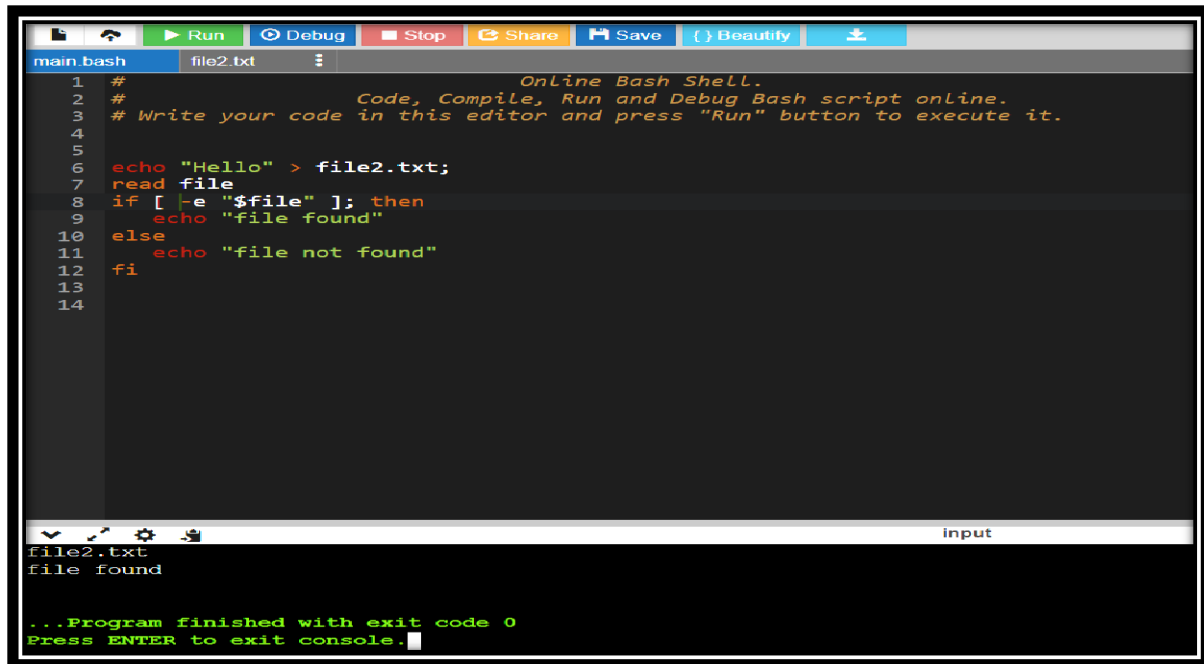


1) Ensure the script checks if a specific file (e.g., myfile.txt) exists in the current directory. If it exists, print "File exists", otherwise print "File not found".

