Package 'wiesbaden'

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Title Access Databases from the Federal Statistical Office of Germany
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download_csv

Download the csv-file of a table

Description

download_csv() downloads the csv for a table

Usage

```
download_csv(
  tablename,
  startyear = "",
  endyear = "",
  ...,
  genesis_db = "de",
  save = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
name of the table to retrieve.

startyear only retrieve values for years equal or larger to startyear. Default: "".

endyear only retrieve values for years smaller or equal to endyear. Default: "".

further parameters supplied as URL parameter in the GENESIS database call name of the database (default: 'de').

save write string to a text file (default: TRUE)
```

Details

Downloads the csv file either to the working directory getwd() or outputs it as a string. This is an alternative approach to the retrieve_*() functions. This is designed for https://www-genesis.destatis.de/genesis/online as it does not require a login. It might not work as expected for the other databases.

See Also

```
read_header_genesis.
```

read_gv100

Examples

```
## Not run:
download_csv("12411-0004.csv")
## End(Not run)
```

read_gv100

Reads the DESTATIS GV100 Format

Description

The GV100 format is used by DESTATIS to publish the German municipality register

Usage

```
read_gv100(file, stzrt, version = NULL, encoding = "iso-8859-1", ...)
```

Arguments

file path to file
stzrt integer to select the administrative level (see details)
version which GV100 version. If NULL the version is guessed based on the file name.
encoding encoding of the file

... other parameters passed to read_fwf

Details

The Gemeindeverzeichnis (municipality register) is published in a fixed width file refered to as "GV1000 ASCII Format" by DESTATIS. The register features the list of municipality and higher order administrative units. The function is a wrapper around read_fwf.

There are two types of files: One feature the administrative information (version="AD") and one with non-administrative (version="NAD"). If version=NULL, read_gv100() guess the type based on the file name.

To select a particular administrative unit use the stzrt argument (Satzart). For the AD version, the following choices are possible:

10 - Länder (states) 20 - Regierungsbezirke 30 - Regionsdaten (only Baden-Württemberg) 40 - Kreise (counties) 50 - Gemeindeverbandsdaten 60 - Gemeinden (municipalities)

For the NAD version only:

41 - Kreise (counties) 61 - Gemeinden (municipalities)

Since about 2019, the Gemeindeverzeichnis is using UTF-8 encoding rather than ISO-8859-1. See also DESTATIS Website: GV-ISys

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Value

```
a data.frame.
```

See Also

```
read_fwf
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
d <- read_gv100("GV100NAD31122016.asc", stzrt=60)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

read_header_genesis

Read Header of a GENESIS csv

Description

read_header_genesis reads the header of a GENESIS csv.

Usage

```
read_header_genesis(
    ...,
    start,
    lines = 2,
    readr_locale = locale(encoding = "windows-1252"),
    replacer = NULL,
    clean_letters = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

... arguments to read_csv2

start number of the first line of the header

lines number of header lines

readr_locale definition of locale() to be passed to read_csv2()
replacer a vector that is used as the first K column-names
clean_letters make proper variable names? (default: TRUE)

locale default encoding is 'windows-1252'

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Details

To generate valid column names, the function replaces all special characters (e.g. German öüä) with ASCII letters and removes whitespaces. Multi-line headers are joined but separated with a '_'.

Value

a vector of column names.

See Also

```
read_csv2
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(readr)
download_csv(tablename="12411-0004")

d <- read_header_genesis('12411-0004.csv', start=6, replacer=c("STAG"))
data <- read_csv2('12411-0004.csv', skip=6, n_max=30-6+1,
na="-", locale=locale(encoding="windows-1252"))
colnames(data) <- d

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

retrieve_data

Retrieves Data from GENESIS Databases

Description

retrieve_data retrieves a single data table.

Usage

```
retrieve_data(
  tablename,
  startyear = "",
  endyear = "",
  regionalmerkmal = "",
  regionalschluessel = "",
  sachmerkmal = "",
  sachschluessel = "",
```

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```
sachmerkmal2 = "",
sachschluessel2 = "",
sachmerkmal3 = "",
sachschluessel3 = "",
inhalte = "",
genesis = NULL,
language = "de",
...
)
```

