

School of Computer Science and Engineering

SC3000/CZ3005: Artificial Intelligence

Assignment: Lab Assignment 2 - Introduction to Logic Programming

2022/2023 Semester 2

| Tutorial/Lab Group | A42 |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Team Name | Pole Dancer |

Members:

| HENDY | U212255J |
|--------------|-----------|
| BRENDON TAN | U2121250H |
| WONG RI HONG | U2123580K |

Exercise 1: The Smart Phone Rivalry (15 marks)

sumsum, a competitor of appy, developed some nice smart phone technology called galacticas3, all of which was stolen by stevey, who is a boss of appy. It is unethical for a boss to steal business from rival companies. A competitor is a rival. Smart phone technology is business.

 Translate the natural language statements above describing the dealing within the Smart Phone industry in to First Order Logic (FOL).

(5 marks)

2. Write these FOL statements as Prolog clauses.

(5 marks)

3. Using Prolog, prove that Stevey is unethical. Show a trace of your proof.

(5 marks)

Exercise 1.1

| Natural Language Statements | First Order Logic Statements |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| sumsum, a competitor of appy | Company(sumsum) |
| | Company(appy) |
| | Competitors(sumsum, appy) |
| | $\forall x. \forall y. (Competitors(x, y) \leftrightarrow Competitors(y, x))$ |
| sumsumdeveloped some nice smartphone technology called galactica-s3 | Develop(sumsum, galactica-s3) |
| | SmartphoneTech(galactica-s3) |
| galactica-s3was stolen by stevey | Steal(stevey, galactica-s3) |
| stevey, who is a boss of appy. | Boss(stevey, appy) |
| It is unethical for a boss to steal business from rival companies. | \forall a. \forall b. \forall c. \forall d. (Boss(a, b) \land Steal(a, d) \land Business(d) \land Develop(c, d) \land Rival(b, c) \land Company(c) \rightarrow Unethical(a)) |
| | # a=boss, b=company, c=company, d=smartphonetech |
| A competitor is a rival. | $\forall x. \forall y. (Competitors(x,y) \rightarrow Rival(x,y))$ |
| Smart phone technology is business. | $\forall x. (SmartphoneTech(x) \rightarrow Business(x))$ |

Exercise 1.2

true .

```
/* relations */
company (sumsum) .
company (appy) .
competitors (sumsum, appy).
develop(sumsum, galactica-s3).
smartphonetech (galactica-s3).
steal(stevey, galactica-s3).
boss (stevey, appy) .
/* rules */
competitors(X, Y):-
       competitors (Y, X).
rival(X, Y):-
       competitors(X, Y).
business(X):-
       smartphonetech(X).
unethical(A):-
       boss(A, B), steal(A, D), business(D), develop(C, D), rival(B, C), company(C)
Exercise 1.3
?- trace, unethical(stevey).
Call: (11) unethical(stevey) ? creep
   Call: (12) boss(stevey, _2526) ? creep
   Exit: (12) boss(stevey, appy) ? creep
   Call: (12) steal(stevey, _4148) ? creep
   Exit: (12) steal(stevey, galactica-s3) ? creep
   Call: (12) business(galactica-s3) ? creep
   Call: (13) smartphonetech(galactica-s3)? creep
Exit: (13) smartphonetech(galactica-s3)? creep
   Exit: (12) business(galactica-s3) ? creep
   Call: (12) develop(_9000, galactica-s3) ? creep
   Exit: (12) develop(sumsum, galactica-s3) ? creep
   Call: (12) rival(appy, sumsum) ? creep
   Call: (13) competitors(appy, sumsum) ? creep
   Call: (14) competitors(sumsum, appy) ? creep
   Exit: (14) competitors(sumsum, appy) ? creep
   Exit: (13) competitors(appy, sumsum) ? creep
   Exit: (12) rival(appy, sumsum) ? creep
   Call: (12) company(sumsum) ? creep
Exit: (12) company(sumsum) ? creep
   Exit: (11) unethical(stevey) ? creep
```

Exercise 2: The Royal Family (10 marks)

The old Royal succession rule states that the throne is passed down along the male line according to the order of birth before the consideration along the female line – similarly according to the order of birth, queen elizabeth, the monarch of United Kingdom, has four offsprings; namely:- prince charles, princess ann, prince andrew and prince edward – listed in the order of birth.

 Define their relations and rules in a Prolog rule base. Hence, define the old Royal succession rule. Using this old succession rule determine the line of succession based on the information given. Do a trace to show your results.

