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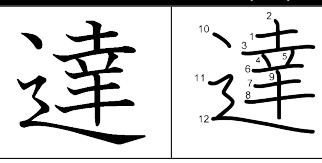
漢字 1: Achieve (達)



Achieve. Attain.

When used as a suffix, this 漢字 also serves to indicate the plural, although 友達 may refer to only one person as well.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	土 + 羊 + 辶
English	Earth + Sheep + Road/Walk

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Achieve multiple ⌈soiled⌋ ⌈sheep⌋ on the ⌈road⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**タツ (TATSU)**	**たち (tachi)**
たち never appears in the first position.		
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Achieve ⟨**TUTS**⟩ of disapproval due to your ≺**touchiness**≻.

+ Words and Compounds

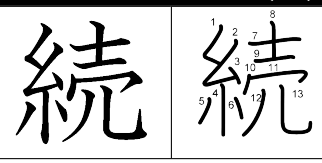
私達	we + *plural* = *we; us*	わたし·たち (watashi·tachi)
達人	achieve + person = *master; expert*	タツ·ジン (TATSU·JIN)
先達	precede + achieve = *guide; leader; pioneer*	セン·ダツ (SEN·DATSU)
上達	upper + achieve = *improvement; progress*	ジョウ·タツ (JŌ·TATSU)
友達	friend + achieve = *friend(s)*	とも·だち (tomo·dachi)
配達	distribute + achieve = *delivery*	ハイ·タツ (HAI·TATSU)
速達	fast + achieve = *express/special delivery*	ソクタツ (SOKU·TATSU)
発達	discharge + achieve = *development; growth*	ハッ·タツ (HAT·TATSU)
達成	achieve + become = *attainment; realization*	ハッ·セイ (HAS·SEI)

{···} Sample Sentence

人	は	友達	で	分かる。
ひと	は	ともだち	で	わかる
person	は	friend(s)	で	to understand

A man is known by his friends.

漢字 2: Continue (続)



Continue.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	糸 + 売
English	Thread + Sell (**??**)

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Continue ⌈selling⌋ ⌈threads⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ゾク (ZOKU)**	**つづ (tsuzu)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Continuation of the ≺**stew zucchini**≻ ⟨**TRIBE**⟩.

+ Words and Compounds

続き	*continuation*	つづ·き (tsuzu·ki)
続く (intr.)	*to continue*	つづ·く (tsuzu·ku)
続ける (tr.)	*to continue (sth)*	つづ·ける (tsuzu·keru)
手続き	hand + continue = *formalities*	て づず·き (te zuzu·ki)
続け字	continue + character = *cursive handwriting*	つづ·け ジ (tsuzu·ke JI)
続き物	continue + thing = *serial story*	つづ·き もの (tsuzu·ki mono)
接続	join + continue = *connection; joining*	セツ·ゾク (SETSU·ZOKU)

{···} Sample Sentence

吹雪	が	続いた。
ふぶき	が	つづいた
blizzard	が	to continue

The snowstorm held on.

漢字 3: Weak (弱)

弱		

Weak.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	弓 + 冫
English	Bow + Ice

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Weak ⌈ice⌋ ⌈bows⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ジャク (JAKU)**	**よわ (yowa)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Weaklings ⟨**JUCKED**⟩ ≺**your watch**≻ away.

+ Words and Compounds

弱める (tr.)	*to weaken*	よわ·める (yowa·meru)
弱まる (intr.)	*to weaken*	よわ·まる (yowa·maru)
弱い	*weak*	よわ·い (yowa·i)
弱気	weak + spirit = *timid; faint-hearted*	よわ·き (yowa·ki)
弱体	weak + body = *weak organisation*	ジャク·タイ (JAKU·TAI)
弱小	weak + small = *puniness; youth*	ジャク·ショウ (JAKU·SHŌ)
弱化	weak + change = *weakening*	ジャック (JAK·KA)
*弱音	weak + sound = *feeble complaint*	よわ·ね (yowa·ne)
弱点	weak + point = *shortcoming*	ジャク·テン (JAKU·TEN)
弱肉強食	weak + meat + strong + eat = *survival of the fittest*	ジャク·ニク·キョウ·ショク (JAKU·NIKU·KYŌ·SHOKU)

{···} Sample Sentence

数学	は	彼女	の	弱点	です。
スウガク	は	かのジョ	の	ジャクテン	です
maths	は	her	の	shortcoming	is

Mathematics is her weak point.

漢字 4: Short (短)

短		

Short.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	矢 + 豆
English	Arrow + Bean/A Kind of a Vessel

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Short ⌈arrows⌋ in some ⌈kind of bean vessel⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**タン (TAN)**	**みじか (mijika)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

The short ≺**midget cart**≻ was ⟨**TONS**⟩ of fun.

