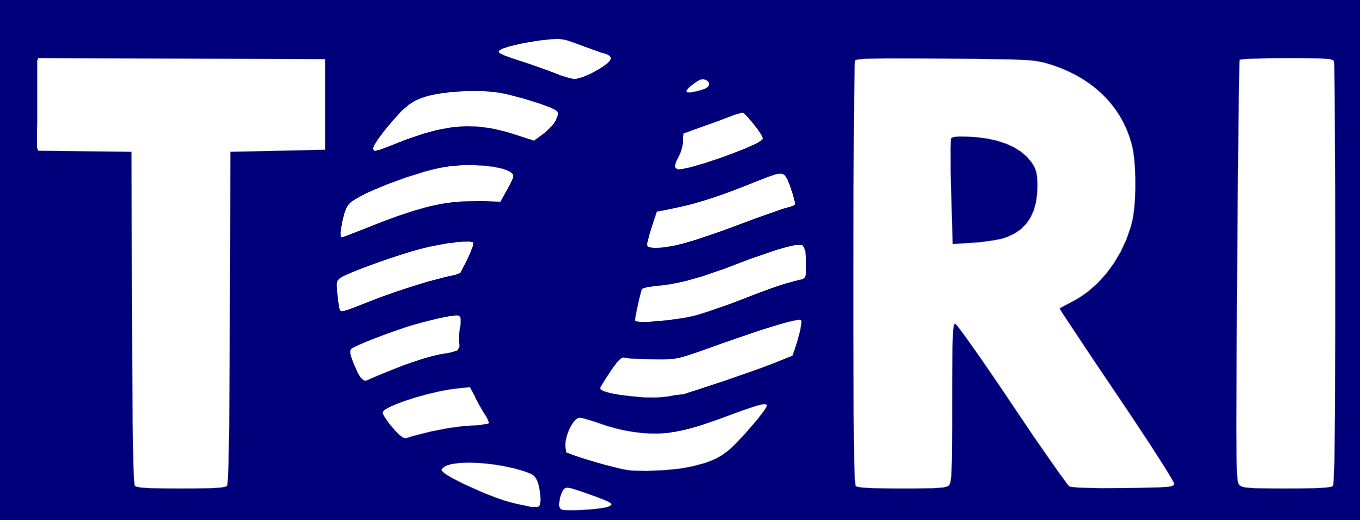


Analyses of surface currents around Taiwan derived from the TORI HF-Radar Observations



Hendrik Grosseindemann, Shao-Hua Chen,
Xin-Ni Lin, Chia-Yan Cheng, Chau-Chang Wang



1 Introduction & Motivation

- Different dynamics around the island
- Kuroshio Current in the East
- Seasonal varying Monsoon winds
- Strong tidal dynamics

-> Is CODAR surface current data showing these signals and/or something new?

-> What is the relative influence of wind and geostrophic flow on different spatial and temporal scales?

