Market Empiricism

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Version 1.2

# Our Common Enemy

*“All suffering is caused by ignorance.”*

*- Buddha*

**What if you had access to the combined intellectual powers of all mankind?** It would be easier for you to make decisions. You’d know what school to attend (if any), where to live, where to work, what to buy, and how to save/invest. You’d more quickly become aware of new medical treatments, unethical behavior within business/government, terrorist threats, societal problems, and of the consequences of a given law, scientific endeavor, or industrial achievement.

The economic-technology that makes this possible is called a Prediction Market.

## What is a Prediction Market?

Whereas a stock market is a place to buy and sell shares of a corporation’s earnings, a Prediction Market (PM) is **a place to buy and sell predictions**. Valid predictions entitle their owner to $1[[1]](#footnote-1), whereas false predictions are worth nothing. The current market price of these tradable predictions can then be interpreted as the likelihood of the prediction coming true.

For example, a prediction might reward a dollar if Hillary Clinton is elected US President in 2016, such that any individual who thinks that she has at least a 70% chance of winning the election should be willing to buy that prediction for up to 70 cents. Predictions can be about anything: sports, politics, nominations and awards, scientific theories, the effect of a certain economic policy on the unemployment rate, the relationship between a war-declaration and casualties, etc.

When anyone can trade, no source of information is overlooked, and market forces balance info-sources in a way that is consistently and unanimously acceptable. A PM quickly integrates all available human subject-knowledge into a simple and useful representation of reality: a single number.

## I still don’t get it.

Television has a gift for simplifying and communicating ideas:

1. [John Stossel gives an introduction,](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N_DWqeR9jqc) The Stossel Show, (4:13).
2. [Neil deGrasse Tyson sketches out the general idea](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Klgp_qDiRhQ&t=4m8s)[[2]](#footnote-2), Real Time with Bill Maher, (1:22).
3. [InTrade and the 2008 Presidential Election](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VORxDkInNV4), CNBC, (2:22).
4. [CEO of InTrade on Elections and Recessions](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qJ8t0bF8JOg&t=8s), Kudlow Report, (4:06).
5. [News segment on PMs](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Fkv1MAkZEw), The Stossel Show, (8:31).

For more examples see [PM\_Applications.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/3_PM_Applications.pdf) and [LogMSR\_Demo.xlsx](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/LogMSR_Demo.xlsx).

## The Failure of Conventional Information Sources

Compared to PMs, current info-sources do not inform and are therefore unacceptable.

Formal scientific publications are:

1. Unavailable (one would think that taxpayer-funded work would be freely available to the public, but in fact access to published research has become [prohibitively](http://www.econ.ucsb.edu/~tedb/Journals/jeprevised.pdf) [expensive](http://www.journalprices.com/OpenLetter.pdf) [even to Harvard](http://www.theguardian.com/science/2012/apr/24/harvard-university-journal-publishers-prices)).
2. Incomprehensible ([even](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Scholarly_communication#Scholarly_communication_crisis) [among](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sokal_affair) [insiders](http://www.the-scientist.com/?articles.view/articleNo/34196/title/Opinion--Communication-Crisis-in-Research/)).
3. Written/Published slowly (typically one publication is a multi-year process).
4. Ultimately, not even accurate! For university-grade research, [from](http://www.scientificamerican.com/article/an-epidemic-of-false-claims/) [60%](http://www.plosmedicine.org/article/info%3Adoi%2F10.1371%2Fjournal.pmed.0020124) to [as high](http://www.jove.com/blog/2012/05/03/studies-show-only-10-of-published-science-articles-are-reproducible-what-is-happening) [as 90%](http://www.economist.com/news/briefing/21588057-scientists-think-science-self-correcting-alarming-degree-it-not-trouble) of published claims later turn out to be false.

Informal sources (TV/Internet):

1. Place no serious emphasis on objectivity, accuracy, or accountability.
2. Reward content that is flattering, amusing, frightening.
3. Manufacture/manipulate content to hold the audience’s attention through the next advertisement, even when nothing attention-worthy is happening.

Fortunately, individuals are [generally unaware of science](http://www.people-press.org/2009/07/09/public-praises-science-scientists-fault-public-media/) and media reporting[[3]](#footnote-3), and instead draw conclusions using their own experience and the comments offered by their friends/family/peers. Perhaps this is partially because the average citizen is unable to persuade info-sources (mainstream media or research universities) to investigate anything that actually affects their lives.

