UNIVERSIDAD DE SAN CARLOS DE GUATEMALA

FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA

ESCUELA DE CIENCIAS Y SISTEMAS

REDES 2

PRIMER SEMESTRE 2023

SECCIÓN N



MANUAL PRACTICA 1 NO. GRUPO 8

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Guatemala, 16 de febrero del 2023

Manual de configuraciones

Asignación de IP

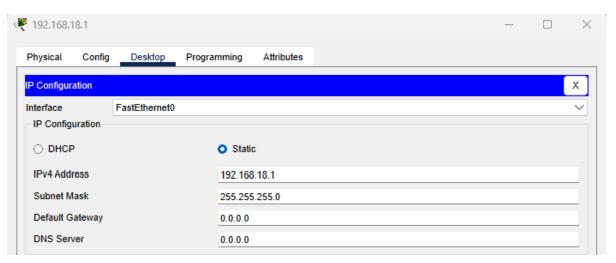
A cada maquina debemos asignarle una dirección de IP que pertenezca al departamento de su red y en el rango determinado.

A todas las maquinas se les debe asignar una dirección IP estática.

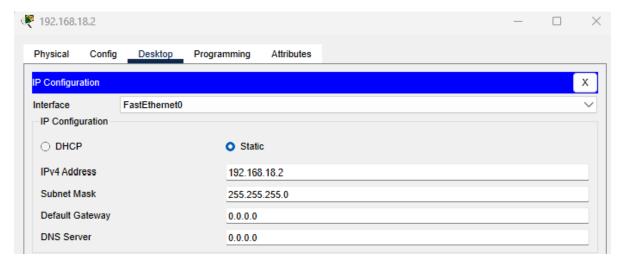
Departamento de primaria

Red: 192.168.18.0/24

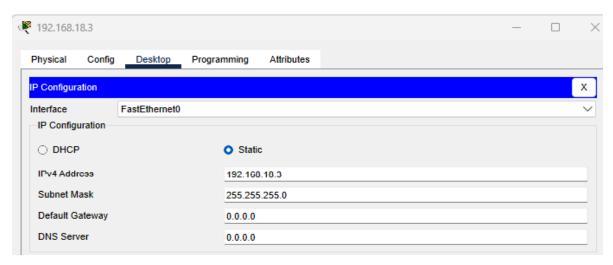
Host 1:



Host 2:



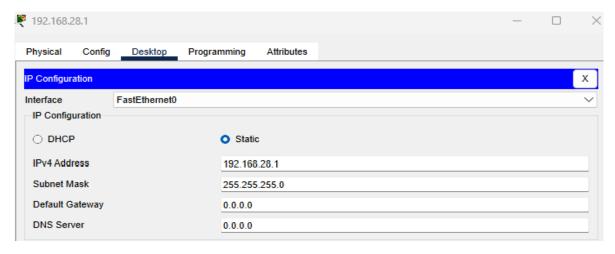
Host 3:



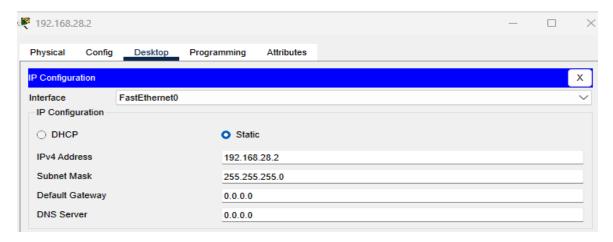
Departamento de Básicos

Red: 192.168.28.0/24

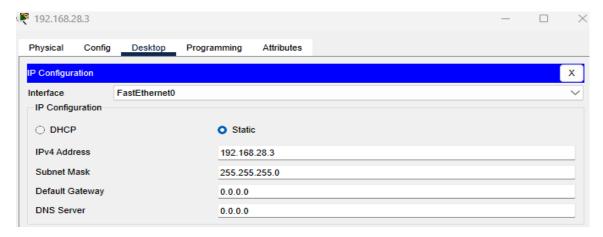
Host 1:



Host 2:



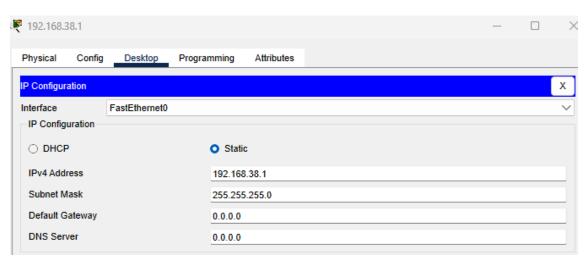
Host 3:



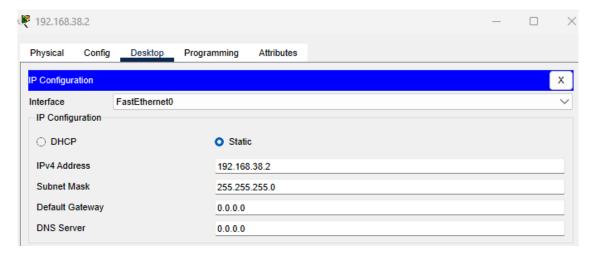
Departamento de Diversificado

Red: 192.168.38.0/24

Host 1:



Host 2:



Host 3:



Colocar nombre a cada switch

Para cambiarle el nombre a un switch desde la terminal, realizamos los siguientes pasos y comandos:

- 1. Ingresar a la terminal del dispositivo
- 2. Ingresar comando enable
- 3. Ingresar comando configure terminal
- 4. Ingresar comando hostname [Nuevo nombre]

```
Switch>
Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#hostname SW3
SW3(config)#
```

Creación de VLAN y uso de VTP

Para segmentar de forma lógica la comunicación de los departamentos crearemos 3 VLAN distintas

VLAN Primaria: Primaria18
 VLAN Básicos: Básicos28

3. VLAN Diversificado: Diversificado38

Estas tres VLANs hay que crearlas en cada switch, en total existen 5 switch, por lo tanto tendríamos que realizar el proceso 15 veces para que todos los switch tengan conocimiento de las tres VLAN, para evitarnos el proceso de realizarlo repetidamente, podemos utilizan el protocolo VTP (VLAN Trunking Protocol) el cual nos permite configurar las tres Vlan en un solo switch tipo servidor y los otros switch en tipo cliente sincronizan la información del switch maestro. Por ende, los pasos a seguir son los siguientes:

- 1. Buscar que Switch será el servidor
- 2. Crear las Vlan correspondientes
- 3. Colocar en moto Trunk las interfaces entre los Switch

Buscar el switch servidor

Para que el protocolo VTP funcione debemos seleccionar un switch como servidor. Para encontrar que switch seleccionar tenemos 2 opciones, la primera es verificar físicamente que la conexión entre los switches esté sincronizada o la segunda es usar el comando *sh spanning-tree* en cada switch, hasta encontrar el que diga *this switch is root*.

Switch client (SW1, SW2, SW3, SW5)

```
SW3>
SW3>sh spanning-tree
VLAN0001
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
            Priority 32769
            Address
                        0001.9723.20B6
                        1(FastEthernet0/1)
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
                        32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
 Bridge ID Priority
                        0060.470E.9A20
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
            Aging Time 20
                Role Sts Cost
                                   Prio.Nbr Type
                Desg FWD 19
                                   128.4
Fa0/4
                                            P2p
                                            P2p
Fa0/2
                Altn BLK 19
                                   128.2
                Desg FWD 19
Fa0/3
                                   128.3
                                            P2p
Fa0/5
                Desg FWD 19
                                   128.5
```

• Switch Server (SW4)

```
SW4>
SW4>sh spanning-tree
VLAN0001
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
          Priority 32769
             Address
                         0001.9723.20B6
             Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
            Address 0001.9723.20B6
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec Aging Time 20
Interface
                 Role Sts Cost
                                    Prio.Nbr Type
        Desg FWD 19 128.1
                                              P2p
                Desg FWD 19
Fa0/3
                                    128.3
               Desg FWD 19 128.2
Desg FWD 19 128.4
Fa0/2
Fa0/4
                                              P2p
SW4>
```

Una vez tengamos identificado el switch tipo servidor, procederemos a usar el comando VTP para indicar a cada Switch su modo de operación o rol.

Sincronizar los Switches servidor y cliente por medio de VTP

Existen dos pasos para sincronizar los Switches usando VTP, el paso uno es indicarle a cada Switch su rol y el segundo paso es colocar las conexiones de las interfaces entre switches como truncales.

El primer paso es indicarle a cada switch cual va a ser su rol en la red, los únicos roles posibles son: Server, Client y Transparent. En nuestro caso en especifico usaremos los primeros dos.

VTP mode server

SW4

```
SW4>enable
SW4#configure ter
SW4#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW4(config)#vtp mode server
Device mode already VTP SERVER.
SW4(config)#

SW4(config)#vtp domain g8
Domain name already set to g8.
SW4(config)#vtp password g8
Password already set to g8
SW4(config)#
```

• VTP mode client

```
SW1>enable
SW1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config) #vtp mode client
Setting device to VTP CLIENT mode.
SW1(config)#
SW5(config) #vtp domain q8
Domain name already set to g8.
SW5 (config) #vtp pass
SW5 (config) #vtp password g8
SW2>enable
SW2#confi
SW2#configure termin
SW2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW2(config) #vtp mode clien
SW2(config) #vtp mode client
Setting device to VTP CLIENT mode.
SW2(config)#vtp domain g8
Domain name already set to g8.
SW2(config)#vtp password g8
Setting device VLAN database password to g8
SW2 (config) #
SW3>enable
SW3#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW3 (config) #
SW3(config) #vtp mode client
Setting device to VTP CLIENT mode.
SW3(config)#
SW3(config)#vtp domain g8
Domain name already set to g8.
SW3(config) #vtp password g8
Setting device VLAN database password to g8
SW3 (config) #
SW5>
SW5>enab
SW5>enable
SW5#conf
SW5#configure ter
SW5#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one pe
SW5(config) #vtp mode client
Setting device to VTP CLIENT mode.
SW5(config) #vtp domain g8
Domain name already set to g8.
SW5(config) #vtp password g8
Setting device VLAN database password to g8
SW5 (config) #
```

