

ASSIGNMNET 3.5

HEMAVATHI N

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Batch 24

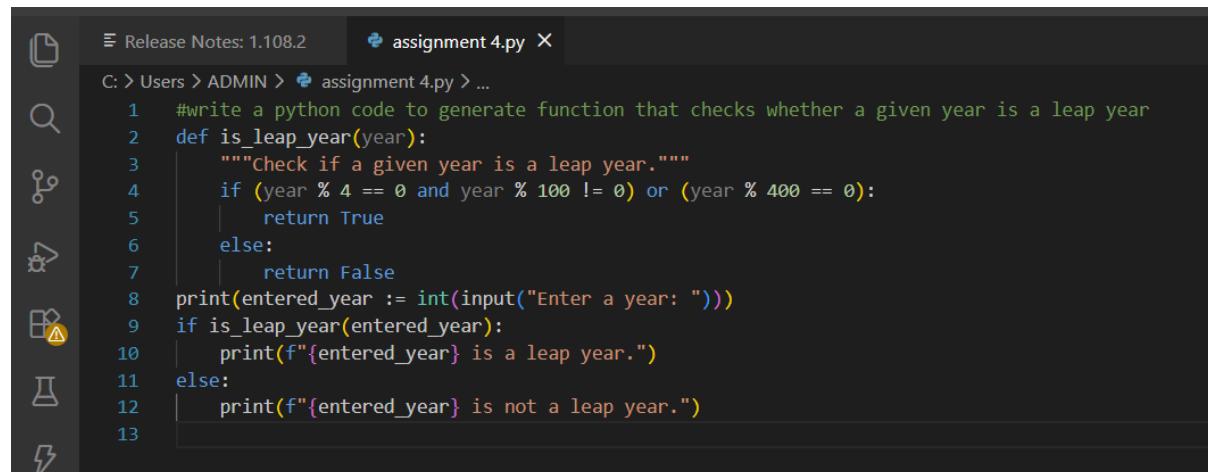
Question 1: Zero-Shot Prompting (Leap Year Check)

Write a zero-shot prompt to generate a Python function that checks whether a given year is a leap year.

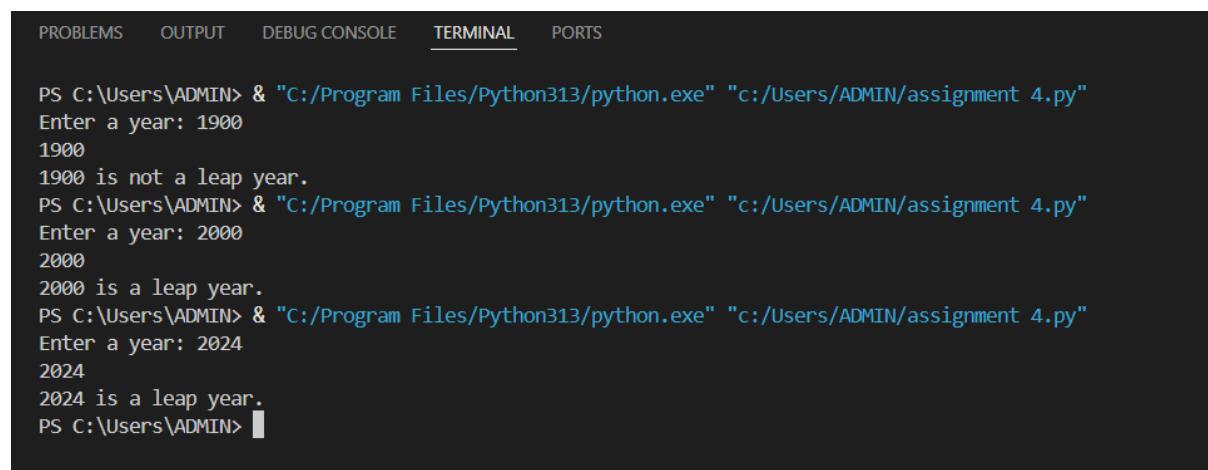
Week2 -

Task:

- Record the AI-generated code.
- Test with years like 1900, 2000, 2024.
- Identify logical flaws or missing conditions.



```
C: > Users > ADMIN > assignment 4.py > ...
1 #write a python code to generate function that checks whether a given year is a leap year
2 def is_leap_year(year):
3     """Check if a given year is a leap year."""
4     if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
5         return True
6     else:
7         return False
8 print(entered_year := int(input("Enter a year: ")))
9 if is_leap_year(entered_year):
10    print(f"{entered_year} is a leap year.")
11 else:
12    print(f"{entered_year} is not a leap year.)
```



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" "c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment 4.py"
Enter a year: 1900
1900
1900 is not a leap year.
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" "c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment 4.py"
Enter a year: 2000
2000
2000 is a leap year.
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" "c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment 4.py"
Enter a year: 2024
2024
2024 is a leap year.
PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

Question 2: One-Shot Prompting (GCD of Two Numbers)

Write a one-shot prompt with one example to generate a Python function that finds the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two numbers.

