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### Customized ping command to test the server connectivity without using socket.

#### AIM:

To study packet sniffing concept and implement it without using raw sockets.

# Algorithm:

#### 1. Define a Packet Callback Function:

Define a function packet\_callback(packet) that processes each captured packet.
 Check if the packet contains an IP layer (IP in packet).

# 2. Extract Packet Details:

○ If the packet contains the IP layer, retrieve the protocol number, source IP, and destination IP from the IP layer (packet[IP]). ○ Initialize protocol\_name as an empty string.

# 3. Determine Protocol Type:

- Use conditional statements to map protocol numbers to protocol names:
  - 1 for ICMP
  - 6 for TCP
  - 17 for UDP
  - Any other protocol number as "Unknown Protocol".

#### 4. Display Packet Details:

- Print the protocol name, source IP, and destination IP for each captured packet.
- o Print a separator line to distinguish between different packets.

#### 5. Main Function:

- Use a try block to handle exceptions.
- Set the interface name (e.g., "Ethernet" or "Wi-Fi") based on the system's network configuration.
- Call the sniff function to capture packets on the specified network interface with:
  - iface=interface name for the interface name.
  - prn=packet callback to call the callback function for each packet.
  - filter="ip" to capture only IP packets.
  - store=0 to avoid storing packets in memory.

### 6. Error Handling:

• In the except block, print an error message if an exception occurs, and advise running with elevated privileges or checking the interface name.

### 7. Execute the Program:

• In the main function, call main() to start the packet-sniffing process.

CODE:

```
from scapy.all import sniff from scapy.layers.inet
import IP, TCP, UDP, ICMP
def packet callback(packet):
 if IP in packet:
    ip layer = packet[IP]
    protocol = ip layer.proto
    src ip = ip layer.src
    dst ip = ip layer.dst
    # Determine the protocol
    protocol name = "" if
    protocol == 1:
    protocol name = "ICMP"
    elif protocol == 6:
      protocol name = "TCP"
    elif protocol == 17:
      protocol name = "UDP"
    else:
      protocol name = "Unknown Protocol"
    # Print packet details
    print(f"Protocol: {protocol name}")
    print(f"Source IP: {src ip}")
    print(f"Destination IP: {dst ip}")
    print("-" * 50)
def main():
 try:
    # Replace 'Ethernet' with your actual network interface name from ipconfig output
    interface name = "Ethernet" # or "Wi-Fi" if using wireless
    # Capture packets on the specified network interface
```

```
sniff(iface=interface_name, prn=packet_callback, filter="ip", store=0)

except Exception as e:

    print(f"Error: {e}") print("Make sure you are running the script with elevated privileges
    (e.g., sudo) and check
the interface name.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

OUTPUT:

"C:\Users\Kaviya V\PycharmProjects\pythonProject2\.venv\Scripts Connected to pydev debugger (build 242.23339.19) Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.110 Destination IP: 224.0.0.251 Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.110 Destination IP: 224.0.0.251 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.187 Destination IP: 224.0.0.251 Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.198 Destination IP: 224.0.0.251 Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.110 Destination IP: 224.0.0.252 Protocol: UDP Source IP: 172.16.53.110 Destination IP: 224.0.0.252 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Protocol: UDP

Source IP: 172.16.53.42

Destination IP: 172.16.53.255

RESULT : packet sniffing concept and implement it without using raw sockets is studied.