SW2

SW3

El segundo paso es colocar las interfaces entre los switches como truncales.

```
SW1(config)#interface range f0/1-4
SW1(config-if-range)#swit
SW1(config-if-range) #switchport mord
SW1(config-if-range) #switchport mode trunk
SW1(config-if-range)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down
LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to down
LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to up
LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to up
SW1(config-if-range) #switchport trunk allowed vlan all
SW1(config-if-range)#
SW2
SW2>enable
SW2#confi
SW2#configure ter
SW2#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW2 (config) #inter
SW2(config)#interface ra
SW2(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW2(config-if-range)#switchport mode trunk
SW2(config-if-range)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
```

```
SW2(config) #interface range fastEthernet 0/1-2
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport trunk allowed vlan all
SW2(config-if-range) #exit
SW2(config) #
```

```
SW3(config)#interface range f0/1-2
SW3 (config-if-range) #swit
SW3(config-if-range) #switchport mode trunk
SW3(config-if-range) #
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
SW3(config)#interface range fastEthernet 0/1-2
SW3 (config-if-range) #swi
SW3(config-if-range) #switchport trunk all
SW3(config-if-range) #switchport trunk allowed vlan all
SW3 (config-if-range) #exit
SW3 (config) #
SW4
SW4(config) #interface f0/1
SW4 (config-if) #swit
SW4(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
SW4 (config-if) #
LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
SW4(config-if)#
SW4 (config-if) #exit
SW4(config)#interface f0/3
SW4(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
SW4(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to up
SW4(config-if) #switchport trunk allowed vlan all
SW4 (config-if) #exit
SW4 (config) #inter
SW4(config)#interface f0/3
SW4(config-if) #switchport trunk allowed vlan all
SW4 (config-if) #exit
SW4(config)#
```

SW5

```
SW5(config) #interface range f0/1-4
SW5(config-if-range) #swit
SW5(config-if-range) #switchport mode trunk

SW5(config-if-range) #
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to down
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/4, changed state to up

SW5(config-if-range) #

SW5(config-if-range) #switchport trunk all
```

Creación de VLAN

Ingresamos al Switch tipo Servidor que en nuestro caso sería el Switch SW4 y creamos las 3 Vlans previamente mencionadas.

1. VLAN Primaria18

```
SW4(config) #vlan 18
SW4(config-vlan) #name Primaria18
SW4(config-vlan) #
```

2. VLAN Básicos 28

```
SW4(config) #vlan 28
SW4(config-vlan) #name Basicos28
```

3. VLAN Diversificado 38

```
SW4(config) #vlan 38
SW4(config-vlan) #name Diversificado38
```

Verificamos si las VLAN si han creado correctamente en el Switch.

```
SW4#
SW4#sh vlan
```

1004 fddinet-default

1005 trnet-default

VLAN	Name	Status	Ports
1	default	active	Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4 Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8 Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12 Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16 Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20 Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24 Gig0/1, Gig0/2
18	Primaria18	active	
28	Basicos28	active	
38	Diversificado38	active	
1002	fddi-default	active	
1003	token-ring-default	active	

active

active

Colocar las interfaces hacia los dispositivos finales en modo acceso

Las interfaces que conectan hacia los dispositivos finales deben tener el modo acceso y permitir únicamente la vlan que tienen asignada

SW1

```
SW1(config) #interface f0/5

SW1(config-if) #swi

SW1(config-if) #switchport mode access

SW1(config-if) #swi

SW1(config-if) #switchport access vlan 18

SW1(config-if) #exit

SW1(config) #
```

SW2

```
SW2(config-if-range) #interface range fastEthernet 0/3-4
SW2(config-if-range) #swit
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport mode ac
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport mode access
SW2(config-if-range) #swit
SW2(config-if-range) #swit
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport acc
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport access?
vlan Set VLAN when interface is in access mode
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport access vlan
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport access vlan
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport access vlan?
<1-4094> VLAN ID of the VLAN when this port is in access mode
SW2(config-if-range) #switchport access vlan 38
```

```
SW3(config-if) #switchport mode access
SW3 (config-if) #swit
SW3(config-if) #switchport access vlan 38
SW3 (config-if) #exit
SW3 (config) #
SW3 (config) #interface f0/4
SW3 (config-if) #swit
SW3(config-if) #switchport mode access
SW3 (config-if) #swit
SW3(config-if) #switchport access vlan 18
SW3 (config-if) #exit
SW3 (config) #
SW3(config)#interface f0/5
SW3 (config-if) #swi
SW3(config-if) #switchport mode access
SW3 (config-if) #swi
SW3(config-if) #switchport access vlan 28
SW3(config-if)#exit
SW3 (config) #
```

```
.-..- 、- - - - - - - - , .. - - - -
      SW4(config-if) #switchport mode access
      SW4(config-if)#swi
      SW4(config-if) #switchport access vlan 28
      SW4(config-if)#exit
      SW4(config)#interface fa0/4
      SW4(config-if) #switchport mode access
      SW4(config-if) #switchport access vlan 28
      SW4(config-if)#exit
      SW4(config)#
SW5
      SW5(config-if) #switchport mode access
      SW5 (config-if) #swi
      SW5(config-if) #switchport access vlan 18
      SW5 (config-if) #exit
      SW5 (config) #
```

Creación de STP

A lo largo del desarrollo de la practica se realiza la configuración de STP en sus dos versiones PVST y RapidPVST, se realizaran las pruebas para bloquear/desbloquear puertos y medir cuanto tiempo se tarda en conectarse a otro puerto cuando uno se ve afectado.

