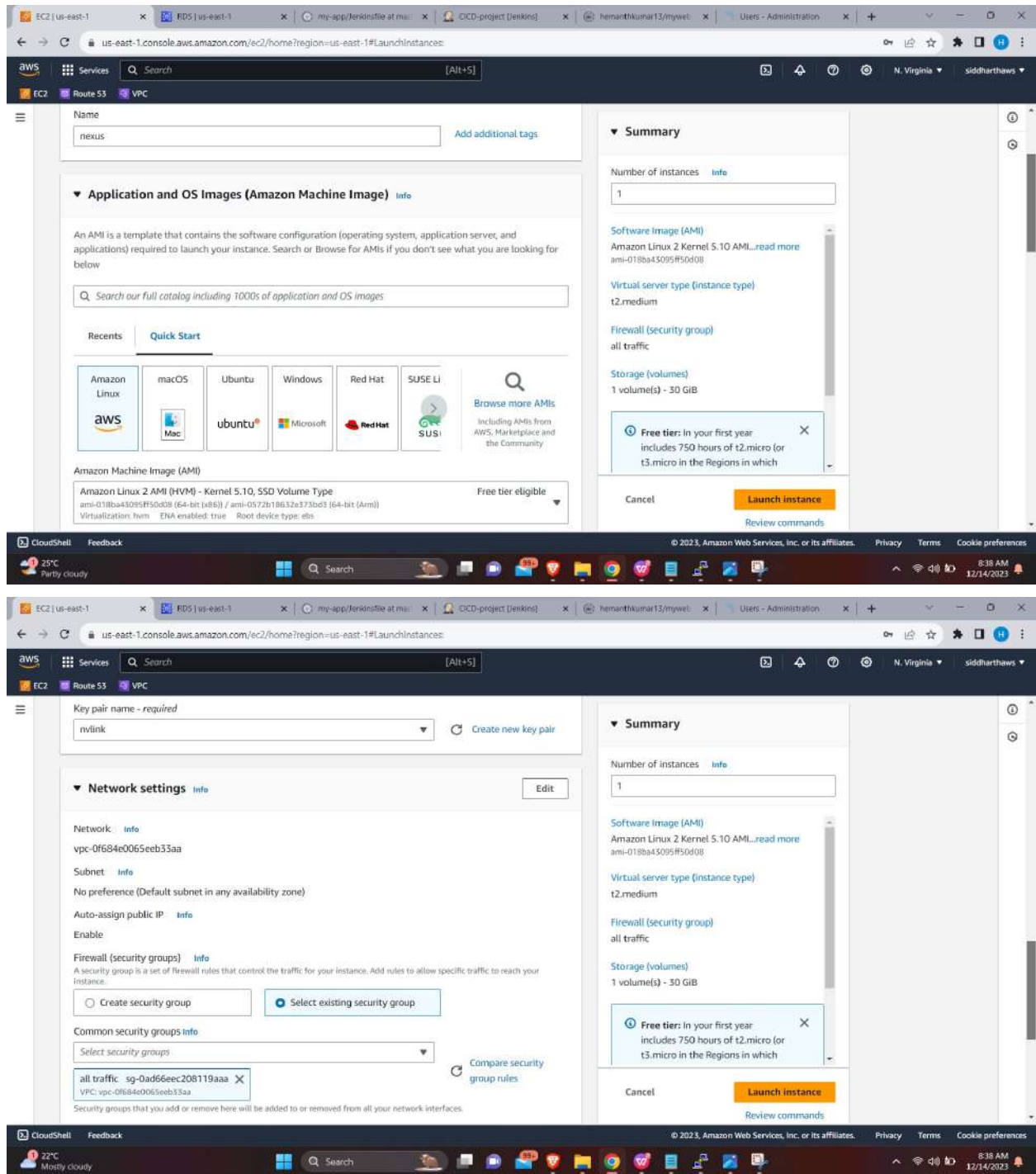
The interface also includes a left sidebar with navigation options like Status, Changes, Build Now, Configure, Delete Pipeline, Full Stage View, Rename, and Pipeline Syntax. A 'Build History' section shows the last three builds (#7, #6, #5) with their completion times. A 'Permalinks' section provides links to the last build, last stable build, last successful build, and last failed build.

From here the SCM has been compiled in war file – war.file code have been reviewed in sonarqube – war file have been build into docker image using dockerfile and pushed to docker hub – deployed the newapp war file in tomcat server as a container using Jenkins pipeline.

Steps to Create a Nexus repo and push the docker image into it.

Launch an Ec2 instance for the nexus server.

AMI amazon linux 2 – t2.medium – SG (All traffic) – Storage 30 gib – launch.



Connect with putty.
Install java.

```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 ~]# yum install java-1.8.0 -y
```

Download nexus using wget command in /opt repository.

```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 ~]# cd /opt/
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 opt]# wget https://download.sonatype.com/nexus/3/nexus-3.48.0-01-unix.tar.gz
```

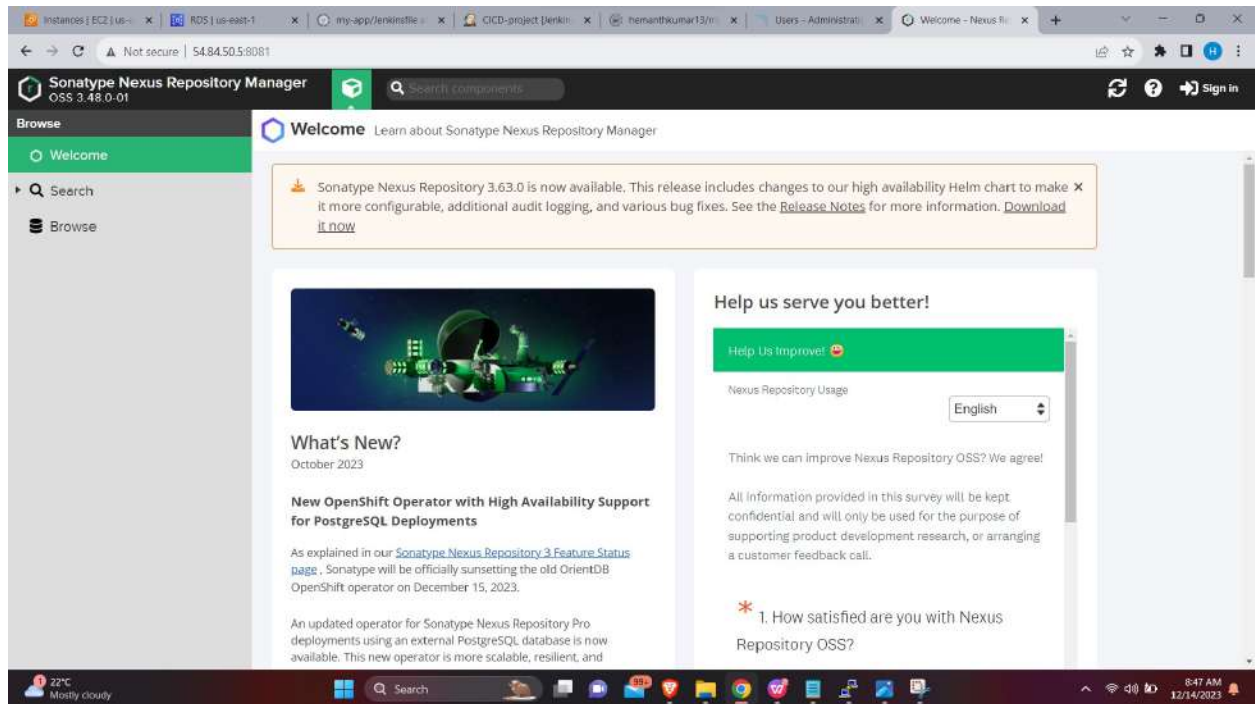
Untar the tar file.

```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 opt]# ll
total 204316
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root      33 Dec  6 19:44 aws
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 209219399 Feb 27  2023 nexus-3.48.0-01-unix.tar.gz
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root      6 Aug 16  2018 rh
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 opt]# tar -xvzf nexus-3.48.0-01-unix.tar.gz
```

