

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM LABORATORY

DAA LAB MANUAL

[As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]

(Effective from the academic year 2017 -2018)

SEMESTER – IV

Subject Code: 17CSL47

IA Marks: 40

Exam Marks: 60

Description

Design, develop & implement the specified algorithms for the following problem using Java Language under LINUX / Windows environment. NetBeans / Eclipse IDE tool can be used for development & Demonstration

Experiments

1 A: Create a Java class called Student with the following details as variables within it.

- USN
- Name
- Branch
- Phone

Write a Java program to create n Student objects and print the USN, Name, Branch, and Phone of these objects with suitable headings.

Program Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Room {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n,i;
        Student[] s=new Student[100];
        System.out.println("Enter the Number of
Objects");
        n=scan.nextInt();
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            s[i]=new Student();
        }
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            System.out.println("Enter the Details
in Order - Name , Usn , Branch , Phone No");
            String name = scan.next();
            String usn = scan.next();
            String branch = scan.next();
            String phno = scan.next();
            s[i].assignvalue(name, usn, branch,
phno);
        }
        System.out.println("Students Details are as
Follow:");
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
        {
            s[i].display();
        }
        scan.close();
    }
}
class Student
{
    String name,usn,branch,phno;
    void assignvalue(String n,String u,String
b,String p)
    {
        name=n;
        usn=u;
        branch=b;
        phno=p;
    }
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println("Name :"+name+" USN
:"+usn+" Branch :"+branch+"Phone Number :"+phno);
    }
}
```

Expected Output

```
Enter the Number of Objects
3
Enter the Details in Order - Name , Usn , Branch , Phone No
Hemanth
1by18cs404
cse
9632580000
Enter the Details in Order - Name , Usn , Branch , Phone No
Raj
1by18cs413
cse
9632587410
Enter the Details in Order - Name , Usn , Branch , Phone No
punith
1by18cs425
cse
9632580145
Students Details are as Follow:
Name :Hemanth USN :1by18cs404 Branch :cse Phone Number :9632580000
Name :Raj USN :1by18cs413 Branch :cse Phone Number :9632587410
Name :punith USN :1by18cs425 Branch :cse Phone Number :9632580145
```

1 B: Write a Java program to implement the Stack using arrays. Write Push(), Pop() & Display() methods to demonstrate its working.

Program Code

```
//package oneB;
import java.util.Scanner;
class arraystack
{
    int a[],top,max,i;
    arraystack(int n) //using constructor
    {
        max=n;
        a=new int[max];
        top=-1;
    }
    void push(int ele)
    {
        if(top==max-1)
```

```
{
    System.out.println("----Stack OVER FLOW
- Elements in the array are :"+max+" ----");
}
else
{
    a[++top]=ele;
}
}
void pop()
{
    if(top== -1)
    {
        System.out.println("----Stack
Underflow----");
    }
    else
    {
        System.out.println("Poped Element is
:"+a[top--]);
    }
}
void display()
{
    if(top== -1)
    {
        System.out.println("----STACK UNDERFLOW
- No Element to display----");
        return;
    }
    System.out.println("Elements in the stack
are as follows :");
    int p=top;
    for(i=p;i>=0;i--)
    {
        System.out.println("ELEMENT :"+a[i]);
    }
}
```

```
    }  
    }  
}  
public class Stack {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter the Size of the  
array");  
        int n=scan.nextInt();  
        boolean done=false;  
        arraystack stk =new arraystack(n);  
        do  
        {  
            System.out.println("Stack Operation ");  
  
            System.out.println("1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Display\n4  
.Exit");  
            System.out.println("Enter Your  
Choice");  
            int choice=scan.nextInt();  
            switch(choice)  
            {  
                case 1: System.out.println("Enter the  
Elements to be instered");  
                    stk.push(scan.nextInt());  
                    break;  
                case 2: stk.pop();  
                    break;  
                case 3: stk.display();  
                    break;  
                case 4: done=true;  
                    break;  
                default : System.out.println("You Have  
Entered the Wrong Choice");  
                    break;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
        while(!done);  
        scan.close();  
    }  
}
```

Expected Output