Escenario 1 PVST

Se elegirá el escenario 1 para realizar las primeras pruebas con los switches

Verificación de protocolos PVST

Se verificará que todos los switches estén con el protocolo PVST

SW4 - Server

• Sh vtp st

```
SW4>
SW4>ena
SW4#sh vtp st
VTP Version capable
                             : 1 to 2
VTP version running
                               : 1
VTP Domain Name
                              : q8
VTP Pruning Mode
                              : Disabled
                             : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation
Device ID
                               : 0001.6462.7800
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 3-1-93 08:07:57
Local updater ID is 0.0.0.0 (no valid interface found)
Feature VLAN :
VTP Operating Mode
                                 : Server
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255
Number of existing VLANs
                                 : 8
Configuration Revision
                                 : 17
MD5 digest
                                 : 0xFD 0xF9 0x29 0xF7 0xCD 0x34 0x37 0x88
                                   0x42 0xD9 0x1B 0x4A 0xA4 0x30 0xCE 0x63
```

Mostramos las VLAN que tiene y los puertos activos/forwarding

```
SW4#sh spanning-tree
VLAN0001
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32769
         Address
                 0001.9723.20B6
          This bridge is the root
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
                  0001.9723.20B6
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
          Aging Time 20
            Role Sts Cost
                           Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
Fa0/3
           Desg FWD 19 128.3 P2p
            Desg FWD 19
                          128.1 P2p
Fa0/1
VLAN0018
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32786
                  0001.9723.20B6
         Address
         This bridge is the root
         Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
          Address
                  0001.9723.20B6
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
         Aging Time 20
                          Prio.Nbr Type
           Role Sts Cost
Interface
Desg FWD 19 128.3 P2p
Desg FWD 19 128.1 P2p
Fa0/3
Fa0/1
```

```
VLAN0028
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
          Priority 32796
                     0001.9723.20B6
           Address
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
                     0001.9723.20B6
           Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
                               Prio.Nbr Type
             Role Sts Cost
Interface
128.3 P2p
128.2 P2p
128.1 P2p
128.4 P2p
          Desg FWD 19
Fa0/3
            Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
Fa0/2
Fa0/1
Fa0/4
```

VLAN0038

Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee

Root ID Priority 32806
Address 0001.9723.20B6
This bridge is the root
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec

Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38)
Address 0001.9723.20B6
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec

SW1 - Client

• Sh vtp st

Aging Time 20

```
SW1>
SW1>ena
SW1#sh vtp st
                      : 1 to 2
VTP Version capable
VTP version running
VTP Domain Name
                             : g8
VTP Pruning Mode
                             : Disabled
                      : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation
Device ID
                             : 00E0.A3DD.9200
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 3-1-93 08:07:57
Feature VLAN :
VTP Operating Mode
                              : Client
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255
Number of existing VLANs
                               : 8
Configuration Revision
                               : 17
MD5 digest
                               : 0xFD 0xF9 0x29 0xF7 0xCD 0x34 0x37 0x88
                                 0x42 0xD9 0x1B 0x4A 0xA4 0x30 0xCE 0x63
```

Mostramos las VLAN que tiene y los puertos activos/forwarding

```
VLAN0018
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID Priority 32786
           Address 0001.9723.20B6
                     19
           Cost
           Port
                     3(FastEthernet0/3)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
           Address 0060.4793.9643
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
             Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
___________
         Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
                         128.2 P2p
128.5 P2p
Fa0/2
Fa0/5
                                      P2p
Fa0/3
             Root FWD 19
                             128.3
                                      P2p
             Desg FWD 19
Fa0/1
                             128.1 P2p
             Altn BLK 19
Fa0/4
                             128.4 P2p
VLAN0028
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32796
           Address
                     0001.9723.20B6
           Cost
                     19
                 3 (FastEthernet0/3)
           Port.
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
           Address
                     0060.4793.9643
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
            Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
Desg FWD 19 128.2 P2p
                             128.3 P2p
             Root FWD 19
Fa0/3
            Desg FWD 19
                             128.1 P2p
Fa0/1
Fa0/4
             Altn BLK 19
                             128.4 P2p
VLAN0038
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
         Priority 32806
           Address
                    0001.9723.20B6
           Cost
                     19
                    3(FastEthernet0/3)
           Port.
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38)
           Address 0060.4793.9643
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
            Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
------
                        128.2
128.3 Far
128.1 P2p
128.4 P2p
             Desg FWD 19
            Root FWD 19
Fa0/3
Fa0/1
             Desg FWD 19
Fa0/4
             Altn BLK 19
```

Sh vtp st

SW2#sh vtp st : 1 to 2 VTP Version capable VTP version running : 1 VTP Domain Name : g8 : Disabled VTP Pruning Mode VTP Traps Generation : Disabled : 00E0.F779.6C00 Device ID Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 3-1-93 08:07:57 Feature VLAN : VTP Operating Mode : Client Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255 Number of existing VLANs : 8 Configuration Revision : 17 MD5 digest : 0xFD 0xF9 0x29 0xF7 0xCD 0x34 0x37 0x88 0x42 0xD9 0x1B 0x4A 0xA4 0x30 0xCE 0x63