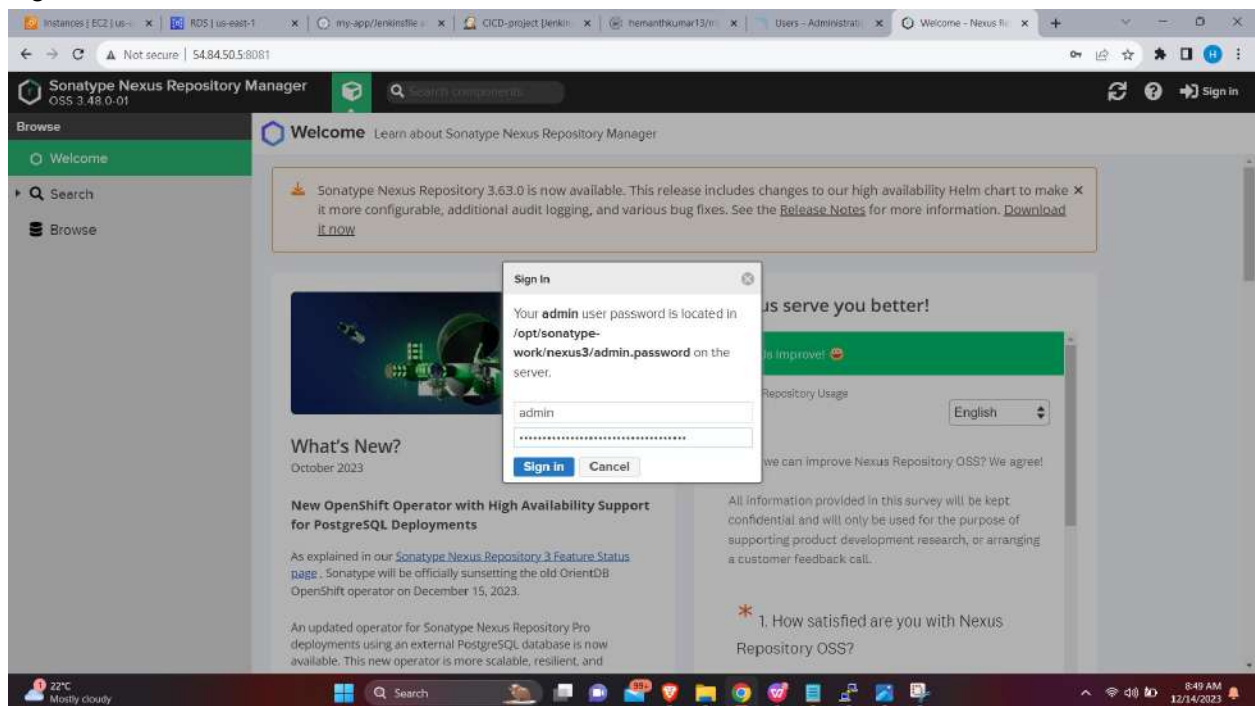
Go to the bin directory and start the service.

```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 opt]# ll
total 204316
drwxr-xr-x 4 root root      33 Dec  6 19:44 aws
drwxr-xr-x 10 root root     181 Dec 14 03:13 nexus-3.48.0-01
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 209219399 Feb 27  2023 nexus-3.48.0-01-unix.tar.gz
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root      6 Aug 16  2018 rh
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root     20 Dec 14 03:13 sonatype-work
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 opt]# cd nexus-3.48.0-01/
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 nexus-3.48.0-01]# ls
bin  deploy  etc  lib  NOTICE.txt  OSS-LICENSE.txt  PRO-LICENSE.txt  public  replicator  system
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 nexus-3.48.0-01]# cd bin/
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 bin]# ls
contrib  nexus  nexus.rc  nexus.vmoptions
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 bin]# ./nexus start
WARNING: *****
WARNING: Detected execution as "root" user.  This is NOT recommended!
WARNING: *****
Starting nexus
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 bin]#
```

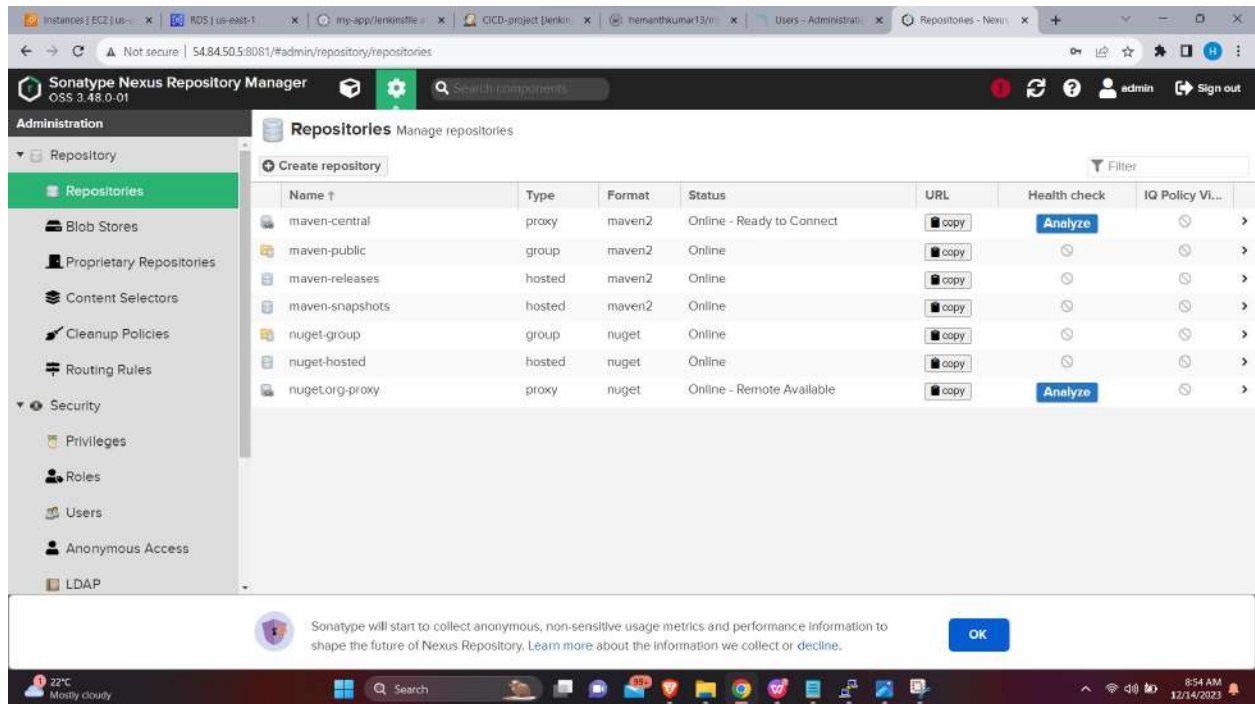
Copy Ipv4 address – Paste Ipv4:8081 in browser.



