# Introduction to administrative register data

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#### Materials

Materials are available from GitHub, also mirrored on OSF:

- https://github.com/christiandudel/ThinkData2023
- https://osf.io/h6knq/

### What will be covered in this course?

- 1. Broad overview of benefits and challenges of ARD
- 2. Handling of ARD using R

#### What will NOT be covered in this course?

- Every possible pro and con of ARD
- Every possible computational challenge
- ► Stata, Python, SPSS, SAS, ...
- Analysis

#### Goals

At the end of this course...

- ... you have a basic idea when ARD is appropriate
- ... you have a basic idea how to handle ARD

Target audience: No experience with ARD

## Prerequisites

- No experience of ARD required
- ► Basic statistical knowledge
- ► Some experience using statistical software (R or other software)

### Course schedule

9:30-12:00 Introduction

13:00-14:30 Handling of big data, classic ARD

15:00-16:30 Complex ARD

#### Contact

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## My experience with ARD

- Birth register data from many countries
- Social security register data from Spain, Italy, US
- Health register data from Scotland
- Matched survey and social security register data from Germany
- Combined data from several registers for Norway

# What is ARD? (1)

- No consistent definition in literature
- ▶ No consistent terminology: administrative register data, register data, administrative data, administrative register, administrative records, . . .

# What is ARD? (2)

- "Administrative" = Derived from administrative system
- "Register" = Run continuously, full target population
- ▶ "Data" = Quantitative, rectangular data

## Examples of ARD

- Population registers
- ▶ Birth registers, death registers
- Migration registers
- Tax registers
- Social security registers
- Student registers
- Health registers
- Company/establishment registers
- Housing/building registers
- ► Vehicle licensing registers

#### Benefits of ARD

- Size: not just a sample, often large
- Participation: often compulsory (legally required), sometimes highly incentivized
- ► Nonresponse: Often no (or very few) missing values

## ARD in demographic research

- ► ARD has a very long history in demography
- "Classic" demography often used ARD...
- but mostly restricted to vital registration data

# ARD in social science research (1)

- ► ARD is a (mostly) recent development in (social science) research
- ► According to Google Scholar: 1,200 publications in 1990-94 with 'register data'...
- ▶ ... while in 2015-2019 there were 16,900 publications

# ARD in social science research (2)

Why did ARD only become popular recently?

- Availability (digitization)
- Supply and demand
- Computational power

## What makes ARD special?

- Found data: Not collected for research purposes
- ► Found data: Often messy, fragmented, semi-systematic
- ▶ Big data: Often large and complex

## Challenges of ARD

- ► Ethical
- ► Legal
- ► Technical
- ► Practical
- Quality

# Challenges: Ethical

- ▶ Informed consent
- Misuse of registers

# Challenges: Legal

- Data protection laws
- ► Limited access and control

## Challenges: Technical

- ► Size: Requires a lot of computing power
- ► Complexity: Handling difficult because of fragmentation

## Challenges: Practical

- ► Documentation: Completeness
- ► Language: Data, documentation, experts

## Challenges: Quality

- ► Total survey error framework: difference between true value of statistic and value derived from survey is due to two main sources of errors, measurement and representation
- Sources of errors can be further decomposed into error components
- Can also be applied to ARD

## Total survey error framework: Components

- Representation: Coverage error, sampling error, nonresponse error (unit/item), adjustment error
- Measurement: Validity, measurement error, processing error
- ▶ To what extent do these apply to ARD?

### Readings: General

- https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ssresearch.2016.04.015
- https://doi.org/10.7758/rsf.2019.5.2.01
- https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1467-9574.2011.00508.x
- https://doi.org/10.3917/popu.1302.0215

# Readings: Data quality (examples)

- https://doi.org/10.1111/aogs.14445
- https://doi.org/10.1007/s00181-008-0238-6
- https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/pub/12-001x/2015001/article/14151-eng.pdf