Mostramos las VLAN que tiene y los puertos activos/forwarding

```
VLAN0018
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID Priority 32786
             Address 0001.9723.20B6
Cost 38
Port 2(FastEthernet0/2)
             Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
Address 0030.A321.A576
             Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
             Aging Time 20
                Role Sts Cost
                                    Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
                Altn BLK 19
                                    128.1 P2p
Fa0/1
              Altn BLK 19 128.1 P2p
Root FWD 19 128.2 P2p
Fa0/2
```

```
VLAN0028
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Spanning tree enables 7.00 Root ID Priority 32796 Address 0001.9723.20B6
                      38
            Cost
                      2(FastEthernet0/2)
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
Address 0030.A321.A576
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
            Aging Time 20
Interface
            Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
 Altn BLK 19 128.1 P2p
Root FWD 19 128.2 P2p
Fa0/1
Fa0/2
```

```
VLAN0038
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
         Priority 32806
          Address 0001.9723.20B6
          Cost 38
                     2(FastEthernet0/2)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38)
           Address 0030.A321.A576
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
          Aging Time 20
                             Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
             Role Sts Cost
128.1 P2p
128.2 P2p
128.3 P2p
128.4 P2p
            Altn BLK 19
Fa0/1
             Root FWD 19
Fa0/2
Fa0/3
             Desg FWD 19
             Desg FWD 19
Fa0/4
```

SW3 - Client

• Sh vtp st

```
SW3#sh vtp st
                         : 1 to 2
VTP Version capable
VTP version running
                              : 1
VTP Domain Name
                              : g8
VTP Pruning Mode
                              : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation
                             : Disabled
Device ID
                              : 0009.7C84.3300
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 3-1-93 08:07:57
Feature VLAN :
VTP Operating Mode
                               : Client
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255
Number of existing VLANs
                               : 8
Configuration Revision
                                : 17
MD5 digest
                                : 0xFD 0xF9 0x29 0xF7 0xCD 0x34 0x37 0x88
                                  0x42 0xD9 0x1B 0x4A 0xA4 0x30 0xCE 0x63
```

Mostramos las VLAN que tiene y los puertos activos/forwarding

	ree enabled; Priority Address	32786					
	Cost	38					
	Port	l(Fast	Ethernet0/1)				
	Hello Time	2 sec	Max Age 20 s	sec For	rward Del	ay 15 s	ec
Bridge ID	Address	0060.4		_		•	
	Hello Time Aging Time		Max Age 20 s	sec For	rward Del	ay 15 s	ec
			Prio.Nb:				
			128.2				
			128.1	_			
Fa0/4			128.4	_			

```
VLAN0028
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID Priority 32796
            Address 000
                        0001.9723.20B6
            Cost 38
Dort 1(FastEthernet0/1)
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
                        0060.470E.9A20
            Address
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
            Aging Time 20
Interface
               Role Sts Cost
                                  Prio.Nbr Type
           Altn BLK 19 128.2 P2p
Root FWD 19 128.1 P2p
Desg FWD 19 128.5 P2p
Fa0/1
Fa0/5
```

VLAN0038 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee Root ID Priority 32806 Address 0001.9723.20B6 Cost Port 38 1(FastEthernet0/1) Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38) 0060.470E.9A20 Address Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec Aging Time 20 Prio.Nbr Type Role Sts Cost Interface ._____ ____ Altn BLK 19 128.2 P2p Root FWD 19 128.1 P2p Desg FWD 19 128.3 P2p Fa0/2 Fa0/1 Fa0/3

SW5 - Client

• Sh vtp st

```
SW5>ena
SW5#sh vtp st
                         : 1 to 2
VTP Version capable
VTP version running
VTP Domain Name
                              : a8
VTP Pruning Mode
                             : Disabled
VTP Traps Generation
                            : Disabled
Device ID
                              : 0001.6451.8200
Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 3-1-93 08:07:57
Feature VLAN :
VTP Operating Mode
                               : Client
Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255
Number of existing VLANs
                                : 17
Configuration Revision
                                : 0xFD 0xF9 0x29 0xF7 0xCD 0x34 0x37 0x88
MD5 digest
                                  0x42 0xD9 0x1B 0x4A 0xA4 0x30 0xCE 0x63
```

Mostramos las VLAN que tiene y los puertos activos/forwarding

```
VLAN0018
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID
          Priority 32786
           Address
                   0001.9723.20B6
           Cost
                    19
                     3(FastEthernet0/3)
           Port
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority
                     32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
                    0002.17A6.A76D
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
             Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
        Desg FWD 19 128.5 P2p
Fa0/5
             Desg FWD 19
                             128.4
Fa0/4
                                      P2p
             Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
                             128.1
128.2
Fa0/1
Fa0/2
             Root FWD 19
                             128.3 P2p
Fa0/3
VLAN0028
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
         Priority 32796
           Address
                    0001.9723.20B6
           Cost
                    19
                     3(FastEthernet0/3)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
                    0002.17A6.A76D
           Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
             Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
Desg FWD 19
Fa0/4
                             128.4 P2p
            Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
                             128.1 P2p
128.2 P2p
Fa0/1
Fa0/2
                             128.3 P2p
             Root FWD 19
Fa0/3
VLAN0038
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32806
          Address
                    0001.9723.20B6
          Cost 19
Port 3(FastEthernet0/3)
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38)
                     0002.17A6.A76D
          Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
                             Prio.Nbr Type
             Role Sts Cost
___________
Fa0/4 Desg FWD 19 128.4 P2p
Fa0/1 Desg FWD 19 128.1 P2p
            Desg FWD 19
Desg FWD 19
```