Arguments

tablename name of the table to retrieve. startyear only retrieve values for years equal or larger to startyear. Default: "". endyear only retrieve values for years smaller or equal to endyear. Default: "". regionalmerkmal key for Regionalklassifikation. See details for more information. Default: "". regionalschluessel only retrieve values for particular regional units. See details for more information. Default: "". sachmerkmal, sachmerkmal2, sachmerkmal3 key for Sachklassifikation. Default: "". sachschluessel, sachschluessel2, sachschluessel3 value for Sachklassifikation. Default: "". inhalte retrieve only selected variables. Default is to retrieve all.

to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).

other arguments send to the httr::GET request.

retrieve information in German "de" (default) or in English "en" if available.

Details

genesis

language

Use retrieve_datalist to find the tablename based on the table series you are interested in. See the package description (wiesbaden) for details about setting the login and database.

The parameter regionalschluessel can either be a single value (a single Amtlicher Gemeindeschlüssel) or a comma-separated list of values supplied as string (no whitespaces). Wildcard character "*" is allowed. If regionalschluessel is set, the parameter regionalmerkmal must also be set to GEMEIN, KREISE, REGBEZ, or DLAND. The same logic applies to the parameter combination sachmerkmal and sachschluessel*. The parameter inhalte takes a 1-6 character long name of a variable in the table. If choosing multiple variables, delimit by ",", e.g. "STNW01,STNW02" (no whitespaces).

Limiting the data request to particular years (via the *year parameters), geographical units (via the regional* parameters) attributes (via the sach* parameters) or selected variables (via the inhalte parameter) is necessary if the API request fails to return any data. If you are not able to download the table because of size, inspect the metadata first (using retrieve_metadata or retrieve_valuelabel) and then limit the data request accordingly. See also examples below.

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Value

a data.frame. Value variables (_val) come with three additional variables (_qual, _lock, _err). The exact nature of these variables is unknown, but _qual appears to indicate if _val is a valid value. If _qual=="e" the value in _val is valid while if _qual!="e" (then _qual = ("-","/", ".", "x", ...)) it is typically zero should/might be set to NA.

See Also

retrieve datalist wiesbaden

```
## Not run:
 # Retrieve values for the table 14111KJ002 which contains the
 # federal election results on the county level.
 # Assumes that user/password are stored via save_credentials()
 data <- retrieve_data(tablename="14111KJ002", genesis=c(db="regio") )</pre>
 # ... only the values for the AfD.
 data <- retrieve_data(tablename="14111KJ002", sachmerkmal="PART04",</pre>
  sachschluessel="AFD", genesis=c(db="regio") )
# ... or only values from Saxony
data <- retrieve_data(tablename="14111KJ002", regionalmerkmal="KREISE",
   regionalschluessel="14*", genesis=c(db="regio") )
# Limiting the number of data points is in particular important for
# large tables. For example, this data request fails:
data <- retrieve_data(tablename="33111GJ005", genesis=c(db='regio'))</pre>
# But after limiting the request to one year, the data is returned:
data <- retrieve_data(tablename="33111GJ005", genesis=c(db='regio'), startyear=2019, endyear=2019)
# An alternative strategy is to only request a subset of the variables.
# For example, this data request fails:
data <- retrieve_data("12711GJ002", genesis=c(db="regio"))</pre>
# But when requesting only one instead of all variables, the data is returned:
data <- retrieve_data("12711GJ002", inhalte="BEV081", genesis=c(db="regio"))</pre>
# Example using the sachschluessel: Number of refugees from Afghanistan (ST423)
# and Egypt (ST287) by district (Kreis) in 2022.
data <- retrieve_data("12531KJ003", startyear = 2022, endyear = 2022,</pre>
sachmerkmal="STAAG5", sachschluessel = "ST423, ST287", genesis=c(db='de'))
```

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```
## End(Not run)
```

retrieve_datalist

Retrieves List of Tables from GENESIS Databases

Description

retrieve_datalist retrieves a list of available data tables in a series.

Usage

