## Design & Technology AQA GCSE

# Energy storage systems including batteries

#### Materials required for questions

- Pencil
- Rubber
- Calculator

#### **Instructions**

- Use black ink or ball-point pen
- Try answer all questions
- Use the space provided to answer questions
- Calculators can be used if necessary
- For the multiple choice questions, circle your answer

#### Advice

- Marks for each question are in brackets
- Read each question fully
- Try to answer every question
- Don't spend too much time on one question

### Good luck!

Q1. Which	<b>Q1.</b> Which of the following is part of a kinetic pumped storage system?	
Α	Turbine	
В	Alkaline battery	
С	Photovoltaic cell	
<b>Q2.</b> Water i	s pumped to the higher reservoir during low demand	
Α	True	
В	False	
Q3. What is a major limitation of pumped hydro storage?		
Α	Requires flat terrain	
В	Needs specific geographic features (elevation + water)	
С	Cannot store large amounts of energy	
Q4. Which battery type is typically non-rechargeable?		
Α	Lithium-ion	
В	Lead-acid	
С	Alkaline	

<b>Q5.</b> Explain how pumped hydro storage works and discuss one advantage and one limitation of this technology <b>(4 marks)</b>	
<b>Q6.</b> Compare alkaline and lithium-ion batteries, giving one advantage of each for specific applications <b>(4 marks)</b>	

#### **Answers**

- **Q1**. A
- **Q2**. A
- **Q3**. B
- **Q4**. C

#### Q5.

#### 1. Working Principle (2 marks):

- During periods of low electricity demand (or excess renewable generation), water is pumped from a lower reservoir to an upper reservoir using cheap/off-peak electricity.
- During peak demand, water is released back downhill through turbines to generate electricity.

#### 2. Advantage (1 mark):

- Provides large-scale energy storage (GW-scale)
- Long lifespan (50+ years)
- High efficiency (70-85%)

#### 3. Limitation (1 mark):

- Requires specific geography (elevation difference + water source)
- **o** High construction costs
- Environmental impact (flooding ecosystems)

#### Q6.

#### 1. Alkaline Battery Advantage (1 mark):

- Low cost (ideal for disposable devices like remote controls)
- Long shelf life (leak-resistant, stable for years)

#### 2. Lithium-ion Battery Advantage (1 mark):

- Rechargeable (suitable for smartphones/laptops)
- High energy density (compact size for EVs)

#### 3. Clear Comparison (2 marks):

- Award 1 mark for identifying a key difference (e.g., rechargeability, energy density).
- Award 1 mark for linking the advantage to a real-world application (e.g., "Li-ion is better for EVs due to its rechargeability").