# Chapter 1

# **Functions and Graphs**

## **Exercise Solution**

# Exercise 1.1.75

#### Instruction

For the linear equation y = 2x - 3, do the following tasks.

- (a) Give the slope *m*.
- (b) Give the *y*-intercept *b*. if any.
- (c) Graph the line.

#### **Solution**

- (a) TODO
- (b) According to the definition of *y*-intercept, the *y*-intercept of a graph is the point where it intersects the *y*-axis. We know that on the *y*-axis the *x*-coordinate is 0. Hence the formula to find the *y*-intercept of a function y = f(x) is just substituting x = 0 and solving for *y*. In this case we have the *y*-intercept

$$y = 2 \cdot 0 - 3 = -3$$
.

(c) TODO

### Answer

- (a) TODO
- (b) b = -3.
- (c) TODO