2 Data & Methods

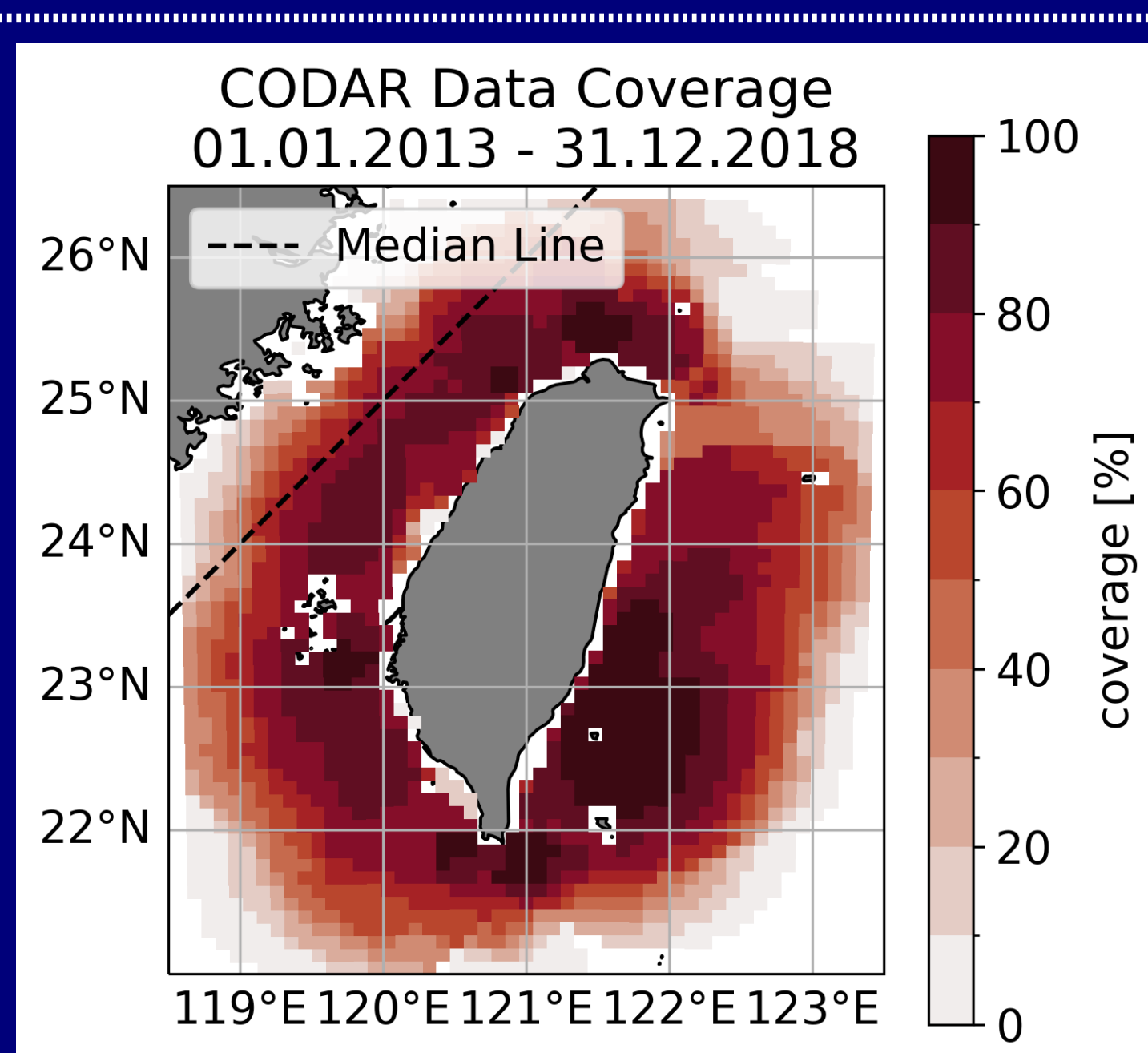
- Hourly CODAR surface currents from TORI
- Hourly wind data from ERA5 Reanalysis
- Daily geostrophic currents from CMEMS
- all from 01.01.2013 - 31.12.2017