Can PMs help to make knowledge-sharing activities useful, instead of useless? The key problem of our Information Age is not info-availability, but information-aggregation: combining millions of information-sources into one representative assessment. PMs aggregate information by providing *those with special knowledge* (ie, knowledge differing from the current forecast (the market price)) with an incentive to reveal that information (by making a trade). A PM doesn’t need to find the most-informed people in a crowd; these people will come to the PM (and enjoy doing it). Similarly, the PM doesn’t need to check people for motive, error, or bias; market traders check each other with each and every trade.

# Problems With Traditional PMs

One might rightly ask, “If PMs are so great, why don’t we already use them everywhere?”.

## Censorship

#### Active Deception / Knowledge and Power / The Regulators Are The Owners

When persuading others of something complex (for example, “we should spend taxpayer/shareholder dollars on X and not Y”), it’s smart to highlight true statements when they support your argument, and hide them away when they support an alternative argument.

You may be less-able to do this in the world of PMs. Leading PM-scholar Robin Hanson [argues](http://www.overcomingbias.com/2014/04/givewell-interview.html): “Those currently in power within firms may resist prediction markets because the markets would spread previously privileged information across the company and change perceptions of what is knowable and who knows what.”



Figure 1. These experts are forecasting a successful merger, and aren’t interested in double-checking.

As every member of a large organization knows, **‘flattery’ and ‘loyalty’ trump petty details like ‘accuracy’ every time**. If you want success, you tell people what they want to hear (and certainly not what you really know). Most [organizations don’t want accurate forecasts](http://www.cato-unbound.org/2011/07/13/robin-hanson/who-cares-about-forecast-accuracy), and anyone who pushes them may appear to be accusing the current forecasters/managers of incompetence or inauthenticity (a career risk for you). Even [competent/authentic managers would want to preserve their administrative monopoly](http://www.overcomingbias.com/2015/05/elite-evaluator-rents.html). Gatekeepers have the ability to force all ideas (no matter their intrinsic merit) to go through them first, giving them complete control/ownership over any success that might follow.

#### Willful Ignorance / Overconfident Indifference

“Let sleeping dogs lie.”

--Proverb, 12th century

Ela: “I don’t want anything hidden.” …  
 Speaker: “… you may have trouble…, when you hear the whole story.”  
 **Ela: “I [already] know the whole story, as far as it can be known.”**

**Speaker: “That’s what everybody thinks, and nobody’s right.”**

--Speaker for the Dead, p. 159 (emphasis added)

Even honest and truth-oriented people can engage in censorship passively, or outright accidentally. Leaders are expected to confidently project a clear and consistent vision, so as to maximally unite a group of autonomous individuals into a coordinated team. Unity is easier if decisions are not questioned;[[4]](#footnote-4) and, often times, ‘what is decided’ is less relevant than ‘that someone decides’ (i.e. “Which side of the road should we drive on, left or right?”, or “What does this word mean?”).

We therefore evolved, both biologically and culturally, to defer to The Coordinator, and avoid selfless questions like “What should ***we*** do?”, “Who is most qualified to lead ***us***?”. Instead, we first ask ourselves selfish questions like “What will protect my interests?”, and, second, *pretend* to be selfless.

Over-obsessing with “Truth” (and not ‘coordination’), then, can feel [distasteful](http://www.washingtonpost.com/blogs/the-fix/post/mitt-romneys-10000-mistake/2011/12/11/gIQA9aEQpO_blog.html) or even frightening[[5]](#footnote-5). PMs (and/or wagers[[6]](#footnote-6)) [often look bad](http://www.overcomingbias.com/2013/07/why-do-bets-look-bad.html) and can make people feel uncomfortable. **Ultimately, ‘targets of the truth-serum’ can** [**refuse to accept**](https://www.youtube.com/v/oalFAqPZm14?start=25&end=107&version=3&autoplay=1) **(or refuse to introduce) the bet in the first place, citing “preference” or “discomfort”.**

Yet, seeking permission *from the subject being questioned* is counterproductive: what reason have they to consent to this inconvenience? Even the innocent would refuse: no one ever believes that they need to reconsider (anyone with self-doubt would reconsider, all on their own, until it vanished). Without a *generally un-censorable* PM process, targets can even (justifiably) claim ‘special victimhood’.