```
Enter the Size of the array
3
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
2
----Stack Underflow----
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
3
----STACK UNDERFLOW - No Element to display----
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
1
Enter the Elements to be instered
10
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
1
Enter the Elements to be instered
20
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
1
Enter the Elements to be instered
30
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
3
Elements in the stack are as follows :
ELEMENT :30
ELEMENT :20
ELEMENT :10
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
1
Enter the Elements to be instered
40
----Stack OVER FLOW - Elements in the array are :3 ----
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
3
Elements in the stack are as follows :
ELEMENT :30
ELEMENT :20
ELEMENT :10
Stack Operation
1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display
4.Exit
Enter Your Choice
```

2 A: Design a superclass called Staff with details as Staff_Id, Name, Phone, Salary. Extend this class by writing three subclasses namely Teaching (domain, publications), Technical (skills), and Contract (period). Write a Java program to read and display at least 3 staff objects of all three categories.

Program Code

```
//package twoA;
import java.util.Scanner;

class staff
{
    public static Scanner scan= new
Scanner(System.in);
    int staffid;
    String name,phno;
    double sal;
    void get_info()
    {
        System.out.println("Enter in order \nStaff
ID : Name : Phone Number : Salary :");
        staffid=scan.nextInt();
        name=scan.next();
        phno=scan.next();
        sal=scan.nextDouble();
    }
    void display()
    {
```

```

        System.out.println("Staff Details:\nStaff
Id : "+staffid+"\nName : "+name+"\nPhone Number :
"+phno+"\nSalary : "+sal);
    }
}
class Teaching extends staff
{
    public static Scanner scan= new
Scanner(System.in);
    String domain, pub;
    void get_info()
    {
        super.get_info();
        System.out.println("Enter the Domain of
Teacher "+name+" in order\nDomain : Publication");
        domain=scan.next();
        pub=scan.next();
    }
    void display()
    {
        super.display();
        System.out.println("Domain :
"+domain+"\nPublication : "+pub);
    }
}
class Technical extends Teaching
{
    public static Scanner scan= new
Scanner(System.in);
    String skills;
    void get_info()
    {
        super.get_info();
        System.out.println("Enter the Skills for
Teacher "+name);
        skills=scan.next();
    }
}

```

```
void display()
{
    super.display();
    System.out.println("Skills :"+skills);
}
}
class Contact extends Technical
{
    public static Scanner scan= new
Scanner(System.in);
    String period;
    void get_info()
    {
        super.get_info();
        System.out.println("Enter the periods
handled by Teacher "+name);
        period=scan.next();
    }
    void display()
    {
        super.display();
        System.out.println("Period : "+period);
    }
}

public class College {
    public static Scanner scan= new
Scanner(System.in);
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n;
        System.out.println("Enter the Total Number
of Records");
        n=scan.nextInt();
        Contact c[] = new Contact[n];
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            c[i]=new Contact();
        }
    }
}
```

```
        int r=i+1;
        System.out.println("Enter the Details
of Record No "+r);
        c[i].get_info();
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        int r=i+1;
        System.out.println("Displaying record
No :"+r);
        c[i].display();
    }
}
```

Expected Output

```
Enter the Total Number of Records
3
Enter the Details of Record No 1
Enter in order
Staff ID : Name : Phone Number : Salary :
1001 Hemanth 9632587410 50000.50
Enter the Domain of Teacher Hemanth in order
Domain : Publication
cse proff
Enter the Skills for Teacher Hemanth
Programming
Enter the periods handled by Teacher Hemanth
5,8
Enter the Details of Record No 2
Enter in order
Staff ID : Name : Phone Number : Salary :
1002 Harsh 6325987410 35000.7
Enter the Domain of Teacher Harsh in order
Domain : Publication
cse ast.prof
Enter the Skills for Teacher Harsh
testing
Enter the periods handled by Teacher Harsh
2,7
Enter the Details of Record No 3
Enter in order
Staff ID : Name : Phone Number : Salary :
1003 Abdul 9635823022 45000.5
[Enter the Domain of Teacher Abdul in order
Domain : Publication
cse proff
Enter the Skills for Teacher Abdul
networking
Enter the periods handled by Teacher Abdul
1,3
Displaying record No :1
Staff Details:
Staff Id : 1001
Name :Hemanth
Phone Number : 9632587410
Salary : 50000.5
Domain : cse
Publication :proff
Skills :Programming
Period : 5,8
Displaying record No :2
Staff Details:
Staff Id : 1002
Name :Harsh
Phone Number : 6325987410
Salary : 35000.7
Domain : cse
Publication :ast.prof
Skills :testing
Period : 2,7
Displaying record No :3
Staff Details:
Staff Id : 1003
Name :Abdul
Phone Number : 9635823022
Salary : 45000.5
Domain : [cse
Publication :proff
Skills :networking
Period : 1,3
```

2 B: Write a Java class called Customer to store their name and date_of_birth. The date_of_birth format should be dd/mm/yyyy. Write methods to read customer data as <name, dd/mm/yyyy> and display as <name, dd, mm, yyyy> using StringTokenizer class considering the delimiter character as “/”.

Program Code

