Configuration guide

# Introduction

This document helps configuring each installed component for use with Snow Owl Server.

# **Components**

# **Operating system**

Install system-config-firewall-tui:

```
# yum install dbus dbus-python system-config-firewall-tui
# reboot
```

Using the text-based UI, enable these Trusted Services:

SSH

For remote administration of the server

WWW (HTTP)

For accessing Bugzilla's SOAP API and web-based UI

Also open access to the following ports:

8080/TCP

Used by Snow Owl Server's REST API

2036/TCP

Used by the Net4J binary protocol connecting Snow Owl clients to the server

11389/TCP

Used by the LDAP server

## Database server software

Edit /etc/my.cnf to adjust settings for the MySQL server. Recommended settings are shown below, but there are lots of additional tunable settings to choose from depending on the hardware configuration used; please see <a href="https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/server-system-variables.html">https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/server-system-variables.html</a> for the full set of system variables.

/etc/my.cnf

```
#
# The following options will be read by MySQL client applications.
# Note that only client applications shipped by MySQL are guaranteed
# to read this section. If you want your own MySQL client program to
# honor these values, you need to specify it as an option during the
```

```
# MySQL client library initialization.
#
[client]
socket = /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
[mysqld]
# Remove leading # and set to the amount of RAM for the most important data
# cache in MySQL. Start at 70% of total RAM for dedicated server, else 10%.
innodb_buffer_pool_size = 56
# Size of each log file in a log group. You should set the combined size
# of log files to about 25%-100% of your buffer pool size to avoid
# unneeded buffer pool flush activity on log file overwrite. However,
# note that a larger logfile size will increase the time needed for the
# recovery process.
innodb_log_file_size = 16
# Total number of files in the log group. A value of 2-3 is usually good
# enough.
innodb_log_files_in_group = 3
# Remove leading # to turn on a very important data integrity option: logging
# changes to the binary log between backups.
# log_bin
# These are commonly set, remove the # and set as required.
# basedir = .....
# datadir = .....
# port = .....
# server_id = .....
socket = /var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock
# Remove leading # to set options mainly useful for reporting servers.
# The server defaults are faster for transactions and fast SELECTs.
# Adjust sizes as needed, experiment to find the optimal values.
# join_buffer_size = 128M
# sort buffer size = 2M
# read_rnd_buffer_size = 2M
sql mode=NO ENGINE SUBSTITUTION, STRICT TRANS TABLES
# Minimum word length to be indexed by the full text search index.
# You might wish to decrease it if you need to search for shorter words.
# Note that you need to rebuild your FULLTEXT index, after you have
# modified this value.
ft_min_word_len = 2
# The maximum size of a query packet the server can handle as well as
# maximum query size server can process (Important when working with
# large BLOBs). enlarged dynamically, for each connection.
```

```
max_allowed_packet = 16M

# Disabling symbolic-links is recommended to prevent assorted security risks
symbolic-links=0

collation-server=utf8_unicode_ci
character-set-server=utf8

lower_case_table_names=1
transaction-isolation=READ-COMMITTED

[mysqldump]
# Do not buffer the whole result set in memory before writing it to
# file. Required for dumping very large tables
quick
max_allowed_packet = 16M
```

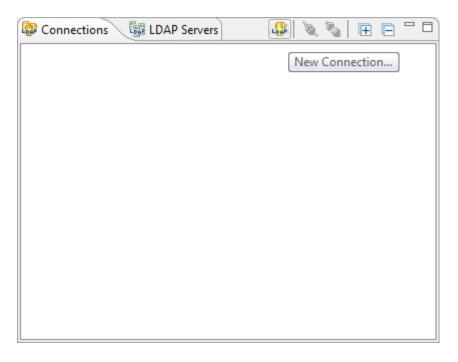
Restart the mysql service to make sure changes are picked up:

```
# service mysqld restart
Stopping mysqld: [ OK ]
Starting mysqld: [ OK ]
```

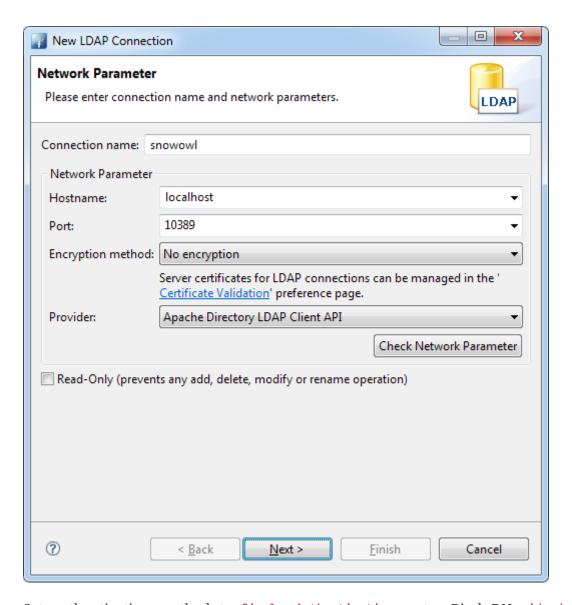
## **LDAP**

## Setting up a connection from Apache Directory Studio

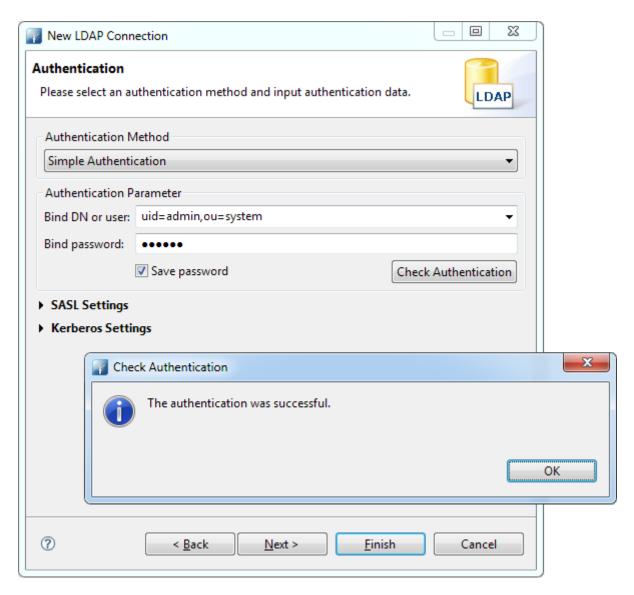
Open Apache Directory Studio, create a new connection using the first button on the "Connections" toolbar:



