

Inner exploration

Read this extract from Chapter 13 and focus on the narrator's body and how she feels about it.

Extract 1

I sink down into my body as into a swamp, fenland¹, where only I know the footing. Treacherous ground, my own territory. I become the earth I set my ear against, for rumors of the future. Each twinge, each murmur of slight pain, ripples of sloughed-off² matter, swellings and diminishings of tissue, the droolings³ of the flesh, these are signs, these are the things I need to know about. Each month I watch for blood, fearfully, for when it comes it means failure. I have failed once again to fulfill the expectations of others, which have become my own.

I used to think of my body as an instrument, of pleasure, or a means of transportation, or an implement for the accomplishment of my will. I could use it to run, push buttons, of one sort or another, make things happen. There were limits, but my body was nevertheless lithe⁴, single, solid, one with me.

Now the flesh⁵ arranges itself differently. I am a cloud, congealed around a central object, the shape of a pear, which is hard and more real than I am and glows red within its translucent wrapping. Inside it is a space, huge as the sky at night and dark and curved like that, though black-red rather than black. Pinpoints of light swell, sparkle, burst and shrivel within it, countless as stars. Every month there is a moon, gigantic, round, heavy, an omen. It transits, pauses, continues on and passes out of sight, and I see despair coming towards me like famine. To feel that empty, again, again. I listen to my heart, wave upon wave, salty and red, continuing on and on, marking time.

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1. a low area of marshy ground 2. discarded, left aside 3. kind of liquid 4. lithe /laɪð/ agile 5. chair
The narrator's body.
a. Choose two colours and underline the words used to describe her body and relationship to it before and now
b. What can you conclude?
C. Describe the feelings she experiences every month regarding her body.
d. What about her body and other people now compared to the past?

STYLE LAB

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Metaphors and extended metaphors	
The term "extended metaphor" refers to a comparison betweer of sentences in a paragraph, or lines in a poem. It is often compared consists of a full paragraph.	n two unlike things that continues throughout a series orised of more than one sentence, and sometimes
• In this extract, what part of the narrator's body is the subjectimpact on the reader?	t of an extended metaphor? How? Why? What's the
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5	
a. Look up the symbolisms of the following words.	FOCUS ON Women and their bodies
pear :	For centuries, women have been associated with
	the moon since the menstrual cycle is roughly the same length as a lunar cycle. The moon's influence
moon :	on sea tides was often conflated with this and wom-
	en represented as being unstable, changeable and
	controlled by an outside force, the moon. This supposed changeability was also associated
wave :	with madness. In connection with the moon,
	lunacy. And the word "hysteria", considered a purely
sky :	female form of madness, is derived from the Greek and Roman words for womb/uterus.
	2
b. Do you think they were chosen randomly or on purpose	To what extent is this passage in keeping with the traditional beliefs regarding the womb?
to describe her body? Why? Explain.	
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185	
Check your understanding	
Finish the sentences to explain the situation in the passa	ge.
The manuscraft was a sixty	
The narrator's purpose is to	······································
Her menstruation means	
Her body no longer is	
I. In this passage, her womb is turned into a landscape whe	
and pussage, her world is turned lifto a landscape whe	

Read the following section of the same passage and find out about the people and the period menti Is it reality? Present time? A dream? How do you know?

Extract 2

I am in our first apartment, in the bedroom. I'm standing in front of the cupboard, which has fol ing doors made of wood. Around me I know it's empty, all the furniture is gone, the floors are bare, carpets even; but despite this the cupboard is full of clothes. I think they're my clothes, but they do look like mine, I've never seen them before. Maybe they're clothes belonging to Luke's wife, whom I' 5 also never seen; only pictures and a voice on the phone, late at night, when she was calling us, cryir accusing, before the divorce. But no, they're my clothes all right. I need a dress, I need something wear. I pull out dresses, black, blue, purple, jackets, skirts; none of them will do, none of them even fi they're too big or too small.

Luke is there, behind me, I turn to see him. He won't look at me, he looks down at the floor, where the 10 cat is rubbing itself against his legs, mewing and mewing plaintively. It wants food but how can there l any food with the apartment so empty?

Luke, I say. He doesn't answer. Maybe he doesn't hear me. It occurs to me that he may not be alive.