+ Words and Compounds

短い	*short*	みじか·い (mijika·i)
短め	*shortish...*	みじか·め (mijika·me)
最短	most + short = *the shortest*	サイ·タン (SAI·TAN)
短所	short + place = *weak point*	タン·ショ (TAN·SHO)
短気	short + spirit = *short temper*	タン·キ (TAN·KI)
短時間	short + time + period = *short time*	タンジカン (TAN·JI·KAN)
短刀	short + sword = *knife; dagger*	タン·トウ (TAN·TŌ)
短信	short + trust = *brief note*	タン·シン (TAN·SHIN)
短期	short + period = *short-term*	タン·キ (TAN·KI)
長短	long + short = *(relative) length*	チョウ·タン (CHŌ·TAN)
一長一短	one long + one short = *good points and shortcomings*	イッ·チョウ·イッ·タン (IC·CHŌ·IT·TAN)

{···} Sample Sentence

人生	なんて	短い。
ジンセイ	なんて	みじかい
human life	なんて	short

How short life is!

漢字 5: Resign (辞)

辞 辞

Resign. Quit.

A second meaning relates to *phrases* and *words*.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	舌 + 辛
English	Tongue + Spicy

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Resign your ⌈tongue⌋ to the ⌈spicy⌋ phrases.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ジ (JI)**	**や (ya)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Quit ≺**young**≻ ⟨**JIGS**⟩.

+ Words and Compounds

辞める (tr.)	*to resign/quit*	や·める (ya·meru)
辞書	resign + write = *dictionary*	ジ·ショ (JI·SHO)
お世辞	society + resign = *flattery; compliment*	お セ·ジ (o SE·JI)
辞書形	dictionary + form = *dictionary form*	ジ·ショ·ケイ (JI·SHO·KEI)
辞世	resign + society = *passing away; death*	ジ·セイ (JI·SEI)
辞色	resign + colour = *one's speech and appearance*	ジ·ショク (JI·SHOKU)
辞書学	dictionary + study = *lexicology*	ジ·ショ·ガク (JI·SHO·GAKU)
辞意	resign + mind = *intention to resign*	ジ·イ (JĪ)
美辞	beautiful + resign = *flowery words*	ビ·ジ (BI·JI)
辞表	resign + express = *letter of resignation*	ジ·ヒョウ (JI·HYŌ)
固辞	hard + resign = *firm refusal*	コ·ジ (KO·JI)
題辞	topic + resign = *prefatory words*	ダイ·ジ (DAI·JI)
送辞	send + resign = *farewell address*	ソウ·ジ (SŌ·JI)

{···} Sample Sentence

此の	辞書	は	高い。
この	ジショ	は	たかい
this	dictionary	は	expensive

This dictionary is expensive.

漢字 6: Exemption (免)

免 免

Exemption. Permission.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	免
English	Exemption/Dismissal

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Uncommon 漢字 radical.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**メン (MEN)**	—
L.C.	—	まぬか (manuka)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Exempted ⟨**MEN**⟩ from ≺manure customs≻.

+ Words and Compounds

免じる (tr.)	*to exempt/dismiss*	メン·じる (MEN·jiru)
免ずる (tr.)	*to dismiss (from a position)*	(MEN·zuru)
全免	complete + exemption = *complete exemption*	ゼン·メン (ZEN·MEN)
免じて	*in consideration of*	メン·じて (MEN·jite)
免れる	*to escape ...*	まぬが·れる (manuga·reru)
特免	special + exemption = *special exemption; dispensation*	トク·メン (TOKU·MEN)
外免	outside + exemption = *foreign (driver's) licence*	ガイ·メン (GAI·MEN)

{···} Sample Sentence

皿洗い	免じやてろう。
さらあらい	めんじやてろう
dish-washing	to dismiss

I'll let you off doing the dishes.

漢字 7: Song (歌)

歌		

Song. Singing.

In a few compounds, this character can also mean *poetry*.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	可 + 欠
English	Possible (p. **??**) + Lack

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
Songs are ⌈possibly⌋ ⌈lacking⌋ ⌈poetry⌋ elements.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**カ (KA)**	**うた (uta)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
A song that ⟨**CUSSES**⟩ ≺**Utah**≻.
‡*Utah* is a state of the Western U.S.

+ Words and Compounds		
歌う (tr.)	*to sing*	うた·う (uta·u)
歌手	song + hand = *singer*	カ·シュ (KA·SHU)
歌い手	song + hand = *singer*	うた·い て (uta·i te)
国歌	country + song = *national anthem*	コッ·カ (KOK·KA)
校歌	school + song = *school song*	コウ·カ (KŌ·KA)
歌声	song + voice = *singing voice*	うた·ごえ (uta·goe)
歌口	song + mouth = *flute mouthpiece*	うた·ぐち (uta·guchi)
歌学	song + study = *poetry; versification*	カ·ガク (KA·GAKU)
鼻歌	nose + sing = *humming*	はな·うた (hana·uta)
送料	send + fee = *shipping charge*	ソウ·リョウ (SŌ·RYŌ)

{···} Sample Sentence		
鳥	は	歌います。
とり	は	うたいます
bird	は	sing
		Birds sing.

