

One-NDS 9 SP2

Installation Update Manual

A50016-E4104-D219-1-7618



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General Information

References

[1]	One-NDS 9 SP2 Release Notes Update
[2]	One-NDS 9 SP2 Platform Integration Guide A50016-E4104-D114-*-7618
[3]	One-NDS 9 SP2 Installation Manual A50016-E4104-D110-*-7618
[4]	One-NDS 9 SP2 Installation Full Manual A50016-E4104-D210-*-7618

Summary of changes

The purpose of this section is to describe the changes made to the document compared to the previous versions. Changes between document versions are cumulative; the latest document version contains all changes made to previous versions.

Version 1, 08/2014

Initial version of One-NDS 9 SP2, following changes are made:

- Restrictions
- Updating the Directory Server Software (BE-DSA, R-DSA)
- Pre-update and post-update checks
- Troubleshooting
- Full Installation of New or Broken Nodes after Update the Installation
- Annex: Useful Logs and Basic Statuses

1

Introduction

One-NDS 9 SP2 release is based on `SuSE` Linux Enterprise Server operating system (SLES11 SP3).

1.1 Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites:

- One-NDS 9 base (OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.0.15_FULL) or One-NDS 9 SP1 (OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.1.16_FULL / OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.0.15_UPDATE_01-16) release must be installed.
- All hot fixes released for the current installed software version that are marked as pre update relevant must be installed on the system.
- BIOS and firmware versions on all nodes must conform to [2]

1.2 Restrictions

- Changes in TPD does not have any effect on the update process. To change values from TPD on the node, a complete installation is required.
- During the update phase, if the nodes are in a mixed mode, it is not possible to update or add new extension packages.
- The enhanced password policy feature is enabled only after `extendedPasswordSyn_ADM.ldif` from `additionalData` is applied to all DSA. For more information, refer [1].

2

Quick Update Installation Guide

This chapter introduces the most important steps of the update installation. The steps are explained in detail in this manual.

Perform the following steps:

1. Update BIOS and firmware versions on all nodes refer to [2].
2. Perform the pre-update steps according to the Release Note [1].
Depending on the release different pre-update steps are required.
Sections required for installations upon One-NDS 9 base release are marked with: “(only for update from One-NDS 9 base)”.
3. Log on to the install server and switch to user **root**.
4. Copy the update medium as follows:
 - OneNDS.cpio to /ISS/CPIO on the install server.
 - OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio to /ISS/CPIO on the install server.
5. Copy the md5 checksum file as follows:
 - OneNDS.md5 to /ISS/CPIO on the install server.
 - OneNDS.cryptoSW.md5 to /ISS/CPIO on the install server.
6. Use the following commands to check if checksum over medium is ok

```
# md5sum -c OneNDS.md5
```

Result must display: OneNDS.cpio: OK.

```
# md5sum -c OneNDS.cryptoSW.md5
```

Result must display: OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio: OK.

If check of md5 fails, copy the medium again to the install server.
7. Log on to the install server as **sufuser** (direct login, no **su**) and start the **SufDirector** (for more information, refer section 3.2.1).

```
> cd ~
> SufDirector
```

8. Use the offered menu to prepare a new medium (both `OneNDS.cpio` and `OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio!` - for more information, refer section 3.2.1.

9. Open a new shell (as user `root`) and update the relevant packages on the install server (for more information, refer to [1]).

```
# onends_update_prepare /ISS/update/OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.1.16_UPDATE_02-18.medium
```

10. Restart the `SufDirector` in previous shell.

11. Perform update NEs (select hosts, prepare update, start update now – for more information, refer section 3.2.2).

Note: Update the ADM nodes first.

Update must be done on nodes in the following order (for more information,, refer section 3.1):

- ADM (for more information, refer section 3.1.1)
 - BE-DSA (It is updated if it is not in the state “Primary”. For more information, refer section 3.1.2).
 - R-DSA (It is updated if it is not in the state “Primary”. For more information, refer section 3.1.2).
 - PGW-DSA (It is updated if it is not in the state “Primary”. For more information, refer section 3.1.3).
 - PGW Update PGW one by one, not in parallel, to prevent provisioning outage. For more information, refer section 3.1.4
 - Install Server (For more information, refer section 3.1.5
12. Perform post-update steps according to Release Notes [1]
 13. After the software updates are completed, the Install Server must be set up with the appropriate full medium. For more information, refer section 3.3.