I'm running, with her, holding her hand, pulling, dragging her through the bracken1, she's only ha awake because of the pill I gave her, so she wouldn't cry or say anything that would give us away, sh 15 doesn't know where she is. The ground is uneven, rocks, dead branches, the smell of damp earth, ol leaves, she can't run fast enough, by myself I could run faster, I'm a good runner. Now she's crying, she frightened, I want to carry her but she would be too heavy. I have my hiking boots2 on and I think, when we reach the water I'll have to kick them off, will it be too cold, will she be able to swim that far, wha about the current, we weren't expecting this. Quiet, I say to her angrily. I think about her drowning and 20 this thought slows me. Then the shots come behind us, not loud, not like firecrackers, but sharp and crisp like a dry branch snapping. It sounds wrong, nothing ever sounds the way you think it will, and hear the voice, Down, is it a real voice or a voice inside my head or my own voice, out loud?

I pull her to the ground and roll on top of her to cover her, shield her. Quiet, I say again, my face is wet sweat or tears, I feel calm and floating, as if I'm no longer in my body; close to my eyes there's a leaf, red 25 turned early, I can see every bright vein. It's the most beautiful thing I have ever seen. I ease off, I don't want to smother4 her, instead I curl myself around her, keeping my hand over her mouth. There's breath and the knocking of my heart, like pounding, at the door to the house at night, where you thought you would be safe. It's all right, I'm here, I say, whisper, Please be quiet, but how can she? She's too young, it's too late, we come apart, my arms are held, and the edges go dark and nothing is left but a little window, 30 a very little window, like the wrong end of a telescope, like the window on a Christmas card, an old one, night and ice outside, and within a candle, a shining tree, a family, I can hear the bells even, sleigh bells, from the radio, old music, but through this window I can see, small but very clear, I can see her, going away from me, through the trees which are already turning, red and yellow, holding out her arms to me,

1. fougère 2. chaussures de randonnée 3. se noyer 4. asphyxiate 5. inside

NOTE BOX	
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10	

Paragraphs 1 to 3	FUCUS ON Dream sequences
a. Pick out elements about the place and its characteristics. How would you define it?	A dream sequence is a technique used in storytelling , particularly in TV and film, to set apart a brief interlude from the main story. The interlude may consist of a flashback, a flashforward, a fantasy, a vision, a dream, or some other element. They are used to shed light on the psychical process of the dreaming character or give the audience a glimpse into the character's past.
b. What about the people mentioned, their relationship to the narrator and their characteristics?	• What do you learn about the character and the plot itself in the first part of this extract?
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. What senses are appealed to? Why?	ics?
l. Focus on the narrator, her feelings and actions. How w	ould you define her?
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. Focus on the sentences, their rhythm and length. What's t	he effect produced on the readers? What's the point?
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f. "like the window on a Christmas card."		
Why this reference? What's the impression on the readers?		
STYLE LAB		
Stream of consciousness		
Stream of consciousness is a literary style in which a character's thoughts, for a continuous flow uninterrupted by objective description or conventional dia Joyce (Ulysses) and Virginia Woolf (The Waves) developed it.	elings, and reactions are depicted i logue. Modernist novelists like Jan	in nes
• Identify instances of stream of consciousness here and describe the effect	t produced.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Focus on Canada		
Even if Canada and The United States have many common points (i.e. a common by the British, amongst others), they are politically different. Canada has a parliamit is seen as more open and liberal.	on language, and a history of colonismentary, not a presidential system. So	ation cially
What role does Canada, Margaret Atwood's home country, play in The Handm	aid's Tale?	
£		
Check your understanding		
Tick true or false.	True Fa	ise
The narrator's husband was called Luke.		
The narrator had a daughter.		
Luke is dead.	<u> </u>	7
The narrator's child was captured.		7
We understand she is remembering a flashback.		7

YOUR TASK

You are the narrator and after this dream, you think of your daughter and silently address her, write this unspoken speech.

- STEP 1. Make a list of the feelings you experienced at that moment/ when fleeing and the reason for them.
- STEP 2. Write down about your feelings now that she no longer is with you.
- STEP 3. Organise your ideas, use link words when necessary.

READ ON

As you read, pay attention to the rhythm of the sentences: do they help you better understand / experience the situation?