This “passive censorship” is not limited to the individual scale. Nationally, defenseless PMs are consistently targets of [anticompetitive lobbying behavior on the part of casinos](http://youtu.be/6xkSPUj5ZgQ?t=5s). According to CFTC bureaucrats trying to [advance their political careers](http://dealbreaker.com/2012/11/now-you-cant-buy-your-crude-oil-futures-in-10-increments-on-intrade/), PMs are (not gambling, but instead) an [unregulated futures market](http://www.cftc.gov/PressRoom/PressReleases/pr6423-12)[[7]](#footnote-7). No relevant laws exist, and existing irrelevant laws are arbitrarily enforced, and abused for economic or political gain (at the expense of the public interest). Most famously, the ‘Policy Analysis Market’, which could have saved lives by providing the US government with reliable information about Middle East instability and terrorist attacks, triggered (apparently) the psychological bias known as “taboo tradeoffs” (where someone has a potential to benefit from an event which harms the group), creating an [onslaught](http://hanson.gmu.edu/PAMpress.pdf) of [uninformed](http://www.overcomingbias.com/2013/12/wyden-puff-piece-errors.html), [irrational](http://hanson.gmu.edu/innovations.pdf) outrage. Nothing in the public response made any sense, but a few US Senators could use it to make their political opponents look bad, and that’s enough to close down a life-saving project!

The situation will never improve. Overwhelming [academic and industry support](http://hanson.gmu.edu/promisepredmkt.pdf) is not enough. Even overwhelming public support would not be enough (were it ever obtained for an idea which is taboo, new, and difficult to explain). Economist Bryan Caplan [has remarked](http://econlog.econlib.org/archives/2009/03/what_does_the_b.html) that a bet is “a tax on hypocrisy”; would our current leaders really bring a tax upon themselves? Would you place the albatross of honesty on your own head, if you had to do it first and didn’t know if others would do the same?

## Counterparty Risk

#### A Losing Bet Inspires Dishonesty

Most practically, **if you make a bet with someone, you have to trust them to pay up.** Tradable-Predictions, defined as “assets with a definite future value based *solely* on their future accuracy” have never existed. Instead, the value of PM-Predictions depended substantially on the behavior of the counterparty (ie, the guy holding the money). You can’t “own” a prediction, only a paper claim to money held by the PM administrator.

The PM administrator has proven to be unambitious at best (accepting only a few bet-topics) and unreliable at worst (losing funds and/or going out of business, see Appendix). PM-admins rely on trust (as they hold their customer’s money) yet are prevented from accessing trust-forming institutions (law-enforcement, brands/advertising) because of their regulatory/legal/awareness challenges.

#### Bitcoin’s Weakness

Bitcoin operates independently of a nation’s legal framework, and might avoid closure or regulatory interference. If so, competing “Bitcoin InTrades” would appear to fulfill market demand. Such a service could use Bitcoin only as a medium of exchange, and do all of its accounting in (more stable) fiat.

Unfortunately, PMs require a way to store up money and pay it out based on a real world outcome, which implies trusting a third-party with your money. Use of supra-national Bitcoin would prevent the use of any legal guarantee (to justify this trust).

**Bitcoin is P2P software. It was not ever designed for *other people* to store your money; it was designed for *you* to store your own money.** The Bitcoin businesses that oppose this intent by holding customer funds (for example the currency exchanges) lose those funds regularly. Although businesses can prove their solvency, proof of future-solvency is impossible, and even solvent Bitcoin PM-businesses would be able to steal funds by trading on -and then reporting- incorrect prediction outcomes. This problem worsens with scale, as there is a bigger pot of money for hackers or insiders to steal.

# Can A Second Blockchain Solve These Problems?

To solve these problems, **I designed a blockchain which creates and manages prediction markets**. Although Bitcoin does not solve our PM problems, it demonstrates that a blockchain can provide **scalable, censorship-resistant, and trustless** solutions. Blockchain solutions also generate **efficiency** by cutting out middlemen and avoiding overhead costs (no brick-and-mortar, compliance, administration, etc.). They are **egalitarian and immortal.**

My design was able to solve a few other PM-problems as well. **Any user can create a market about anything**, removing the dual-requirement that a PM-administrator must not only be trustworthy, but also share your prediction-interests. Market scoring rule technology ensures that **trading volume is irrelevant**, and traders will always be able make a trade updating the price to their estimation (even if they are the only trader). Markets are not limited to two ‘Yes’/’No’ states, nor are they limited to one dimension. Finally, a custom algorithm, based on a game-theoretic application of weighted singular value decomposition, determines and sustains accurate reports about the market outcomes.

