

Project 2

Due Date

23:59 M 7/9 (FC)

Project 2

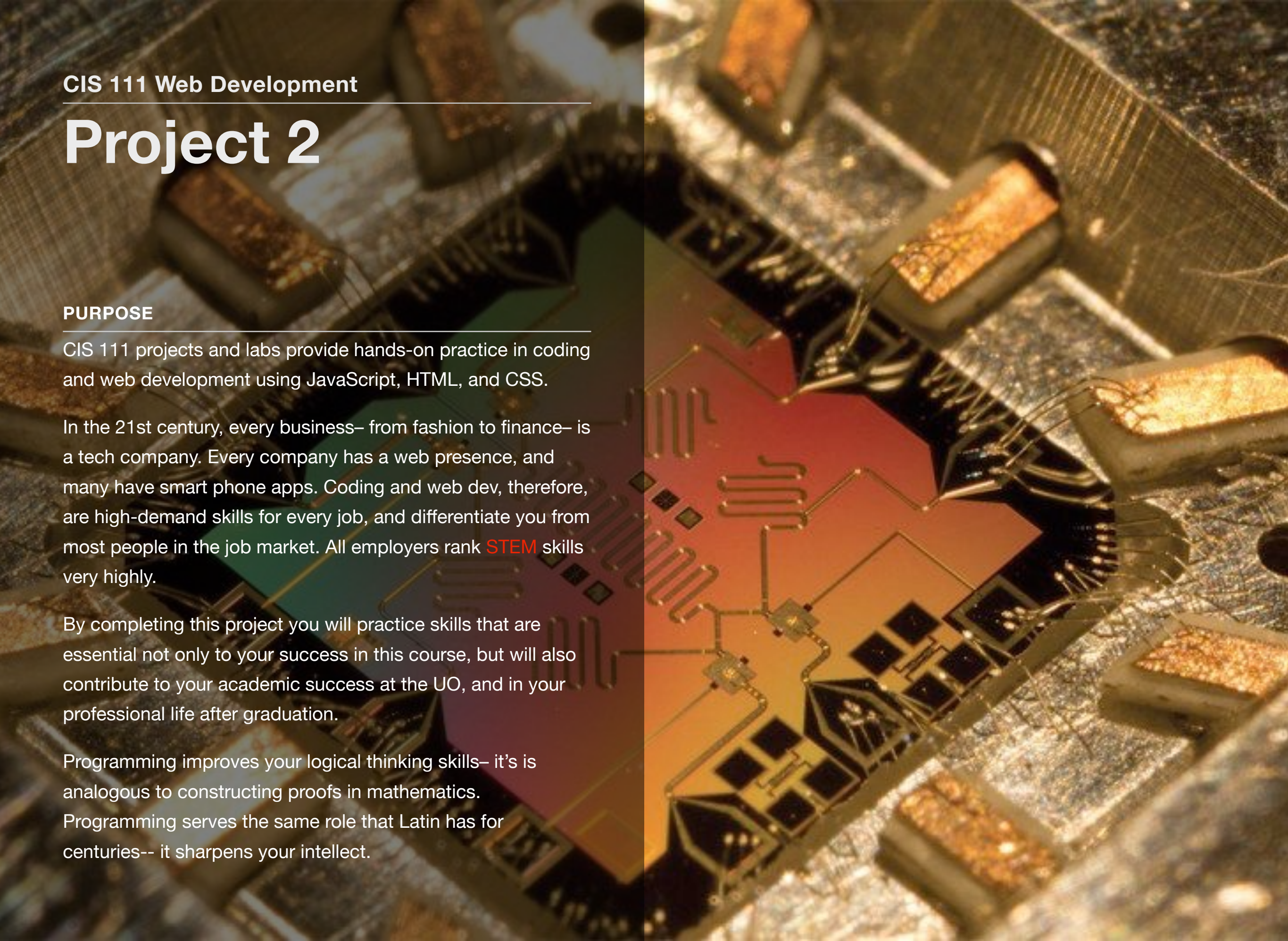
PURPOSE

CIS 111 projects and labs provide hands-on practice in coding and web development using JavaScript, HTML, and CSS.

In the 21st century, every business– from fashion to finance– is a tech company. Every company has a web presence, and many have smart phone apps. Coding and web dev, therefore, are high-demand skills for every job, and differentiate you from most people in the job market. All employers rank **STEM** skills very highly.

By completing this project you will practice skills that are essential not only to your success in this course, but will also contribute to your academic success at the UO, and in your professional life after graduation.