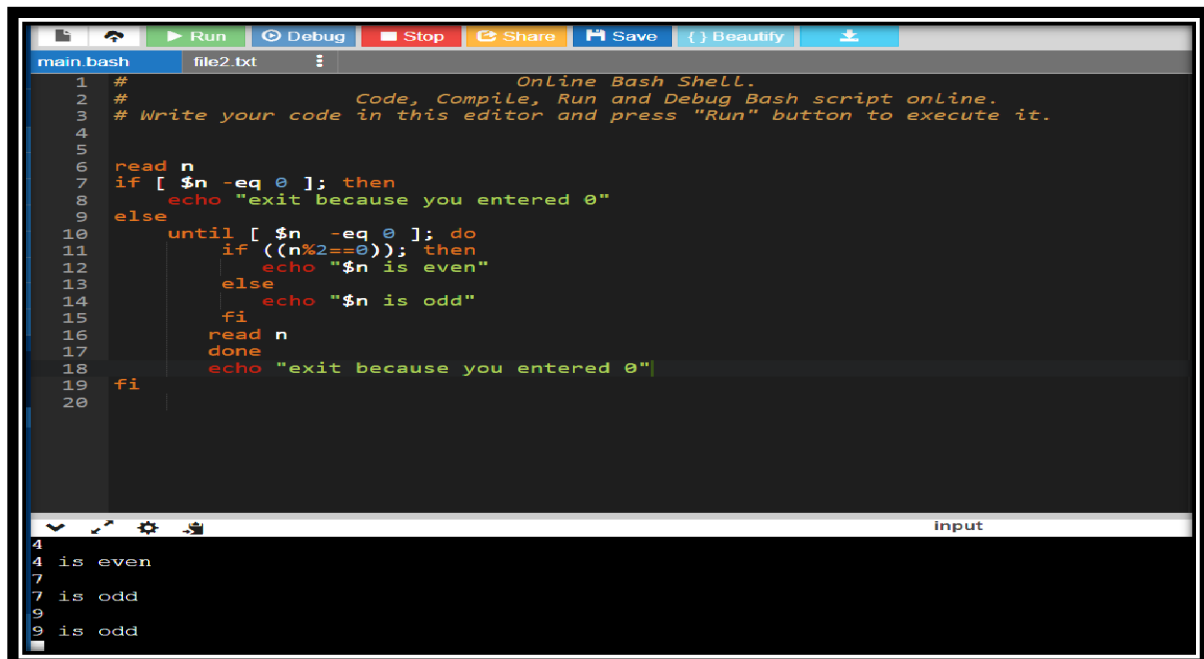


```
main.bash file2.txt
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5
6 echo "Hello" > file2.txt;
7 read file
8 if [ -e "$file" ]; then
9     echo "file found"
10 else
11     echo "file not found"
12 fi
13
14
```

file2.txt  
file found

...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.


2) Write a script that reads numbers from the user until they enter '0'. The script should also print whether each number is odd or even.



```
main.bash file2.txt
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5
6 read n
7 if [ $n -eq 0 ]; then
8     echo "exit because you entered 0"
9 else
10     until [ $n -eq 0 ]; do
11         if ((n%2==0)); then
12             echo "$n is even"
13         else
14             echo "$n is odd"
15         fi
16         read n
17     done
18     echo "exit because you entered 0"
19 fi
20
```

4 is even  
7  
7 is odd  
9  
9 is odd

3) Create a function that takes a filename as an argument and prints the number of lines in the file. Call this function from your script with different filenames.

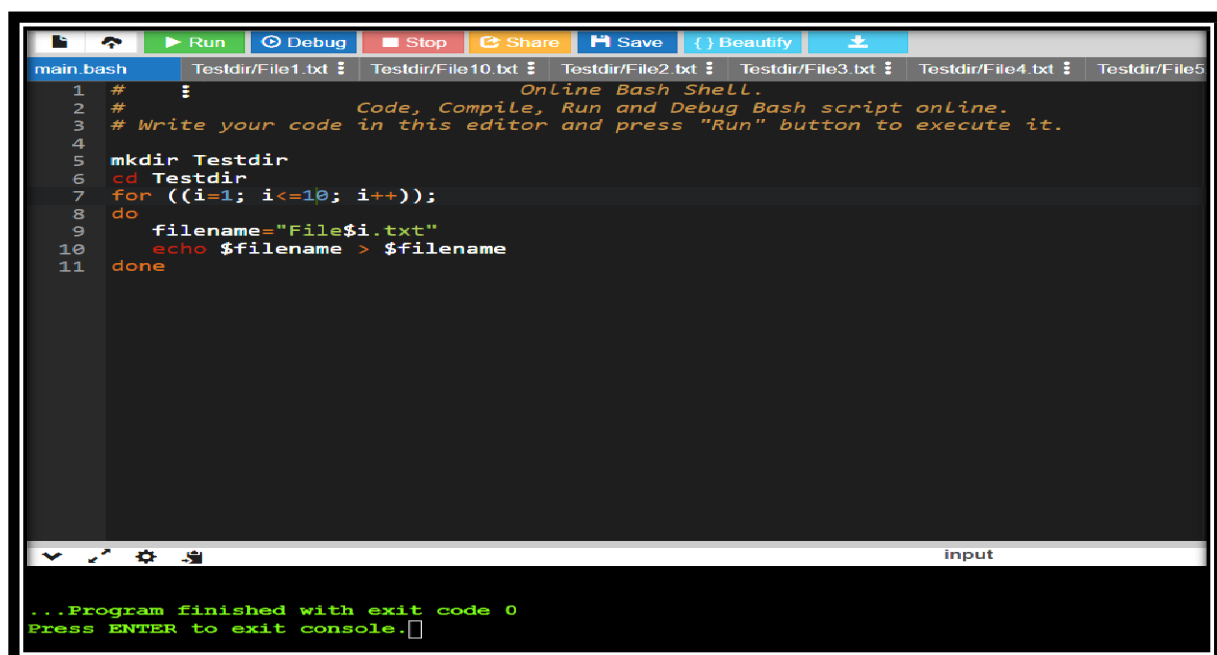


```
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5 wordcount(){
6     file="$1"
7     lines=$(wc -l < "$file")
8     echo "no. of lines in file: $lines"
9 }
10
11 wordcount f.txt
12 wordcount f1.txt
13 wordcount f2.txt
```