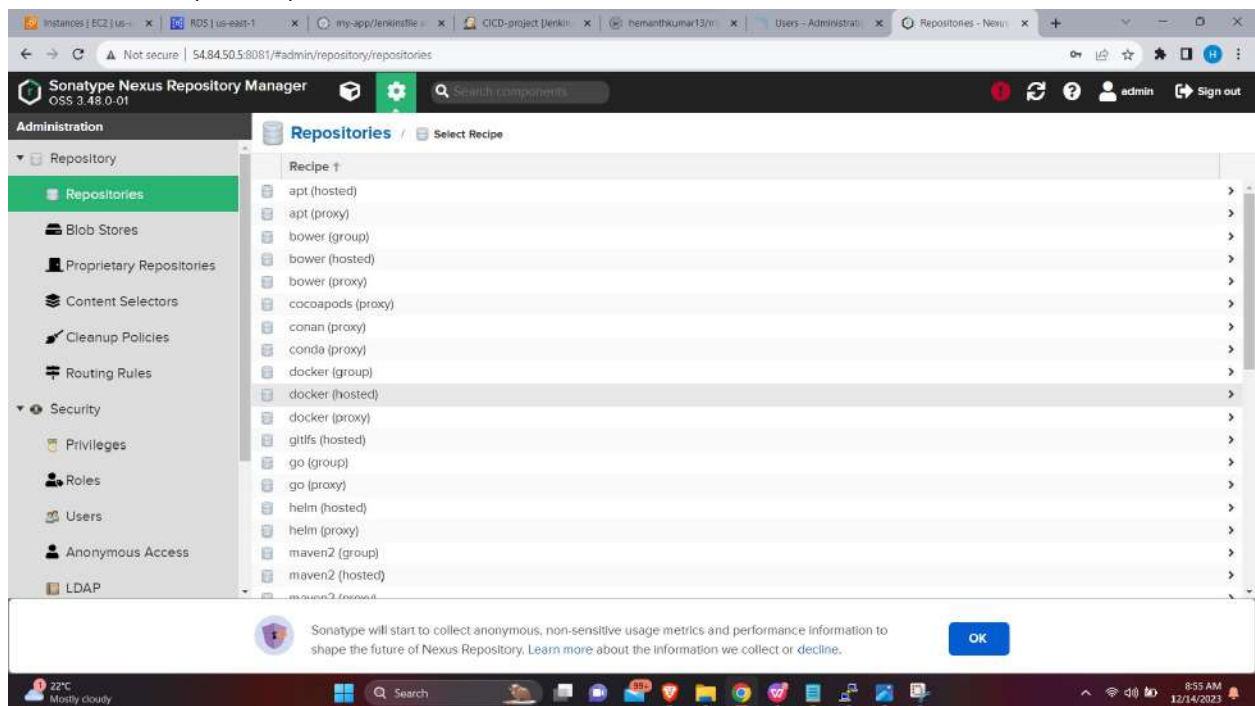
Sign In.



In repositories, create a Repository.



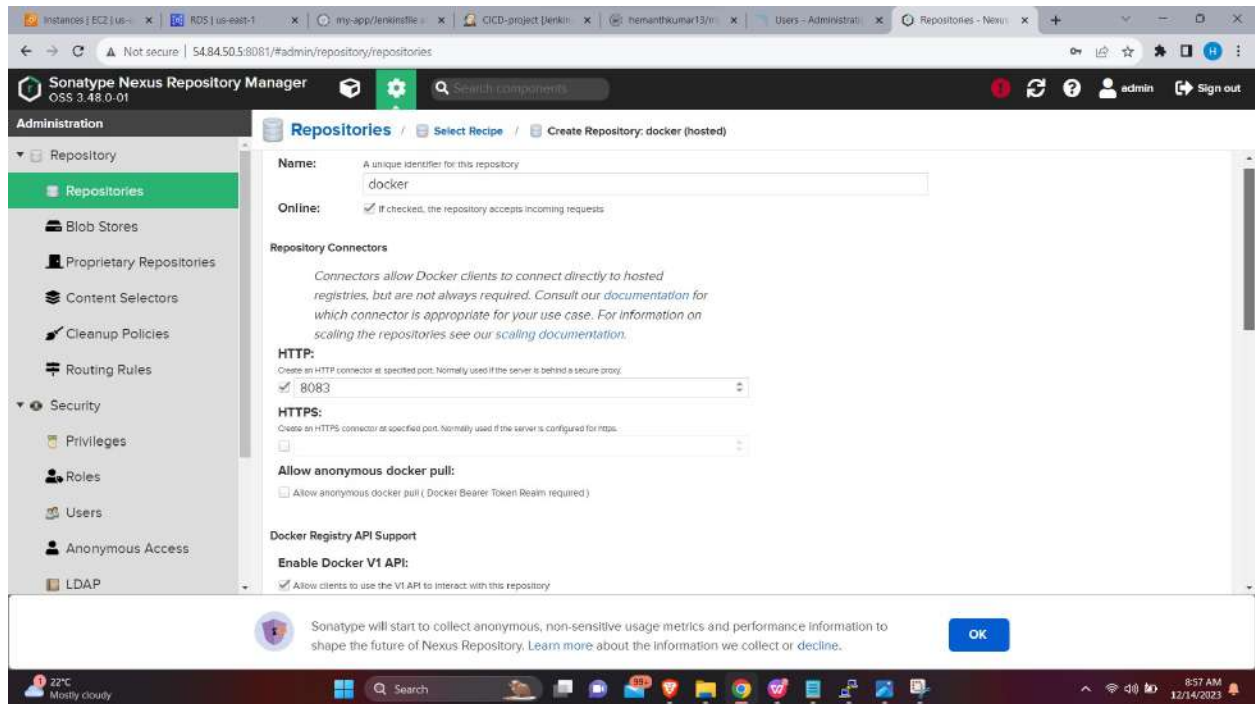
Select docker (hosted).