漢字 8: Send (送)

送		

Send.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	艹 + 天 + 辶
English	Grass/Herb + Heaven + Road/Walking

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
Send ⌈herbs⌋ from ⌈heaven⌋ on the ⌈road⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ソウ (SŌ)**	**おく (oku)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
Send the ⟨**SORE**⟩ ≺**occupants**≻ away.

+ Words and Compounds		
送る	*to send*	おく·る (oku·ru)
送金	send + gold = *remittance*	ソウ·キン (SŌ·KIN)
送金小切手	remittance + small + cut + hand = *cashier's cheque*	ソウ·キン·こ·ぎっ·て (SŌ·KIN·ko·git·te)
見送る (tr.)	see + send = *to see (someone) off*	み おく·る (mi oku·ru)
送信	send + trust = *transmission*	ソウ·シン (SŌ·SHIN)
送電	send + electricity = *electricity transmission*	ソウ·デン SŌ·DEN
送受	send + receive = *sending and receiving*	ソウ·ジュ (SŌ·JU)
送風	send + wind = *ventilation*	ソウ·フウ (SŌ·FŪ)
送別	send + different = *farewell; send off*	ソウ·ベツ (SŌ·BETSU)

{···} Sample Sentence						
多く	の	友人	が	彼	を	見送る。
おおく	の	ユウジン	が	かれ	を	みおくる
many	の	friend	が	he	を	to see someone off
						A number of friends saw him off.

漢字 9: Pay (払)

払		

Pay.

Secondary meaning relate to *driving/sweeping away* sth.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	手扌 才 + 厶
English	Hand/Actions + Self/Private

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
Pay by ⌈hand⌋ for your ⌈privacy⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	—	**はら (hara)**
はら never becomes voiced when forming verbs.		
L.C.	フツ (FUTSU)	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
Pay with ≺**hara-kiri**≻ or ⟨VOERTSEK⟩.

+ Words and Compounds		
払う (tr.)	*to pay; sweep away*	はら·う (hara·u)
◇支払う (tr.)	branch + pay = *to pay*	シ はら·う (SHI ara·u)
売り払う (tr.)	sell + pay = *to sell of completely*	う·り はら·う (u·ri ha·rau)
落ち着け払う (intr.)	calmness + pay = *to stay calm*	おち つき はら·う (ochi tsuki hara·u)
払い	*bill; sweeping away*	はら·い (hara·i)
払い下げ	pay + lower = *disposal*	はら·い さ·げ (hara·i sa·ge)
払い物	pay + thing = *discarded article*	はら·い もの (hara·i mono)
先払い	precede + pay = *payment in advance*	さき ばら·い (saki bara·i)
未払い	not yet + pay = *unpaid; overdue*	ミ はら·い (MI hara·i)
月払い	moon + pay = *monthly instalments*	つき ばら·い (tsuki bara·i)

{···} Sample Sentence			
私	は	先払い	する。
わたし	は	さきばらい	する
I	は	payment in advance	to do
I pay the money in advance.			

漢字 10: Husband (夫)

夫		

Husband.

Ensure you are able to differentiate between the following 5 漢字: 大 (*Large*, p. **??**), 天 (*Heaven*, p. **??**), 夫 (*Husband*, p. 7), 失 (*Lose*, p. **??**), and 矢 (*Arrow*, p. **??**).

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	一 + 大
English	One + Large

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
"The husband would like ⌈one⌋ ⌈large⌋ please."

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**フ (FU)**	**おっと (otto)**
L.C.	フウ (FŪ)	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
Husband ≺**otters**≻ don't take ⟨**FOOFY**⟩ ⟨FOODS⟩.
‡*Otters* are carnivorous mammals.

+ Words and Compounds		
夫	*husband*	おっと (otto)
夫人	husband + person = *wife; madam; Mrs.*	フ·ジン (FU·JIN)
工夫	craft + husband = *device; invention*	ク·フウ (KU·FŪ)
亡夫	perish + husband = *deceased husband*	ボウ·フ (BŌ·FU)
水夫	water + husband = *sailor; seaman*	スイ·フ (SUI·FU)
駅夫	station + husband = *railway employee*	エキ·フ (EKI·FU)
夫婦生活	married couple + life = *married life*	フウ·フ·セイ·カツ (FŪ·FU·SEI·KATSU)
夫婦の和	married couple + harmony = *conjugal harmony*	フウ·フ の ワ (FŪ·FU no WA)
夫婦	husband + lady = *husband and wife*	フウ·フ (FŪ·FU)

{···} Sample Sentence						
スミス	夫人	は	年配	の	女性	です。
スミス	フジン	は	ネンパイ	の	ジョセイ	です
Smith	Mrs.	は	elderly	の	woman	be/is
Mrs. Smith is an elderly lady.						

