The South African Mathematical Olympiad Third Round 2012

Senior Division (Grades 10 to 12)

Time: 4 hours

(No calculating devices are allowed)

1. Given that

$$\frac{1+3+5+\cdots+(2n-1)}{2+4+6+\cdots+(2n)} = \frac{2011}{2012},$$

determine n.

- 2. Let ABCD be a square and X a point such that A and X are on opposite sides of CD. The lines AX and BX intersect CD in Y and Z respectively. If the area of ABCD is 1 and the area of XYZ is $\frac{2}{3}$, determine the length of YZ.
- 3. Sixty points, of which thirty are coloured red, twenty are coloured blue, and ten are coloured green, are marked on a circle. These points divide the circle into sixty arcs. Each of these arcs is assigned a number according to the colours of its endpoints: an arc between a red and a green point is assigned a number 1, an arc between a red and a blue point is assigned a number 2, and an arc between a blue and a green point is assigned a number 3. The arcs between two points of the same colour are assigned a number 0. What is the greatest possible sum of all the numbers assigned to the arcs?
- 4. Let p and k be positive integers such that p is prime and k > 1. Prove that there is at most one pair (x, y) of positive integers such that

$$x^k + px = y^k$$
.

5. Let ABC be a triangle such that $AB \neq AC$. We denote its orthocentre by H, its circumcentre by O and the midpoint of BC by D. The extensions of HD and AO meet in P. Prove that triangles AHP and ABC have the same centroid.

(Note: The *orthocentre* of a triangle is the point where its altitudes intersect; the *circumcentre* of a triangle is the midpoint of its circumcribed circle; the *centroid* of a triangle is the point where its medians intersect.)

6. Find all functions $f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$f(km) + f(kn) - f(k)f(mn) \ge 1$$

for all $k, m, n \in \mathbb{N}$.

(\mathbb{N} is the set of all positive integers and \mathbb{R} the set of all real numbers.)