I hope you’re interested in helping me make world-class knowledge freely available to everyone, and allowing individuals to profit by contributing their personal experiences. To learn more about what I have to say, you could consult the following:

1. If you’d like to dive into the technical details of the PM blockchain, read [Truthcoin\_Whitepaper.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/Truthcoin_Whitepaper.pdf).
2. For trading, the PM Blockchain employs something called the Logarithmic Market Scoring Rule, which can be difficult to understand. I built an Excel spreadsheet demo of hypothetical trades in [LogMSR\_Demo.xlsx](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/LogMSR_Demo.xlsx) to help anyone interested.
3. PMs are easiest to understand in their simplest “Yes” / “No” form, where the price of “Yes” represents the probability of the event happening. However, PMs can easily be combined into more interesting types. File [2\_PM\_Types.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/2_PM_Types.pdf) discusses multi-state and multi-dimensional contracts in greater detail.
4. PMs can be used to build the optimal efficient forecast of the future. They aggregate all available information, prefer cheaper info sources to expensive ones, and discourage waste and redundancy. However, PMs can do much more than just predict the future. For a taste of some of these other possible applications, read [3\_PM\_Applications.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/3_PM_Applications.pdf) .
5. PMs can be difficult to understand. I have personally observed even professional forecasters making the same misinterpretations over and over again. Refer to [4\_PM\_Myths.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/4_PM_Myths.pdf) to avoid embarrassing yourself!
6. Market manipulation is a frequent subject of discussion in the PM world. If we are to trust PM-accuracy enough to use PM-estimates to inform our decisions, we have to consider how adversaries might strategically respond to such trust. In [5\_PM\_Manipulation.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/5_PM_Manipulation.pdf) I discuss the immunity all PMs have to naïve manipulations, and describe how the Blockchain PMs I designed have unique features which enable them to resist all manipulation attempts, and even profit from these attempts at the expense of the manipulator.
7. Some are concerned that PMs will encourage (or make it easier to finance) crimes such as assassinations. I respond to this concern in [6\_Crime\_Markets.pdf](https://github.com/psztorc/Truthcoin/raw/master/docs/6_Crime_Markets.pdf)

# Conclusion: The Second Revolution

For millennia, there was suffering and misery. Can you imagine a world without music, or eyeglasses, or DayQuil? Our ancestors wished they knew how to make those things. They wished they knew how to stay warm, prevent their teeth from falling out, and use the stars to navigate. They probably wondered what stars were. Despite having brains that were essentially the same as ours, no one in any occupation in any region of the world would see an answer to that question or countless others…they wouldn’t even see progress, any hope that these questions even *had* answers, until a very special time.

If the utopian Scientific Revolution (1543-1687) had a motto, it was arguably that of the Royal Society of London: “Nullius in Verba”, which implored individuals to “Take no one's word for it”. **Knowledge could not be received passively from an authority figure; it all had to be verified by personal experience**. It was an idea that would literally change the world.

Sadly, the world has only partly-changed. Most people still “take someone’s word” for their civic and scientific news, and most don’t even know how tell if knowledge was-or-was-not “verified by personal experience”. Those who do try to verify even a few claims are quickly overwhelmed by the massive amount of work required. Political think-tanks, for example, often reach opposite conclusions with equal vigor. However, there is only one *reality* experienced, and so only one *truth* (in the sense of “a global consensus of honest expectations”). Opposite expectations can’t both be true; what to do?

Another problem is that we often take our own “word” for things, when we shouldn’t. Modern social psychology reveals that man can [be](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Introspection_illusion) [very](http://www.overcomingbias.com/2010/03/homo-hipocritus.html) [hypocritical](ftp://ftp.gate.cnrs.fr/RePEc/2012/1216.pdf). Evolution produced [a creature designed](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_cognitive_biases) to [survive-first, think-later](http://www.amazon.com/Thinking-Fast-Slow-Daniel-Kahneman/dp/0374533555), and to behave and talk accordingly. Optical illusions, for example, help our eyes quickly process information that is nonetheless incorrect.

