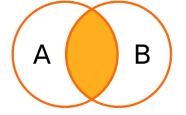
Lecture #5 pandas (Part 2)

SE377 Introduction to Big Data Analysis and Visualization (2017)

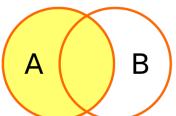
Prof. Min-gyu Cho

join or merge()

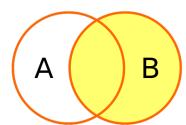
 Inner: only the rows in which the left table have matching keys in the right table



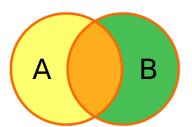
 Left: all rows from the left table, and any rows with matching keys from the right table



 Right: all rows from the right table, and any rows with matching keys from the left table

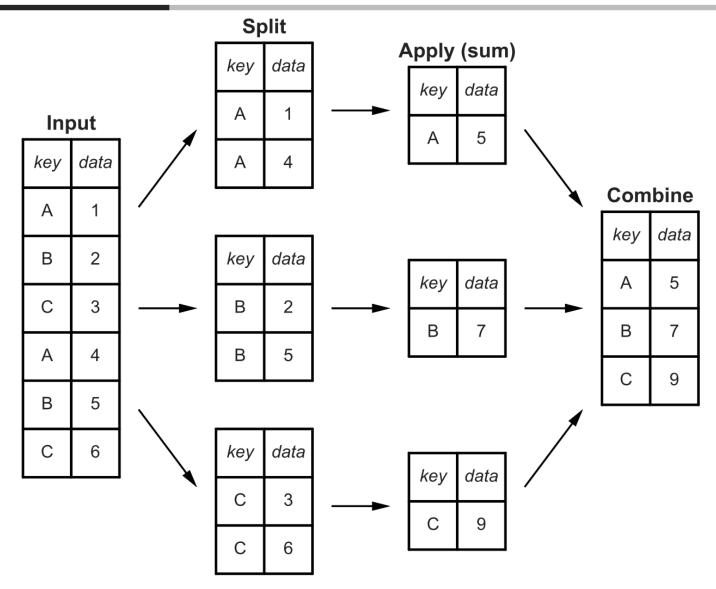


 Outer: all rows from both tables, join records from the left which have matching keys in the right table



Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Join_(SQL)

Split-apply-combine



Source: Python Data Science Handbook

Reading List

- Merge, join, concatenate
 - https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/merging.html
- Group by: split-apply-combine
 - https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/groupby.html
- Pandas API reference
 - https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/api.html#plotting



ANY QUESTIONS?