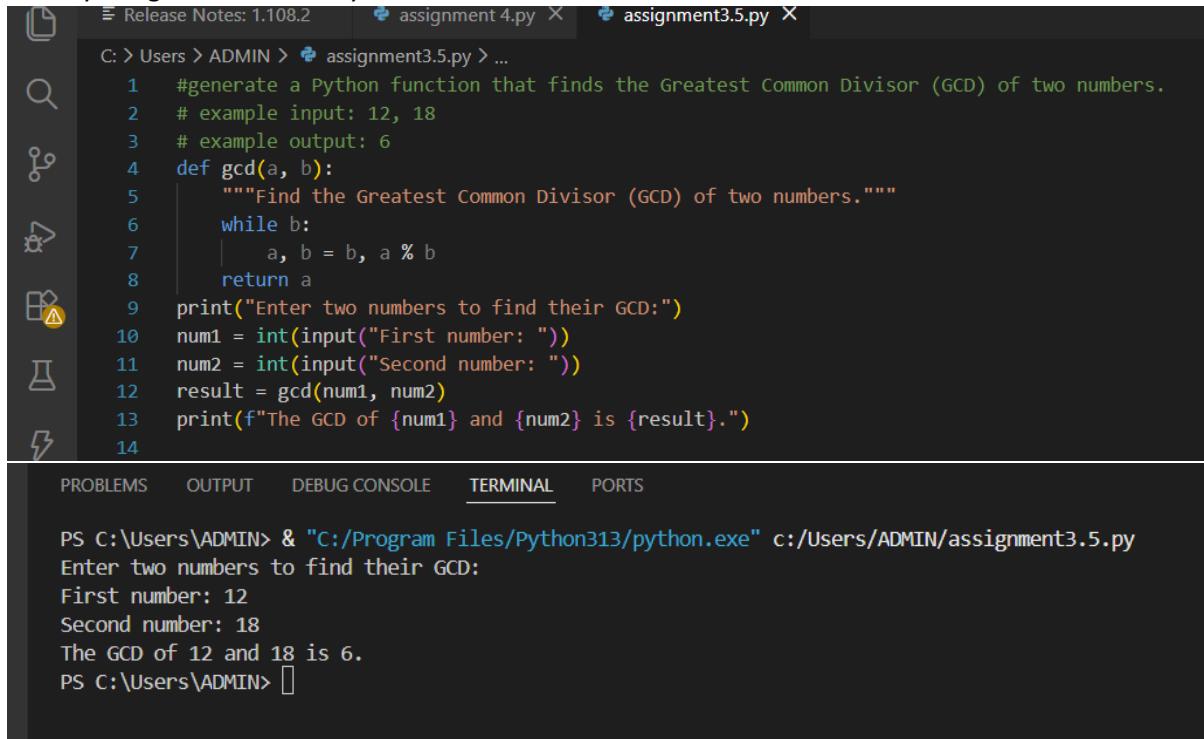
Example:

Input: 12, 18 → Output: 6

Task:

- Compare with a zero-shot solution.

- Analyze algorithm efficiency.



The screenshot shows a VS Code interface with the following details:

- File Explorer:** Shows 'Release Notes: 1.108.2' and two files: 'assignment4.py' and 'assignment3.5.py' (the active file).
- Code Editor:** Displays the content of 'assignment3.5.py' which contains a Python function to calculate the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two numbers using the Euclidean algorithm.
- Terminal:** Shows the command 'PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py' followed by the execution output:


```
Enter two numbers to find their GCD:
First number: 12
Second number: 18
The GCD of 12 and 18 is 6.
```
- Bottom Navigation:** Includes tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, TERMINAL (underlined), and PORTS.

Question 3: Few-Shot Prompting (LCM Calculation)

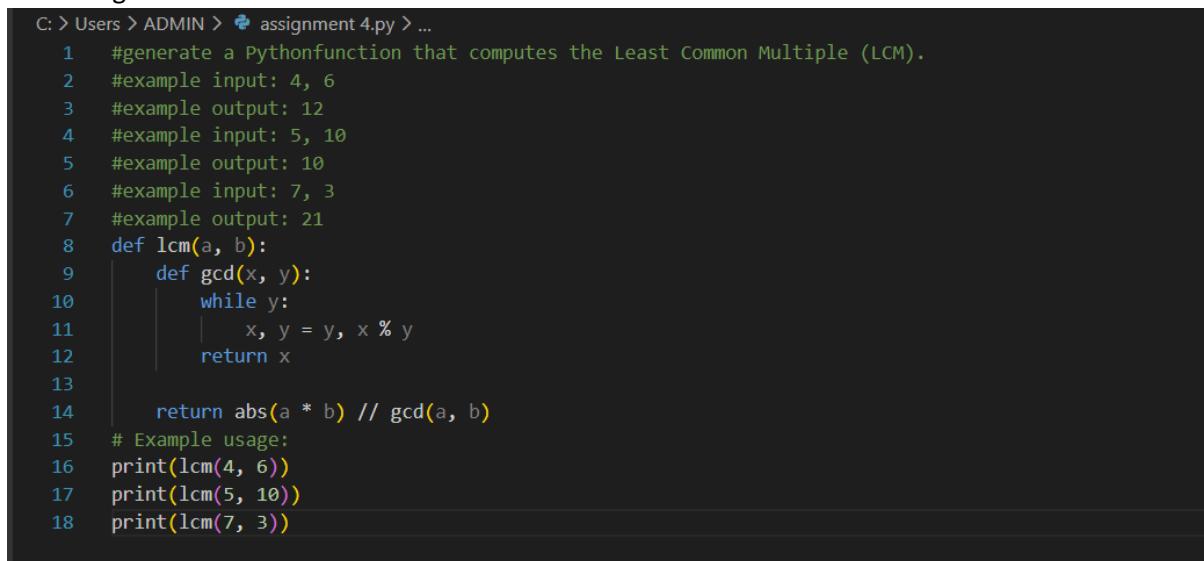
Write a few-shot prompt with multiple examples to generate a Python function that computes the Least Common Multiple (LCM).