(5 marks)

Exercise 2.1 Determine the line of succession

```
cace] ?- trace, sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, X).
Call: (11) sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, _970) ? creep
Call: (12) findall(_2376, offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth), _2384) ? creep
                ?- trace, sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth,
     Call: (17) offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
               (17) offspring(prince_charles, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Exit:
     Redo: (17) offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
               (17) offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
               (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) (17) offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Exit:
     Exit: (17) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (12) findall(_2376, user:offspring(_2376, queen_elizabeth), [prince_charles, princess
70) ? creep

Call: (13) sort_succession([princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], _11386) ? creep

Call: (14) sort_succession([prince_andrew, prince_edward], _12198) ? creep

Call: (15) sort_succession([prince_edward], _13010) ? creep

Call: (16) sort_succession([], _13822) ? creep
     Call: (16) sort_succession([prince_edward], _13010) ? creep

Exit: (16) sort_succession([], _13822) ? creep

Exit: (16) sort_succession([], []) ? creep

Call: (16) insert(prince_edward, [], _13010) ? creep

Exit: (16) insert(prince_edward, [], [prince_edward]) ? creep

Exit: (15) sort_succession([prince_edward], [prince_edward]) ? creep

Call: (15) insert(prince_andrew, [prince_edward], _12198) ? creep

Call: (16) not(precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward)) ? creep

Call: (17) precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
     Call:
               (17) precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
               (18) offspring(prince_andrew, _20348) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Call:
     Call:
               (18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth)
               (18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Exit:
               (18) male(prince_andrew) ? creep
(18) male(prince_andrew) ? creep
     Call:
     Exit:
     Call:
               (18) female(prince_edward) ? creep
(18) female(prince_edward) ? creep
     Fail:
               (17) precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_andrew, _27624) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Call:
     Exit:
     Call:
                (18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth)
               (18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
     Exit:
               (18) male(prince_andrew) ?
(18) male(prince_andrew) ?
     Call:
                                                             creep
                                                          ? creep
     Exit:
               (18) male(prince_edward) ? creep
(18) male(prince_edward) ? creep
     Call:
     Exit:
     Call:
               (18) is_older(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
                (19) older(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
     Call:
               (19) older(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
               (18) is_older(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
     Exit:
     Exit: (17) precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward) ? creep
     Fail: (16) not(user:precedes(prince_andrew, prince_edward)) ? creep
Redo: (15) insert(prince_andrew, [prince_edward], _12198) ? creep
Exit: (15) insert(prince_andrew, [prince_edward], [prince_andrew, prince_edward])
  ? creep
```

(continued below)

```
Exit: (14) sort_succession([prince_andrew, prince_edward], [prince_andrew, prince_e
dward])
     creep
      Call: (14) insert(princess_ann, [prince_andrew, prince_edward], _11386) ? creep Call: (15) not(precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew)) ? creep
                  (16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
      Call:
                  (17) offspring(princess_ann, _43862) ? creep
(17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (17) male(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) male(princess_ann) ? creep
      Call:
      Fail:
                  (16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew)
      creep
                  (17) offspring(princess_ann, _49526) ? creep (17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (17) male(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) male(princess_ann) ? creep
      Call:
                   (16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
                  (17) offspring(princess_ann, _55190) ? creep
(17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Exit:
                  (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (17) female(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) female(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) female(prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) female(prince_andrew) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
      Call:
      Fail:
                  (16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
                  (15) not(user:precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew)) ? creep (15) insert(princess_ann, [prince_edward], _42220) ? creep
      Exit:
      Call:
                  (16) not(precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward)) ? creep
(17) precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward) ? creep
      Call:
      Call:
                  (18) offspring(princess_ann, _1636) ? creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, _1636) ? creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (18) male(princess_ann) ? creep
(18) male(princess_ann) ? creep
      Call:
                   (17) precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward) ? creep
                  (17) precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward); creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, _7300); creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth); creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth); creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth); creep
      Exit:
      Call:
      Exit:
                  (18) male(princess_ann) ? creep
(18) male(princess_ann) ? creep
      Call:
      Fail:
                   (17) precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward) ? creep
                  (17) piecedes(pincess_ann, pince_edward); creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, _12964) ? creep
(18) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
(18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
      Call:
      Exit:
      Call:
      Exit:
      Call: (18) female(princess_ann) ? creep
Exit: (18) female(princess_ann) ? creep
Call: (18) female(prince_edward) ? creep
Fail: (18) female(prince_edward) ? creep
Fail: (17) precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward) ? creep
```