漢字 11: Alter (変)

変		

Alter. Change. Strange. Unusual.

In some compounds, the idea of an *accident* or *mishap* is present.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	亦 + 夂
English	Again/Also + Winter

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Alter 「also」「winter」.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ヘン (HEN)**	**か (ka)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Altered, ≺**custom**≻-made ⟨**HENS**⟩.

+ Words and Compounds

変わる (intr.)	*change; be different*	か·わる (ka·waru)
変える (tr.)	*to alter/change*	か·える (ka·eru)
不変	not + alter = *eternal; immutable*	フ·ヘン (FU·HEN)
変化	alter + change = *transformation*	ヘン·カ (HEN·KA)
大変	large + alter = *serious; very*	タイ·ヘン (TAI·HEN)
変動	alter + move = *fluctuation*	ヘン·ドウ (HEN·DŌ)
変人	alter + person = *eccentric; oddball*	ヘン·ジン (HEN·JIN)
変質	alter + quality = *change quality*	ヘン·シツ (HEN·SHITSU)
急変	hasten + alter = *sudden change*	キュウ·ヘン (KYŪ·HEN)
変性	alter + nature = *degeneration*	ヘン·セイ (HEN·SEI)
変数	alter + number = *variable*	ヘン·スウ (HEN·SŪ)

{···} Sample Sentence

ラテン語	は	変化	が	多い。
ラテンゴ	は	ヘンカ	が	おおい
Latin	は	change	が	numerous

Latin is a highly inflected language.

漢字 12: Eat (食)

食		

Eat.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	食 = 人 + 良
English	Eat(ing) = Person + Good.

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Part of the 漢字 radicals (#184). Eating 「humans」is 「good」.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ショク (SHOKU)**	**た (ta)**
L.C.	ジキ (JIKI)	く (ku)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Eat ⟨**SHOCKINGLY**⟩ in a ≺**tunnel**≻ in ⟨TAJIKISTAN⟩ during the ≺coup≻.

+ Words and Compounds

食べる (tr.)	*to eat*	た·べる (ta·beru)
食べ物	eat + thing = *food*	た·べ もの (ta·be mono)
定食	fixed + eat = *set meal*	テイ·ショク (TEI·SHOKU)
食い気	eat + spirit = *appetite*	く·い キ (ku·i KI)
食道	eat + road = *esophagus*	ショク·ドウ (SHOKU·DŌ)
食生活	eat + life = *eating habits*	ショク·セイ·カツ (SHOKU·SEI·KATSU)
食事時	eat + matter + time = *mealtime*	ショク·ジ·どき (SHOKU·JI·doki)
主食	primary + food = *staple food*	シュ·ショク (SHU·SHOKU)
食い意地	eat + mind + ground = *gluttony*	く·い イ·ジ (ku·i I·JI)
食料品	food + goods = *foddstuff; groceries*	ショク·リョウ·ヒン (SHOKU·RYŌ·HIN)

{···} Sample Sentence

食べ物	が	冷めます。
たべもの	が	さめます
food	が	to become cool

The food is getting cold.

漢字 13: Move (動)

動	動	

Move.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	重 + 力
English	Heavy (p. **??**) + Strength/Force/Power

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Move something ⌈heavy⌋ with your ⌈strength⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ドウ (DŌ)**	**うご (ugo)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Move the ⟨**DOOR**⟩ first; then ≺**you go**≻.

+ Words and Compounds

動く (intr.)	*move*	うご·く (ugo·ku)
動かす (tr.)	*to move (sth.)*	うご·かす (ugo·kasu)
行動	go + move = *action; conduct*	コウ·ドウ (KŌ·DŌ)
動物	move + thing = *animal*	ドウ·ブツ (DŌ·BUTSU)
自動	self + move = *automatic*	ジ·ドウ (JI·DŌ)
動き出す	move + exit = *getting going*	うご·き だ·す (ugo·ki da·su)
動転	move + roll = *disturbance of mind*	ドウ·テン (DŌ·TEN)
動的	move + target = *dynamic; kinetic*	ドウ·テキ (DŌ·TEKI)
動力学	move + strength + study = *Dynamics*	ドウ·リキ·ガク (DŌ·RIKI·GAKU)
動物園	animal + garden = *zoo*	ドウ·ブツ·エン (DŌ·BUTSU·EN)

{···} Sample Sentence

虎	は	肉食	動物	です。
とら	は	ニクショク	ドウブツ	です
tiger	は	meat eating	animal	be/is

A tiger is a beast of prey.