3

Software Update of the One-NDS

3.1 One-NDS Software Update Concept

This section describes the concept of One-NDS update by using the software management functionality provided by the Install Server.

Important restriction:

During the update phase, that is, if the nodes are in a mixed mode, the operator must not update or add new extension packages.

Hint:

For information on executing the update procedure with update tooling on the Install Server, refer section 3.2.

For information on executing the update procedure on IBM hardware, refer chapter Annex: IBM HS22 with EMC VNX5100

For information on executing the update procedure on HP hardware, refer section Annex: HP ProLiant BL460c Gen8 Blade Servers with HP StorageWorks P2000 G3 Storage System

The NE type to be updated depends on the operational needs and on the content of the update media.

A certain update medium contains software updates for one or more components.

In general, there is no dependency between the different NE types.

If there is any dependency, it is described in the [1].

Prerequisites:

- Read the release note [1] .
- Check the `/etc/hosts` for ADM and DNS configuration.

The following components are covered and might be contained in an update medium:

- One-NDS Administrator(ADM)
- Directory Server(R-DS, BE-DS)

- Provisioning Gateway DS / Notification Manager(PGW-DS)
- Provisioning Gateway(PGW)
- Install Server(IS)

Only **NEs** on the same site can be updated from the site local Install Server.

However, if all the following prerequisites are met, updates can be started in parallel on the different site local Install Servers:

In general, the following prerequisites must be met on all nodes independently from the NE type:

- Software RAID **Resynch** must not be running on the targets (this is not valid for IBM and HP blade with SAN).

This is the only case immediately after a full installation, a software update commit, a software update fallback or replacement of a hard disk.

To verify this, log in as root to the single node and enter:

```
cat /proc/mdstat
```

- Each mirror disk (**md***) must be in state **[UU]**.
- All target host names must be present on the Install Server and can be verified by using the following command:

```
vi /etc/hosts
```

3.1.1 Updating the ADM Application Software

Update the ADM nodes first.

During the update process, no operations using the One-NDS Administrator are allowed.

For the update of the ADM nodes, the following rules apply:

1. Turn off automatic synchronization on active ADM.
 - a. Navigate to **ADM Administration -> ADM Synchronization**.
 - b. Unselect the checkbox against **Enable automatic ADM synchronization**.
 - c. Click **Save**.
2. Force the ADM Synchronization on active ADM.
 - a. Navigate to ADM Administration -> ADM Synchronization.
 - b. Click Start ADM Synchronization.
3. Perform the update of active ADM through **SufDirector**, for more information, refer section 3.2.

4. After update of active ADM is completed, **[C]ommit / [F]allback** perform the update on all standby ADM nodes. A warning regarding “ADM Synchronization” will appear on each standby ADM node, for example:

```

Executed Plugins:

CC_check_bios_version      OK
CC_check_hardware_raid     OK
adm-update-postcheck.sh    WARNING
ss-update-postcheck.sh     OK

Output:
### WARNING in adm-update-postcheck.sh:
WARNING: Database dbmstatusservice is missing. This is Standby ADM.
Database update is not applied until jboss is in running state or ADM nodes are synchronized.
Recommendation: Start ADM Synchronization after post health check succeeds on Active ADM and all ADM nodes are updated.
For database 'dbmcommon' exists upgrade path to newer version. Please restart jboss in order to apply this update. If restart doesn't help, please contact SUPPORT Team!!!
For database 'dbmdataadmin' exists upgrade path to newer version. Please restart jboss in order to apply this update. If restart doesn't help, please contact SUPPORT Team!!!
For database 'dbmdsaadmin' exists upgrade path to newer version. Please restart jboss in order to apply this update. If restart doesn't help, please contact SUPPORT Team!!!

Complete log file can be found in: '/tspinst/update-adm-V9.20140711_133520.log'

Warning

-----
OK: 3    WARNINGS: 1    ERRORS: 0

*** Fallback requested by execPostcheckPlugins ***

[F]allback
[R]etry
[C]ontinue

Select code >>