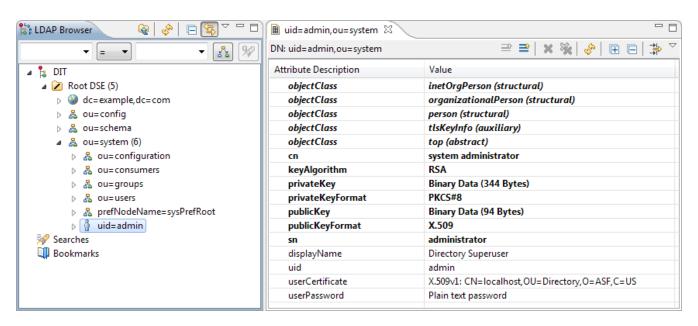
Enter connection name, hostname, and port, then hit Next > to go to the next page in the wizard:



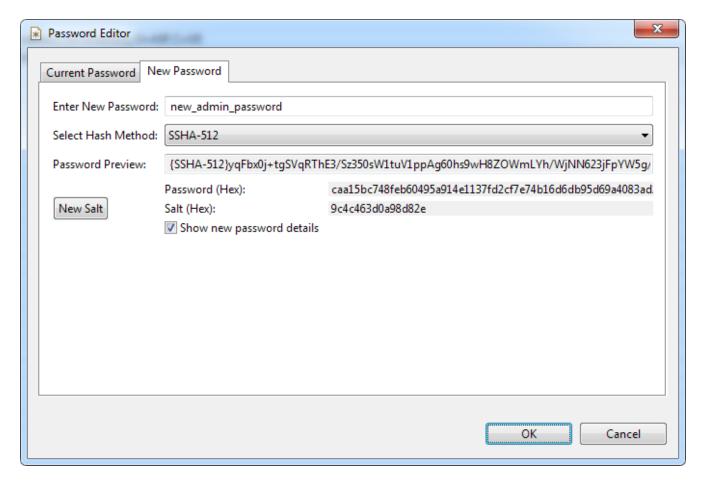
Set authentication method to Simple Authentication, enter Bind DN uid=admin,ou=system and password secret. Click Check Authentication to make sure the values are accepted, then dismiss the wizard with Finish:



After connecting, you are advised to change the default password for user system. In order to do so, expand node ou=system and select the person admin. The editor will now display related user information:



Double click on userPassword to open the password change dialog, select SSHA-512 as the hash method. To see the new password as it is being entered, check Show next password details:

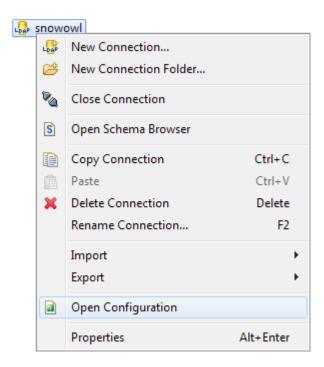


To see if the password was changed successfully:

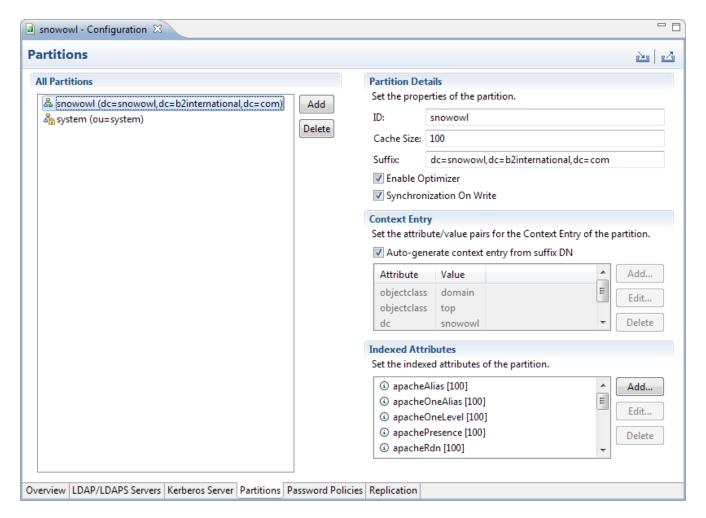
- Close the connection using the third button on the lower left toolbar named Close Connection,
- Right-click the item representing the connection to open its properties with the context menu item at the bottom,
- Change the previously entered default bind password to the updated value on the Authentication tab,
- Re-connect to the server using Open Connection.

### Creating a partition for Snow Owl Server

Right-click on the item representing the connection, and select "Open Configuration":



An editor opens with the server configuration; select the Partitions tab. An examples partition is added by default, which should be removed. Add a new partition named snowowl and fill out the details (ID and suffix):



Save the editor and restart the server to apply changes in partitions.

```
# service apacheds-2.0.0_M12-default restart
Stopping ApacheDS - default...
Stopped ApacheDS - default.
Starting ApacheDS - default...
```

### **Using LDIF dumps**

B2i provided LDAP packages include the following content:

schema.ldif

LDAP schema to use for authorization (contains definitions for permissionId and role)

permissions.ldif

All available permissions in the system

roles.ldif

All available roles in the system

pm.ldif

Maps permissions to roles

update.sh

An update script using ldapmodify and ldapadd commands against a running LDAP instance to update it based on the files above

Optionally the assembly can contain two additional files:

users.ldif

All users available in the system

rm.ldif

Maps roles to users in the system

The update script will also make use of these files if any of them exist.

Install the openIdap-clients first to make use of the script:

```
# yum install openIdap-clients
```

Before updating the LDAP server, it is advised to shut down the service, and create a backup from the contents of folder /var/lib/apacheds-2.0.0\_M12/default, so it can be restored easily if the script fails.

Restart the server, then create a new ldif-<version> folder and unzip the contents of the LDIF archive into this folder. Finally, execute the script to update the contents of LDAP:

```
# chmod u+x update.sh

# ./update.sh
Not specified LDAP URI parameter, using ldap://localhost:10389
adding new entry "cn=permission, ou=schema"
adding new entry "ou=attributeTypes, cn=permission, ou=schema"
...
modifying entry...
```

In case an error occurs, the executed command and the error response will be displayed. Errors will also be logged to a {file\_name}.errors file, where the {file\_name} refers to the file being processed (eg. permissions.errors).