漢字 14: Spring(s) (泉)

泉	泉	

Spring(s) (as in a source of water).

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	白 + 水
English	White + Water

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Springs gushing with ⌈white⌋ steamy ⌈water⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**セン (SEN)**	**いずみ (izumi)**
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Springs are ⟨**CENTRAL**⟩ to ≺**Izumi**≻ Kurtis' health.

‡*Izumi Curtis* is a character in the 'Full Metal Alchemist' アニメ.

+ Words and Compounds

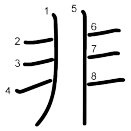
泉	*spring(s)*	いずみ (izumi)
泉水	springs + water = *garden pond; miniature lake*	セン·スイ (SEN·SUI)
泉質	springs + quality = *spring quality*	セン·シツ (SEN·SHITSU)
泉石	springs + stone = *springs and rocks*	セン·セキ (SEN·SEKI)
泉下	springs + lower = *Hades; the hereafter*	セン·カ (SEN·KA)
泉門	springs + gate = *fontanelle*	セン·モン (SEN·MON)
間欠泉	intermittent + springs = *geyser*	カン·ケツ·セン (KAN·KETSU·SEN)
温泉	warm + springs = *hot spring; spa*	オン·セン (ON·SEN)
冷泉	cool + springs = *cold mineral spring*	レイ·セン (REI·SEN)
料理温泉	cuisine + hot spring = *hot spring inn priding itself on its cuisine*	リョウリオンセン (RYŌ·RI·ON·SEN)

{···} Sample Sentence

其の	町	は	温泉	で	有名	です。
その	まち	は	オンセン	で	ユウメイ	です
that	town	は	hot springs	で	ユウメイ	be/is

The town is famous for its hot spring.

漢字 15: Un- (非)

非		

This is an important negating prefix, much like 不 (*Not*, p. **??**). In this and future stories we will assign it the external meaning of "amoebas".

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	非
English	Wrong/Not

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Part of the 漢字 radicals (#175).

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ヒ (HI)**	—
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Negating ⟨**HEALING**⟩ powers.

+ Words and Compounds

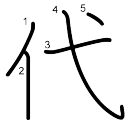
非売品	un- + sell + goods = *"item not for sale"*	ヒ·バイ·ヒン (HI·BAI·HIN)
非行	un- + go = *delinquency*	ヒ·コウ (HI·KŌ)
非合理的	un- + logical + target = *illogical*	ヒ·ゴウ·リ·テキ (HI·GŌ·RI·TEKI)
非道	un- + road = *unjust; inhuman*	ヒ·ドウ (HI·DŌ)
非番	un- + order = *off duty*	ヒ·バン (HI·BAN)
非現実的	un- reality + target = *unrealistic*	ヒ·ゲン·ジツ·テキ (HI·GEN·JITSU·TEKI)
是非	approve + un- = *by any means*	ゼ·ヒ (ZE·HI)
非公式	un- + public + type = *unofficial*	ヒ·コウ·シキ (HI·KŌ·SHIKI)
非合法	un- + match + law = *illegal; unlawful*	ヒ·ゴウ·ホウ (HI·GŌ·HŌ)
非難	un- + difficult = *criticism*	ヒ·ナン (HI·NAN)

{···} Sample Sentence

此等	の	品物	は	非売品	です。
これら	の	しなもの	は	ヒバイヒン	です
these	の	goods	は	not for sale	be/is

These articles are not for sale.

漢字 16: Substitute (代)

代		

Substitute.

Secondary meanings include *fee* for some type of good or service, as well the idea of *generations* in compounds related to "eras of reigns".

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	亻 + 弋
English	Person + Shoot/Ceremony

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Substitute the ⌈person⌋ ⌈shooting⌋ during the ⌈ceremony⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ダイ (DAI)**	**か (ka)**
Compare the verb pair with that of 変 (*Alter*, p. 8).		
L.C.	タイ (TAI)	よ (yo)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

The substitute ⟨**DIED**⟩ in the ≺**customary**≻ way during the ⟨TIGHT⟩ ≺yomp≻.

+ Words and Compounds

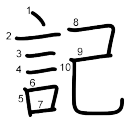
代わる (intr.)	*take the place of*	か·わる (ka·waru)
代える (tr.)	*substitute/exchange (sth)*	か·える (ka·eru)
代休	substitute + rest = *compensatory holiday*	ダイ·キュウ DAI·KYŪ
代理	substitute + reason = *representation*	ダイ·リ (DAI·RI)
時代	time + substitute = *era; age*	ジ·ダイ (JI·DAI)
代金	fee + metal = *price; cost*	ダイ·キン (DAI·KIN)
代々	substitute (×2) = *for generations*	ダイ·ダイ DAI·DAI
古代	old + substitute = *ancient times*	コ·ダイ (KO·DAI)
世代	society + substitute = *generation*	セ·ダイ (SE·DAI)
代表	substitute + express = *representative*	ダイ·ヒョウ (DAI·HYŌ)

{···} Sample Sentence

父	は	五十	代	です。
ちち	は	ゴジュウ	ダイ	です
father	は	50	generation	be/is

My father is in his 50's.