```

5. Perform the update on all nomadic ADM nodes if they are included in the existing system. There are two possibilities regarding nomadic ADM nodes:
 - a. If the warning regarding “ADM Synchronization” appears on nomadic ADM node, the node finishes in state **[F]allback / [R]etry / [C]ontinue**.
 - b. If the warning regarding “ADM Synchronization” does not appear on nomadic ADM node, the node finishes in state **[C]ommit / [F]allback**.
 In both cases continue in next step.
6. If all standby ADM nodes are in state **[F]allback / [R]etry / [C]ontinue** and if all nomadic ADM nodes are in state **[F]allback / [R]etry / [C]ontinue** or **[C]ommit / [F]allback**, force the ADM Synchronization on active ADM.
 - a. Navigate to ADM Administration -> ADM Synchronization.
 - b. Click Start ADM Synchronization.
7. Select choice **[R]etry** on each standby and relevant nomadic ADM nodes (Note: Some nomadic ADM nodes could already be in state **[C]ommit / [F]allback**). Post installation checks are done again and update must end in **[C]ommit / [F]allback** state.
8. Turn on automatic synchronization on active ADM.

- a. Navigate to ADM Administration -> ADM Synchronization.
- b. Select the checkbox against **Enable automatic ADM synchronization**.
- c. Click **Save**.

3.1.2 Updating the Directory Server Software (BE-DSA, R-DSA)

DS is updated only if it is not in the "Primary" state. This ensures that the DSA is always in operation.

For the update of the directory server software, the following rules apply for the update:

1. Update One or something else the BE server out of all in advance and wait for not about 24 hours before the other updates are started. This helps to verify the possibly erroneous behavior of the new software.
2. Start with the BE servers on one site fulfilling the preconditions. For more experienced users, all sites can be processed in parallel (the appropriate Install Server must be chosen accordingly).
 - As `sdf`run, enter the command `ndsSysInfo` on every DS, or get the DS status through the NetAct.
 - Status is seen through GUI ADM (for more information, refer section 3.1.2.1).
3. "Secondary Synchronized" servers updated immediately and start the update of these servers.
4. Update the next site BE servers, which are 'Secondary Synchronized'.
5. Initiate a site of previously updated servers to take over the primary role by using the ADM GUI (for more information, refer section 3.1.2.1).

State change of DS is also be done by using `nds` command:

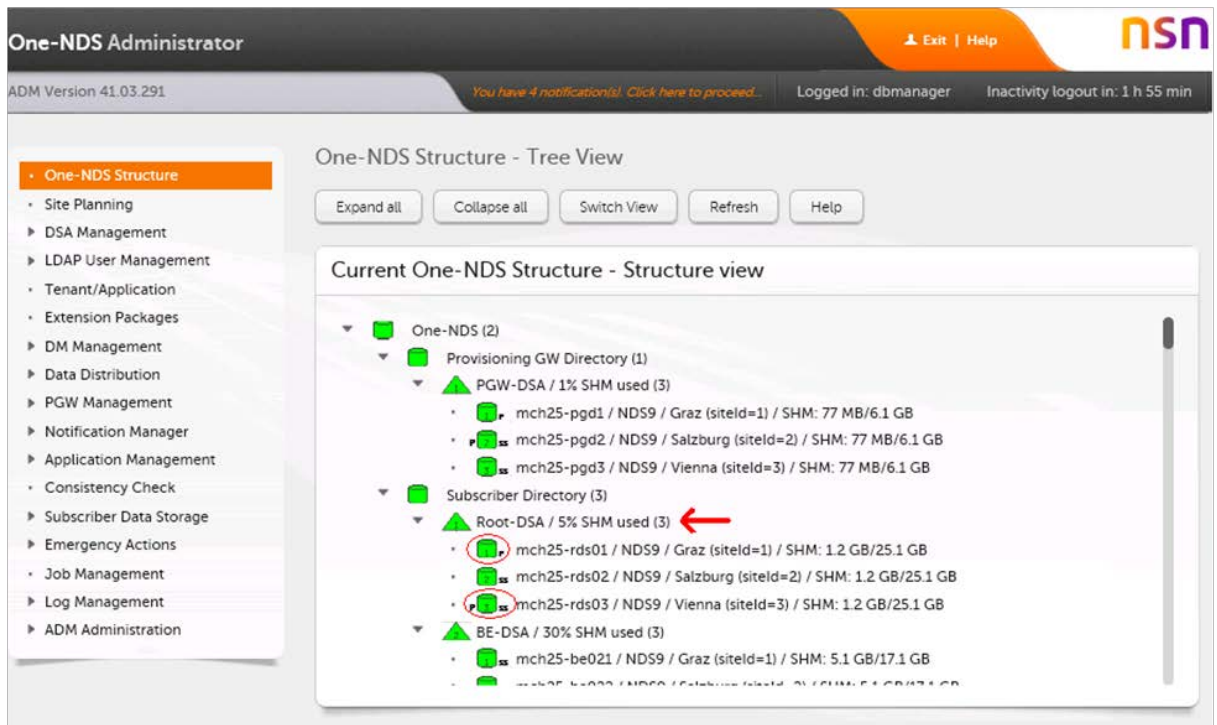
- a. as `sdf`run, log in to the DS in status 'Secondary Synchronized Primary Standby'
- b. Enter the command, `nds changeover` that switches the server roles 'Primary' <-->'Secondary Synchronized Primary Standby'.
6. Update all former 'Primary' now 'Secondary Synchronized' DS in parallel.
7. Repeat the same procedure for the directory servers within the R-DSA