When executing the script it is possible to get the following errors:

- ERR\_250\_ALREADY\_EXISTS (or any synonym of ALREADY\_EXISTS)
- ERR\_54 Cannot add a value which is already present : snomed:compare:automap
- ERR\_335 Oid 2.25.128424792425578037463837247958458780603.1 for new schema entity is not unique

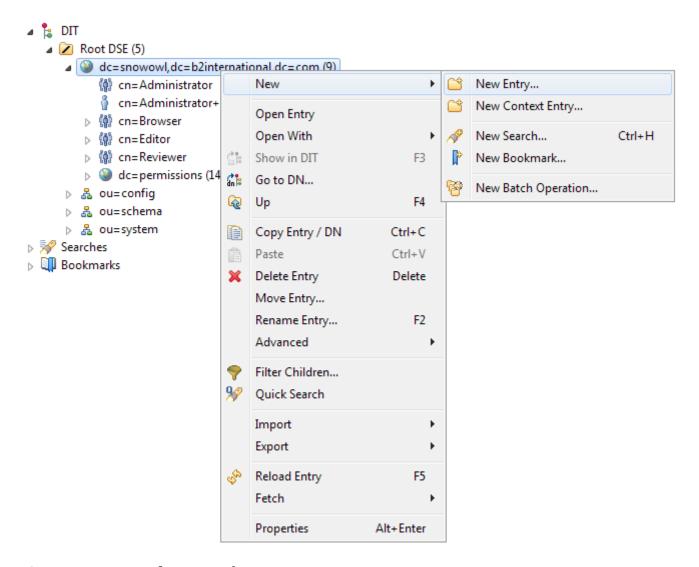
This is expected as most of the time the LDAP instance will already contain an existing definition of some entries and/or schema entities. If you notice other errors (either during script execution or when using the LDAP), roll back your instance to a previous state from a backup.

By default the update script will execute against the LDAP instance running locally at ldap://localhost:10389; if you'd like to run the script against a remote LDAP server (or the LDAP is listening on a different port), you can do it by specifying the LDAP\_URI parameter:

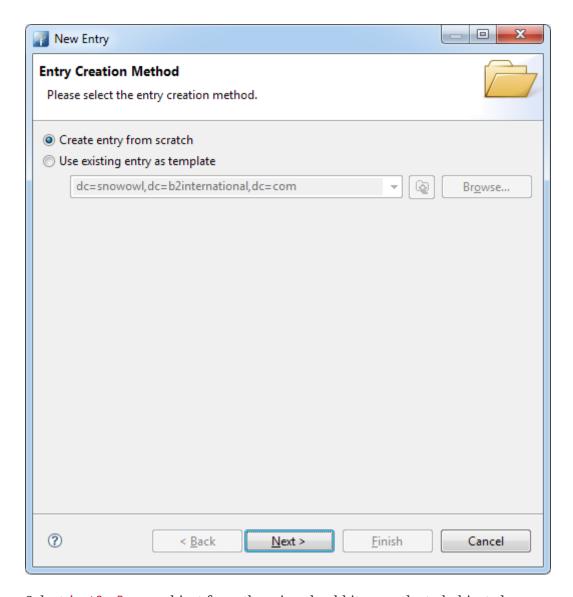
```
# ./update.sh ldap://<host>:<port>
```

## Creating a new user from Directory Studio

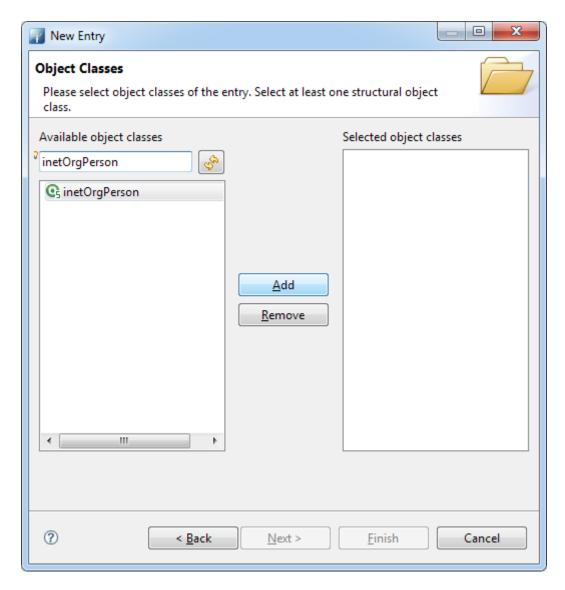
Go to LDAP Browser view, right click on the Domain component (DC) and add new entry via New > New entry:



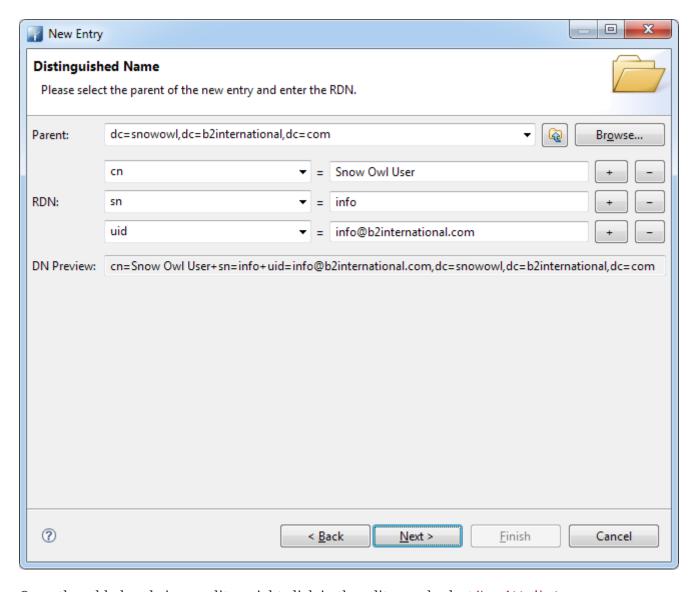
Create a new entry from scratch:



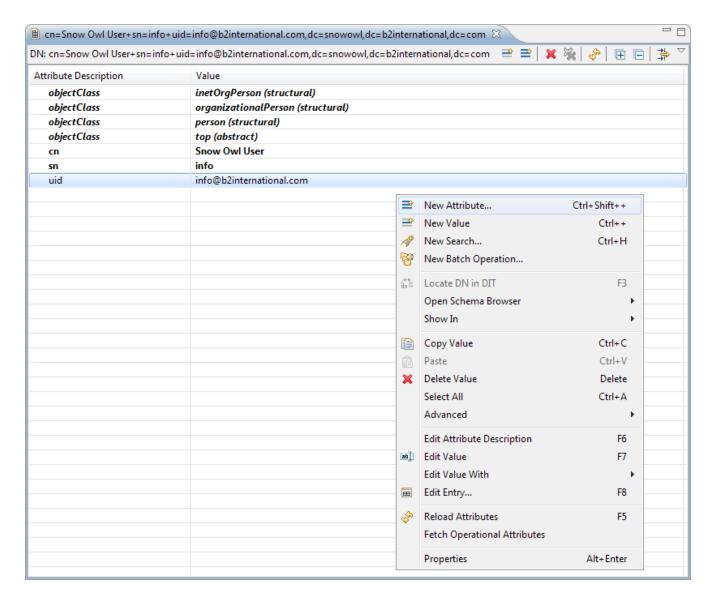
Select inetOrgPreson object from the wizard, add it as a selected object class:



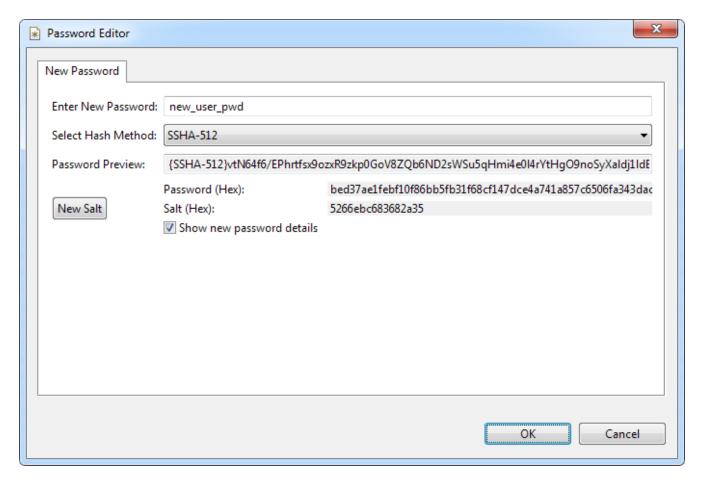
Configure the Relative Distinguished Name (RDN). Specify the common name (CN), surname (SN) and unique ID (uid):



Open the added node in an editor, right click in the editor and select New Attribute:

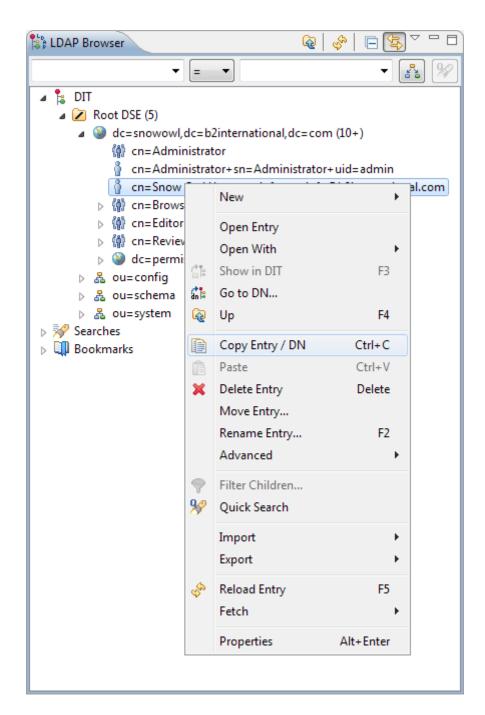


Select userPassword attribute, click Finish, then enter user password in the Password Editor dialog:

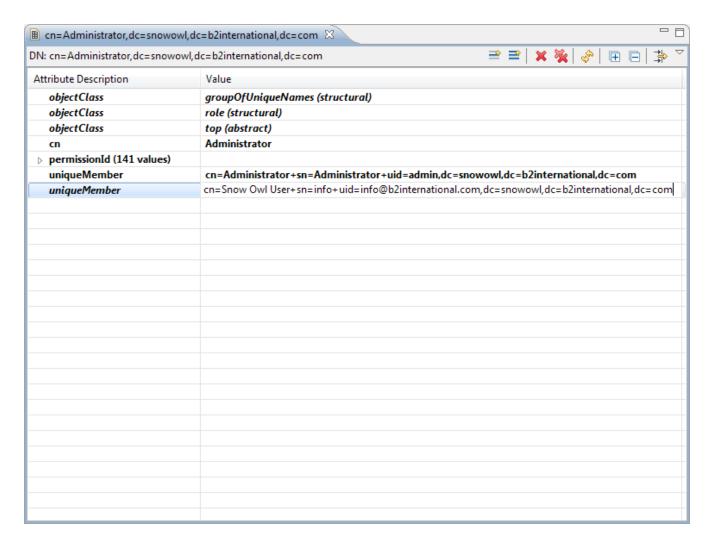


Finally, add a uniqueMember attribute to the Administrator group.

Select the new user's node in the tree, right click and select Copy Entry / DN:



Right click the uniqueMember attribute of the Administrator node, select New Value and paste the previously copied DN of the new user as the value:



The operation takes place after pressing Enter or removing the focus from the edited field.

# **Task Tracking**

## Finishing the installation

Create a MySQL user for Bugzilla using the command-line client:

1 Replace bugzilla\_pwd with a generated password

Return to folder /var/www/html/bugzilla and edit localconfig to reflect the DB user name and password changes:

```
# Enter your database password here. It's normally advisable to specify
# a password for your bugzilla database user.
# If you use apostrophe (') or a backslash (\) in your password, you'll
# need to escape it by preceding it with a '\' character. (\') or (\)
# (Far simpler just not to use those characters.)
$db_pass = 'bugzilla_pwd';
```

Apply the following patch on /var/www/html/bugzilla/Bugzilla/DB/Mysql.pm to make Bugzilla work with MySQL 5.6:

#### Mysql.pm.patch

```
--- Mysql.pm.old
                        2015-07-23 22:07:27.797000043 +0200
                2015-07-23 22:10:49.373999897 +0200
+++ Mysql.pm
@@ -309,8 +309,8 @@
     # works if InnoDB is off. (Particularly if we've already converted the
     # tables to InnoDB.)
     my ($innodb_on) = @{$self->selectcol_arrayref(
         q{SHOW VARIABLES LIKE '%have_innodb%'}, {Columns=>[2]})};
     if ($innodb_on ne 'YES') {
         q{SHOW ENGINES}, {Columns=>[2]})};
+
     if ($innodb_on ne 'YES' && $innodb_on ne 'DEFAULT') {
         print <<EOT;</pre>
 InnoDB is disabled in your MySQL installation.
 Bugzilla requires InnoDB to be enabled.
```

Finally, run ./checksetup.pl again. Bugzilla should be reachable at http://localhost/bugzilla after configuration is completed. Details of the administrator user will be requested at the end of the process:

```
Adding a new user setting called 'per_bug_queries'
Adding a new user setting called 'zoom_textareas'
Adding a new user setting called 'csv_colsepchar'
Adding a new user setting called 'state_addselfcc'
Adding a new user setting called 'comment_sort_order'
Adding a new user setting called 'display_quips'
Looks like we don't have an administrator set up yet. Either this is
your first time using Bugzilla, or your administrator's privileges
might have accidentally been deleted.
Enter the e-mail address of the administrator: info@b2international.com ①
Enter the real name of the administrator: Administrator 2
Enter a password for the administrator account: 3
Please retype the password to verify:
info@b2international.com is now set up as an administrator.
Creating initial dummy product 'TestProduct'...
Now that you have installed Bugzilla, you should visit the 'Parameters'
page (linked in the footer of the Administrator account) to ensure it
is set up as you wish - this includes setting the 'urlbase' option to
the correct URL.
```

