CSCI 150: Exam 3 Practice Problems

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Recursion

1. Below is a function that calculates the exponentiation function x^y . Assume that y is an integer greater than or equal to zero.

```
def power(x, y):
    result = 1
    for i in range(y):
        result *= x
    return result
```

For example:

- power(2, 3) returns 8 since $2^3 = 8$.
- power(3, 0) returns 1 since $3^0 = 1$.

Rewrite this function using recursion. Clearly comment the base case and recursive case.

```
def power_rec(x, y):
```

2. Write a function **using recursion** that takes a string as a parameter and returns the length of the string. You should **not** use a **while** loop or **for** loop in this function, nor the built in **len** function.

def length(s):

3. Ada needs to find if all the elements of a list are divisible by either 3 or 5. She decides to use recursion to solve this problem, and writes the following function.

```
def div_three_five(t):
    candiv = div_three_five(t[1:])
    if (candiv and t[0] % 3 == 0 and t[0] % 5 == 0):
        return True
    else:
        return False
```

Is this function correct? Why or why not?

Classes and Objects

4. Write a class called StoneSoup. Objects of this class will have two component variables: a list of ingredients currently in the soup, and a threshold for how many ingredients it takes to make the soup taste good. The list of ingredients should start out empty; the __init__ method should take just the threshold as a parameter. For example,

```
soup = StoneSoup(6)
```

will make a soup that currently has no ingredients and will be tasty when there are at least 6 ingredients.

You will need two additional methods, add(ingredient) and tasty(). add will put a new ingredient into the list if it is not already there. An ingredient can only be added once. tasty will return True if the number of ingredients in the soup is greater than or equal to the threshold, and False otherwise.

class StoneSoup:

- 5. Write a class called RV. RV objects will have four component variables representing
 - the gas mileage (measured in miles per gallon),
 - the size of the gas tank,
 - the current amount of gas in the tank, and
 - the current mileage,

all of which will be integers. The <code>__init__</code> method should take two integer parameters, one that is the size of the gas tank and the other that is the miles-per-gallon value.

You will need two additional methods, cruise(distance) and fill(gallons). cruise will increase the mileage on the RV and decrease the gas according to the miles-per-gallon. Remember, an RV cannot drive when it is out of gas. fill will add gas to the tank. Remember that the amount of gas in the tank cannot exceed the size of the tank.

class RV:

Reading

6. Trace the execution of the following Python program, showing all output as a result of the print function. Describe what is happening to mylist using English.

```
def bar(b, i, j):
    t = b[i]
    b[i] = b[j]
    b[j] = t
def oogie(a):
    p = 0
    while (p < len(a)):
        if p == 0 or a[p - 1] \le a[p]:
           p += 1
        else:
             bar(a, p, p - 1)
             p -= 1
             print(a)
def main():
    mylist = [2, 13, 5, 8, 3]
    oogie(mylist)
main()
```

Dictionaries

- 7. Write a function prev_up that takes an alphabetic string as a parameter and returns a dictionary, where the keys are letters of the alphabet and the values are the number of times each letter was immediately preceded by the previous letter in the alphabet (where "s" is preceded by "r", etc., and we count "a" as being preceded by "z") if this number is 1 or more. For example:
 - prev_up("defenders") \rightarrow {'s': 1, 'f': 1, 'e': 2}
 - prev_up("misunderstanders") \rightarrow {'t': 1, 's': 2, 'e': 2}
 - \bullet prev_up("understudy") \rightarrow {'t': 1, 's': 1, 'e': 1, 'u': 1}

def prev_up(s):

8. Write a function that takes a sentence as a parameter and returns a dictionary where the keys are words and the values are the number of times each word was found in the sentence. All words should be treated as lowercase. Also, the word "lemurs" is awesome, so it should be counted 3 times whenever seen.

For example, supposing ${\rm that}^1$

```
s1 = "She sells what she sells and what she sells is lemurs"
s2 = "Buffalo buffalo buffal
```

 $^{^{1}} https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Buffalo_buffalo_Buffalo_buffalo_buffalo_buffalo_buffalo$