no. of lines in file: 5  
no. of lines in file: 3  
no. of lines in file: 1

...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.

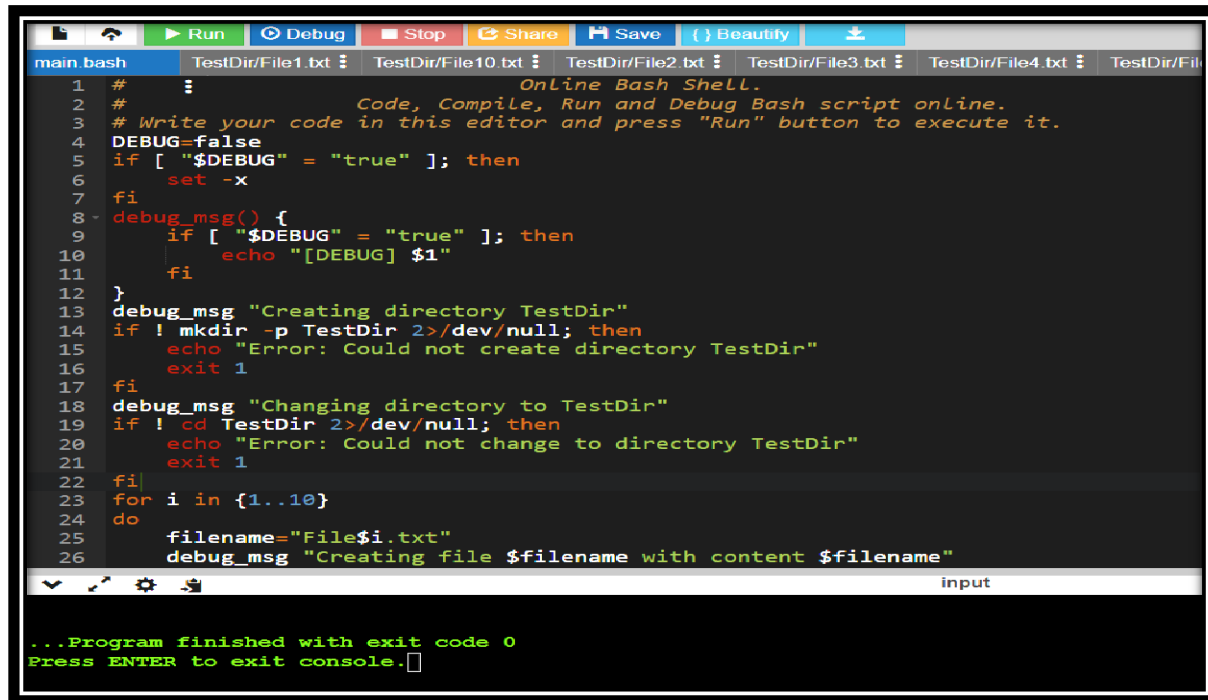
4) Write a script that creates a directory named TestDir and inside it, creates ten files named File1.txt, File2.txt, ... File10.txt. Each file should contain its filename as its content (e.g., File1.txt contains "File1.txt").



```
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5 mkdir Testdir
6 cd Testdir
7 for ((i=1; i<=10; i++));
8 do
9     filename="File$i.txt"
10    echo $filename > $filename
11 done
```