Set a Name: Docker

Repo HTTP: 8083 < - (repository port)

Enable Docker V1 API – Create Repository.



Docker repository has been created in nexus.



Install docker in nexus Ec2 Server.


```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 ~]# yum install docker -y
```

Start the docker service & create a daemon.json file.


```
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 ~]# cd /etc/docker/
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]# ls
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]# systemctl start docker
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]# ls
key.json
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]# ll
total 4
-rw----- 1 root root 244 Dec 14 03:32 key.json
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]# vi daemon.json
[root@ip-172-31-92-121 docker]#
```

Add this content inside the daemon.json file.

```
{
  "insecure-registries" : [ "nexus Server IPv4:Repo Portno" ]
}
```

 root@ip-172-31-86-18: /etc/docker

```
{
  "insecure-registries" : [ "54.84.50.5:8083" ]
}
~
~
~
```

Then restart the docker service.

```
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker# systemctl restart docker
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker#
```

Connect to the Jenkins Ec2 server.

And follow the same steps. Create a daemon.json file - add the same content - restart the service.

```
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# cd /etc/docker/
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker# ls
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker# vi daemon.json
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker#
```

```
root@ip-172-31-86-18: /etc/docker

{
  "insecure-registries" : [ "54.84.50.5:8083" ]
}

root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker# systemctl restart docker
root@ip-172-31-86-18:/etc/docker#
```

Copy the nexus groovy script stage.

In the pipeline script, paste the nexus stage under docker image push stage – apply and save.

```
sh "docker login -u hemanthkumar13 -p Hemanth13!"
}
stage('Nexus Image Push'){
sh "docker login -u admin -p admin123 54.84.50.5:8083"
sh "docker tag hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2 54.84.50.5:8083/demo:1.0.0"
sh "docker push 54.84.50.5:8083/demo:1.0.0"
}
stage('Remove Previous Container'){
+.../
```

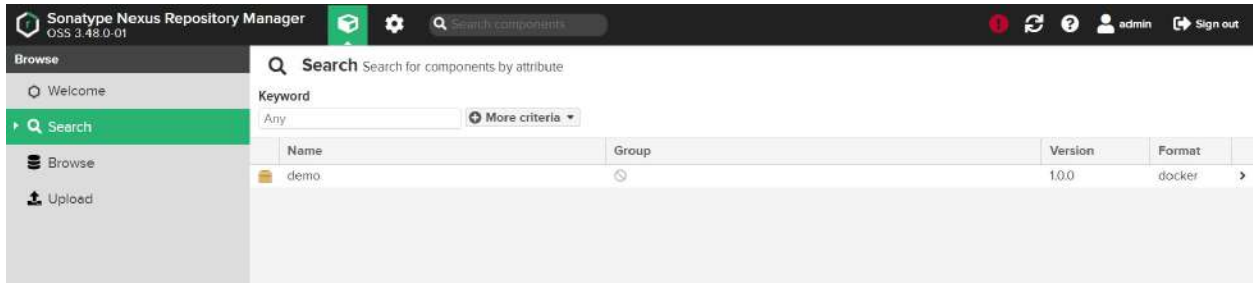
Build the Jenkins pipeline project.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins web interface for a pipeline named 'CICD-project'. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Status, Changes, Build Now, Configure, Delete Pipeline, Full Stage View, SonarQube, Rename, and Pipeline Syntax. The main area displays the 'Stage View' of the pipeline. It includes a table of stage execution times and a 'Build History' section.

Stage	SCM Checkout 1	Compile-Package	SonarQube Analysis	Build Docker Imager	Docker Image Push	Nexus Image Push	Remove Previous Container	Docker deployment
Average stage times: (Average full run time: ~18s)	252ms	4s	7s	302ms	355ms	11s	3s	431ms
Dec 14 09:25 (No Changes)	226ms	4s	8s	300ms	350ms	1s	3s	547ms
Dec 14 09:22 (No Changes)	278ms	4s	7s	305ms	361ms	21s	3s	316ms (failed)

Below the stage view, there is a 'SonarQube Quality Gate' section. The 'Build History' section on the left shows a list of builds with filters and a 'trend' dropdown.

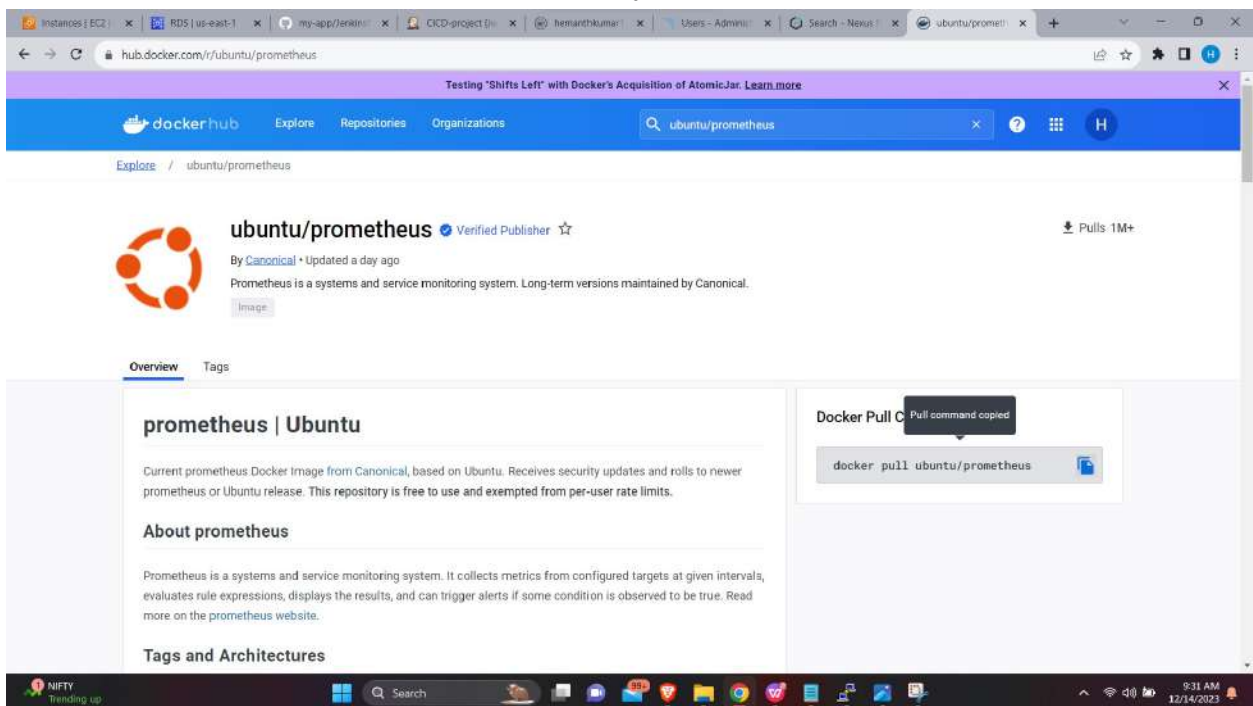
Now go to the nexus hub and check the image has been pushed successfully in the nexus repository.