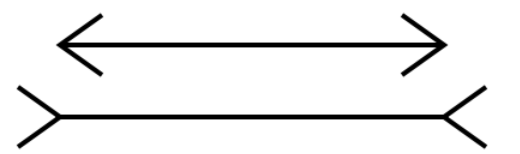


Figure 2. A classic optical illusion. Surprisingly, both horizontals are the same length. More importantly, **even after you verify this equality, you will continue to perceive the figure “wrongly”.** Self-awareness, if achieved, must be constantly maintained…we must always be skeptical of our beliefs.

When everyone pretends to know more than they do (to seem impressive or valuable) it can be hard for a first-mover to admit ignorance honestly. Unfortunately, this means that the informed people leave the conversation in frustration, while the oblivious brashly take center stage. Politicians do not need to obscure the truth, if citizens lose the original among a thousand imperfect copies.

**PMs allow any individual to examine the relationship between truth and experience as easily as checking the day’s stock prices**. Is global warming real, and will it ever affect my life? Check the markets on the likelihood of future temperatures, future sea levels, and future hurricane damages. Will a campaign promise be fulfilled? Will a new medical treatment really live up to its hype? More importantly, we can compare and contrast different potential-futures: Which political party is most likely to get us out of this war? Which FED policy is most likely to decrease future unemployment? Is our CEO really worth all of this money (what would happen to our stock price if we fired him)?

The printing press helped set the stage for first Scientific Revolution, but it took a new (and heretical) way of looking at information – Empiricism – to make *what was printed* have the impact that it did. Similarly, we today have the internet, drowning us in information-sources. *What is broadcast* is less useful than it would otherwise be if we could reliably combine Multiple Sources into One Truth. We need a new (and taboo) way of looking at information today! Viva la revolución!

# Appendix 1 – The PM Graveyard (vs BlockChain Immortality)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PM Operators – Unambitious and Short-Lived** | |
| **Name / Link** | **Status** |
| [economicderivatives.com](http://www.economicderivatives.com/) | **CLOSED**. Even the likes of [Goldman Sachs](http://www.gaebler.com/Economic-Derivatives.htm) could [not keep this one open](http://blogs.wsj.com/economics/2007/06/29/economics-derivatives-market-shutters/). |
| [intrade.com/v4/home/](http://www.intrade.com/v4/home/) | [CLOSED](http://marginalrevolution.com/marginalrevolution/2013/03/intrade-has-closed-down.html) following [problems with US regulatory compliance](http://www.cftc.gov/PressRoom/PressReleases/pr6423-12) in early 2013. |
| [tradesports.com](http://tradesports.com/) | **Sports** **only**, Closed Nov 2008/re-opened Jan 2013/Closed again/ [Now back](http://youtu.be/mCr4XD8TYYE). |
| [inklingmarkets.com](http://inklingmarkets.com/) | **Irrelevant:** **Private only**. Scope/pricing unknown. |
| [thewsx.com](http://www.thewsx.com/) | **CLOSED**. |
| [bizpredict.com](http://bizpredict.com/) | **CLOSED**. |
| [tippie.uiowa.edu/iem](http://tippie.uiowa.edu/iem/about/) | **Irrelevant:** Limits of $500, not anonymous, only 3 markets total. |
| [betfair.com](http://www.betfair.com/) | **Sports** **only**, Europe Only. |
| [newsfutures.com](http://newsfutures.com/) | **CLOSED**. Remnant absorbed into private consulting group. |
| nadex.com | [**CLOSED** by the CFTC](http://www.cftc.gov/PressRoom/PressReleases/pr6224-12) "[political futures are] contrary to the public interest” |
| [lumenogic.com](http://www.lumenogic.com/) | **Irrelevant:** **Private only**. Scope/pricing unknown. |
| [ideosphere.com](http://ideosphere.com/) | **Irrelevant:** Play-Money only (not “markets”). |
| [policyanalysismarket.com](http://www.policyanalysismarket.com/) | **CLOSED** [in a single day](http://www.newyorker.com/reporting/2013/12/16/131216fa_fact_lizza?currentPage=all) by [ignorance](http://hanson.gmu.edu/PAMpress.pdf). |
| sandhill.exchange | [**CLOSED** by the SEC](http://forum.truthcoin.info/index.php/topic,192.0.html) while in testing phase. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bitcoin Betting “Solutions” – A Point of Failure (that Worsens with Scale)** | |
| **Name / Link** | **Status** |
| [BitBet](https://bitbet.us/) | Alive and well, for now. Hosts <50 bets at a time, (imperfectly-dynamic) pari-mutuel, volume typically <$5,000 per bet, BTC accounting, 1% fee. |
| [BTC Sports Bet](http://www.sportsbookreview.com/sbr-news/btcsportsbet-bitcoin-sportsbook-steals-6-700-winnings-6082/) | Very old, yet apparently untrustworthy. |
| [BetsOfBitcoin](http://www.reddit.com/r/BetsOfBitcoin/) | Also old, yet closed after [mysterious involvement with a BFL scam](https://bitcointalk.org/index.php?topic=165509.0). [Funds stolen or missing](http://www.reddit.com/r/Bitcoin/comments/211yss/betsofbitcoin_down_probably_stolen_users_coins/). |
| [Predictious](https://www.predictious.com/politics/us-senate-elections-2014/republicans) | Volume: 130 shares ( \* 10/1 \* 1/1000 \* 500/1 = $650, or pitifully low). Users do not trust. |
| [bitcointalk Gambling Summary](https://bitcointalk.org/index.php?topic=581982.0) | Post about Bitcoin gambling insolvency (over 24 websites closed). |