- Non-uniform FFT
- Tide Removal
- EOF Analysis
- Vector cross-correlation

3 Results

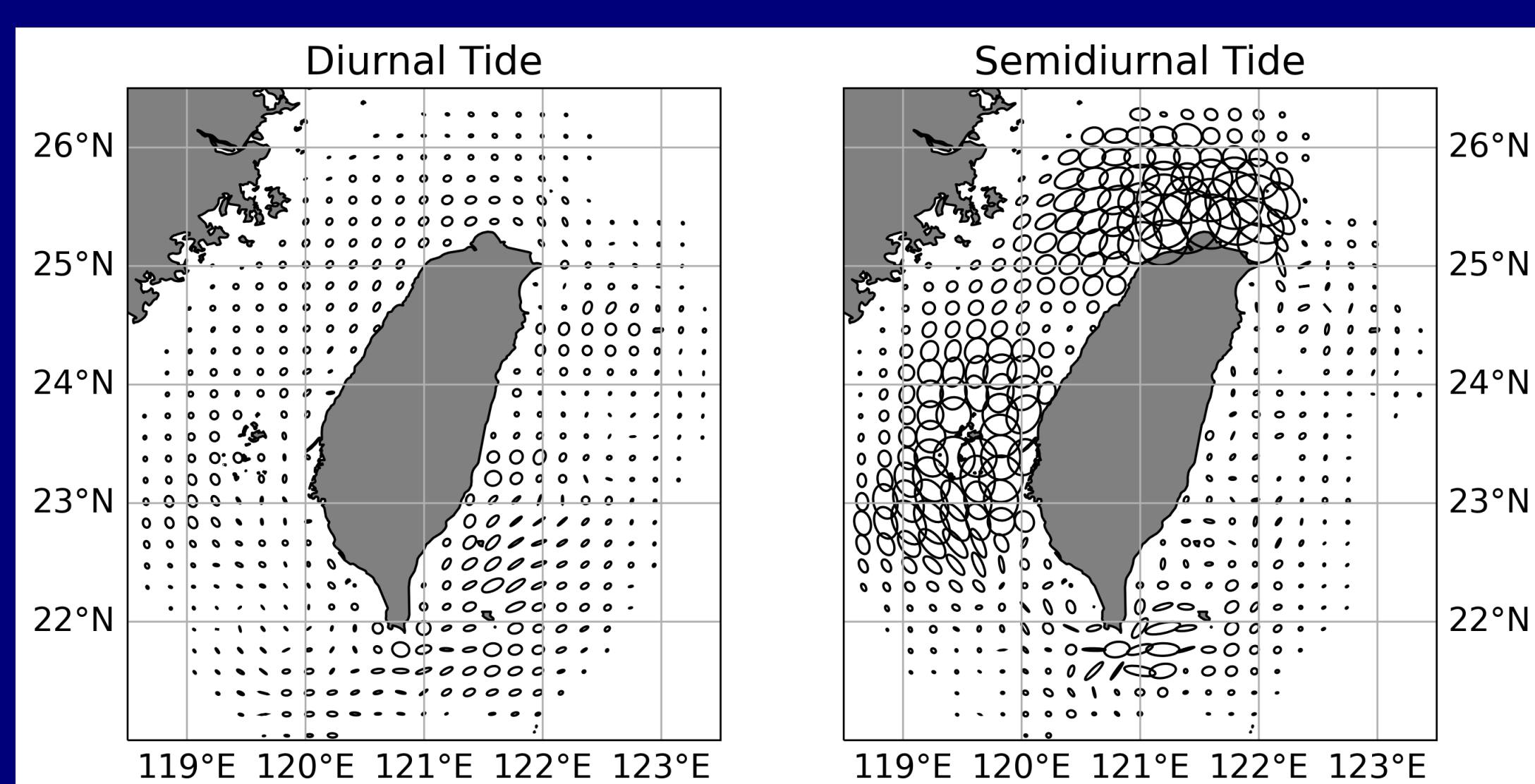
3.1 Coverage

- good around the whole island
- best in Southeast
- mostly sufficient to perform trustworthy analysis
- important to keep in mind