From here the SCM has been compiled in war file – war.file code have been reviewed in sonarqube – war file have been build into docker image using dockerfile and pushed to docker hub and nexus repo – deploy the newapp war file in tomcat server as a container using Jenkins pipeline.

Steps to add monitoring tools with Jenkins to view the metrics of Jenkins pipeline project

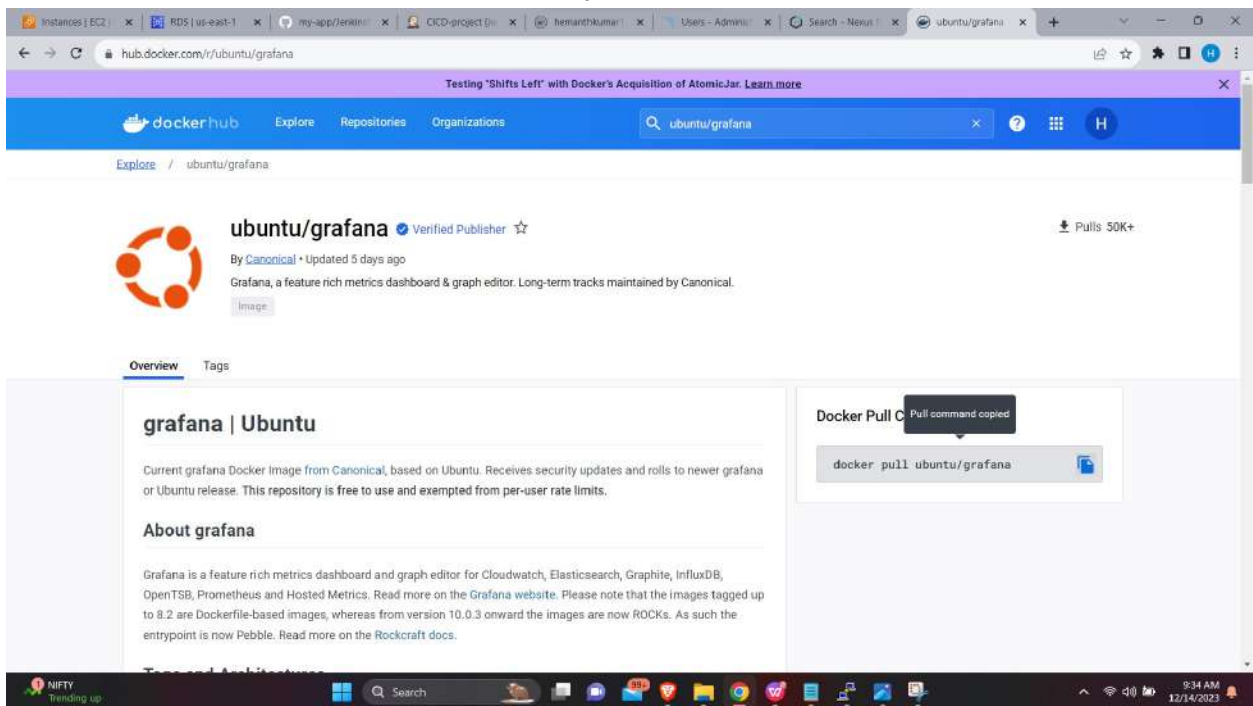
In docker hub, Search ubuntu/prometheus & copy the pull command.



Connect the Jenkins ec2 server.
Pull the Prometheus Docker Image.

```
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker pull ubuntu/prometheus
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from ubuntu/prometheus
04196f9b9bd8: Pull complete
24e8cffff174: Pull complete
2bcf0bccf481: Pull complete
79517778cb77: Pull complete
f00d5493dcb0: Pull complete
3df42392d0a8: Pull complete
34a833f4b666: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:524e5e4bdd7545a9d9a01d77107e6de885a6d829c90f20a0edd77e694af14e32
Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu/prometheus:latest
docker.io/ubuntu/prometheus:latest
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~#
```

In Docker hub, search ubuntu/Grafana & copy the pull command.



The screenshot shows the Docker Hub interface for the `ubuntu/grafana` repository. The page includes the repository name, a verified publisher badge, and a description of Grafana as a feature-rich metrics dashboard and graph editor. The Docker Pull command is displayed as `docker pull ubuntu/grafana`, and a notification indicates that the command has been copied. The page also shows the repository's pull count as 50K+.

Pull the grafana docker image.

```

root@ip-172-31-28-249:~# docker pull ubuntu/grafana
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from ubuntu/grafana
555d04ab45f8: Pull complete
ef618531e8e8: Pull complete
943eeca1a3eda: Pull complete
64ad67ed4366: Pull complete
662de99a4b47: Pull complete
58c2f39edb27: Pull complete
7df68babdd52: Pull complete
02eee8e9d0d9: Pull complete
312ed95718e5: Pull complete
80bdb2943893: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:cbce56bbfc65eaa4fb4e9d68914bebad9c9ea90d342c0d416e96e30059050f0b
Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu/grafana:latest
docker.io/ubuntu/grafana:latest
root@ip-172-31-28-249:~#

```

Create and run a container for prometheus.

```

root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID      CREATED        SIZE
54.84.50.5:8083/demo 1.0.0        7532d24d9bff  9 minutes ago  471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb 0.0.2        7532d24d9bff  9 minutes ago  471MB
54.84.50.5:8083/demo <none>       49358e9585d5  12 minutes ago 471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>       49358e9585d5  12 minutes ago 471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>       4e7f466d41e3  10 hours ago   471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>       1831f317c270  16 hours ago   471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>       82d25815d0ed  16 hours ago   471MB
<none>               <none>       ecaa34c7bb85  16 hours ago   471MB
tomcat               8            89f9109395e2  26 hours ago   469MB
ubuntu/prometheus    latest       667e910cfc76  10 months ago  292MB
ubuntu/grafana        latest       2035817aace4  10 months ago  415MB
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker run -d --name prometheus -p 9090:9090 ubuntu/prometheus
42cba5a8249ebd73f9f3e778819d163d487a5c2712ec544bc2162adfd175bd84
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~#