The Ceremony

Read this extract from Chapter 16 and focus on the situation: what is the Ceremony about? Who is involved?

The Ceremony goes as usual.

I lie on my back, fully clothed except for the healthy white cotton underdrawers¹. What I could see, if I were to open my eyes, would be the large white canopy of Serena Joy's outsized colonial-style four-poster bed², suspended like a sagging³ cloud above us, a cloud sprigged⁴ with tiny drops of silver rain, which if you looked at them closely, would turn out to be four-petalled flowers. I would not see the carpet, which is white, or the sprigged curtains and skirted dressing table with its silver-backed brush and mirror set; only the canopy, which manages to suggest at one and the same time, by the gauziness of its fabric and its heavy downward curve, both ethereality and matter.

Or the sail of a ship. Big-bellied⁵ sails, they used to say, in poems. Bellying. Propelled forward by a swollen belly.

A mist of Lily of the Valley surrounds us, chilly, crisp almost. It's not warm in this room.

Above me, towards the head of the bed, Serena Joy is arranged, outspread. Her legs are apart, I lie between them, my head on her stomach, her pubic bone under the base of my skull, her thighs on either side of me. She too is fully clothed.

My arms are raised; she holds my hands, each of mine in each of hers. This ²⁰ is supposed to signify that we are one flesh, one being. What it really means is that she is in the control, of the process and thus of the product. If any. The rings on her left hand cut into my fingers. It may or may not be revenge⁶.

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NOTE BOX

- 1. underwear 2. lit à baldaquin 3. falling slightly 4. with a pattern of flowers or leaves
- 5. with a big belly/stomach 6. vengeance

Read the description of the room and canopy carefully. What colour prevails? What impression does it give?

The prevailing colour is white, because, there is: a white carpet, a white canopy, white cotton, a sagging cloud above us. The impression it gives is of purity. It is faded glory and old fashioned.

The people

a. Who is present? What about their positions? Attitude? Explain.

The people present in the room are Serena Joy and the narrator.

Their positions are: The narrator is lying on a bed with her head on Serena Joy's stomach, Serena Joy is holding the narrator's hands.

Their attitude is of master/slave, Serena Joy is holding the narrator's hands in a way that expresses control.

The fact that both women are fully clothed signifies that there is nothing sexual. It's purly functionnal. The narrator suspects anger from serena. The narrator attemps to protect herself emotionally from what is about to happen by keeping her eyes closed.

Comment on the contrast between the images us	sed to describe the scene and the reality of the situation.
_	na Joy and the narrator, on a bed, holding each others hands. This scene represents a
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d. What about women's status here?	
	s Serena Joy onver the narrator), or you have no rights and have to fully obey
to their masters wishes.	
2	
FOCUS ON Surrogacy in the Bible	STYLELAB
This passage below was read every day at the	
Rachel and Leah Center, and is read earlier in this	Mirroring effect
chapter by the Commander.	<u>mu</u> head on <u>her</u> stomach,
Genesis 30:1-3, "And she said, Behold my maid Bilhah, go in unto her; and she shall bear upon my	<u>her</u> pubic bone under the base of <u>my</u> skull
knees, that I may also have children by her." (King	My arms are raised;/ <u>she</u> holds my hands,
James Bible).	each of mine in each of hers These sentences are organised around a central ele-
To what extent is this passage a reenactment of	ment thus creating 2 mirroring parts.
this biblical episode?	What can you infer about the meaning of this mirror
This passage of the Bible is fully reinacted in the text.	effect (considering the situation)?
·	There is an impression of total control, the narrators head is on Serena's stomach an her hands are held by Serena
Check your understanding	
Fill in the blanks to explain the situation.	
The ceremony is about to start. The pare	ator andserena are lying on the bed,
under the (.colonial-style four-poster bed) . Serena's Canopy.	ator and are lying on the bed,
Thou are helding Hands for form heims	

They are holding yet, far from being a sign of communion, it may well mean

YOUR TASK

- After reading this passage you can't help but think of what so many women endure every day. You decide to speak up and denounce the situation during the weekly morning assembly at school.
- STEP 1. Make a list of feelings you experienced when reading the passage.
- STEP 2. Think about the role of fiction regarding real life issues and how it helps denounce them.
- STEP 3. Make a list of structures / verbs you can use to encourage your classmates to act/ react and take action.
- STEP 4. Make a short speech to voice your opinion and raise awareness.

