

Ground Surveillance Radar — Operator Checklist

Quick reference checklist for pre-mission, operation, and shutdown steps.

Pre-Start (Before MAIN POWER ON)

- ■ Personnel & area clear of antenna sweep and RF exposure zones
- ■ External power / generator / UPS available and nominal
- ■ Grounding strap / earthing verified
- ■ Fire extinguisher / safety equipment accessible

1. MAIN POWER ON

- ■ Turn MAIN POWER ON / close circuit breaker
- ■ Confirm fans start and status lamps illuminate
- ■ Verify console boot begins (POST running)

2. POST / BIT (Power-On Self Test)

- ■ No critical BIT faults (check fault panel & console)
- ■ Cooling fans airflow OK
- ■ Door/interlock & emergency stop states OK
- ■ Clear any non-critical warnings after corrective action

3. CONTROLLER & NETWORK INIT

- ■ Controller/CPU loaded configuration and firmware
- ■ Console/display communication OK
- ■ GPS / time sync / network link OK
- ■ Data link to C2 / recorders established

4. ANTENNA / SERVO INIT

- ■ Power to antenna drive enabled
- ■ Encoder / limit switches / homing completed
- ■ Perform slow jog / brief rotation — check for noise/vibration
- ■ Rotor brakes released and slip-ring status OK

5. RF SUBSYSTEM WARM-UP

- ■ Enable transmitter warm-up (filaments/T/R modules)
- ■ Wait warm-up timer complete (30 s – 5 min typical)
- ■ Receiver LNA + LO stabilization confirmed

6. RECEIVER & PROCESSOR CALIBRATION

- ■ Run internal loopback/calibration routine
- ■ Verify I/Q balance, range alignment, matched-filter response
- ■ Accept calibration results or re-run if out of spec

7. SAFETY & MISSION PRECHECKS

- ■ RF exclusion zone and personnel brief confirmed
- ■ IFF/SSR (if present) initialized and tested
- ■ Mission parameters set: scan sectors, range, PRF, gain, tilt, dwell
- ■ Site offsets (antenna height, coords) entered

8. *STANDBY* → *OPERATE (Transmit Enable)*

- ■ Confirm all interlocks (doors closed, waveguide covers, safety switches)
- ■ Move guarded switch to OPERATE / TRANSMIT enable
- ■ Monitor forward/reflected power, arc detectors, HV stability
- ■ If any fault — return to STANDBY and troubleshoot

9. *INITIAL SCANS & CLUTTER BUILD*

- ■ Allow 2–10 sweeps to build ground/clutter map
- ■ Verify MTI/GMTI filters and clutter suppression behavior
- ■ Confirm track initiation on valid detections

10. *NORMAL OPERATION*

- ■ Monitor system health: temperatures, voltages, currents, RF metrics
- ■ Adjust thresholds/gain/PRF/scan sectors as needed
- ■ Log noteworthy tracks, anomalies, and operator actions
- ■ Ensure continuous data link to C2 (if applicable)

11. *FAULT RESPONSE*

- ■ Non-critical fault: apply guided recovery steps
- ■ Critical fault: immediately switch to STANDBY; park antenna if required
- ■ Record fault codes and notify maintenance

12. *STANDBY / PARK (Temporary Pause)*

- ■ Switch to STANDBY (transmitter OFF, receiver optionally ON)
- ■ Park antenna or set safe rotation mode as per SOP
- ■ Fans & cooling remain active

13. *SHUTDOWN (End of Mission)*

- ■ Command OPERATE → STANDBY; confirm transmitter HV = 0 and RF OFF
- ■ Park antenna and lock servos / apply brakes (if required)
- ■ Allow cooldown period (1–5 min typical)
- ■ Turn MAIN POWER OFF after safe shutdown complete

14. *POST-SHUTDOWN / LOGS*

- ■ Archive mission logs, radar recordings, and fault logs
- ■ Note maintenance actions and anomalies in logbook
- ■ Schedule any required preventive maintenance

Emergency Actions: Use EMERGENCY STOP or RF KILL switch immediately if personnel hazard or fire occurs.