Fill in the blanks with each of the following:

1. The format specifier **C** is used to display values in a monetary format.
2. Every class declaration contains keywords **class** followed immediately by the class’s name.
3. Operator **new** creates and object of the class specified to the right of the keyword.
4. Each parameter must specify both a(n) **type** and a(n) **name**.
5. Return type **Void** indicates that a method will not return any information when it completes its task.
6. When each object of a class maintains its own copy of an attribute, the attribute is known as a(n) **instance variables**.
7. For a(n) **auto-implemented properties**, the compiler automatically generates a private instance variable and set and get accessors.
8. Variables of type **decimal** are typically used to represent monetary amounts.
9. Decimal method **parse** converts a string to a decimal value.
10. Keyword public is a(n) **access modifier**.