Programming improves your logical thinking skills– it's is analogous to constructing proofs in mathematics. Programming serves the same role that Latin has for centuries-- it sharpens your intellect.



Project Requirements

WHY LEARN TO JAVASCRIPT?

With the rise of the web as a platform for running applications (desktop and mobile) JavaScript is one of the most widely used programming languages on the planet.

When you open Facebook or Gmail, your browser spends more time processing JavaScript than it does rendering HTML and CSS. JavaScript is now used to power web servers as well, in the form of Node.js.

JavaScript is the native language of the web platform. Since it is built-in to every browser, no download or installation is required—you can start programming JavaScript immediately.

In 111, you will build cross-platform, mobile-friendly web applications using technologies and workflow tools used by professional developers.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

CIS 111 includes, an understanding of the foundational **Concepts** of programming, a **Skills** component, and the ability to use problem-solving intellectual **Capabilities** in an information technology context:

A) CONCEPTS (KNOWLEDGE): The purpose of this project is to help you to become familiar with the following important concepts: JavaScript functions and control structures.

B) SKILLS: This project will also to help you practice the following skills that are essential to your success in this course:

- The four steps of the 110 WebDev Workflow (see the Glossary for details).

C) CAPABILITIES: This project will help you learn to *read and understand* the project software requirements.

You have understood a project requirement when you know: (A) What to Do and, (B) How to Do It.

- Do the required readings in our textbook *JABG* before starting this project.
- Ask questions in class, when requirements are not clear.
- Get started on this project early, without delay.
- Budget time for Help Hours visits. You will not always be able to complete a project w/o assistance. Therefore, get started early to make sure you can get the help you need when you need it.
- Solve each project requirement in order by creating a web page. This requires you to apply the four steps of the 111 WebDev Workflow (see the Glossary for details).

JAVASCRIPT PROGRAMMING ESSENTIALS

A) *Always* declare your variables by using the *var* or *let* keywords, as follows:

```
var num1;  
var num2 = 0, firstName = "Anon";  
let fName = prompt("Enter first name");
```

B) Always make this the first line of code in your .js files in Atom:

```
// jshint esversion: 6
```

C) Read **Beware the Browser Cache**.

PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

For best results, *solve the following problems in order.*

This project will be discussed in detail in class; that is the best place to ask questions about the project.

1. [70 pts] functions.js.

All of the following are *Command-Line JavaScript* exercises--no .html file is needed. Store the code for each exercise in a file named *functions.js* in your *p2* folder.

A) In JavaScript, there are 3 types of quotes.

Write a function named *greetUser*, that accepts two strings (firstName and lastName), and returns a personalized greeting that spans two lines of output. Use a template literal (backticks) to solve this exercise.

Here is an example function call and its output, but the content of your personalized greeting can be anything you want:

```
alert(greetUser("Jille", "Bonnefemme"));
```

Hello, Jille Bonnefemme!
Welcome to JavaScript!

B) Write a function named *sum3* that accepts three arguments and returns their sum. Use a **function declaration** statement to define your function. Examples:

```
sum3( 4, 3, 9) -> 16  
sum3(-5, 12, 7.5) -> 14.5
```

C) Write a function named *mult3* that accepts three arguments and returns their product. Use a **function expression** to define your function.

Examples:

```
mult3( 4, 3, 9) -> 108  
mult3(-5, 12, 7) -> -420
```

D) Write a function named *milesToInches* that accepts a number representing miles, and returns the number of inches

in that many miles. Use a **function declaration** statement to define your function. Examples:

```
milesToInches(6) -> 380160  
milesToInches(2.5) -> 158400
```

E) Write a function *pizzaPSI* that accepts two numbers (the cost of a pizza and the diameter in inches) and returns the cost Per Square Inch, in currency format (\$0.00). Use a **function expression** to define your function.

Examples:

```
pizzaPSI(10.95, 12) -> "Cost PSI = $0.10"
```

+3pts XC: Echo the arguments in the returned value:

```
pizzaPSI(10.95, 12) ->
```

```
Cost of pizza: $10.95  
Diameter: 12  
Cost PSI = $0.10
```

F) Write a function named *isDivBy* that accepts two numbers and returns true is the first number is divisible by the second number. Use a **function expression** to define your function. You will need to use **an IF statement**.

```
isDivBy(5, 2 ) -> false  
isDivBy(111/3) -> true
```

G) Write a function named *waterStates* that accepts a temperature and returns a string ("solid", "liquid", "gas") corresponding to the state of water at that temperature. Since you will need to test several conditions, **use the else-if form of an if**. Use a **function declaration** statement to define your function. Examples

```
waterStates(30) -> "solid"  
waterStates(94) -> "liquid"  
waterStates(134) -> "gas"
```

+2pts XC: Recognize a fourth state of water: "plasma". (You'll have to google the temp for plasma.)