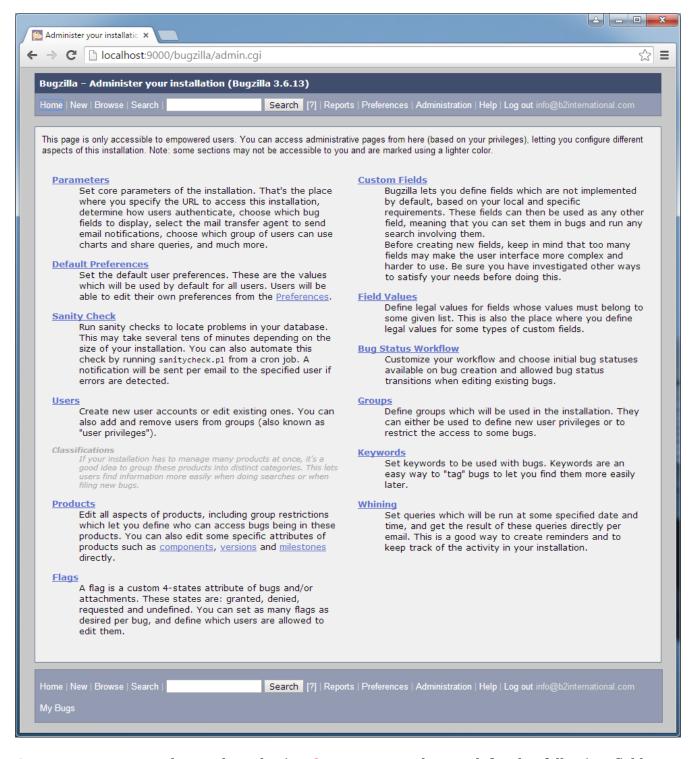
- ① Enter the e-mail address of the administrator user
- 2 Add a display name for the Bugzilla administrator
- 3 Enter the password of the administrator user

Once Bugzilla has created its table structure, you can increase the maximum table size by executing the following commands:

## Administration of Bugzilla

See http://www.bugzilla.org/docs/3.6/en/html/administration.html for a comprehensive list of administrative tasks and options.

After logging in with an account that has administrative privileges, click the Administration link on the top. The general administrative page will appear as shown below:



Core parameters can be set by selecting Parameters on the top left. The following fields are recommended to be adjusted:

#### **Required Settings**

#### urlbase

Set to the the common leading part of all URLs which are related to Bugzilla (ex.: http://server.domain/bugzilla/)

#### cookiepath

The common path segment of the URL under which Bugzilla cookies are allowed to be read; as noted in the description above the field, its value should begin with '/' (ex.: /bugzilla/)

#### General

#### maintainer

The email address entered here is shown on various pages in Bugzilla where contacting the administrator is suggested

#### **User Authentication**

#### requirelogin

Set to On if you want to limit access to registered users only (disabling anonymous browsing of bugs)

#### emailregexp and emailregexpdesc

Depending on requirements, the administrator may limit login names to values that are not actual email addresses. In this case, set the fields as suggested in the description above, ie. ^[^@]+ and Local usernames, no @ allowed.

#### createemailregexp

to disable user-initiated registration (requiring the administrator to create each user account by hand), clear the field's contents

emailregexp  This defines the regexp to use for legal email addresses. The default tries to match fully qualified email addresses. Another popular value to put here is ^[^@]+, which means 'local usernames, no @ allowed.'
^[^@]+
Reset
emailregexpdesc  This describes in English words what kinds of legal addresses are allowed by the emailregexp param.
Only local usernames, no @ allowed.
Reset

#### **Attachments**

#### maxattachmentsize

The maximum size in kilobytes for attachments. Change it to 10240 (10 MB)

#### **Dependency Graphs**

#### webdotbase

To disable relying on an external service for rendering dependency graphs of issues (as populated by default), clear the field's contents

#### **Email**

#### mail\_delivery\_method

If an SMTP server is available, configure its address and authentication properties below; otherwise, set this value to None to disable sending mail altogether

#### smtpserver

Clear the field's contents if no SMTP server is used

#### whinedays

Set to 0 if mail delivery is not enabled and/or there's no need to send users regular notifications about their assigned bugs which remained in NEW state

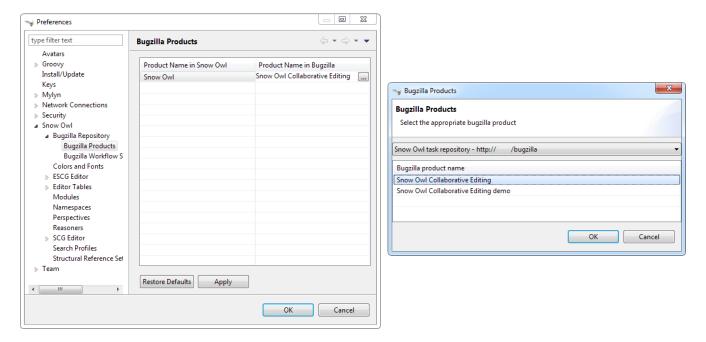
#### use-mailer-queue

When set to On, e-mails are sent asynchronously; to use this feature, the jobqueue.pl daemon needs to be started. For more information on this topic, please see http://www.bugzilla.org/docs/3.6/en/html/api/jobqueue.html.

### **Product setup**

Bugzilla tracks the authoring aspects of Snow Owl clients in multiple products. Per-product configuration is shown in the following parts of the guide.