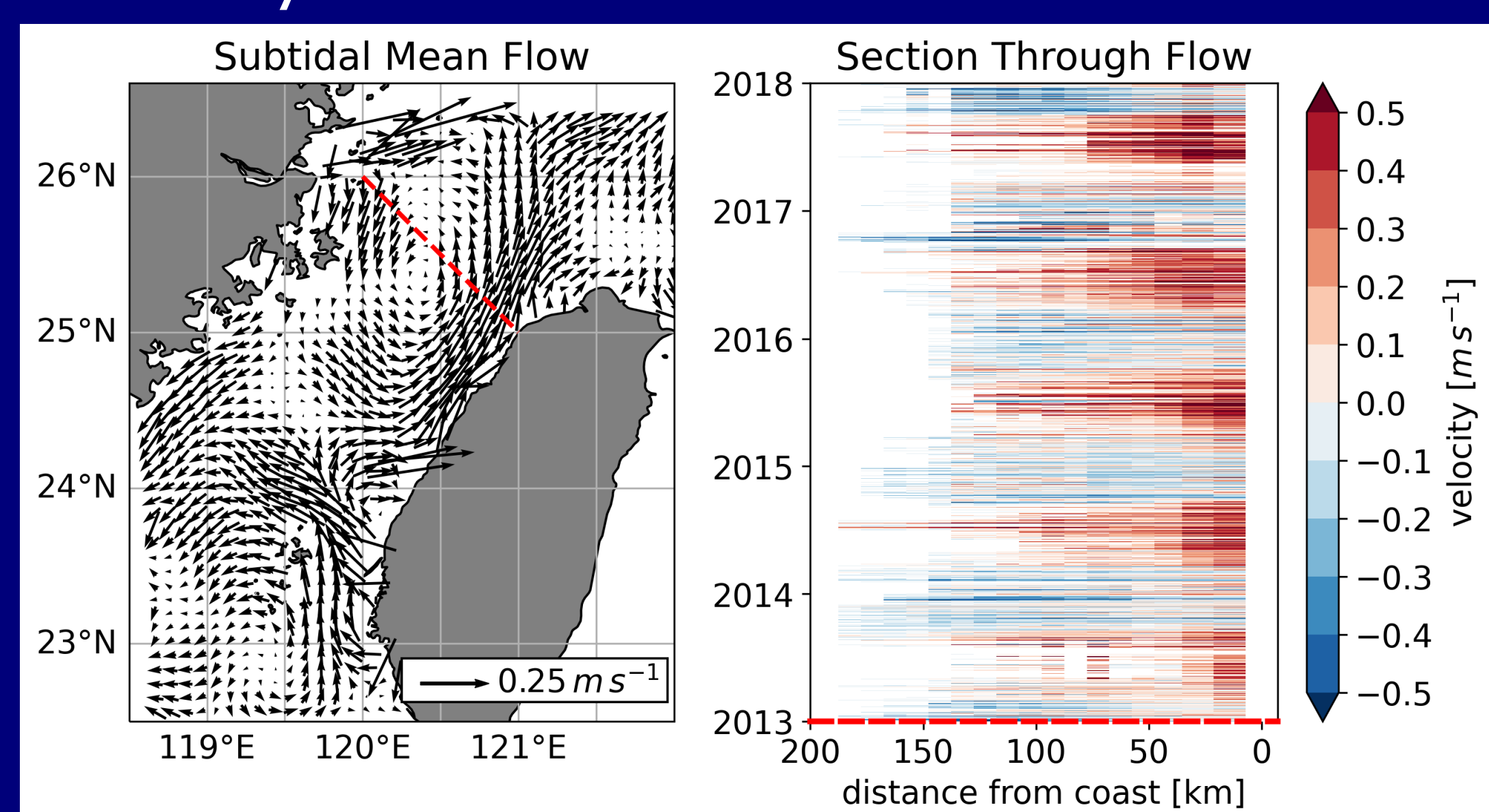
3.2 Tides

- semidiurnal dominates; especially in the Strait
- diurnal important in the east
- fits to Jan et al. 2004