```
//package twoB;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.StringTokenizer;
public class Customer {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
        String name;
        System.out.println("Enter the Name & DOB in
the Format <name,dd/mm/yyyy>");
        name=scan.next();
        StringTokenizer st = new
StringTokenizer(name,"/");
        int count=st.countTokens();
        for(int
i=1;i<=count&&st.hasMoreTokens();i++)
        {
            System.out.print(st.nextToken());
            if(i<count)
                System.out.println(",");
        }
        scan.close();
    }
}
```

Expected Output

```
Enter the Name & DOB in the Format <name,dd/mm/yyyy>
Hemanth,14/07/1999
Hemanth,14,
07,
1999
```

3 A: Write a Java program to read two integers A and B. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.

Program Code

```
//package threeA;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Exception {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        int a,b,c;
```

```
        System.out.print("Enter the Two Integer
Values\nA :");
        a=scan.nextInt();
        System.out.print("B :");
        b=scan.nextInt();
        scan.close();
        try {
            if(b==0)
                throw new
ArithmeticException("Divide By Zero");
            c=a/b;
            System.out.println("\nThe Value of
"+a+" / "+b+" is "+c);
        }catch(ArithmeticException e)
        {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

Expected Output

Output - 3A.1:

Enter the Two Integer Values

A :10

B :2

The Value of 10 / 2 is 5

<

Output - 3A.2:

Enter the Two Integer Values

A :10

B :0

java.lang.ArithmeticException: Divide By Zero
at threeA.Exception.main(Exception.java:14)

3 B: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.

Program Code

```
package threeB;
import java.lang.Thread;
import java.util.Random;
class first extends Thread{
    public void run()
    {
        int num=0;
        Random r = new Random();
        try
        {
            num=r.nextInt(100);
            System.out.println("First Thread : The
Number Generated is : "+num);
            Thread t2=new Thread(new second(num));
            t2.start();
            Thread t3=new Thread(new third(num));
```

```
        t3.start();
        Thread.sleep(1000);
    } catch (Exception e)
    {
        System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    }
}
class second implements Runnable {
    public int x;
    public second(int x)
    {
        this.x=x;
    }
    public void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Second Thread : Square
of the number is :"+x*x);
    }
}
class third implements Runnable {
    int x;
    public third(int x)
    {
        this.x=x;
    }
    public void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Third Thread : Cube of
the Number is :"+x*x*x);
    }
}
public class Multithread {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        first a = new first();
        a.start();
    }
}
```

```
}
```

Expected Output

Output - 3B.1:

```
First Thread : The Number Generated is : 95
Second Thread : Square of the number is :9025
Third Thread : Cube of the Number is :857375
```

```
<
```

Output - 3B.2:

```
First Thread : The Number Generated is : 22
Second Thread : Square of the number is :484
Third Thread : Cube of the Number is :10648
```

```
<
```