```
retrieve_datalist(tableseries, genesis = NULL, language = "de", ...)
```

Arguments

tableseries name of series for which tables should be retrieved. genesis to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).

language retrieve information in German "de" (default) or in English "en" if available.

... other arguments send to the httr::GET request.

Details

See the package description (wiesbaden) for details about setting the login and database. To retrieve a list of all available data use tableseries="*" or combine the wildcard character * with a prefix (see below for an example).

Value

```
a data.frame
```

See Also

retrieve_data wiesbaden

```
## Not run:
# Retrieves list of available tables for the table series 14111
# which contains the federal election results.
# Assumes that user/password are stored via save_credentials()

d <- retrieve_datalist(tableseries="14111*", genesis=c(db="regio") )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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retrieve_metadata

Retrieves Meta Data from GENESIS Databases

Description

retrieve_metadata retrieves meta data.

Usage

```
retrieve_metadata(tablename, language = "de", genesis = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

tablename name of the table to retrieve.

language retrieve information in German "de" (default) or in English "en" if available.

genesis to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).

... other arguments send to the httr::GET request.

Details

See the package description (wiesbaden) for details about setting the login and database.

Value

```
a data.frame.
```

See Also

wiesbaden

```
## Not run:
# Meta data contain the explanations to the variable names for the table
# federal election results on the county level.
# Assumes that user/password are stored via save_credentials()
metadata <- retrieve_metadata(tablename="14111KJ002", genesis=c(db="regio"))
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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retrieve_valuelabel

Retrieves Value Labels from GENESIS Databases

Description

retrieve_valuelabel retrieves value labels for variable

Usage

```
retrieve_valuelabel(
  variablename,
  valuelabel = "*",
  genesis = NULL,
  language = "de",
)
```

Arguments

```
variablename
                   name of the variable
                   "*" (default) retrieves all value labels.
valuelabel
                   to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).
genesis
                   retrieve information in German "de" (default) or in English "en" if available.
language
                   other arguments send to the httr::GET request.
```

Details

. . .

See the package description (wiesbaden) for details about setting the login and database.

Value

```
a data.frame.
```

See Also

```
retrieve_datalist wiesbaden
```

```
## Not run:
# Value labels contain for the variable 'PART04' in the table with the
# federal election results on the county level.
# Assumes that user/password are stored via save_credentials()
metadata <- retrieve_valuelabel(variablename="PART04", genesis=c(db="regio") )</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

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retrieve_varinfo

Retrieves further information on a variable from GENESIS Databases

Description

retrieve_varinfo retrieves further information.

Usage

```
retrieve_varinfo(variablename, genesis = NULL, language = "de", ...)
```

Arguments

variablename name of the variable

genesis to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).

language retrieve information in German "de" (default) or in English "en" if available.

... other arguments send to the httr::GET request.

Details

See the package description (wiesbaden) for details about setting the login and database.

Value

```
a data.frame.
```

See Also

```
retrieve_datalist wiesbaden
```

```
## Not run:
# Variable information 'AI2105' (Anteil der Empfänger von Arbeitslosengeld II im Alter
# von 15 bis 24 Jahren an der Bevölkerung gleichen Alters)
# Assumes that user/password are stored via save_credentials()

metadata <- retrieve_varinfo(variablename="AI2105", genesis=c(db="regio") )

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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save_credentials

Saves database credentials

Description

save_credentials saves a set of database credentials using the keyring package.

Usage

```
save_credentials(db, user, password)
```

Arguments

db database name, either 'nrw', 'regio', 'de' or 'bm'.

user your user name. password your password.

Details

User/password are stored in Keychain on macOS, Credential Store on Windows or Secret Service API on Linux. If a user/password pair for a database already exists, it is silently replaced with the new pair.

See Also

```
wiesbaden, keyring
```

test_login

Tests Login in GENESIS Databases

Description

test_login tests if the login works.

Usage

```
test_login(genesis = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

genesis to authenticate a user and set the database (see below).
... other arguments send to the httr::GET request.

Value

a string with the server return message.

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```
## Not run:
test_login(genesis=c(db="regio") )
## End(Not run)
```

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