漢字 17: Note (記)

記		

Note.

Write down.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	言 + 己
English	Say + Oneself

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Note ⌈oneself⌋ while ⌈speaking⌋ a ⌈speech⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**キ (KI)**	—
L.C.	—	しる (shiru)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

The note said to ⟨**KILL**⟩ with ≺sheer oomph≻.

+ Words and Compounds

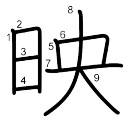
記す	*to write down; to note; to jot down*	しる·す (shiru·su)
記者	note + individual = *newspaper reporter*	キ·シャ (KI·SHA)
日記	sun (day) + note = *diary; journal*	ニッ·キ (NIK·KI)
暗記	dark + note = *memorization*	アン·キ (AN·KI)
記事	note + matter = *article; report; account*	キ·ジ (KI·JI)
記名	note + name = *signature; register*	キ·メイ (KI·MEI)
記者会見	reporter + interview = *press conference*	キ·シャ·カイ·ケン (KI·SHA·KAI·KEN)

{···} Sample Sentence

彼	は	詩	を	暗記していた。
かれ	は	シ	を	アンキしていた
he	は	peom	を	memorise

He was learning a poem.

漢字 18: Reflect (映)

映		

Reflect an image. Project.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	日 + 央
English	Sun + Center (**??**)

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Reflect the ⌈sun's⌋ ⌈center⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**エイ (EI)**	**うつ (utsu)**
L.C.	—	は (ha)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Project your ⟨**AIM**⟩ at the ≺**root**≻ of the problem to bring a ≺halt≻.

+ Words and Compounds

映る (intr.)	*reflect*	うつ·る (utsu·ru)
移す (tr.)	*reflect (sth)*	うつ·す (utsu·su)
映画	reflect + painting = *movie; film*	エイ·ガ (EI·GA)
映画界	film + world = *world of cinema*	エイ·ガ·カイ (EI·GA·KAI)
映画化	movie + change = *adapting for the screen*	エイガカ (EI·GA·KA)
映画音楽	movie + music = *film score*	エイ·ガ·オン·ガク (EI·GA·ON·GAKU)
映画作家	movie + make + house = *script-writer*	エイ·ガ·サッ·カ (EI·GA·SAK·KA)
映写	reflect + copy = *projection*	エイ·シャ (EI·SHA)
映写室	projection + room = *projection room*	エイ·シャ·シツ (EI·SHA·SHITSU)

{···} Sample Sentence

あの	映画、	最低！
あの	エイガ	サイテイ
that	movie	lowest

That movie stinks!

漢字 19: Doctor (医)

医		

Doctor. Healing. Cure.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	匚 + 矢
English	Right Open Box/Square Box + Arrow

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
Doctors think out of the ⌈box⌋ at ⌈arrow⌋ speed.

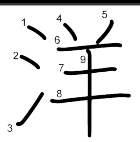
	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**イ (I)**	—
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
Doctors ⟨**INDICATE**⟩ what is wrong.

+ Words and Compounds		
医者	doctor + individual = *doctor; physician*	イ·シャ (I·SHA)
医者に掛かる	doctor + to hang (by oneself) = *to consult a doctor*	イ·シャ·に·か·かる (I·SHA·ni·ka·karu)
医学	doctor + study = *medical science*	イ·ガク (I·GAKU)
医大	doctor + large = *medical school*	イ·ダイ (I·DAI)
医院	doctor + institution = *doctor's office*	イ·イン (I·IN)
医薬品	doctor + medicine + goods = *pharmaceuticals*	イ·ヤク·ヒン (I·YAKU·HIN)
医科学	doctor + course + study = *medical college*	イ·カ·ガク (I·KA·GAKU)

{···} Sample Sentence					
彼	は	医者	の	卵	だ。
かれ	は	イシャ	の	たまご	だ
he	は	doctor	の	in the making	だ
					He is a future doctor.

漢字 20: Ocean (洋)

洋		

Ocean.

This 漢字 is also used to denote things from the *West*.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	水氵 氷 + 羊
English	Water + Sheep

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components
The Ocean looks like flocks of ⌈water⌋ ⌈sheep⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ヨウ (YŌ)**	—
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations
Ocean trips make you ⟨**YAWN**⟩ a lot.