4: Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of $n > 5000$ and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Program Code

```
package four;
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class QuickSort {
    public static void sort(int[] a)
    {
        quicksort(a,0,a.length-1);
    }
    public static void quicksort(int[] a,int
low,int high)
    {
        int i=low,j=high,temp,pivot=a[low];
        while(i<=j)
        {
            while(a[i]<pivot)
                i++;
            while(a[j]>pivot)
                j--;
            if(i<=j)
            {
                temp=a[i];
                a[i]=a[j];
                a[j]=temp;
                i++;
                j--;
            }
        }
        if(j>low)
            quicksort(a,low,j);
        if(i<high)
            quicksort(a,i,high);
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        int i;
```

```

Random r = new Random();
System.out.println("Quick Sort\nEnter the
Number of times the algorithm should Run");
int times = scan.nextInt();
double totaldur=0;
for(int j=0;j<times;j++)
{
    System.out.println("Random Number
Generated are at POS "+j+" as follows : ");
    int[] a = new int[10];
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        a[i]=r.nextInt(1000);
        System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
    }
    System.out.println("");
    long StartTime = System.nanoTime();
    sort(a);
    double EndTime = System.nanoTime();
    double duration = (EndTime -
StartTime);
    System.out.println("Elements after
Sorting are");
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
        System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
    System.out.println("");
    totaldur=totaldur+duration;
}
System.out.println("\nTotal time taken to
Sort is :"+totaldur+" Nano Seconds");
double milliseconds = (totaldur / 1000000);
System.out.println("\nTotal time taken to
Sort is :"+milliseconds+" Mili Seconds");
double avg=totaldur/times;
System.out.println("The Average time Spend
by the System is : "+avg+" Nano Second");
double miliavg=(avg/1000000);

```

```
        System.out.println("The Average time Spend  
by the System is : "+miliavg+" Mili Seconds");  
        scan.close();  
    }  
}
```

Expected Output

Quick Sort

Enter the Number of times the algorithm should Run

10

Random Number Generated are at POS 0 as follows :

383 522 474 352 516 612 106 248 997 926

Elements after Sorting are

106 248 352 383 474 516 522 612 926 997

Random Number Generated are at POS 1 as follows :

0 653 842 104 293 826 896 308 502 535

Elements after Sorting are

0 104 293 308 502 535 653 826 842 896

Random Number Generated are at POS 2 as follows :

899 637 654 716 632 668 357 895 124 709

Elements after Sorting are

124 357 632 637 654 668 709 716 895 899

Random Number Generated are at POS 3 as follows :

165 206 325 446 788 929 963 583 91 822

Elements after Sorting are

91 165 206 325 446 583 788 822 929 963

Random Number Generated are at POS 4 as follows :

369 668 554 8 86 64 461 881 515 812

Elements after Sorting are

8 64 86 369 461 515 554 668 812 881

Random Number Generated are at POS 5 as follows :

927 812 73 941 810 456 384 140 841 87

Elements after Sorting are

73 87 140 384 456 810 812 841 927 941

Random Number Generated are at POS 6 as follows :

22 174 650 901 122 988 666 739 916 325

Elements after Sorting are

22 122 174 325 650 666 739 901 916 988

Random Number Generated are at POS 7 as follows :

454 698 899 167 716 701 674 732 13 736

Elements after Sorting are

13 167 454 674 698 701 716 732 736 899

Random Number Generated are at POS 8 as follows :

976 209 703 509 626 66 2 725 831 993

Elements after Sorting are

2 66 209 509 626 703 725 831 976 993

Random Number Generated are at POS 9 as follows :