...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.

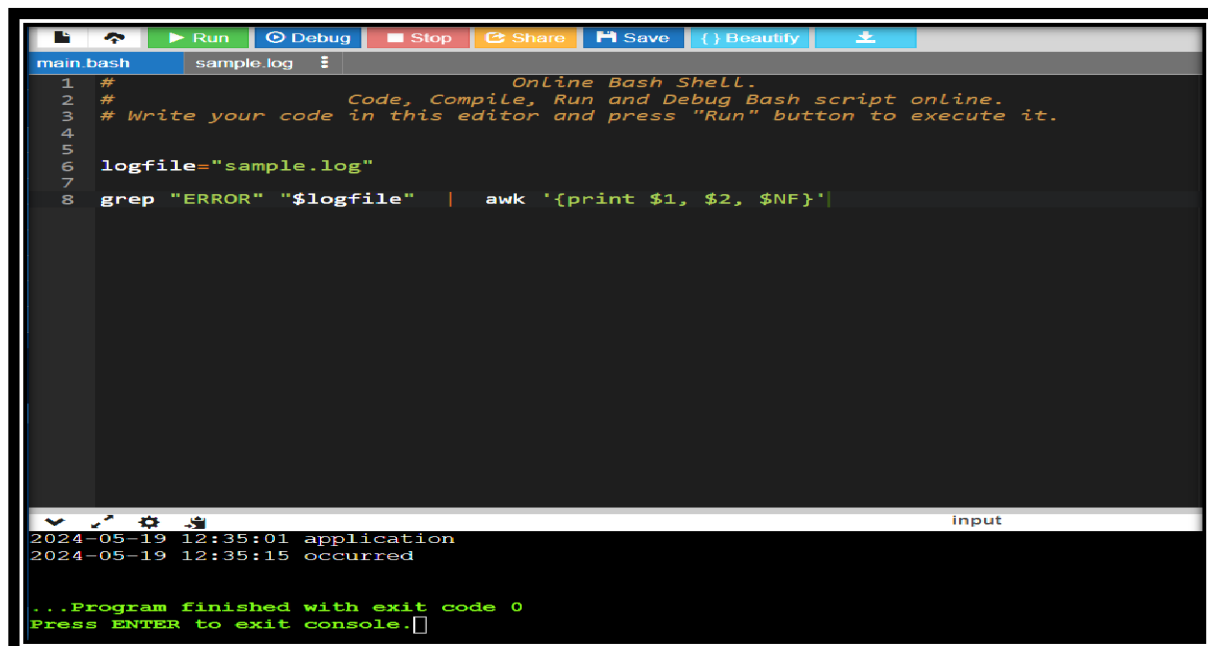
5) Modify the script to handle errors, such as the directory already existing or lacking permissions to create files. Add a debugging mode that prints additional information when enabled.



```
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4 DEBUG=false
5 if [ "$DEBUG" = "true" ]; then
6     set -x
7 fi
8 debug_msg() {
9     if [ "$DEBUG" = "true" ]; then
10         echo "[DEBUG] $1"
11     fi
12 }
13 debug_msg "Creating directory TestDir"
14 if ! mkdir -p TestDir 2>/dev/null; then
15     echo "Error: Could not create directory TestDir"
16     exit 1
17 fi
18 debug_msg "Changing directory to TestDir"
19 if ! cd TestDir 2>/dev/null; then
20     echo "Error: Could not change to directory TestDir"
21     exit 1
22 fi
23 for i in {1..10}
24 do
25     filename="File$i.txt"
26     debug_msg "Creating file $filename with content $filename"
27 done
```

...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.

