

$$\sum_{i=1}^N X_i = 0$$

$$N_1 = N_{-1} = N/2$$

$$\mu_{-1} = \frac{1}{N_{-1}} \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} X_i$$

$$\mu_1 = \frac{1}{N_1} \sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} X_i$$

$$\Sigma = \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} (X_i - \mu_{-1})^T (X_i - \mu_{-1}) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} (X_i - \mu_1)^T (X_i - \mu_1) \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i^* - X_i \cdot \beta)^2 \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$\mu_1 + \mu_{-1} = 0$$

$$\mu_1 = -\mu_{-1}$$

$$\Sigma \cdot \beta + \frac{1}{4} (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T \cdot (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1}) \cdot \beta = \frac{1}{2} (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T$$

$$= \mu_1^T \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \mu_{-1} - \mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}$$

$$0 = \sum_{i=1}^N -2 x_i^T (y_i^* - X_i \cdot \beta) \quad \Rightarrow -2 \sum_{i=1}^N (y_i^* x_i^T - x_i^T (X_i \cdot \beta)) \quad | : 2 \quad | \cdot \frac{1}{N}$$

$$0 = - \left[\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} x_i^T - \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} x_i^T - \frac{2}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^T (X_i \cdot \beta) \right]$$

$$= - \left(-\mu_{-1}^T + \mu_1^T \right) + \frac{2}{N} \left(\sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} x_i^T (X_i \cdot \beta) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} x_i^T (X_i \cdot \beta) \right) \quad | + (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T \quad | : 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T = \frac{1}{N} \left(\sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} x_i^T X_i + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} x_i^T X_i \right) \beta$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} (x_i^T - \mu_{-1}^T - \mu_1^T) (x_i - \mu_{-1} - \mu_1) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} (x_i^T - \mu_{-1}^T - \mu_1^T) (x_i - \mu_{-1} - \mu_1) \right] \beta$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} ((x_i - \mu_{-1})^T (x_i - \mu_{-1}) - (x_i - \mu_{-1})^T \mu_1 - \mu_1^T (x_i - \mu_{-1}) + \mu_1^T \mu_1) \right.$$

$$\left. + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} ((x_i - \mu_1)^T (x_i - \mu_1) - (x_i - \mu_1)^T \mu_{-1} - \mu_{-1}^T (x_i - \mu_1) + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) \right] \beta$$

$$= N \cdot \Sigma$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[\sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} (x_i - \mu_{-1})^T (x_i - \mu_{-1}) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} (x_i - \mu_1)^T (x_i - \mu_1) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = 1} (-x_i^T \mu_1 - (\mu_1^T x_i)) + \sum_{i: y_i^* = -1} (-x_i^T \mu_{-1} - (\mu_{-1}^T x_i)) \right]$$

$$+ \mu_{-1} \cdot (\mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 + \mu_1^T \mu_{-1} + \mu_1^T \mu_1) + \mu_1 (\mu_1^T \mu_{-1} + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) \quad \} \beta$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[N \Sigma + \frac{N}{2} (-\mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \mu_{-1} - \mu_1^T \mu_1 - \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) + \frac{N}{2} (\mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 + \mu_1^T \mu_{-1}) \right] \beta$$

$$= \left[\Sigma + \frac{1}{2} (\mu_1^T \mu_1 + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1} - 2\mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 - 2\mu_1^T \mu_{-1} + 2\mu_1^T \mu_{-1} + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_1) \right] \beta$$

$$= \left[\Sigma + \frac{1}{2} (\mu_1^T \mu_1 + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) \right] \beta$$

$$= \left[\Sigma + \frac{1}{4} (2\mu_1^T \mu_1 + 2\mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) \right] \beta$$

$$= \left[\Sigma + \frac{1}{4} (\mu_1^T \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \mu_{-1} - \mu_{-1}^T \mu_1 + \mu_{-1}^T \mu_{-1}) \right] \beta$$

$$= \Sigma \beta + \frac{1}{4} (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T \cdot (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1}) \beta = \frac{1}{2} (\mu_1 - \mu_{-1})^T$$