READ ON

As you keep on reading to Chapter 20, pay attention to symbols (fruit, food in general and flowers) as well as to biblical references. Find instances of synesthesia.



My body, my choice

Read this passage from Chapter 20 and explain the topic broached here.

I had you when I was thirty-seven, my mother said. It was a risk, you could've been deformed or something. You were a wanted child, all right, and I did get shit from some quarters! My oldest buddy Trisha Foreman accused me of being pronatalist, the bitch. Jealousy, I put that down to. Some of the others were okay though. But when I was six months pregnant, a lot of them started sending me these articles about how the birth-defect rate went zooming up after thirty-five. Just what I needed. And stuff about how hard it was to be a single parent. Fuck that shit, I told them, I've started this and I'm going to finish it. At the hospital they wrote down "Aged Primipara" on the chart, I caught them in the act. That's what they call you when it's your first baby over thirty, over thirty for godsake. Garbage, I told them, biologically I'm twenty-two, I could run rings around you any day. I could have triplets and walk out of here while you were still trying to get up off the bed.

- When she said that she'd jut out her chin. I remember her like that, her chin jutted out, a drink in front of her on the kitchen table; not young and earnest and pretty the way she was in the movie*, but wiry², spunky³, the kind of old woman who wouldn't let anyone butt in front of her in a supermarket line. She liked to come over to my house and have a drink while Luke and I were fixing dinner and tell us what was wrong with her life, which always turned into what was wrong with ours. Her hair was gray by that time, of course. She wouldn't dye it. Why pretend, she'd say. Anyway what do I need it for, I don't want a man around, what use are they except for ten seconds' worth of half babies. A man is just a woman's strategy for making other women. Not that your father wasn't a nice guy and all, but he wasn't up to fatherhood. Not that I expected of him. Just do the job, then you can bugger off¹, I said, I make a decent salary, I can afford daycare⁵. So he went to the coast and sent Christmas cards. He had beautiful blue eyes though. But there's something missing in them, even the nice ones. It's like they're permanently absent-minded⁶, like they can't quite remember who they are. They look at the sky too much. They lose touch with their feet. They aren't a patch on a woman except they're better at fixing cars and playing football, just what we need for the improvement of the human race, right?
- * Just before this in the book, the narrator describes recognising her mother in a documentary the handmaids watched at the Red Center.
- 1. friend (familiar) 2. skinny 3. brave 4. go away (slang) 5. crèche 6. forgetful

NOTE BOX
The mother figure
a. How she looks: She is stkinny
b. Her personality: She is courrageous and doesn't beleve street rumors
c. Her opinion on having kids: . That it is not because that you're over 30 that you can't have a healthy kid.
d. Her language and what it reveals about her. She is determined, brave, strong, isn't afraid of saying what she thinks upfront.

c. How different are their meanings?	
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STYLE LAE	
Free direct speech	
I had you when I was thirty-seven, my mother said. In this extract, the narrator lets us hear her mother's words direct cate her words. She sticks to the original words and pronouns ("I", to the narrative.	tly, yet, she doesn't use inverted commas to indi- "you") though she integrates her mother's words
Don't get confused: free indirect speech means reporting the wor	ds, which means changing the pronouns!
a. Highlight other instances in the text.	
b. What's the impact of this free direct speech on the reader?	
It feels like the mother is directly talking to us, the words have more impact than if in her mother saying	t was the narrator saying that, she remembered
Barrier Marian M	
Check your understanding Finish the sentences. The narrator's mom had her at the age of	and decided to raise her alone
Without her father.	and decided to raise her
• Some people criticised her for having a baby when over the age of thirty	
. She thinks she only needs a man to have kids.	
. She believes men are	
-	
TASK TASK	
OUR TASK	
For your history class, you have to write a short paragra focusing on single moms.	aph on women's status in the 70s in the U.S.A.,
STEP 1. What were the characteristics of this period regarding women's rights?	READ ON
STEP 2. Use the elements in the passage to give examples using the narrator's mom's experience.	As you read, pay attention to the rhythm
STEP 3. Write a short paragraph. Don't forget to use link words.	of the sentences: do they help you better understand / experience the situation?