3.1.2.1 Changing the State of Directory Servers through ADM GUI

Change the state of directory server which is in **P** (Primary) state from **P** to **P SS** ('Secondary Synchronized', with 'Primary Standby' flag set to 'Y'):

Perform the following steps:

1. There is an initial state on the screenshot below. Click the number marked by red arrow (see below). DSA Details window will appear.



Initial state for 'DSA Details', click number marked by red arrow.

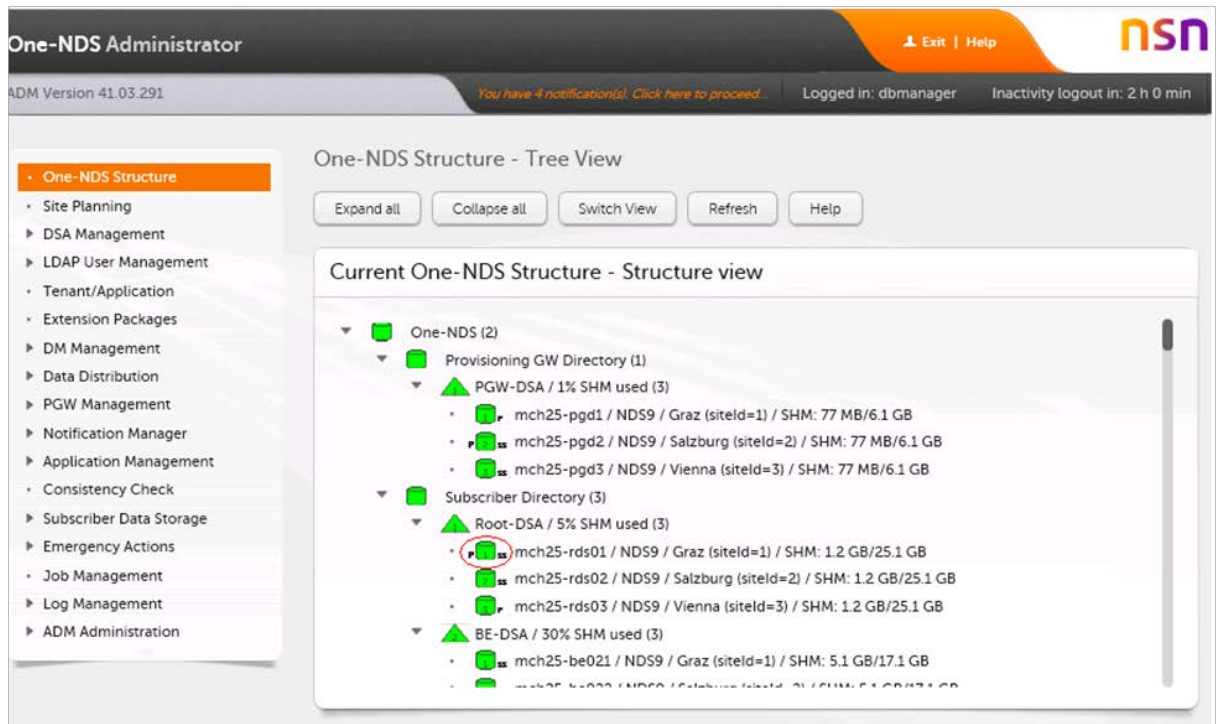
2. Select **Changeover** for the P SS directory server.