Cambio de puertos o enlaces

Root FWD 19

Fa0/2

Fa0/3

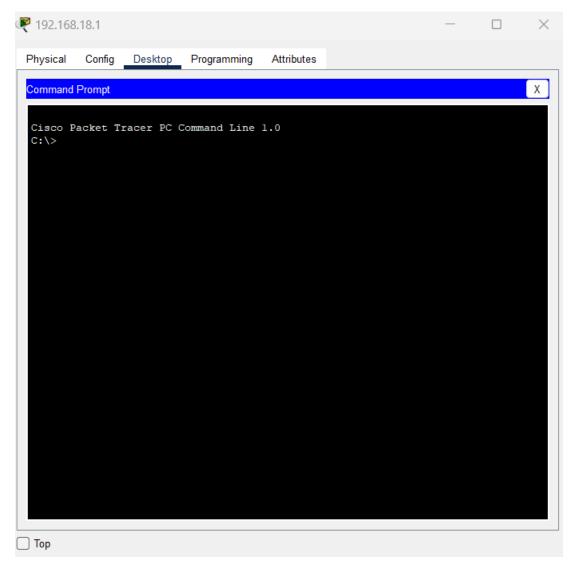
Se procederá a crear una tabla de los puertos/enlaces que estén como principal y se bloqueara solo se hará 1 prueba con cada switch con las VLAN que tengan asignadas.

128.2 P2p

128.3 P2p

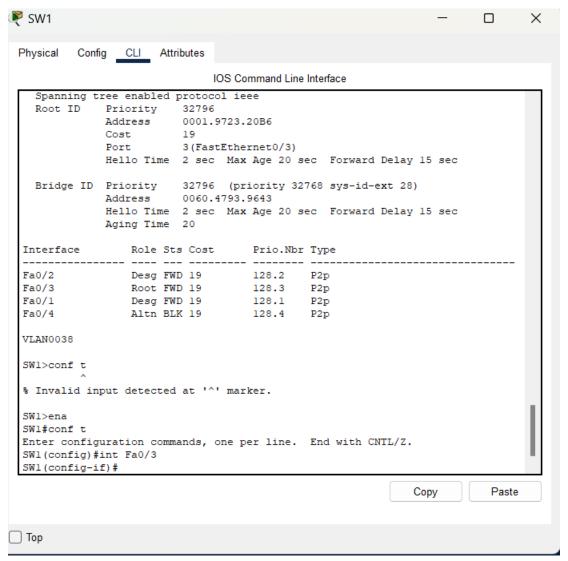
Para todas las pruebas se hará el mismo procedimiento, este es:

Ingresar al prompt de nuestro pc X.X.X.X en este caso utilice la 192.168.18.1



Ingresamos al switch que queremos bloquear lo mejor es utilizar el que está conectado a nuestro pc que vamos a hacer el ping de salida en nuestro ejemplo SW1 para el ping de salida 192.168.18.1

• Ping -t 192.168.18.3



Ingresamos a nuestra interfaz que vamos a bloquear esta la sabemos por los pasos anteriores donde se observaba que para la VLAN 18 el puerto Root era Fa0/3, y mediante los comandos

- Ena
- Conf t
- Int Fa0/3
- Shutdown

Apagaremos esa interfaz y ahí es donde mediremos el tiempo que se conecte nuestro ip saliente a la ip entrante mediante el comando ping.

Por último, tendríamos algo así:

En nuestro pc

```
P 192.168.18.1
 Physical
          Config
                  Desktop
                           Programming
                                        Attributes
                                                                                 Χ
 Command Prompt
  Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
  C:\>ping -t 192.168.18.3
  Pinging 192.168.18.3 with 32 bytes of data:
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Request timed out.
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Reply from 192.168.18.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
  Ping statistics for 192.168.18.3:
     Packets: Sent = 25, Received = 20, Lost = 5 (20% loss),
  Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 0ms
  Control-C
  ^C
  C:\>
☐ Top
```

El swtich

SW1>ena

```
SW1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config)#int Fa0/3
SW1 (config-if) #shutdown
SW1(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to administratively
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed
state to down
SW1(config-if)#
SW1(config-if) #exit
SWl(config) #exit
SW1#
VLAN0018
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
  Root ID Priority 32786
             Address 0001.9723.20B6
Cost 38
Port 4(FastEthernet0/4)
             Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
             Address 0060.4793.9643
Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
             Aging Time 20
Interface
                Role Sts Cost
                                     Prio.Nbr Type
            Altn BLK 19 128.2 P2p
Desg FWD 19 128.5 P2p
Altn BLK 19 128.1 P2p
Root FWD 19 128.4 P2p
Fa0/2
Fa0/5
Fa0/1
Fa0/4
```

Procedemos a llenar la tabla PVST

PING SALIENTE	PING ENTRANTE	VLAN	PUERTO ROOT A BLOQUEAR/APAGAR	TIEMPO	SWITCH
192.168.18.1	192.168.18.3	18	Fa0/3	32.5 Segundos	SW1
192.168.28.1	192.168.28.2	28	Fa0/1	57.37 segundos	SW3
192.168.38.1	192.168.38.3	38	Fa0/2	56.84 segundos	SW2

Escenario 2 RAPID-PVST

Se elegirá el escenario 2 para realizar las primeras pruebas con los switches

Verificación de protocolos Actuales

Se verificará que todos los switches estén con el protocolo PVST

SW4 - Server

• Sh spanning-tree

```
VLAN0018
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID Priority 32786

VLAN0028
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID Priority 32796

VLAN0038
Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
Root ID Priority 32806
```