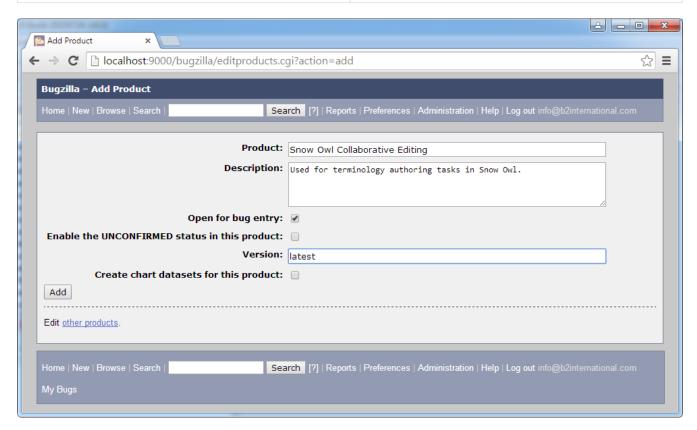
Opening the preference page Snow Owl > Bugzilla Products displays the supported products in the client and their corresponding product names in Bugzilla. If you have different product names added in the issue tracker, you have to adjust the product name as shown in the image. Make sure to press Enter or click in the table to apply the change in the field before hitting Apply or OK to apply the changes. Products which are not handled by contributed task editors are displayed with an empty context view only:

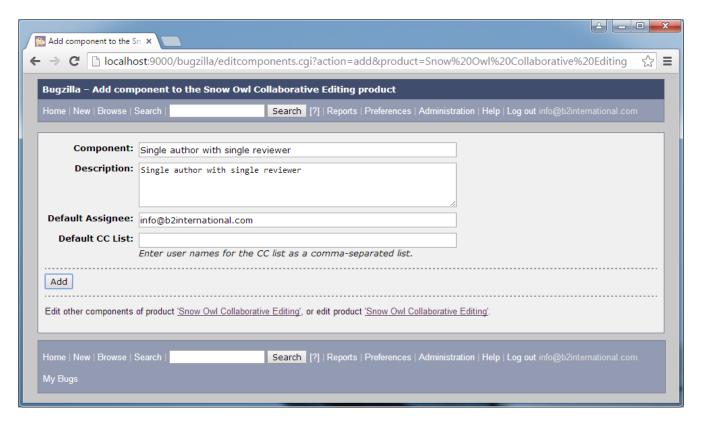


To match the default value set in client preferences, create a product called Snow Owl Collaborative Editing by clicking Products on Bugzilla's administration page. Add a description, optionally set a version to discern individual releases, and keep Open for bug entry checked to allow users to file

issues under this product. After creating the product, a warning will be issued by Bugzilla to create a component as well. Add the following components with the Component, Component description and Default assignee fields populated:

Component name	Description
Single author with single reviewer	Single author with single reviewer
Dual authors with single reviewer – Dual authoring	Dual authors with single reviewer – Dual authoring
Dual authors with single reviewer – Dual blind authoring	Dual authors with single reviewer – Dual blind authoring
Dual authors with dual reviewers – Dual authoring	Dual authors with dual reviewers – Dual authoring
Dual authors with dual reviewers – Dual blind authoring	Dual authors with dual reviewers – Dual blind authoring





Add custom fields through the web interface (Administration > Custom fields):

Field name	Description	Sortkey	Туре	Editable on Bug Creation	In Bugmail on Bug Creation
cf_artifacttype	Task artifact type	400	Free Text	true	false
cf_author_one	Author one	410	Free Text	true	true
cf_author_two	Author two	420	Free Text	true	true
cf_reviewer_on e	Reviewer one	430	Free Text	true	true
cf_reviewer_tw o	Reviewer two	440	Free Text	true	true
cf_adjudicator	Adjudicator	450	Free Text	true	true
cf_artifact_pro perties_source	Properties source	991	Free Text	true	false
cf_mappingset_ id	Mapping set ID	992	Free Text	true	false
cf_valueset_id	Value domain ID	993	Free Text	true	false
cf_is_promoted	Promoted	995	Free Text	true	false
cf_parent_refse t_map_target_c omponent_type	map target	996	Free Text	true	false

Field name	Description	Sortkey	Туре	Editable on Bug Creation	In Bugmail on Bug Creation
cf_parent_refse t_referenced_c omponent_type	referenced	997	Free Text	true	false
cf_parent_refse t_identifiercon cept_id		998	Free Text	true	false
cf_refset_identi fierconcept_id	Reference set identifier concept	999	Free Text	true	false

### **Authentication against LDAP**

Bugzilla is capable to authenticate against the external LDAP server which Snow Owl Server will use. Setting it up requires the following steps to be taken:

• Go to Administration > Parameters > LDAP and populate the following fields:

#### LDAPserver

hostname:port pair for contacting the server, eg. localhost:10389

#### **LDAPBaseDN**

set to dc=snowowl,dc=b2international,dc=com

#### **LDAPuidattribute**

set to uid

#### LDAPmailattribute

set to uid

- Click Save Changes to apply changes
- Go to Administration > Parameters > User Authentication, scroll down to user\_verify\_class and make LDAP the top-most item
- Click Save Changes to finish

To test, click the Log Out link at the top and try to log in with your bugzilla username and LDAP password. If it was successful, you should see bugzilla's landing page. If you see an error message about not able to connect to the LDAP server, then run the following command as root:

```
# setsebool -P httpd_can_network_connect on
```

This will allow Apache to make network connections.

If LDAP is still not working and you are being locked out from bugzilla, you can change back bugzilla to use its internal database for authentication, instead of LDAP. To do so, edit /var/www/html/bugzilla/data/params, deleting LDAP from the user\_verify\_class entry:

/var/www/html/bugzilla/data/params

```
...
'user_verify_class' => 'DB',
...
```

If users are already entered in the LDAP server, it is important to synchronize Bugzilla's user database to contents of LDAP so tasks can be assigned to all users. Run the following script to perform synchronization:

```
# cd /var/www/html/bugzilla
# ./contrib/syncLDAP.pl
```

For general questions and documentation, please refer to chapter 3.1.10. LDAP Authentication in the documentation: http://www.bugzilla.org/docs/3.6/en/html/parameters.html.

# **Snow Owl Server**

### **DB** connection

Create a MySQL user for the Snow Owl Server by connecting to the DBMS via the console:

```
$ mysql -u root -p
Enter password: root_pwd ①

mysql> CREATE USER 'snowowl'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'snowowl_pwd'; ②
```

- 1 Replace root\_pwd with the password for the root user in MySQL
- 2 Replace snowowl\_pwd with a generated password for the snowowl user in MySQL

Save the following shell script to an executable file to create databases and grant privileges for user snowowl:

snowowl\_create\_db.sh

```
Unresolved directive in configuration_guide.adoc -
include::scripts/snowowl_create_db.sh[]
```

B2i provided MySQL dumps (if present) can be found in /opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/resources/\*.sql files after unpacking the installation archive. To load terminology data, save and execute the following script:

```
Unresolved directive in configuration_guide.adoc -
include::scripts/snowowl_load_db.sh[]
```

Update snowowl\_config.yml to use LDAP authentication and set the MySQL password for snowowl, created earlier:

```
repository:
...

database:
...
username: snowowl
password: snowowl 1
```

① Update MySQL username and password, if neccessary

# File Authentication

To use file based authentication, configure the auth property to PROP\_FILE and the fileAuth configuration object to the desired username/password in the snowowl\_config.yml file.