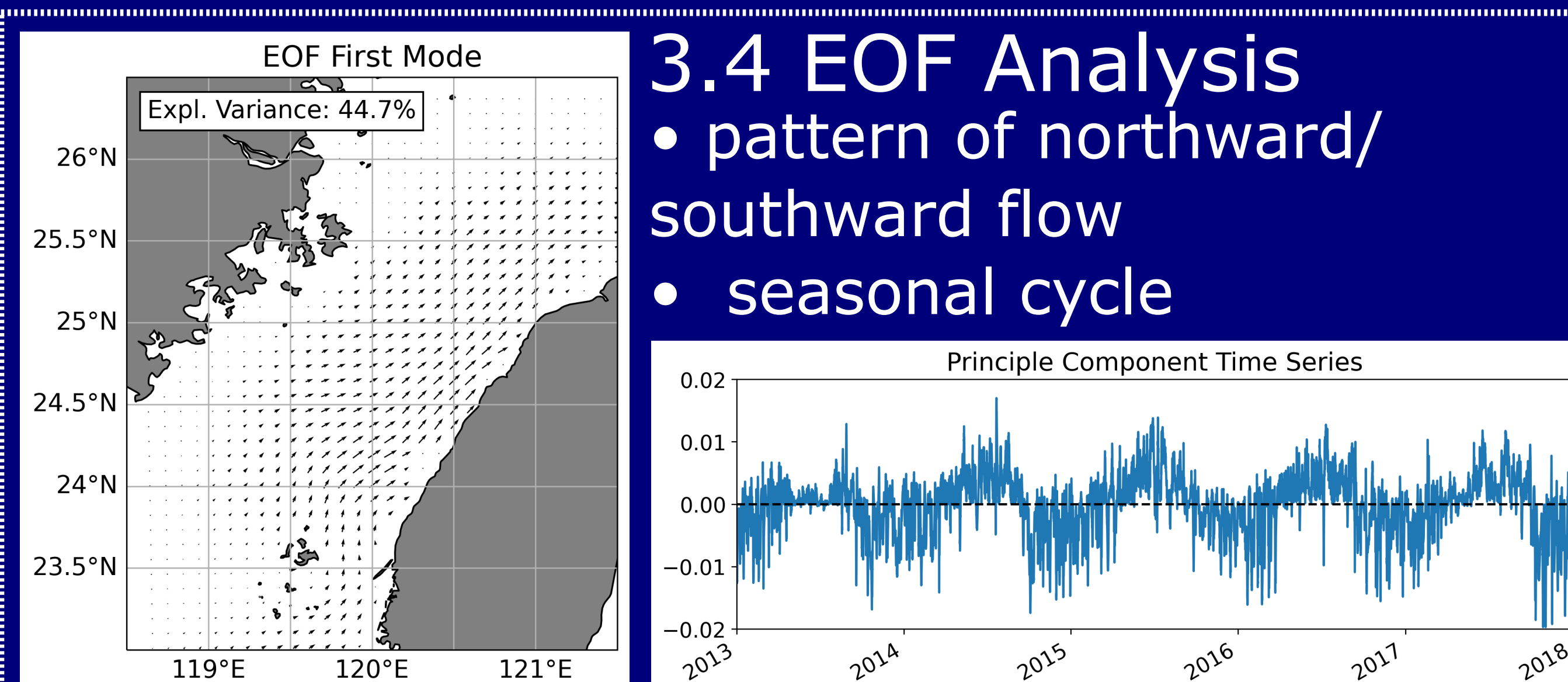
3.3 Subtidal Flow

- northward mean flow along the west coast
- mean flow is guided by bathymetry
- seasonal cycle of northward and southward flow