2. **[30 pts] gallery.html, gallery.js, gallery.css.** This is an exercise in **Client-Side JavaScript**, which means JavaScript that is connected to a web page. Therefore, you will need three files that are connected to each other.

a) Create three new subfolders named javascripts, stylesheets, and images, in your 111/p2/ folder.

b) Add at least seven images to your 111/p2/images/ folder.

c) Download [gallery.html](#) to your 111/p2/ folder. Download [gallery.css](#) to your 111/p2/stylesheets/ folder. Download [gallery.js](#) to your 111/p2/javascripts/ folder. Open all three files in Atom. Preview the .html file in Chrome.

d) Edit gallery.html: Modify the img element to display one of the images in your p2/images/ folder, when the page loads.

e) Edit gallery.js: Complete the clickHandler function by following steps described in the comments, a-d.

f) When the gallery app is complete, but not before, upload it to the p2 folder in your 111 website on the server.

CHECKPOINTS FOR FULL CREDIT: IGNORE AT YOUR OWN RISK

- Double-check that all required files are on the server, and in the correct folders. Double-check that the content in the files meets all project requirements.
- Remember: It is not the files on your computer that are graded-- it is the files on the server.
- Study How to Turn in your Project, below.
- Study Project Grading Checkpoints, below. Master these points, to get full credit on your projects.
- Study the 111 WebDev Workflow, below. Master these four steps to get full credit on your projects.

How to Turn In your Project

How to Turn In your Project



All you Have to Do is Make Sure your web pages are uploaded to the server and *tested* on the server by the Due-Date.

When your web pages are on the server, they can be graded.

You do not have to submit this project in Canvas, nor do you have to notify your instructor in any way (not even by Owl post).

Just make sure you complete the project by the Due-Date, and *do not upload or edit the files after the due-date*. If you change the web page files in any way after the due-

date, this will change the time-stamp of the files on the server, and your project will be late (zero points).

QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS PROJECT?

Do not send email to your instructors to ask questions about this project. Post your questions on Piazza, so all students in class can see the answer.

111 HELP HOURS IN BOO4 PSC

See Help Hours on our Syllabus in Canvas.

Project Grading Checkpoints

HOW YOUR PROJECTS WILL BE GRADED

These checkpoints will help you get full credit on your projects.

- **The files you upload to the server by the due-date are what will be graded**, so be sure to test your web pages on the server to make sure they are correct.
- **Your job**: make sure the files are on the server on time, and that you have tested them to make sure they are correct.
- **There are no second chances**. We do not have the time or the resources to grade your work twice. Therefore make sure that *your website on the server* is correct. It is what is on the server that gets evaluated. Therefore, test your web pages on the server using Chrome (and nothing else) after uploading them.
- **Time-Stamps are Crucial**. When you upload a file to the server, it is stamped with the exact time of the upload. This time-stamp must be no later than the project due-date. Your project is on-time only if the time-stamps show that it was uploaded to the server on time.

- **Do not re-upload any of your project files after the due-date**. If you do, this will change the time-stamp and your project will be late (0 pts).
- If you are using Sublime Text, do not use Sublime's Sync button, as this can change the time-stamp on all your files on the server.
- **Your 111 folder on the server must be .htaccess password-protected**. If it is not, your project score will be zero (0). See your GTF for (see Help Syllabus in
- **Know the Policy as syllabus.**



instructor or assistance Hours on our Canvas).

111 Late
stated on the

The 111 WebDev Workflow

Here is the CIS 111 Web Development Workflow. Memorize these 4 steps.

1. **Edit.** Use a code editor (Atom, Sublime, or Brackets) to create a web page (.html and .js files) on your computer.
2. **Preview.** Open the web page on your computer using Chrome. When it is perfect, and not before, go to the next step.
3. **Upload.** Move all project files (.html, .js, .png, .jpg, ...) to the server using Fugu or Putty. This is also known as *Publishing* or *Deploying* the web page.
4. **Test.** Use Chrome to open your web page that is on the server. Do not use any other app-- use Chrome only. Your web pages will be assessed using Chrome.

Type **`http://pages.uoregon.edu/yourDuckID/111/`** into Chrome to open the web page that is on the server. Use your actual DuckID in the URL.

Make sure that this web page is correct, because that is what will be graded.

IMPORTANT: Read **Beware the Browser Cache.**

Related Glossary Terms

Drag related terms here

Index

Find Term