

Seif Hendawy

RHCSA II Day 2

1. What Different Between Rsyslog and Journald?

Rsyslog:

A traditional syslog daemon designed for efficient log processing, filtering, and forwarding to remote servers

Stores logs in plain text files

More efficient for high-volume logging; supports multi-threading and can offload logs to external storage or remote servers

Supports remote logging

Journald:

A modern logging system introduced with systemd, designed for structured logging, log rotation, and better integration with systemd services

Saves data in structured format uses a binary journal format stored in /var/log/journal

Optimized for local logging

Forwarding via TCP, UDP, or RELP, making it ideal for centralized logging.

Does not support remote logging

2. What are the main configuration files for Rsyslog?

/etc/rsyslog.conf

/etc/rsyslog.d/*.conf

3. How do you view system logs in real time?

```
seif@172:~$ journalctl -f
Mar 27 14:51:44 172.16.224.128 systemd[1]: Started systemd-timedated.service - Time & Date Service.
Mar 27 14:51:44 172.16.224.128 rtkit-daemon[891]: Successfully made thread 6916 of process 6785 (/usr/lib64/firefox/firefox) owned by '1000' RT at priority 10.
Mar 27 14:52:14 172.16.224.128 systemd[1]: systemd-timedated.service: Deactivated successfully.
Mar 27 14:54:15 172.16.224.128 systemd[5645]: Created slice background.slice - User Background Tasks Slice.
Mar 27 14:54:15 172.16.224.128 systemd[5645]: Starting systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service - Cleanup of User's Temporary Files and Directories...
Mar 27 14:54:15 172.16.224.128 systemd[5645]: Finished systemd-tmpfiles-clean.service - Cleanup of User's Temporary Files and Directories.
Mar 27 14:54:34 172.16.224.128 PackageKit[1861]: daemon quit
Mar 27 14:54:34 172.16.224.128 systemd[1]: packagekit.service: Deactivated successfully.
Mar 27 14:54:34 172.16.224.128 systemd[1]: packagekit.service: Consumed 4.050s CPU time, 258.8M memory peak.
Mar 27 14:56:02 172.16.224.128 chronyd[898]: Selected source 160.119.248.252 (2.centos.pool.ntp.org)
^C
seif@172:~$
```

4. How do you test if Rsyslog is working properly after making changes?

```
*.* /var/log/syslog
seif@172:~$ sudo nano /etc/rsyslog.conf
seif@172:~$ sudo systemctl restart rsyslog
seif@172:~$ logger "Seif Hendawy DevOps Engineer lab 2"
seif@172:~$ cat /var/log/syslog
cat: /var/log/syslog: Permission denied
seif@172:~$ sudo cat /var/log/syslog
Mar 27 15:04:19 172 sudo[8170]: seif : TTY=pts/0 ; PWD=/home/seif ; USER=root ;
slog
Mar 27 15:04:19 172 systemd-logind[896]: Existing logind session ID 3 used by new
Mar 27 15:04:19 172 systemd-logind[896]: New session c6 of user root.
Mar 27 15:04:19 172 systemd[1]: Started session-c6.scope - Session c6 of User root
Mar 27 15:04:19 172 sudo[8170]: pam_unix(sudo:session): session opened for user ro

seif@172:~$ cat /var/log/syslog | grep DevOps
cat: /var/log/syslog: Permission denied
seif@172:~$ sudo cat /var/log/syslog | grep DevOps
Mar 27 15:04:29 172 seif[8182]: Seif Hendawy DevOps Engineer lab 2
seif@172:~$
```

5. You need to configure Rsyslog to log messages from any facility with severity warning and above to a file located at /var/log/warnings.log.

```
*.* /var/log/syslog
*.warning /var/log/warnings.log
```

6. How can you configure Rsyslog to discard log messages from a specific facility (e.g., auth)

```
auth.* ~
```

7. How do you configure Rsyslog to log messages from a specific application to a custom log file?

if \$programname == x' then /var/log/x.log

8. How do you schedule a task to run a script at 5:30 PM tomorrow using the AT command?

```
seif@172:~$ echo "Seif Hendawy DevOps Engineer" >> tmrw.txt | at 17:30 tomorrow
warning: commands will be executed using /bin/sh
job 1 at Fri Mar 28 17:30:00 2025
```

9. How do you schedule a task to run at midnight tonight?

```
seif@172:~$ echo "Seif Hendawy DevOps Engineer" >> tmrw.txt | at midnight
warning: commands will be executed using /bin/sh
job 2 at Fri Mar 28 00:00:00 2025
seif@172:~$
```

10. How do you schedule a task to run 10 minutes from now?

```
seif@172:~$ echo "Seif Hendawy DevOps Engineer" >> tmrw.txt | at now + 10 minutes
warning: commands will be executed using /bin/sh
job 3 at Thu Mar 27 15:28:00 2025
seif@172:~$
```

11. How do you list all scheduled tasks using the AT command?

```
seif@172:~$ atq
1      Fri Mar 28 17:30:00 2025 a seif
2      Fri Mar 28 00:00:00 2025 a seif
3      Thu Mar 27 15:28:00 2025 a seif
seif@172:~$
```

12. How do you cancel a scheduled task using the AT command?

```
seif@172:~$ atq
1      Fri Mar 28 17:30:00 2025 a seif
2      Fri Mar 28 00:00:00 2025 a seif
3      Thu Mar 27 15:28:00 2025 a seif
seif@172:~$ atrm 2
seif@172:~$ atq
1      Fri Mar 28 17:30:00 2025 a seif
3      Thu Mar 27 15:28:00 2025 a seif
seif@172:~$
```

13. How would you view the contents of a scheduled at job?

```
seif@172:~$ at -c 3
#!/bin/sh
# atrun uid=1000 gid=1000
# mail seif 0
umask 22
SHELL=/bin/bash; export SHELL
SESSION_MANAGER=local/unix:~/tmp/.ICE-unix/
COLORTERM=truecolor; export COLORTERM
HISTCONTROL=ignoredups; export HISTCONTROL
XDG_MENU_PREFIX=gnome-; export XDG_MENU_PRE
PTYXIS_PROFILE=ee19e274e2828efee6020fa267ef
```