```

Create a Grafana container using docker image.

```

root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG                 IMAGE ID            CREATED             SIZE
54.84.50.5:8083/demo 1.0.0              7532d24d9bff       11 minutes ago     471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb 0.0.2              7532d24d9bff       11 minutes ago     471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>             49358e9585d5       14 minutes ago     471MB
54.84.50.5:8083/demo <none>             49358e9585d5       14 minutes ago     471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>             4e7f466d41e3       10 hours ago       471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>             1831f317c270       16 hours ago       471MB
hemanthkumar13/myweb <none>             82d25815d0ed       16 hours ago       471MB
<none>               <none>             ecaa34c7bb85       16 hours ago       471MB
tomcat                8                  89f9109395e2       26 hours ago       469MB
ubuntu/prometheus     latest             667e910cfc76       10 months ago      292MB
ubuntu/grafana        latest             2035817aace4       10 months ago      415MB
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker run -d --name grafana -p 3000:3000 ubuntu/grafana
2eb7d10e3a2b56e4f90837b151221e285f5404b6d0b87a9e47c0171fc369ab6c
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~#

```

Using docker ps command, we can see that prometheus and grafana containers are running.

```

root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE                COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS                               NAMES
2eb7d10e3a2b   ubuntu/grafana       "/run.sh /run.sh"       21 seconds ago Up 20 seconds 0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp, :::3000->3000/tcp   grafana
42cba5a8249e   ubuntu/prometheus    "/usr/bin/prometheus..." About a minute ago Up About a minute 0.0.0.0:9090->9090/tcp, :::9090->9090/tcp   prometheus
d0e047c641de   hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2 "catalina.sh run"       12 minutes ago Up 12 minutes 0.0.0.0:8094->8080/tcp, :::8094->8080/tcp   sonartest1
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~#

```

To access the container

#docker exec -it <containerID> /bin/sh

```

root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE                COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS                               NAMES
2eb7d10e3a2b   ubuntu/grafana       "/run.sh /run.sh"       About a minute ago Up About a minute 0.0.0.0:3000->3000/tcp, :::3000->3000/tcp   grafana
42cba5a8249e   ubuntu/prometheus    "/usr/bin/prometheus..." 2 minutes ago Up 2 minutes 0.0.0.0:9090->9090/tcp, :::9090->9090/tcp   prometheus
d0e047c641de   hemanthkumar13/myweb:0.0.2 "catalina.sh run"       13 minutes ago Up 13 minutes 0.0.0.0:8094->8080/tcp, :::8094->8080/tcp   sonartest1
root@ip-172-31-86-18:~# docker exec -it 42cba5a8249e /bin/sh
#

```

Install vim editor in the container.

```

root@42cba5a8249e:/prometheus# cd /etc
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc# ls
adduser.conf      ca-certificates.conf  default      gai.conf      hosts      ld.so.conf      logrotate.d  networks      passwd      rc2.d      resolv.conf  skel      systemd
alternatives      cloud                  deluser.conf group         init.d      ld.so.conf.d  lsb-release  nsswitch.conf profile      rc3.d      rmt          ssl         terminfo
apt               cron.d                dpkg         gshadow      issue       libaudit.conf  nckfs.conf  os-release   prometheus  rc4.d      security     subgid     timezone
bash.bashrc      cron.daily            e2scrub.conf gss           issue.net   libaudit.conf  nckfs.conf  os-release   prometheus  rc5.d      selinux     subuid     update-rc.d
bindresvport.blacklist debconf.conf          environment: host.conf kernel        localtime  ntfs        pam.conf     rc6.d      shadow      sysctl.conf xattr.conf
ca-certificates  debconf               fstab        hostname     ld.so.cache login.defs     netconfig   pam.d        rc7.d      shells      sysctl.d   xattr.conf
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc# cd prometheus/
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus# ls
prometheus.yml
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus# apt-get update
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease [270 kB]
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [110 kB]
Get:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease [119 kB]
Get:4 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease [109 kB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/multiverse amd64 Packages [44.0 kB]
Get:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/universe amd64 Packages [1636 kB]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/restricted amd64 Packages [1572 kB]
Get:8 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security/main amd64 Packages [1325 kB]
Get:9 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/universe amd64 Packages [17.3 MB]
Get:10 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/multiverse amd64 Packages [266 kB]
Get:11 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/main amd64 Packages [1792 kB]
Get:12 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/restricted amd64 Packages [144 kB]
Get:13 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/multiverse amd64 Packages [49.8 kB]
Get:14 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/universe amd64 Packages [1304 kB]
Get:15 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main amd64 Packages [1590 kB]
Get:16 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [1602 kB]
Get:17 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports/universe amd64 Packages [28.1 kB]
Get:18 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports/main amd64 Packages [50.4 kB]
Fetched 28.9 MB in 2s (14.5 MB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus# apt-get install vim -y

```

Then edit the prometheus.yml file by adding the following content.

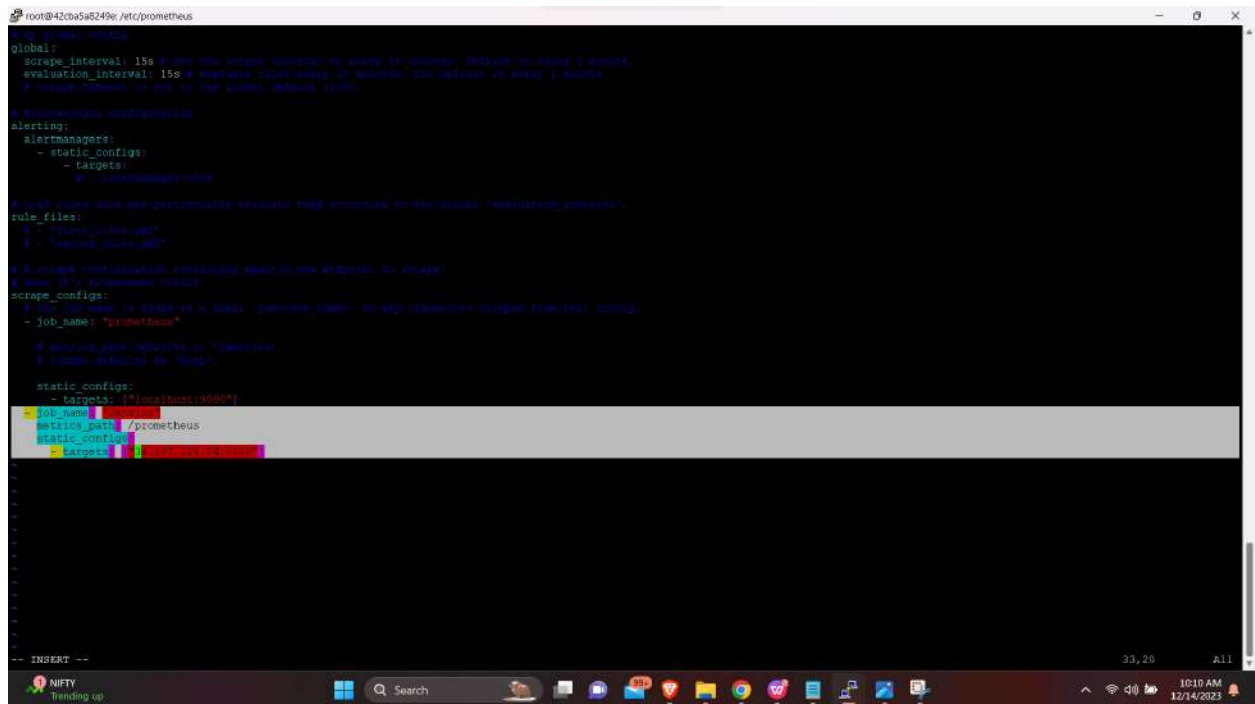
- job_name: "Jenkins"

metrics_path: /prometheus

Static_configs:

- targets: ["Jenkins server IPv4:8080"]

```
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus# vi prometheus.yml
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus#
```



```
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus# vi prometheus.yml
root@42cba5a8249e:/etc/prometheus#
```

```
global:
  scrape_interval: 15s # For the scrape interval to every 15 seconds. Default is every 1 minute.
  evaluation_interval: 15s # For the scrape interval to every 15 seconds. Default is every 1 minute.
  # scrape_timeout: 10s # For the scrape timeout to every 10 seconds. Default is every 1 minute.

# Alertmanager configuration
alerting:
  alertmanagers:
    - static_configs:
      - targets:
        # - alertmanager:9093

# Load rules that are periodically reloaded from the storage "storage.local"
rule_files:
  - "rules/*.yml"
  - "rules/*.yaml"

# scrape_configs
scrape_configs:
  - job_name: "prometheus"
    # metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
    # scheme defaults to 'http'

    static_configs:
      - targets: ["localhost:9090"]
      - job_name: "prometheus"
        metrics_path: "/prometheus"
        static_configs:
          - targets: ["localhost:9090"]
```

In Jenkins dashboard, Go to Manage Jenkins – plugins – Available plugins
Search Prometheus metrics – Install without restart.

Instances [E] x RDS [us-east-1] x my-app/jenkins x Available plu x hemanthkumar x Users - Admin x Search - New x ubuntu/gnu x YAMLint - Tr x

← → ↻ Not secure | 34.197.124.84:8080/manage/pluginManager/available

Jenkins

Search (CTRL+K) [?] [1] [1] [1] Hemanth Kumar B log out

Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Plugins

Plugins

Updates Available plugins Installed plugins Advanced settings Download progress

Search: prometheus metrics [Install] [Refresh]

Install	Name	Released
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prometheus metrics 2.4.1 monitoring Miscellaneous Jenkins Prometheus Plugin expose an endpoint (default /prometheus) with metrics where a Prometheus Server can scrape.	8 days 13 hr ago

REST API Jenkins 2.426.1

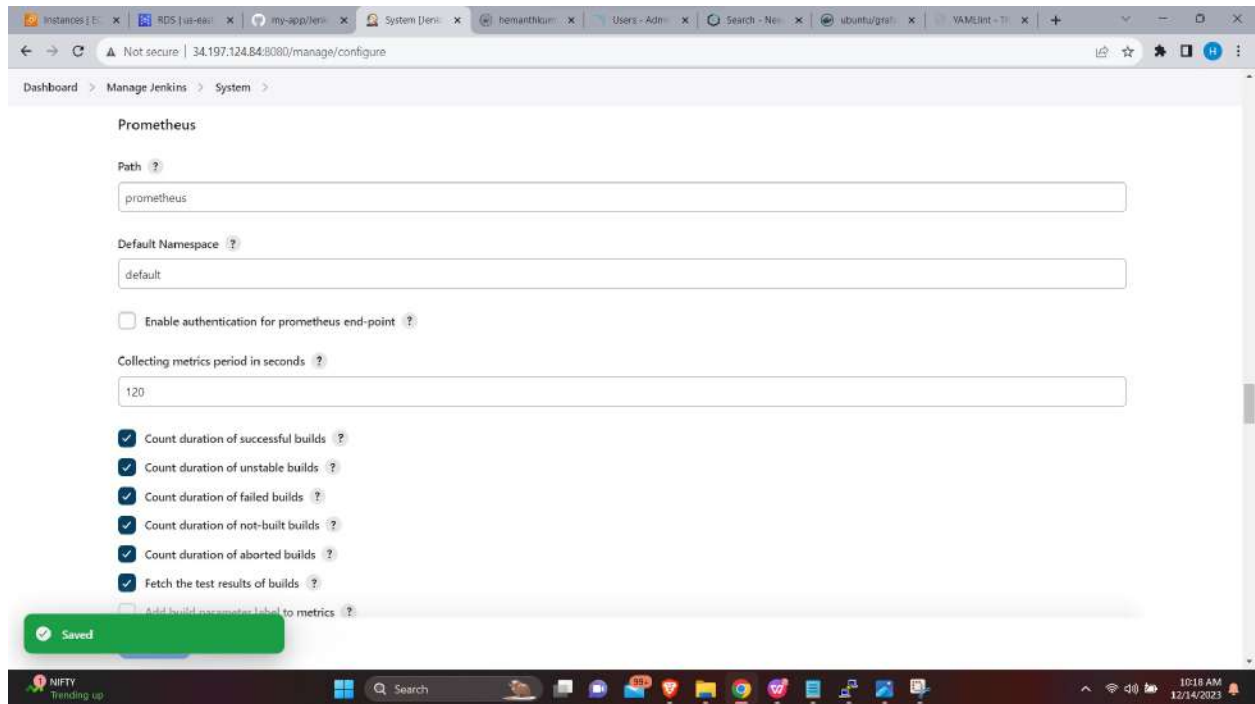
NIFTY Trending up [Search] [10:13 AM 12/14/2023]

Instances [E] x RDS [us-east-1] x my-app/jenkins x Restarting Jenkins x hemanthkumar x Users - Admin x Search - New x ubuntu/gnu x YAMLint - Tr x

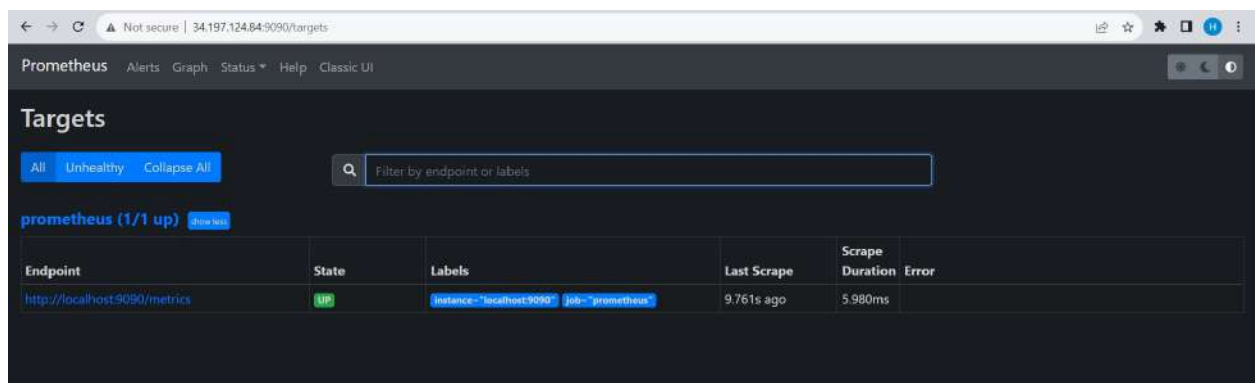
← → ↻ Not secure | 34.197.124.84:8080/manage/pluginManager/updates/