63 115 857 758 584 164 891 856 488 939

Elements after Sorting are

63 115 164 488 584 758 856 857 891 939

Total time taken to Sort is :54120.0 Nano Seconds

Total time taken to Sort is :0.05412 Mili Seconds

The Average time Spend by the System is : 5412.0 Nano Second

The Avergae time Spend by the System is : 0.005412 Mili Seconds

5: Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated

using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Program Code

```
package five;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.Random;
public class MergeSortExp {
    public static void mergeSort(int[] a,int
low,int high)
    {
        int N=high-low;
        if(N<=1)
            return;
        int mid=low+(N/2);
        mergeSort(a,low,mid);
        mergeSort(a,mid,high);
        int[] temp=new int[N];
        int i=low, j=mid;
        for(int k=0;k<N;k++)
        {
            if(i==mid)
                temp[k]=a[j++];
            else if(j==high)
                temp[k]=a[i++];
            else if(a[j]<a[i])
                temp[k]=a[j++];
            else
                temp[k]=a[i++];
        }
        for(int k=0;k<N;k++)
```



```
        a[low++]=temp[k];
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
        int i;
        Random r = new Random();
        System.out.println("Enter the Number of
times the algorithm should Run");
        int times = scan.nextInt();
        double totaldur=0;
        for(int j=0;j<times;j++)
        {
            System.out.println("Random Number
Generated are at POS "+j+" as follows : ");
            int[] a = new int[10];
            for(i=0;i<10;i++)
            {
                a[i]=r.nextInt(1000);
                System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
            }
            System.out.println("");
            long StartTime = System.nanoTime();
            mergeSort(a,0,10);
            double EndTime = System.nanoTime();
            double duration = (EndTime -
StartTime);
            System.out.println("Elements after
Sorting are");
            for(i=0;i<10;i++)
                System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
            System.out.println("");
            totaldur=totaldur+duration;
        }
        System.out.println("\nTotal time taken to
Sort is :"+totaldur+" Nano Seconds");
        double milliseconds = (totaldur / 1000000);
```

```
        System.out.println("\nTotal time taken to  
Sort is :"+milliseconds+" Mili Seconds");  
        double avg=totaldur/times;  
        System.out.println("The Average time Spend  
by the System is : "+avg+" Nano Second");  
        double miliavg=(avg/1000000);  
        System.out.println("The Avergae time Spend  
by the System is : "+miliavg+" Mili Seconds");  
        scan.close();  
    }  
}
```

Expected Output

Merge Sort

Enter the Number of times the algorithm should Run

10

Random Number Generated are at POS 0 as follows :

416 842 314 672 7 963 27 262 947 934

Elements after Sorting are

7 27 262 314 416 672 842 934 947 963

Random Number Generated are at POS 1 as follows :

835 615 818 910 368 599 887 643 146 61

Elements after Sorting are

61 146 368 599 615 643 818 835 887 910

Random Number Generated are at POS 2 as follows :

56 181 728 163 995 305 592 68 323 909

Elements after Sorting are

56 68 163 181 305 323 592 728 909 995

Random Number Generated are at POS 3 as follows :

419 693 709 125 859 508 25 16 145 805

Elements after Sorting are

16 25 125 145 419 508 693 709 805 859

Random Number Generated are at POS 4 as follows :

680 604 871 604 585 309 135 404 295 829

Elements after Sorting are

135 295 309 404 585 604 604 680 829 871

Random Number Generated are at POS 5 as follows :

390 6 699 886 705 173 225 379 202 126

Elements after Sorting are

6 126 173 202 225 379 390 699 705 886

Random Number Generated are at POS 6 as follows :

81 268 399 294 885 160 647 875 754 29

Elements after Sorting are

29 81 160 268 294 399 647 754 875 885

Random Number Generated are at POS 7 as follows :

130 148 205 619 596 493 467 230 141 298

Elements after Sorting are

130 141 148 205 230 298 467 493 596 619

Random Number Generated are at POS 8 as follows :

69 874 888 476 942 665 118 266 698 32

Elements after Sorting are

32 69 118 266 476 665 698 874 888 942

Random Number Generated are at POS 9 as follows :

702 47 548 152 868 241 812 912 3 178

Elements after Sorting are

3 47 152 178 241 548 702 812 868 912

Total time taken to Sort is :94242.0 Nano Seconds

Total time taken to Sort is :0.094242 Mili Seconds

The Average time Spend by the System is : 9424.2 Nano Second

The Avergae time Spend by the System is : 0.0094242 Mili Seconds

6: Implement in Java, the 0/1 Knapsack problem using (a) Dynamic Programming method (b) Greedy method.

Program Code

Expected Output

7: From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm. Write the program in Java.

Program Code

Expected Output

8: Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's Algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.

Program Code

Expected Output

9: Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Program Code

Expected Output

10: Write Java programs to

- **Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.**
 - **Implement Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.**
-

Program Code

Expected Output

11: Design and implement in Java to find a subset of a given set $S = \{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_n\}$ of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d . For example, if $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$ and $d = 9$, there are two solutions $\{1, 2, 6\}$ and $\{1, 8\}$. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

Program Code

Expected Output

12: Design and implement in Java to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Program Code

Expected Output

Viva Questions

END