+ Words and Compounds		
洋々	ocean + ocean = *boundless; vast*	ヨウ·ヨウ YŌ·YŌ
洋行	ocean + go = *going abroad*	ヨウ·コウ (YŌ·KŌ)
洋上	ocean + upper = *offshore*	ヨウ·ジョウ (YŌ·JŌ)
洋服屋	ocean + clothes + roof = *tailor's shop*	ヨウ·フク·や (YŌ·FUKU·ya)
*大西洋	large + west + ocean = *The Atlantic Ocean*	タイ·セイ·ヨウ (TAI·SEI·YŌ)
海洋学	sea + ocean + study = *oceanography*	カイ·ヨウ·ガク (KAI·YŌ·GAKU)
洋書	ocean + writer = *Western book*	ヨウ·ショ YŌ·SHO
洋風	ocean + wind = *Western style*	ヨウ·フウ (YŌ·FŪ)
洋式	ocean + type = *Western-style; foreign*	ヨウ·シキ (YŌ·SHIKI)

{···} Sample Sentence						
大西洋	は	アメリカ	を	ヨーロップ	から	切り離している。
タイヨウセイ	は	アメリカ	を	ヨーロップ	から	きりはなしている
Atlantic Ocean	は	America	を	Europe	from	to detach
						The Atlantic Ocean separates America from Europe.

漢字 21: Bridge (橋)

橋		

Bridge.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	木 + (喬 = 呑 + 冂 + 口) +
English	Tree/Wood + (High/Boasting/Lofty = Drink + Wilderness + Mouth)

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Bridges are made from ⌈lofty⌋ ⌈trees⌋ that ⌈boast⌋ a lot.

Bridges of ⌈wood⌋ are ⌈drink⌋ hotspots in the ⌈wilderness⌋ for ⌈vampires⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**キョウ (KYŌ)**	**はし (hashi)**

The 訓読み can become voiced outside of the first position.

L.C.		

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

The bridge in ⟨**KYŌTO**⟩ brought a ≺**hushing**≻ feeling over me.

+ Words and Compounds

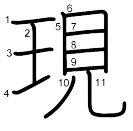
橋	*bridge*	はし (hashi)
橋台	bridge + platform = *bridge abutment*	キョウ·ダイ (KYŌ·DAI)
歩道橋	walk + road + bridge = *pedestrian bridge*	ホ·ドウ·キョウ (HO·DŌ·KYŌ)
橋上	bridge + upper = *(on the) bridge*	キョウ·ジョウ (KYŌ·JŌ)
石橋	stone + bridge = *stone bridge*	いし·ばし (ishi·bashi)
橋本病	bridge + main + illness = *Hashimoto's Disease*	はし·もと·ビョウ (hashi·moto·BYŌ)
橋柱*	bridge + pillar = *bridge pillar*	はし·ばしら (hashi·bashira)

{···} Sample Sentence

橋	は	石造り	だ。
はし	は	いしづくり	だ
bridge	は	made of stone	だ

The bridge is made of stone.

漢字 22: Present (現)

現		

Present (in terms of time).

A related meaning has to do with the ideas of *revealing* and *expressing* things.

The overall sense is of *things being present* or *brought into being.*

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	王 + 見
English	King + See

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Presently the ⌈king⌋ ⌈sees⌋ everything.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ゲン (GEN)**	**あらわ (arawa)**

The 訓読み is the usual verb stem for the first and second examples below.

L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Presently, ⟨**GENGHIS KHAN**⟩ is inspecting ≺**a raw animal**≻.

+ Words and Compounds

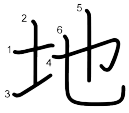
現れる (intr.)	*(sth.) presenting itself; appear; come out*	あらわ·れる (arawa·reru)
現す (tr.)	*present/reveal (sth.)*	あらわ·す (arawa·su)
現実	present + actual = *actuality; reality*	ゲン·ジツ (GEN·JITSU)
現実的	reality + target = *realistic; pragmatic*	ゲン·ジツ·テキ (GEN·JITSU·TEKI)
現実離れ	reality + separate = *unreality; disconnected from reality*	ゲン·ジツ·ばな·れ (GEN·JITSU·bana·re)
現金	present + gold = *money on hand*	ゲン·キン (GEN·KIN)
現場	present + place = *actual spot*	ゲン·バ (GEN·BA)
現地人	present + ground + person = *native*	ゲン·チ·ジン (GEN·CHI·JIN)

{···} Sample Sentence

それ	が	現実	だ。
それ	が	ゲンジツ	だ
that	が	reality	だ

That's the way it is.

漢字 23: Ground (地)

地 |  |

Ground. Whereas 土 is primarily concerned with actual earth and soil, this 漢字 has more to do with the *surface of things* in the sense of *land*, *district*, and *region*, for example.