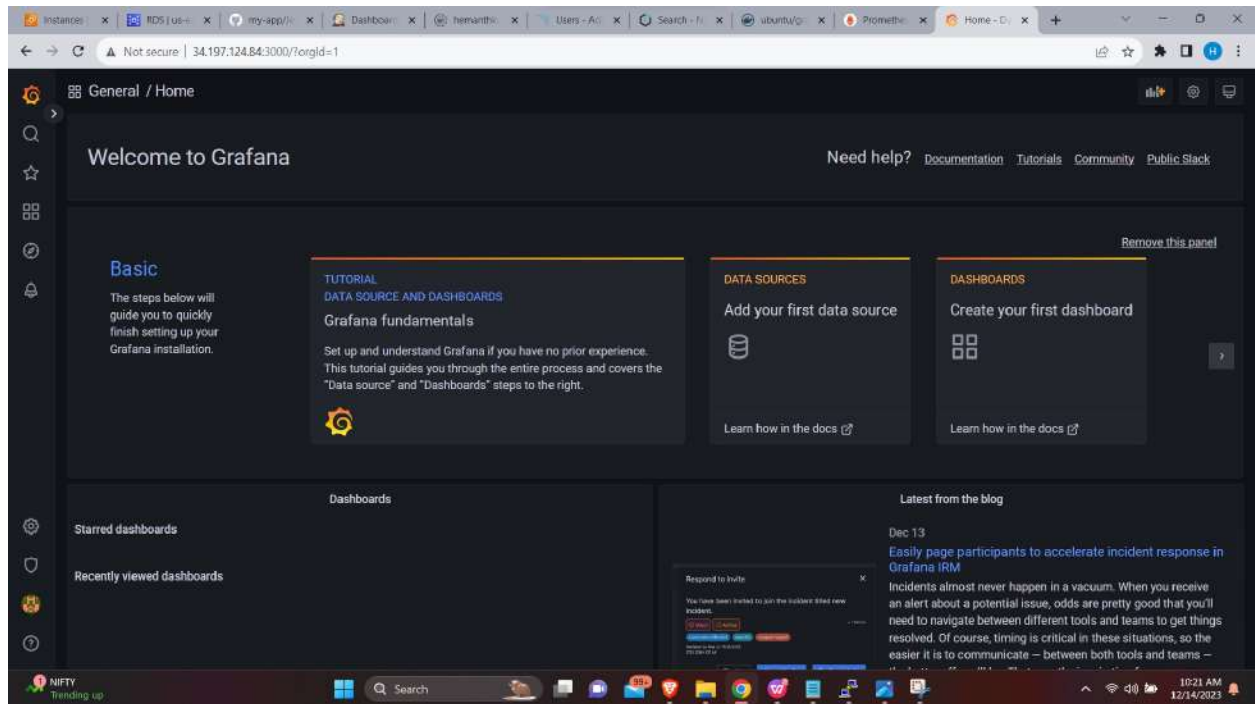
Dashboard – Manage Jenkins – System – Prometheus – apply & Save.



Hit jenkins server IPV4:9090
Then we can see Jenkins server metrics state is UP.



Then Connect to the grafana dashboard by pasting Jenkins ServerIPV4:3000

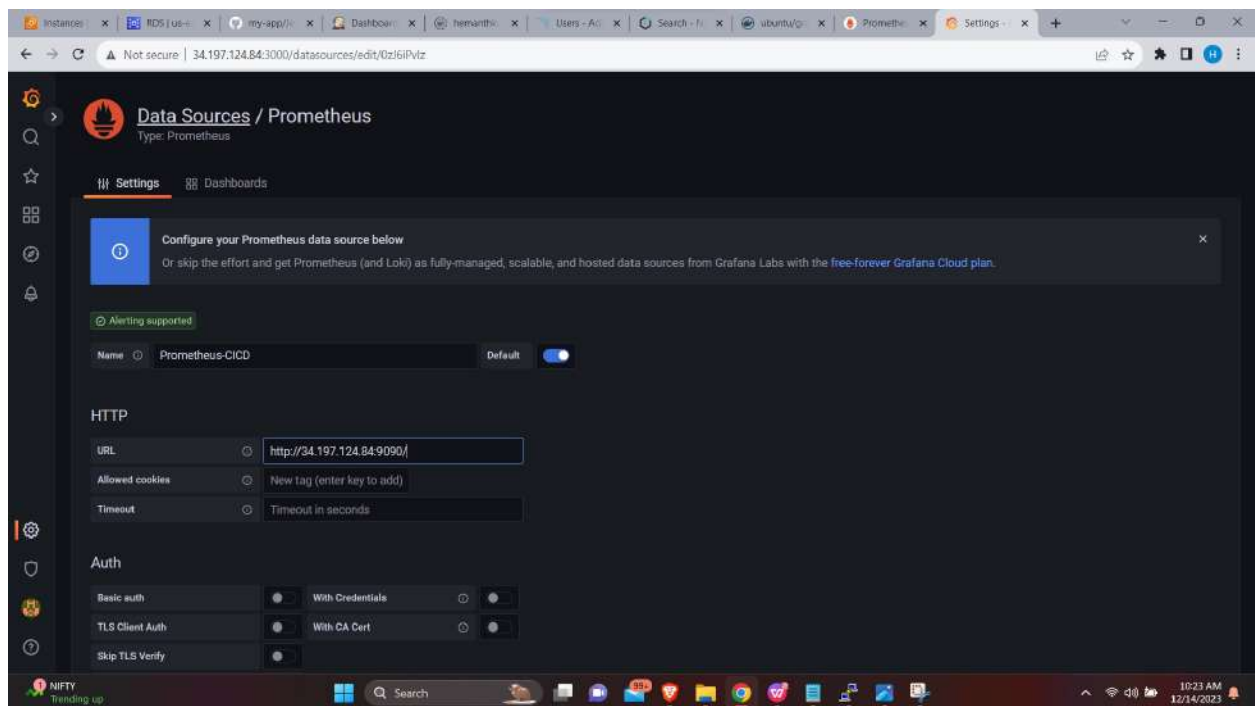


Settings – Create datasource – Choose Prometheus

Set a name: PrometheusCICD

URL : <Prometheus URL>

Save & Test.



Create a new dashboard and attach the datasource with a new panel.
There we can monitor the Jenkins dashboard and pipeline project utilization metrics.

