

A background network diagram with nodes and connecting lines. Nodes are represented by circles in dark blue, red, and grey. Lines are thin and connect the nodes, with some lines being red and others dark blue. The overall pattern is a complex, interconnected web.

BIG DATA MANAGEMENT

CZ/CE4123

Tutorial 9

MapReduce Designs



QUESTION1

```
Map(string key, string value){  
    if (key.equals("Student-Table"){  
        studentID=split(value).first;  
        courseID=split(value).second;  
        Emit(studentID, courseID);  
    }  
}
```

QUESTION1

```
Reduce(string key, iterator values){  
    int s=0;  
    Map<string, string> distinct_course;  
    for(each v in values){  
        if(distinct_course does not contain v)  
        {  
            distinct_course.insert<v,1>;  
            s++;  
        }  
    }  
    Emit(key, s);  
}
```

QUESTION 2

```
Map(string key, string value){  
    if(key.equals("Student-Table")){  
        studentID=split(value).first;  
        courseID=split(value).second;  
        semester=split(value).third;  
        Emit(courseID, semester);  
    }  
}
```

QUESTION 2

```
Reduce(string key, iterator semesters){  
    Map<string, string> semester_freq;  
    for(each sem in semesters){  
        if(semester_freq does not contain sem)  
        {  
            semester_freq.insert<sem, 1>;  
        }  
        else  
            semester_freq[sem]++;  
    }  
    int cnt=0;
```



```
        for(each <semester, freq> in semester_freq){  
            if(freq>50){  
                cnt++;  
            }  
        }  
        if (cnt>=2)  
            Emit(courseID, NULL);  
    }
```

QUESTION 3

```
Map1(string key, string value){  
    if(key.equals("Student-Table")){  
        studentID=split(value).first;  
        courseID=split(value).second;  
        semester=split(value).third;  
        Emit(toString(courseID, ";", semester), toString("s;", studentID));  
    }  
    if(key.equals("Professor-Table")){  
        professorID=split(value).first;  
        courseID=split(value).second;  
        semester=split(value).third;  
        Emit(toString(courseID, ";", semester), toString("p;", professorID));  
    }  
}
```

QUESTION 3

```
Reduce1(string key, iterator values){  
    List professors;  
    List students;  
    for(each value in values){  
        if(value starts with "s"){  
            students.add(getStudentID(value));  
        }  
        if(value starts with "p"){  
            professors.add(getProfessorID(value));  
        }  
    }  
    for(each student in students){  
        for(each professor in professors){  
            Emit (student, professor);  
        }  
    }  
}
```


QUESTION 3

//Map2 takes the output of Reduce1, with the purpose to remove duplicates.

```
Map2(string student, string professor){
```

```
    Emit(toString(student, ";", professor), "1");
```

```
}
```

```
Reduce2(string key, iterator values){
```

```
    student=split(key).first;
```

```
    professor=split(key).second;
```

```
    Emit(student, professor);
```

```
}
```