6) Given a sample log file, write a script using grep to extract all lines containing "ERROR". Use awk to print the date, time, and error message of each extracted line.

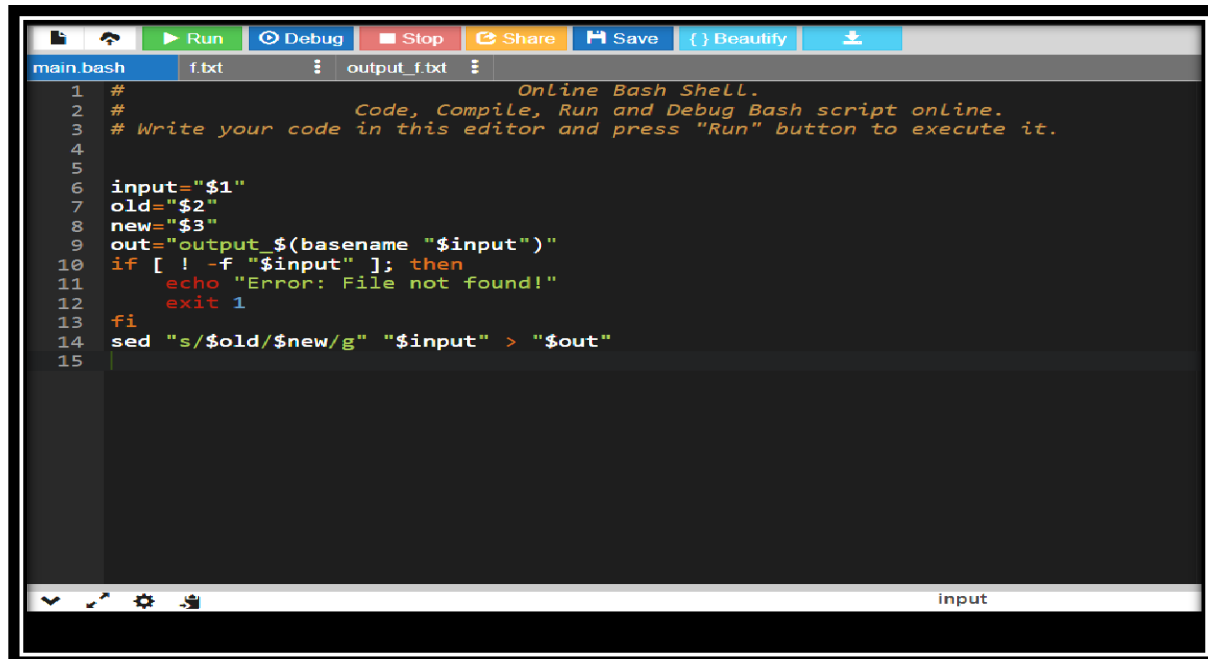


```
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5 logfile="sample.log"
6
7 grep "ERROR" "$logfile" | awk '{print $1, $2, $NF}'
```

2024-05-19 12:35:01 application  
2024-05-19 12:35:15 occurred

...Program finished with exit code 0  
Press ENTER to exit console.

7) Create a script that takes a text file and replaces all occurrences of "old\_text" with "new\_text". Use sed to perform this operation and output the result to a new file.



```
1 # Online Bash Shell.
2 # Code, Compile, Run and Debug Bash script online.
3 # Write your code in this editor and press "Run" button to execute it.
4
5
6 input="$1"
7 old="$2"
8 new="$3"
9 out="output_$(basename "$input")"
10 if [ ! -f "$input" ]; then
11     echo "Error: File not found!"
12     exit 1
13 fi
14 sed "s/$old/$new/g" "$input" > "$out"
15
```