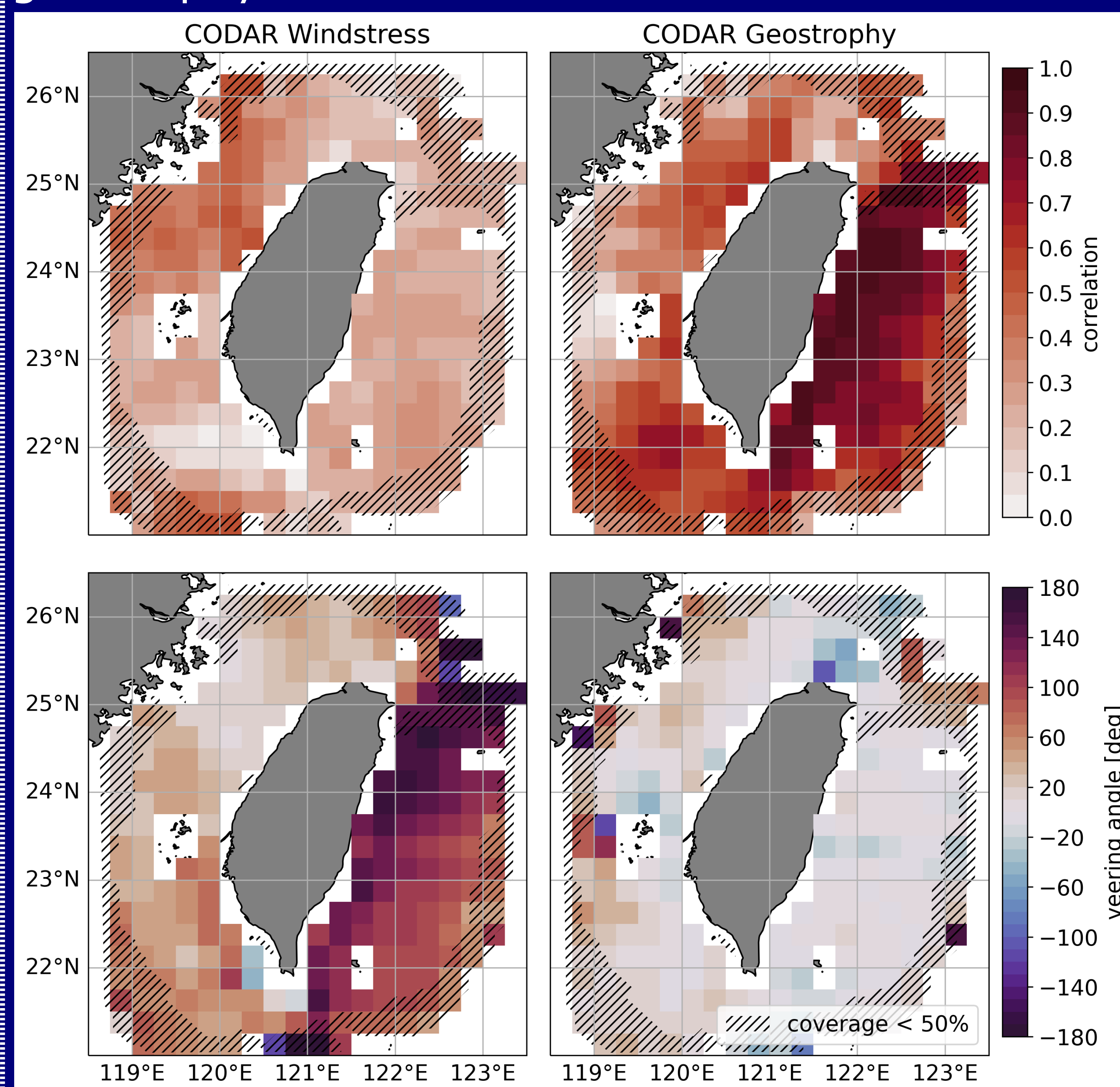
3.4 EOF Analysis

- pattern of northward/southward flow
- seasonal cycle



3.5 Vector Cross-Correlation

- Wind influence larger in Taiwan Strait
- Geostrophy dominates the east
- Wind Veering angle in Taiwan Strait could relate to Ekman dynamics
- Flow is on average in similar direction as geostrophy



4 Conclusion

- TORI HF-Radar observations provide a great dataset to study ocean dynamics around Taiwan
- Tides are very prominent in the raw data
- Subtidal flow shows seasonal fluctuation in Taiwan Strait
- Radar-derived subtidal flow is largely related to satellite-derived geostrophic flow
- Wind acts on seasonal timescales to influence the surface signal
- Are results statistically significant?
- Apply an eddy tracking algorithm to possibly investigate their interaction with the Kuroshio

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