This concept of a *base* is even extended to include such things as the *fabric or texture of objects* like cloth, as well as the *background* of a person's character or voice.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	土 + 也
English	Earth + To be classical/Also/Too

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Ground bases were ⌈soiled⌋ ⌈to be classical⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**チ、ジ (CHI, JI)**	—
チ is by far the more common of these readings, especially in the second and third position.		
L.C.	—	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Grounds of a ⟨**CHEAP**⟩ ⟨**JIG**⟩.

+ Words and Compounds

*心地	heart + ground = *feeling*	ここ·チ (koko·CHI)
*土地	earth + ground = *land*	ト·チ (TO·CHI)
地所	ground + location = *piece of land*	ジ·ショ (JI·SHO)
地下室	ground + lower + roof = *basement*	チ·カ·シツ (CHI·KA·SHITSU)
地理	ground + reason = *geography*	チ·リ (CHI·RI)
地主	ground + primary = *landowner*	ジ·ぬし (JI·nushi)
地元	ground + basis = *home area*	ジ·もと (JI·moto)
地道	ground + road = *steady; honest; sober*	ジ·みち (JI·michi)
地雷*	ground + thunder = *land mine; sensitive topic*	ジ·ライ (JI·RAI)
地獄*	ground + prison = *Hell*	ジ·ゴク (JI·GOKU)

{···} Sample Sentence

此の	地所	は	私	の	継母	の	物	です。
この	ジショ	は	わたし	の	ケイボ	の	もの	です
this	piece of land	は	I	の	stepmom	の	thing	be/is

This part of the land belongs to my stepmother.

漢字 24: Bind (結)

結 | |

Bind. *Tying things up* such as, for example, a contract or marriage.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	糸 + 吉
English	Thread + Lucky (**??**)

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Bind the ⌈thread⌋ around you for ⌈luck⌋.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**ケツ (KETSU)**	**むす (musu)**
L.C.	—	ゆ (yu)

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Bound in the ≺**museum**≻ is the ⟨**KETSU**⟩ ≺yule≻.

+ Words and Compounds

結ぶ	*bind; connect*	むす·ぶ (musu·bu)
結び目	bind + eye = *knot*	むす·び·め (musu·bi·me)
結婚	bind + marriage = *marriage*	ケッ·コン (KEK·KON)
結合	bind + match = *union; combination*	ケツ·ゴウ (KETSU·GŌ)
結集	bind + gather = *concentration of efforts*	ケッ·シュウ (KES·SHŪ)
結末	bind + end = *conclusion*	ケツ·マツ (KETSU·MATSU)
結束	bind + bundle = *union; solidarity*	ケッ·ソク (KES·SOKU)

{···} Sample Sentence

結婚	は	身	の	枷。
ケッコン	は	み	の	かせ
marriage	は	somebody	の	shackles

Wedlock is a padlock.

漢字 25: Transmit (伝)

伝		

Transmit. Communicate.

	∈ Composition
Glyphs	亻 + 云
English	Man/Person + (Say = Two + Private)

♠ ∈ Meaning ↔ Glyph Components

Transmit what the ⌈person⌋ ⌈says⌋ in your communication.

	♪ Pronunciations	
	音読み	訓読み
Cm.	**デン (DEN)**	**つた (tsuta)**
The 訓読み can become voiced in the second position according to the same rules for 付 (Entry **??**, page **??**).		
L.C.	テン (TEN)	—

♠♪ Meaning ↔ Pronunciations

Communicate ≺**stew tastes**≻ in the ⟨**DEN**⟩ to avoid ⟨TENSION⟩.

+ Words and Compounds		
伝える	transmit; convey	つた·える (tsuta·eru)
伝え合う	transmit + match = *to exchange …*	つた·え·あ·う (tsuta·e·a·u)
伝来	transmit + come = *transmission; handing down*	デン·ライ (DEN·RAI)
伝記	transmit + note = *biography*	デン·キ (DEN·KI)
伝聞	transmit + hear = *hearsay; rumour*	デン·ブン (DEN·BUN)
伝道	transmit + road = *preaching; evangelism*	デン·ドウ (DEN·DŌ)
伝家	transmit + house = *heirloom; family tradition*	デン·カ (DEN·KA)
伝法	transmit + law = *teaching Buddhism; bullying*	デン·ボウ (DEN·BŌ)
伝説	transmit + opinion = *legend; folklore*	デン·セツ (DEN·SETSU)

{···} Sample Sentence					
鉄	は	熱	を	良く	伝える。
テツ	は	ネツ	を	よく	つたえる
iron	は	heat	を	good	transmit
Iron transmits heat well.					

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5 Strokes
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払 7

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地 14

7 Strokes
医 12

8 Strokes
免 5
非 10

9 Strokes
変 8
映 11
泉 9
洋 12
送 6
食 8

10 Strokes
弱 4
記 11

11 Strokes
動 9
現 13

12 Strokes
短 4
結 14
達 3

13 Strokes
続 3
辞 5

14 Strokes
歌 6

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