

**TUTORIAL ONE**

**Review on Computer System Operation**

1. Review the following concepts on Computer System Operation, and explain how they are related to Operating Systems.

- a) Computer Organization *Computer HW used by user to communicate with PC through OS*
- b) Interrupts *it is needed for OS to regain control*
- c) I/O Structure: Interrupt-Driven Data Transfer, Direct Memory Access (DMA) Data Transfer

*DMA: method of handling I/O without CPU involvement*  
**OS Structures and Concepts**

2. Indicate whether the following statements are true or false. Justify your answers.

- a) All I/O instructions are privileged instructions. *F*
- b) Given a base register value of 0x1000 and a limit register value of 0x1000, access to memory location 0x1FFF will generate a trap. *T*
- c) Popular operating systems for personal computer use (such as Windows and Linux) are real-time systems. *F*
- d) A system call always generates a trap. *T*

3. Distinguish between multiprogramming and multiprocessing. What were the key motivations for the development of each?

*multiprocessing = multiple processing units are executed at the same time*

*multiprogramming = allocate 1 job to CPU so that CPU can be more efficient*

2. C)

real-time operating systems are designed to run critical applications reliably and with precise timing (paying attention to the programmer's priorities).

Microsoft Windows, MacOS, Unix, and Linux are not "real-time." They are often completely unresponsive for seconds at a time. They indicate this condition by displaying an hourglass or a clock symbol or by simply refusing to respond to mouse-clicks or keyboard input.