The screenshot shows the One-NDS Administrator web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with 'One-NDS Structure' expanded, showing various management options. The main area is titled 'DSA Details' and contains a 'DSA Identification' section with fields for DSA ID (1), DSA type (Root-DSA), DSA name (FEDSA1), and Status (NORMAL). Below this is a 'Directory Servers' table with three rows. The third row is highlighted in yellow. A dropdown menu for 'State Change' is open for the selected row, showing options like 'Desynchronize' and 'Changeover' (which is highlighted in orange).

DS-ID	Hostname	Site	Status	State Change
1	mch25-rds01	Graz	Primary	--- Select change -----
2	mch25-rds02	Salzburg	Secondary_Sync	--- Select change -----
3	mch25-rds03	Vienna	Secondary_Sync_PS	--- Select change ----- Desynchronize Changeover

Select "Changeover" for the P SS directory server.

- Click **OK** to confirm the change of state. There is a final state on the snapshot below.



Former 'Primary' directory server is in P SS state now.

3.1.3 Updating the PGW-DSA Software

The same preconditions apply as for the R-DSA and BE-DSA.

- Update one directory server out of all in advance and wait about 24 hours before the other updates are started. This helps to verify the possible erroneous behavior of the new software.
- Start with directory servers on one site fulfilling the preconditions (primary standby).
- Secondary Synchronized" servers are updated immediately and start the update of these servers in parallel.
- Initiate all previously updated servers to take over the primary role by using the ADM GUI (for more information, refer section 3.1.2.1).
- Update all former 'Primary' now 'Secondary Synchronized' DS in parallel.

3.1.4 Updating the PGW Application Software

Update PGW one by one, not in parallel, to prevent provisioning outage. Perform the following steps for each PGW:

1. ExP hotfixes must be uninstalled before update PGW according to release notes for ExP hotfixes.

Reason is that PGW deletes any class files in its directories. Therefore, if any ExP hotfix delivered class files, they are lost with update and the hotfix is no longer properly installed. Therefore, the ExP causes issues that PGW cannot start.

2. Perform the update of PGW.

Hint: Under certain conditions, removal of PGW core hotfixes may fail during the update. In that case, perform a `SufDirector` fallback, remove the PGW core hotfixes by using following script under `provgw` or `root` user and retry the update.

```
# /etc/provgw/scripts/remove-hotfixes.sh
```

3. After the successful PGW software update, reinstall ExP hotfixes uninstalled in step 1.

3.1.5 Updating the Install Server

Start the `onends_is_update` script as “root” on Install Server as follows:

```
# onends_is_update /ISS/update/OneNDS-XX-X-  
9.0.1.16_UPDATE_02-18.medium
```

3.2 Tooling Update- `SufDirector`

Considering all the described conceptual issues in mind, the update must be performed as described within this section.

Firstly, log in to an appropriate Install Server as `sufuser` (direct login, no `su`) and copy the new Media to `/ISS/CPIO`.