WARNING

Building Snow Owl produces a ready to use, deployable package with the default passwords (fileAuth and database properties) configured. Usage of the default password configuration is not recommended in production environments.

## LDAP Authentication

To use the configured LDAP instance, adjust snowowl\_jaas\_configuration.properties to include the host name of the LDAP server and the LDAP administrator password:

/opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/configuration/snowowl\_jaas\_configuration.properties

```
LDAP {
    org.eclipse.equinox.security.auth.module.ExtensionLoginModule required
        extensionId="com.b2international.snowowl.authentication.ldap.ldapLoginModule"
        ...
        userProvider="ldap://<ldap_host>:10389/" ①
        usePool=false
        snowOwlBase="dc=snowowl,dc=b2international,dc=com"
        bindDnUser="uid=admin,ou=system"
        bindDnPassword="secret" ②
        ...
};
```

- 1 Replace < ldap\_host > with the host name of the LDAP server to connect to
- 2 Replace secret with the LDAP administrator's password

# **Memory settings**

Heap size used by Snow Owl can be adjusted in dmk.sh; look for the following seciton:

```
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS \
-Xms8g \
-Xmx10g \
-XX:MaxPermSize=512m \
```

Xms sets the minimum heap size, Xmx sets the maximum heap size, and XX:MaxPermsize sets the PermGen space used by the JVM.

# **OSGi** console

The OSGi console can be accessed both via ssh and telnet. Configuration settings to for remote access can be found in osgi.console.properties. The default settings are:

/opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/repository/ext/osgi.console.properties

```
telnet.enabled=true
telnet.port=2501
telnet.host=localhost
ssh.enabled=true
ssh.port=2502
ssh.host=localhost
```

Further information on how to enable/disable the OSGi console can be found here: http://www.eclipse.org/virgo/documentation/virgo-documentation-3.6.1.RELEASE/docs/virgo-user-guide/html/ch08.html.

For opening a telnet connection to the server, type:

```
$ telnet localhost 2501
Trying ::1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
osgi>
```

# **Web Server Configuration**

Snow Owl Server uses Tomcat as its built-in web server for administrative and RESTful services. The configuration settings for the web server can be found in tomcat-server.xml. Detailed

information on configuring the different elements can be found here: http://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-7.0-doc/config/index.html. The most important settings are the port numbers for HTTP and HTTPS protocols:

/opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/configuration/tomcat-server.xml

# Web Server Administrative Console application

The Admin Console is a web application for managing the Virgo Server instance powering Snow Owl Server. The default location of the admin console is at <a href="http://localhost:8080/admin">http://localhost:8080/admin</a>.

The Admin Console is a password-protected page; to configure users allowed to access the Admin Console, change settings in file org.eclipse.virgo.kernel.users.properties. The username-password pair configured by default is user=admin, pwd=adminpwd:

/opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/configuration/org.eclipse.virgo.kernel.users.properties

More information on administrative user access control can be found on the following pages: http://www.eclipse.org/virgo/documentation/virgo-documentation-3.6.1.RELEASE/docs/virgo-user-guide/html/ch09.html and http://www.eclipse.org/virgo/documentation/virgo-documentation-3.6.0.M04/docs/virgo-user-guide/html/ch13s06.html#configuring-authentication.

# **Configuration reference**

Snow Owl Server comes with a predefined default configuration file, which can be used to tweak various system parameters. The configuration file is in YAML format, and located at /opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/snowowl\_config.yml. You can read more about how to create/write such files here: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/YAML.

The configuration file has a hierarchical structure, which is defined by modules. Different modules can have different configurations, a module is defined by its name, which should start a line in the file. Configuration parameters in a module should be indented by two spaces following the module's name.

The next section contains the reference of our currently supported configuration parameters. Each parameter should be present in a module configuration as described above.

Snow Owl Server refuses to start if the configuration file contains syntactical or structural errors. The cause of the problem can be found in the <code>log.log</code> file, or in the console if you've redirected the output of the server's startup process.

### Authentication

Name	Default	Description
type	LDAP	PROP_FILE, LDAP - choose which type of authentication method you want. NOTE: PROP_FILE is supported on standalone environments only.

authentication:
 type: PROP\_FILE

## Repository

Name	Default	Description
host	0.0.0.0	The host name to bind to.
port	2036	The port of the chosen network interface to use when listening for connections.
numberOfWorkers	3 x NumberOfCores	The number of worker threads to assign to a repository during initialization.
revisionCache	true	Enable CDO revision cache to keep data returned from the database.
readerPoolCapacity	7	The capacity of the reader pool associated with the SNOMED CT store.
writerPoolCapacity	3	The capacity of the writer pool associated with the SNOMED CT store.

repository:
host: 0.0.0.0

port: 2036

## **Database**

Name	Default	Description
directory	store	The directory of the embedded database inside the global resources folder where the application should look for the database files by default (if no location parameter is given).
type	h2	The type of the database adapter to use when connecting to the database.
driverClass	org.h2.Driver	The fully qualified name of the driver's Java class to use when connecting to the database.
datasourceClass	org.h2.jdbcx.JdbcDataSource	The fully qualified name of the datasource's Java class to use when connecting to the database.
scheme	jdbc:h2:	The scheme to use when connecting to the database.
location		The location of the database when connecting to it. If not set then in embedded mode the default directory parameter will be used as location.
username		The username of the database user to use when connecting to the database.
password		The password of the database user to use when connecting to the database.
settings		Other database specific JDBC settings to use when connecting to the database.

repository: database:

directory: store

type: h2

username: admin password: admin

### Index

Name	Default	Description
commitInterval	15000	The hard commit interval of an index in milliseconds.
translogSyncInterval	5000	The sync interval of the transaction log in milliseconds.
queryWarnThreshold	400	The threshold of the warn log when querying data.
queryInfoThreshold	300	The threshold of the info log when querying data.
queryDebugThreshold	100	The threshold of the debug log when querying data.
queryTraceThreshold	50	The threshold of the trace log when querying data.
fetchWarnThreshold	200	The threshold of the warn log when fetching data.
fetchInfoThreshold	100	The threshold of the info log when fetching data.
fetchDebugThreshold	50	The threshold of the debug log when fetching data.
fetchTraceThreshold	10	The threshold of the trace log when fetching data.

repository:
 index:

commitInterval: 5000

translogSyncInterval: 1000 queryWarnThreshold: 400 fetchInfoThreshold: 100

#### **RPC**

RPC is a custom protocol implementation used to solve request-response based communication between a client and a server.

#### NOTE

Changing these settings is not recommended and currently unsupported in production environments.