(continued below)

```
Exit: (16) not(user:precedes(princess_ann, prince_edward)) ? creep
Call: (16) insert(princess_ann, [], _138) ? creep
Exit: (16) insert(princess_ann, [], [princess_ann]) ? creep
        Exit: (15) insert(princess_ann, [prince_edward], [prince_edward, princess_ann]) ? creep
Exit: (14) insert(princess_ann, [prince_andrew, prince_edward], [prince_andrew, prince_
edward, princess_ann]) ? creep

Exit: (13) sort_succession([princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], [prince_andrew
     prince_edward, princess_ann]) ? creep
        Call: (13) insert(prince_charles, [prince_andrew, prince_edward, princess_ann], _18) ?
        Call:
                         (14) not(precedes(prince_charles, prince_andrew)) ? creep
                         (15) precedes(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep (16) offspring(prince_charles, _27590) ? creep (16) offspring(prince_charles, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
        Call:
         Call:
        Exit:
Call:
                         (16) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
(16) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
        Exit:
                         (16) male(prince_charles) ? creep
(16) male(prince_charles) ? creep
(16) female(prince_andrew) ? creep
(16) female(prince_andrew) ? creep
         Call:
         Call:
         Fail:
                         (15) precedes(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
                         (16) offspring(prince_charles, _34866) ? creep
(16) offspring(prince_charles, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
         Call:
        Exit:
Call:
                         (16) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep (16) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
        Exit:
                         (16) male(prince_charles) ? creep
(16) male(prince_charles) ? creep
(16) male(prince_andrew) ? creep
(16) male(prince_andrew) ? creep
         Call:
         Call:
         Exit:
         Call:
                         (16)
                                     is_older(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
                         (17) older(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) older(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
         Call:
        Fail:
                         (17) older(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) older(prince_charles, _44572) ? creep
(17) older(prince_charles, _princess_ann) ? creep
(17) is_older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
         Call:
         Exit:
         Call:
                         (18) older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
(18) older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
         Call:
         Exit:
         Exit:
                         (17)
                                      is_older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
                         (16) is_older(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep (15) precedes(prince_charles, prince_andrew) ? creep
        Exit:
        Exit:
        Fail: (14) not(user precedes(prince_charles, prince_andrew))
       creep
         Redo: (13) insert(prince_charles, [prince_andrew, prince_edward, princess_ann], _18)
        creep
         Exit: (13) insert(prince_charles, [prince_andrew, prince_edward, princess_ann], [prince
_charles, prince_andrew, prince_edward, princes s_ann]) ? creep
Exit: (12) sort_succession([prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward]
, [prince_charles, prince_andrew, prince_edward, princess_ann]) ? creep
    Exit: (11) sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, [prince_charles, prince_andrew, prince_andr
   edward, princess_ann]) ? creep
X = [prince_charles, prince_andrew, prince_edward, princess_ann].
```

2. Recently, the Royal succession rule has been modified. The throne is now passed down according to the order of birth irrespective of gender. Modify your rules and Prolog knowledge base to handle the new succession rule. Explain the necessary changes to the knowledge needed to represent the new information. Use this new succession rule to determine the new line of succession based on the same knowledge given. Show your results using a trace.

(5 marks)

Exercise 2.2 Determine the line of succession(modified)

These are the original rules from Exercise 2.1:

```
% Rule 1: Male child will always come before female child
precedes(X, Y):-
       offspring(X, A), offspring(Y, A),
       male(X), female(Y),
       not (queen (Y)).
% Rule 2: Older male child will come before younger male child
precedes(X, Y):-
       offspring(X, A), offspring(Y, A),
        male(X), male(Y),
       is older (X, Y).
% Rule 3: Older female child will come before younger female child
precedes(X, Y):-
       offspring(X, A), offspring(Y, A),
       female(X), female(Y),
       is_older(X, Y),
       not(queen(X)), not(queen(Y)).
```

- The first rule is removed as succession is no longer based on gender.
- The second and third rules are combined such that an older child will come before a younger child instead.

The updated ruling:

Trace for Exercise 2.2

```
?- trace, sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, X).
                             trace, sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, X).

Call: (11) sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, _752) ? creep

Call: (12) findall(_2158, offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth), _2166) ? creep

Call: (17) offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (17) offspring(prince_charles, queen_elizabeth) ? creep

Redo: (17) offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (17) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Redo: (17) offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Redo: (17) offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (17) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
Exit: (12) findall(_2158, user:offspring(_2158, queen_elizabeth), [prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward]) ? creep
Call: (12) sort_succession([prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], _75
2) ? creep
Call: (13) sort_succession([prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], _75
                       n. prince_andraw. prince_edward] / creep

Call: (12) sort_succession([prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andraw, prince_edward], _75

? creep

Call: (13) sort_succession([prince_andraw, prince_edward], _11980) ? creep

Call: (14) sort_succession([prince_adward], _12792) ? creep

Call: (15) sort_succession([prince_edward], _12792) ? creep

Call: (16) sort_succession([], _13604) ? creep

Exit: (16) sort_succession([], _12792) ? creep

Exit: (16) insert(prince_edward, [], _12792) ? creep

Exit: (16) insert(prince_edward, [], _12792) ? creep

Exit: (16) insert(prince_edward, [], _11980) ? creep

Exit: (16) sort_succession([prince_edward], [prince_edward]) ? creep

Call: (16) not(precedes(prince_andraw, prince_edward)) ? creep

Call: (16) not(precedes(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Call: (18) offspring(prince_andraw, _20130) ? creep

Call: (18) offspring(prince_andraw, queen_elizabeth) ? creep

Exit: (18) offspring(prince_edward, queen_elizabeth) ? creep

Call: (18) offspring(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Call: (19) older(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (19) older(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (19) older(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (18) is_older(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Call: (18) not(queen(prince_andraw)) ? creep

Call: (19) queen(prince_andraw) ? creep

Exit: (18) not(queen(prince_andraw)) ? creep

Call: (19) queen(prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (18) not(user:queen(prince_edward)) ? creep

Exit: (18) not(user:queen(prince_edward)) ? creep

Exit: (18) not(user:queen(prince_edward)) ? creep

Exit: (18) insert(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (19) queen(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (15) insert(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (16) insert(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (17) precedes(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (18) insert(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? creep

Exit: (18) insert(prince_andraw, prince_edward) ? prince_andraw, prince_edward] ? oreep

Exit: (18) insert(prince_
            creep
                             Call: (14) insert(princess_ann, [prince_andrew, prince_edward], _70) ? creep Call: (15) not(precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew)) ? creep Call: (16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep Call: (17) offspring(princess_ann, _8264) ? creep Exit: (17) offspring(princess_ann, _queen_elizabeth) ? creep Call: (17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
```

(continued below)

```
(17) offspring(prince_andrew, queen_elizabeth) ? creep
                                                     (17) is_older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
                                                    (18) older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
(18) older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) is_older(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) not(queen(princess_ann)) ? creep
                   Call:
                  Exit:
Exit:
                                                    (18) queen(princess_ann) ? creep
(18) queen(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) not(user:queen(princess_ann)) ? creep
                  Call:
                  Fail:
                  Exit:
                                                     (17) not(queen(prince_andrew)) ? creep
                                                   (18) queen(prince_andrew) ? creep
(18) queen(prince_andrew) ? creep
(17) not(user:queen(prince_andrew)) ? creep
(16) precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew) ? creep
                   Call:
                  Fail:
Exit:
                  Fail: (15) not(user:precedes(princess_ann, prince_andrew)) ? creep

Redo: (14) insert(princess_ann, [prince_andrew, prince_edward], _70) ? creep

Exit: (14) insert(princess_ann, [prince_andrew, prince_edward], [princess_ann, prince_andrew
          prince_edward]) ? creep

Exit: (13) sort_succession([princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], [princess_ann, pri
                 andrew, prince_edward]) ? creep
Call: (13) insert(prince_charles,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  [princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], _18) ? creep arles, princess_ann)) ? creep
                                                    (14) not(precedes(prince_charles, princess_ann))
                                                  (14) not(precedes(prince_charles, princess_ann)) ? cre(
(15) precedes(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
(16) offspring(prince_charles, _27794) ? creep(
(16) offspring(prince_charles, queen_elizabeth) ? creep(
(16) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep(
(16) offspring(princess_ann, queen_elizabeth) ? creep(
(16) is_older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
(17) older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
(17) older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
(16) is_older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
(16) is_older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep(
                  Call:
                  Call:
Exit:
                  Exit:
                  Call:
Call:
                                                   (16) is_older(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep
(16) not(queen(prince_charles)) ? creep
(17) queen(prince_charles) ? creep
(17) queen(prince_charles) ? creep
(17) queen(prince_charles) ? creep
                  Exit:
                  Call:
                  Exit:
                                                      (16) not(user:queen(prince_charles)) ? creep
                                                    (16) not(queen(princess_ann)) ? creep
(17) queen(princess_ann) ? creep
(17) queen(princess_ann) ? creep
                  Call:
Call:
                                                    (16) not(user:queen(princess_ann)) ? creep
(15) precedes(prince_charles, princess_ann) ? creep
(14) not(user:precedes(prince_charles, princess_ann)) ? creep
                  Exit:
                  Exit:
                  Fail:
Redo: (13) insert(prince_charles, [princess_ann, prince_edward], _18) ? creep
Exit: (13) insert(prince_charles, [princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], [prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward], [prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_edward]) ? creep
Exit: (12) sort_succession([prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward]) ? creep
Exit: (11) sortedSuccessionList(queen_elizabeth, [prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prin
w, prince_edward]) ? creep
X = [prince_charles, princess_ann, prince_andrew, prince_edward].
```