

Static Code Analysis for R

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Software

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Statement of Need

The R programming language (R Core Team, 2023) is a popular choice for data analysis and statistical computing, and is used by a wide range of researchers and data scientists. The {lintr} package is an open source R package that provides static code analysis that checks for a variety of common problems related to readability, efficiency, consistency, style, etc. It is designed to be easy to use and integrate into existing workflows. It can be run from the command line, or can be used as part of an automated build or continuous integration process. {lintr} also integrates with a number of popular IDEs and text editors, such as RStudio and Visual Studio Code, making it convenient for users to run {lintr} checks on their code as they work.

Features

There are over 85 linters offered by {lintr}!

```
library(lintr)
length(all_linters())
#> [1] 87
```

Naturally, we can't discuss all of them here. For the sake of brevity, we will showcase only a few linters. To see details about all available linters, we encourage readers to see https://lintr.r-lib.org/dev/reference/index.html#individual-linters.

· Readability

Every coder knows that they spend significantly more time reading compared to writing code. Thus, writing readable code makes the code more maintainable and reduces the possibility of introducing bugs stemming from poor understanding of the code.

{lintr} provides a number of linters that suggest more readable alternatives of the code. For example, function_left_parentheses_linter().

```
lint(
   text = "stats::sd (c (x, y, z))",
   linters = function_left_parentheses_linter()
)
#> <text>:1:10: style: [function_left_parentheses_linter] Remove spaces before the
#> stats::sd (c (x, y, z))
```



```
#> <text>:1:13: style: [function_left_parentheses_linter] Remove spaces before the #> stats::sd (c (x, y, z)) #>
```

• Efficiency

Sometimes the users might not be aware of a more efficient way offered by R for carrying out a computation. {lintr} offers linters that can provide such suggestions.

• Tidyverse style

{lintr} also provides linters to enforce the style used throughout the {tidyverse} (Wickham et al., 2019) ecosystem of packages. This style of coding has been outlined in the tidyverse style guide (https://style.tidyverse.org/index.html).

Benefits of using {lintr}

There are several benefits to using {lintr} to analyze and improve R code. One of the most obvious is that it can help users identify and fix problems in their code, which can save time and effort during the development process. By catching issues early on, {lintr} can help prevent bugs and other issues from creeping into code, which can save time and effort when it comes to debugging and testing.

Another benefit of {lintr} is that it can help users write more readable and maintainable code. By enforcing a consistent style and highlighting potential issues, {lintr} can help users write code that is easier to understand and work with. This is especially important for larger projects or teams, where multiple contributors may be working on the same codebase and it is important to ensure that code is easy to follow and understand.

Finally, {lintr} can be a useful tool for teaching and learning R. By providing feedback on code style and potential issues, it can help users learn good coding practices and improve their skills over time. This can be especially useful for beginners, who may not yet be familiar with all of the best practices for writing R code.



Conclusion

In conclusion, {lintr} is a valuable tool for R users to help improve the quality and reliability of their code. Its static code analysis capabilities, combined with its flexibility and ease of use, make it relevant and valuable for a wide range of applications.

Licensing and Availability

{lintr} is licensed under the MIT License, with all source code openly developed and stored on GitHub (https://github.com/r-lib/lintr), along with a corresponding issue tracker for bug reporting and feature enhancements.

Acknowledgments

References

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