Entonces si verificamos nos damos cuenta que todos los switches están en modo PVST y hay que cambiarlos todos a modo Rapid-PVST

- Ena
- Conf t
- Spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
- Exit
- Sh run

```
SW4>ena
SW4#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW4(config) #spanning-tree ?
mode Spanning tree operating mode
portfast Spanning tree portfast options
vlan VLAN Switch Spanning Tree
SW4(config) #spanning-tree mode ?
pvst Per-Vlan spanning tree mode
rapid-pvst Per-Vlan rapid spanning tree mode
SW4(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
SW4(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
SW4(config) #exit
SW4#
%SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
```

```
SW4#
SW4#sh run
Building configuration...
Current configuration: 1231 bytes
version 15.0
no service timestamps log datetime msec
no service timestamps debug datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname SW4
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
interface FastEthernet0/1
switchport mode trunk
SW4#write memory
Building configuration...
[OK]
```

Entonces ya tendremos el switch de modo rapid-pvst, por último, miramos sus puertos root-FWD o designados

```
SW4#sh spanning-tree
VLAN0001
 Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
 Root ID
         Priority 32769
          Address
                    0001.9723.20B6
           This bridge is the root
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
                    0001.9723.20B6
          Address
          Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
          Aging Time 20
             Role Sts Cost
                             Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
------
                         128.1 P2p
128.3 P2p
Fa0/1
             Desg FWD 19
           Desg FWD 19
Fa0/3
```

```
VLAN0018
  Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
  Root ID
          Priority 32786
           Address
                     0001.9723.20B6
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32786 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 18)
           Address 0001.9723.20B6
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
           Role Sts Cost
                              Prio.Nbr Type
        Desg FWD 19 128.1 P2p
Desg FWD 19 128.3 P2p
Fa0/3
VLAN0028
  Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
  Root ID
           Priority 32796
                      0001.9723.20B6
           Address
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
  Bridge ID Priority 32796 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 28)
Address 0001.9723.20B6
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
                               Prio.Nbr Type
Interface
              Role Sts Cost
          Desg FWD 19 128.1 P2p
Fa0/1
              Desg FWD 19
                              128.3 P2p
Fa0/3
            Desg FWD 19 128.2 P2p
Desg FWD 19 128.4 P2p
Fa0/2
Fa0/4
VLAN0038
 Spanning tree enabled protocol rstp
 Root ID Priority 32806
           Address
                     0001.9723.20B6
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
 Bridge ID Priority 32806 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 38)
                     0001.9723.20B6
           Address
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
              Role Sts Cost
                              Prio.Nbr Type
___________
Fa0/1
              Desg FWD 19
                          128.1 P2p
Fa0/3
              Desg FWD 19
                               128.3
```

Como suponemos todos los switches están en PVST entonces hay que cambiarlos todos a Rapid-PVST

```
SW1>ena
SW1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config) #spanning tree mode rapid-pvst

^
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

SW1(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
SW1(config) #exit
SW1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

SW2

SW2>
SW2>
SW2>ena
SW2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW2(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
```

SW2>ena SW2#conf t Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/2. SW2(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst SW2 (config) #exit SW2# %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console SW2#sh run Building configuration... Current configuration : 1231 bytes ! version 15.0 no service timestamps log datetime msec no service timestamps debug datetime msec no service password-encryption ! hostname SW2 ! ! ! ! ! spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst spanning-tree extend system-id

```
SW3#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/2.
SW3(config) #spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
SW3(config) #exit
SW3#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

SW3#sh run
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1282 bytes
!
version 15.0
no service timestamps log datetime msec
no service timestamps debug datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname SW3
!
!
!
!
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
```

SW 5

```
SW5#CONF T
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW5 (config) #SPANNING-TREE MODE RAPID-PVST
SW5 (config) #EXIT
SW5#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console

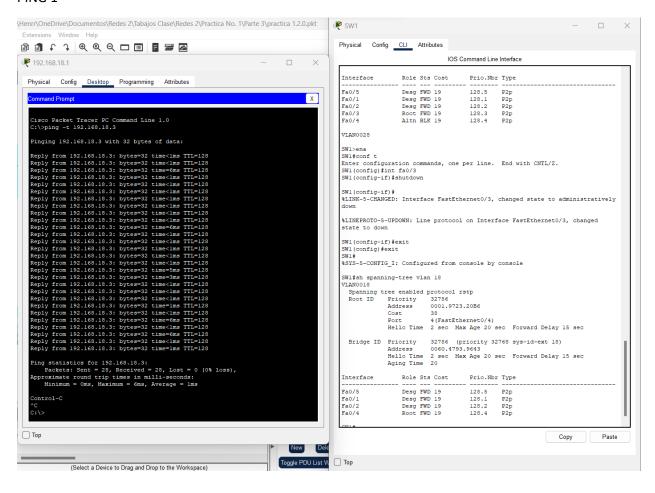
SW5#SH RUN
Building configuration...

Current configuration : 1226 bytes
!
version 15.0
no service timestamps log datetime msec
no service timestamps debug datetime msec
no service password-encryption
!
hostname SW5
!
!
!
!
spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst
spanning-tree extend system-id
```