Name	Default	Description
logging	false	true, false, ON, OFF - enable or disable verbose logging during RPC communication
compressed	false	true, false, ON, OFF - enable or disable GZIP compression of the communication.

rpc:

logging: true compressed: false

### **Metrics**

Snow Owl can measure and report execution times (and other metrics in the future) of executed requests.

Name	Default	Description
enabled	true	true, false, ON, OFF - enable or disable metrics in the application

### **SNOMED CT**

Configuration of SNOMED CT terminology services.

Name	Default	Description
readerPoolCapacity	7	The capacity of the reader pool associated with the SNOMED CT store.
writerPoolCapacity	3	The capacity of the writer pool associated with the SNOMED CT store.
language	en-gb	en-gb, en-us, en-sg - The language code to use for SNOMED CT Descriptions. Descriptions with membership of the chosen language's reference set will be used runtime.

Name	Default	Description
maxReasonerCount	2	The maximum number of reasoners permitted to do computation simultaneously. Minimum 1, maximum 3 is allowed. If the value is set to 1, classification requests will be processed in a sequential fashion.
maxReasonerResults	10	The number of inferred taxonomies that should be kept in memory after the reasoner completes the computational stage. The user can only choose to save the results of the classification run if the corresponding taxonomy instance is still present.
maxReasonerRuns	1000	The number of classification runs of which details should be preserved on disk. Details include inferred and redundant relationships, the list of equivalent concepts found during classification, and classification run metadata (start and end times, status, requesting user, reasoner used for this run).
showReasonerUsageWarning	true	'true' will display a dialog if any user selects a non-ELK reasoner, citing memory and compatibility problems, also recommending to contact B2i.
concreteDomainSupport	false	'true' will turn on support for concrete domains.
inferredEditingEnabled	false	'true' will enable manual editing of inferred relationships and concrete domain elements.

## snomed:

language: en-gb
maxReasonerCount: 1
maxReasonerResults: 20

showReasonerUsageWarning: true
concreteDomainSupport: true
inferredEditingEnabled: false

## **SNOMED CT Component Identifier Configuration**

Snow Owl's SNOMED CT identifier service an be configured to be either using the built-in or IHTSDO's external Component Identifier Service (CIS). The configuration needs to be placed within the **snomed/ids** section. If omitted, then default configuration will be used, which is the built-in (embedded) service based on the index store allocating ids in a sequential fashion.

Name	Default	Description
service	EMBEDDED	EMBEDDED or CIS - The service used to generate ids.
source	INDEX	INDEX or MEMORY - The source of the generated ids. MEMORY is used for testing.
strategy	SEQUENTIAL	SEQUENTIAL or RANDOM - The strategy of the id generation.
cisBaseUrl		The service's URL with port and without context root.
cisContextRoot		The context root of the id generation service.
cisUserName		The registered user name at the CIS site.
cisPassword		The password for the registered user name at the CIS site.
cisClientSoftwareKey	Snow Owl	The client software key to be persisted within CIS as reference.
cisNumberOfPollTries	1	The maximum number of tries when polling jobs of bulk requests.
cisTimeBetweenPollTries	1000	The time to wait between 2 job polling actions It is in milliseconds.
cisNumberOfReauthTries	2	The maximum number of reauthentication attempts when a 401 Not authorized response is received.
cisMaxConnections	100	Maximum number of simultaneous connections that Snow Owl can make to the CIS host via HTTP.

Name	Default	Description
maxIdGenerationAttempts	1000	Maximum number of attempts any non-CIS ID generator will take to generate a single SNOMED CT identifier, if exceeded it throws an exception.

Example for using the built-in service with random ids using the index as the source:

```
snomed:
...
ids:
    service: EMBEDDED
    source: INDEX
    strategy : RANDOM
    cisBaseUrl : <cis_host_and_port>
    cisContextRoot : api
    cisUserName : <your-cis-username>
    cisPassword : <your-cis-password>
    cisClientSoftwareKey : Snow Owl dev. deployment
    cisNumberOfPollTries : 1
    cisTimeBetweenPollTries : 1000
    cisMaxConnections: 100
...
```

Example for using IHTSDO's external CIS service:

```
snomed:
...
ids:
    service : CIS
    cisBaseUrl : <cis_host_and_port>
    cisContextRoot : api
    cisUserName : <your-cis-username>
    cisPassword : <your-cis-password>
    cisClientSoftwareKey : Snow Owl dev. deployment
    cisNumberOfPollTries : 1
    cisTimeBetweenPollTries : 1000
    cisMaxConnections: 100
```

# Logging

Log files are stored under ./opt/snowowl-community\_{version}/serviceability directory of the Snow Owl server. The following log files are created:

#### logs/log.log

Generic system trace log file, all log messages are written into this file. In case the file reaches a pre-defined maximum size, the system will create additional files named log\_1.log, log\_2.log, etc. This log serves two main purposes:

- 1. It provides global trace files that capture high-volume information regarding the Virgo's internal events. The files are intended for use by support personnel to diagnose runtime problems.
- 2. It provides application trace files that contain application-generated output. This includes output generated using popular logging and tracing APIs including the OSGi LogService, as well as output generated by calls to System.out and System.err. These files are intended for use by application developers and system administrators. An application is defined as a scope so a single bundle will not get its own log file unless it is a Web application Bundle or is included in a scoped plan or a par file.

### logs/access/\*.log

Web container access log files in the same format as those created by standard web servers. The log files are prefixed with the string <code>localhost\_access\_log</code>, have a suffix of .txt, use a standard format for identifying what should be logged, and do not include DNS lookups of the IP address of the remote host.

#### eventlogs/eventlog.log

The EVENT\_LOG\_FILE appender logs only important events and thus the volume of information is lower.

#### logs/snowowl/snowowl\_user\_audit.log

Events with business significance will be logged in this file.

#### logs/snowowl/snowowl\_user\_access.log

User access events are logged in this log file. Both authorized and unauthorized access is logged.

#### logs/snowowl/snowowl import.log

Import processes log into this file detailed information about import.

#### logs/snowowl/snowowl export.log

Export processes log into this file detailed information about export.

Detailed information on the configuration on the logging configuration can be found here: http://www.eclipse.org/virgo/documentation/virgo-documentation-3.6.1.RELEASE/docs/virgo-user-guide/html/ch11.html.

Currently, default logging appenders for the log targets above look like this:

In this setting, the administrator can set the location of the log file, the maximum size of the log file and the total number of files rolling over. Documentation on the logging configuration settings can be found here: http://logback.gos.ch.

# Virgo documentation

Complete documentation of the Virgo OSGi server can be found here: http://www.eclipse.org/virgo/documentation.