

Derived Derivative

1. Type 1: Negation of basic rules: *eliminate \sim rather than use contradiction generator*

1) Negation of Conditional (NC)

$$\frac{\sim(\phi \rightarrow \psi)}{\phi \wedge \sim\psi}$$

$$\frac{\phi \wedge \sim\psi}{\sim(\phi \rightarrow \psi)}$$

2) Negation of Biconditional (NB)

$$\frac{\sim(\phi \leftrightarrow \psi)}{(\phi \leftrightarrow \sim\psi)}$$

$$\frac{(\phi \leftrightarrow \sim\psi)}{\sim(\phi \leftrightarrow \psi)}$$

3) De Morgan's Law (DM): 对于 ' \wedge ' 和 ' \vee ', 把外面的 negation 乘进去, 并将中间的连接符取相反 (\wedge 变 \vee ; \vee 变 \wedge)

$$\frac{\sim(\phi \vee \psi)}{\sim\phi \wedge \sim\psi}$$

$$\frac{\sim(\phi \wedge \psi)}{\sim\phi \vee \sim\psi}$$

$$\frac{\sim(\sim\phi \vee \sim\psi)}{\phi \wedge \psi}$$

直接跳过 DM

$$\frac{\sim(\sim\phi \wedge \sim\psi)}{\phi \vee \psi}$$

$$\frac{\sim\phi \wedge \sim\psi}{\sim(\phi \vee \psi)}$$

$$\frac{\sim\phi \vee \sim\psi}{\sim(\phi \wedge \psi)}$$

$$\frac{\phi \wedge \psi}{\sim(\sim\phi \vee \sim\psi)}$$

$$\frac{\phi \vee \psi}{\sim(\sim\phi \wedge \sim\psi)}$$

e.g. $W \rightarrow \sim(S \wedge T), \sim S \rightarrow \sim Z, \sim T \rightarrow \sim Z$

$\therefore (\sim W \vee \sim Z)$

| | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | show $\sim W \vee \sim Z$ | |
| 2 | $\sim(\sim W \vee \sim Z)$ | 1 ASS ID. |
| 3 | $W \wedge Z$ | 2 DM |
| 4 | W | 3 S |
| 5 | Z | 3 S |
| 6 | $\sim(S \wedge T)$ | 4 Pr1 MP |
| 7 | $\sim \sim Z$ | 5 DN |
| 8 | S | Pr2 7 MT DN |
| 9 | T | Pr3 7 MT DN |
| 10 | $\sim S \vee \sim T$ | 6 DM |
| 11 | $\sim T$ | 8 <u>DN</u> 10 MTP |
| 12 | | 9 11 ID |

2. Type 2: Situational Rules

1) Separation of Cases (SC)

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| $\phi \vee \psi$ | |
| $\phi \rightarrow X$ | $\phi \rightarrow X$ |
| $\psi \rightarrow X$ | $\sim \phi \rightarrow X$ |
| <hr/> | <hr/> |
| X | X |

2) Conditional as Disjunction (CDJ) (however, we see \rightarrow we use CD naturally than use CDJ.)

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| $\phi \rightarrow \psi$ | $\sim \phi \rightarrow \psi$ |
| <hr/> | <hr/> |
| $\sim \phi \vee \psi$ | $\phi \vee \psi$ |

$$\frac{\phi \vee \psi}{\neg \phi \rightarrow \psi}$$

$$\frac{\neg \phi \vee \psi}{\phi \rightarrow \psi}$$

e.g. $(X \rightarrow \neg R) \rightarrow \neg (Z \rightarrow W), \neg (P \vee W) \vee Q.$
 $\neg W \rightarrow \neg (Z \wedge Q). \therefore \neg P \vee (Q \leftrightarrow R).$

1 ~~show~~ $\neg P \vee (Q \leftrightarrow R)$

2 $\neg(\neg P \vee (Q \leftrightarrow R))$ ASS ID

3 $\neg \neg P \wedge \neg (Q \leftrightarrow R)$ 2 DM

4 P 3 S DN

5 $\neg (Q \leftrightarrow R)$ 3 S

6 $Q \leftrightarrow \neg R$ 5 NB

7 $P \vee W$ 4 ADD

8 Q 7 DN Pr2 MTP

9 $Q \rightarrow \neg R$ 6 BC

10 $\neg R$ 9 MP

11. ~~show~~ $X \rightarrow \neg R$

12. X ASS CD

13 $\neg R$ 10 R.

14 $\neg (Z \rightarrow W)$ 12 13 CD.

15 $\neg (Z \rightarrow W)$ 11 Pr1 MP

16. $Z \wedge \neg W$ 15 NC

17. Z 16 S

18. $\neg W$ 16 S

19. $\neg (Z \wedge Q)$ 18 Pr3 MP

见到 \wedge 先
simplify

沿思路时一点,
点来. 全地 Pr
分析完, 总有
contradiction
出现.

20. $\sim 2V \sim Q$

19 DM

21. $\sim \sim Z$

17 DM

22. $\sim Q$

20 21 MTP

23.

8 22 ID