Roughly [half of Bitcoin exchanges fail](http://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-3-642-39884-1_3#page-1). Small exchanges close and large exchanges are hacked, as I argued above. This research was pre-MtGox-failure, a failure that itself resulted in the loss of 6% of the circulating Bitcoin money supply.

Other Notes:

[History of US Election Wagering](http://www.unc.edu/~cigar/papers/PoP_submit4.pdf)  
[History of UK Insurance and Gambling Law](http://www.lehman.edu/academics/arts-humanities/history/documents/14.pdf)

History of US Life Insurance

[Banned by most churches (as “immoral”)](https://books.google.com/books?id=-fYQjwmOafoC&pg=PA115&lpg=PA115&dq=christianity+and+life+insurance+in+the+1800s&source=bl&ots=OI6JjpBnAl&sig=HWZFoiBAB5Rp7YMvbT78fpNNbd0&hl=en&sa=X&ved=0CDIQ6AEwBGoVChMI__Om8p_IyAIVQ1k-Ch3tDQX2#v=onepage&q=christianity%20and%20life%20insurance%20in%20the%201800s&f=false)

[Steadily (and safely) deregulating itself.](http://www.forc.org/pdfs/vol17-ed1-art4.pdf)

[List of Official US State-Sponsored Lotteries](http://www.fraudaid.com/scamspam/lottery/US_lottery_websites.htm)

1. Or any amount…call this “the unit price”. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Note that a] Maher himself seems more interested in allying the more-popular guest than in learning the science (a psychological/social barrier to truth which PMs aim to overcome), b] the formation of the bet (‘the experiment’) represents a clear/measureable outcome on which individuals have literally agreed to disagree (they are not open to persuasion), and c] the micro-debate terminates with mutual respect. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Although [the average American watches several hours of television per day](http://www.bls.gov/news.release/atus.nr0.htm), even [the most popular cable news show never achieved a weekly viewership of even 1% of the US population](http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2014/01/02/2013-cable-news-ratings-msnbc-cnn_n_4532020.html). Although [a large percentage of people claim (in surveys) to watch C-SPAN](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/C-SPAN#Audience), these claims are not supported by (for example) Alexis rankings (foxnews.com, cnn.com, and c-span.org, rank 39th, 15th, and 8120th respectively). Of hundreds of acquaintances, I know of only one regular C-SPAN viewer (who is, regrettably, too old to change his mind about anything). [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Compare the modern armed forces to the modern university. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. “The idea that the expert human mind could be outclassed by a bunch of amateurs getting together is very disturbing, as disturbing as saying the Earth is not the center of the solar system.” -[Emile Servan-Schreiber](http://www.buzzfeed.com/andrewrice/the-fall-of-intrade-and-the-business-of-betting-on-real-life#superlist_3024458_2486371) [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. PMs are bets where the “odds” change continuously, and are set by market forces instead of bookkeepers. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. InTrade was an Irish, not US, company. [↑](#footnote-ref-7)