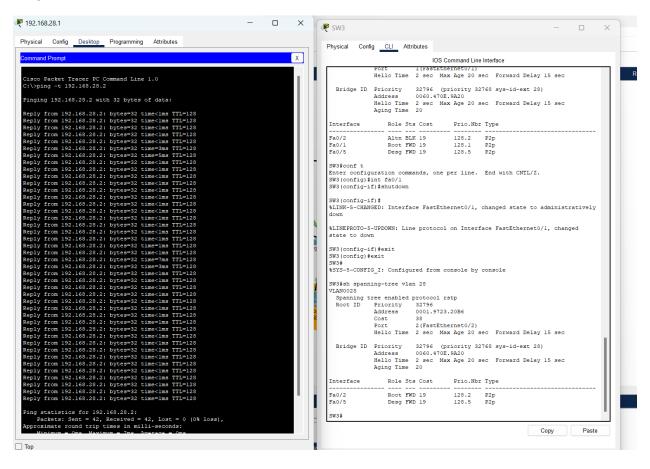
Ya cambia la configuración de todos los switches se procederá a hacer un ping como con el pvst y ver cuáles son sus enlaces root y bloquearlos/apagarlos

Procedemos a llenar la tabla RAPID-PVST

PING 1



PING 2



PING 3

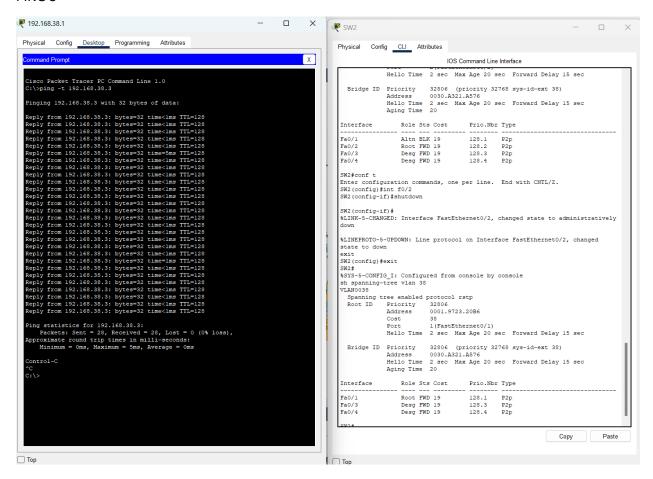


Tabla de pruebas con el escenario 2 Rapid-PVST

PING	PING SALIENTE	PING ENTRANTE	VLAN	PUERTO ROOT A BLOQUEAR/APAGAR	TIEMPO	SWITCH
1	192.168.18.1	192.168.18.3	18	Fa0/3	Ni un segundo cuando tome el tiempo ni se notó el cambio	SW1
2	192.168.28.1	192.168.28.2	28	Fa0/1	Ni se notó el cambio	SW3
3	192.168.38.1	192.168.38.3	38	Fa0/2	Igual que los anteriores ni se notó el cambio	SW2

Conclusión PVST Y RAPID-PVST

La mejor opción sería el rapid-pvst como se pude observar en las tablas se hicieron las mismas pruebas en los mismos switches y el mismo ping a las VPC y gano con gran diferencia el Rapid-PVST, tarde más tiempo en darle pausar el botón del cronometro que esa conexión se efectuará ni siquiera tuvo líneas de perdida, en conclusión, el mejor escenario sería el 2 que tuvo un menor tiempo de convergencia.

Seguridad para las interfaces asignadas a la VLAN

Se configuraron los puertos en modo acceso de los switches con port-security en modo MAC address, asignándoles así la MAC del dispositivo al que se encuentran conectados de manera que en caso de que se conecta algún dispositivo diferente el puerto se apagará.

MAC Address de los dispositivos

IP	MAC
192.168.18.1	0060.5C02.1C9D
192.168.18.2	0009.7CBD.4C80
192.168.18.3	000A.4102.53EA
192.168.28.1	0003.E4DC.A8A0
192.168.38.3	0060.47E3.3659
192.168.28.2	0040.0B97.34E5
192.168.28.3	00D0.FF05.5619
192.168.38.1	0010.115E.71EC
192.168.38.2	000C.8534.5838

Comando Utilizados para configurar el Port Security

Para configurar el port security necesitamos la MAC address del dispositivo para obtenerla entramos al command prompt de la PC y ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

Luego copiamos la MAC e ingresamos a la interfaz del switch que se encuentra conectada al dispositivo y ejecutamos el siguiente comando:

```
SW2 (config-if) #sw

SW2 (config-if) #switchport por

SW2 (config-if) #switchport port-security

SW2 (config-if) #switchport port-security ma

SW2 (config-if) #switchport port-security mac

SW2 (config-if) #switchport port-security mac-address 000C.8534.5838

SW2 (config-if) #

SW2 (config-if) #

SW2 (config-if) #exit

SW2 (config) #exit
```

Para poder ver la configuración del port security en las interfaces corremos el siguiente comando:

```
interface FastEthernet0/3
  switchport access vlan 38
  switchport mode access
  switchport port-security
  switchport port-security mac-address 0010.115E.71EC
!
interface FastEthernet0/4
  switchport access vlan 38
  switchport mode access
  switchport port-security
  switchport port-security
```

De esta manera ya queda configurada el port security de la interfaz del puerto