Examples:

- Input: 4, 6 → Output: 12
- Input: 5, 10 → Output: 10
- Input: 7, 3 → Output: 21

Task:

- Examine how examples guide formula selection.
- Test edge cases.



The screenshot shows a VS Code interface with the following details:

- File Explorer:** Shows 'assignment4.py' (the active file).
- Code Editor:** Displays the content of 'assignment4.py' which contains a Python function to calculate the Least Common Multiple (LCM) using the formula $\text{LCM}(a, b) = \frac{|a \cdot b|}{\text{GCD}(a, b)}$.
- Bottom Navigation:** Includes tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, TERMINAL, and PORTS.

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" "c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment 4.py"
12
10
21
PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

Question 4: Zero-Shot Prompting (Binary to Decimal Conversion)

Write a zero-shot prompt to generate a Python function that converts a binary number to decimal.

Task:

- Test with valid and invalid binary inputs.
- Identify missing validation logic.

```
Release Notes: 1.108.2 assignment 4.py assignment3.5.py
C: > Users > ADMIN > assignment3.5.py > ...
1 #generate a Python function that converts a binary number to decimal test with valid and invalid binary inputs
2 binary_input = input("Enter a binary number: ")
3 def binary_to_decimal(binary_str):
4     # Missing validation logic for binary input
5     decimal_value = 0
6     binary_str = binary_str[::-1] # Reverse the string for easier calculation
7     for index, digit in enumerate(binary_str):
8         if digit not in '01':
9             raise ValueError("Invalid binary number")
10        decimal_value += int(digit) * (2 ** index)
11    return decimal_value
12 try:
13     result = binary_to_decimal(binary_input)
14     print(f"The decimal value of binary {binary_input} is {result}")
15 except ValueError as e:
16     print(e)
17
```

```
The decimal value of binary 1011 is 11
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
Enter a binary number: 1021
Invalid binary number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
Enter a binary number: ab01
Invalid binary number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN>
```

Question 5: One-Shot Prompting (Decimal to Binary Conversion)

Write a one-shot prompt with an example to generate a Python function that converts a decimal number to binary.

Example:

Input: 10 → Output: 1010

Task:

- Compare clarity with zero-shot output.
- Analyze handling of zero and negative numbers.

```

Release Notes: 1.108.2 assignment3.5.py X assignment 4.py X
C: > Users > ADMIN > assignment 4.py > ...
1  #generate a Python function that converts a decimal number to binary.
2  #Example:
3  #Input: 10 → Output: 1010
4  def decimal_to_binary(n):
5      if n < 0:
6          raise ValueError("Input must be a non-negative integer.")
7      return bin(n).replace("0b", "")
8  # Example usage:
9  print(decimal_to_binary(10))

Invalid binary number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
Enter a binary number: ab01
Invalid binary number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" "c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment 4.py"
1010
PS C:\Users\ADMIN>

```

Question 6: Few-Shot Prompting (Harshad Number Check)

Write a few-shot prompt to generate a Python function that checks whether a number is a Harshad (Niven) number.

Examples:

- Input: 18 → Output: Harshad Number
- Input: 21 → Output: Harshad Number
- Input: 19 → Output: Not a Harshad Number

Task:

- Test boundary conditions.
- Evaluate robustness

```

C: > Users > ADMIN > assignment3.5.py > ...
1  #generate a Python function that checks whether a number is a Harshad (Niven) number.
2  #example input=18
3  #example output=Harshad Number
4  #example input=21
5  #example output=Harshad Number
6  #example input=19
7  #example output=Not a Harshad Number
8  n=int(input())
9  def is_harshad_number(num):
10     digit_sum = sum(int(digit) for digit in str(num))
11     return num % digit_sum == 0
12  if is_harshad_number(n):
13      print("Harshad Number")
14  else:
15      print("Not a Harshad Number")

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
18
Harshad Number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
21
Harshad Number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> & "C:/Program Files/Python313/python.exe" c:/Users/ADMIN/assignment3.5.py
19
Not a Harshad Number
PS C:\Users\ADMIN> 
```