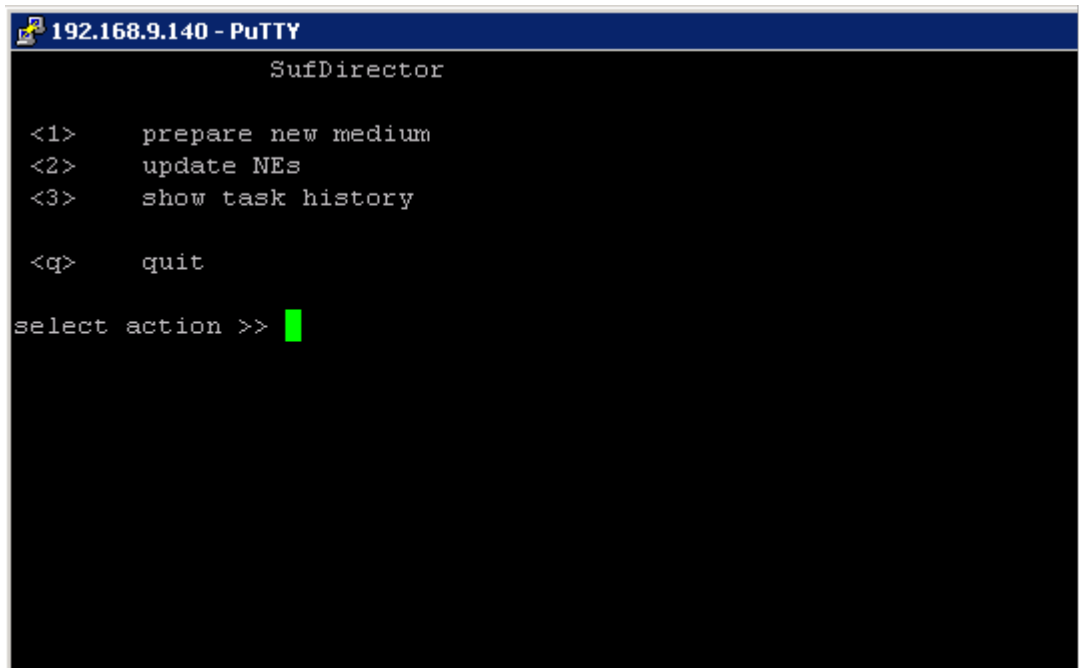
3.2.1 Preparing the Install Server

1. Start `ssh-agent`:

```
> eval `ssh-agent` ssh-add  
/export/home/sufuser/.ssh/id_rsa
```

2. Change to the home directory and call the `SufDirector`:

```
>cd ~  
>SufDirector
```



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector

<1>   prepare new medium
<2>   update NEs
<3>   show task history

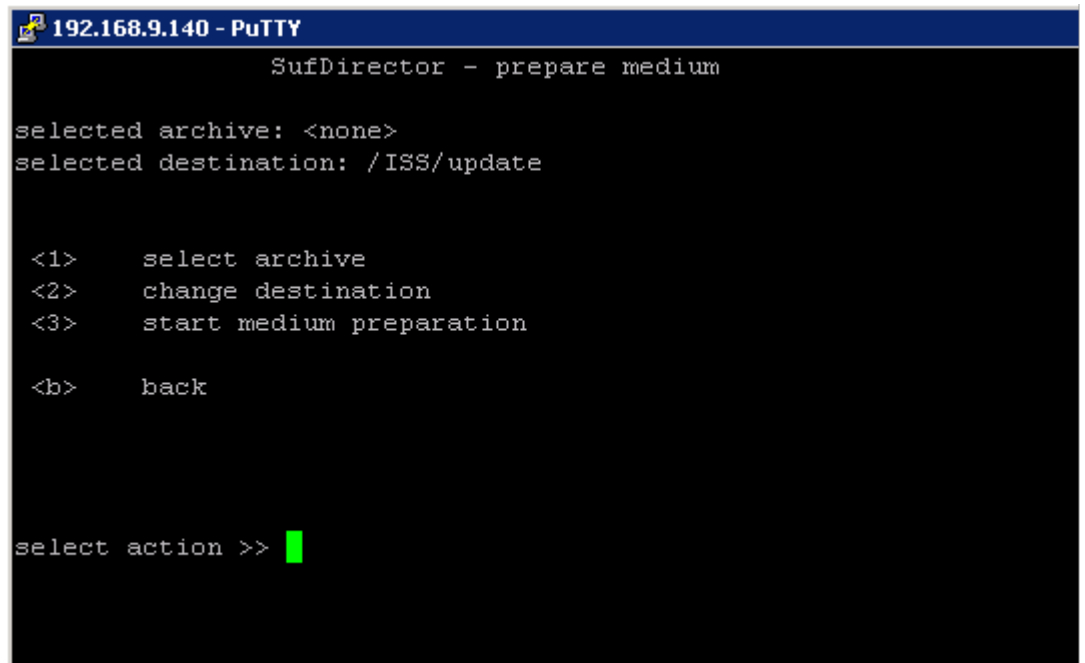
<q>   quit

select action >> █
```

Start update procedure.

3. Start with **<1> prepare new medium.**

The following screen is displayed:



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare medium

selected archive: <none>
selected destination: /ISS/update

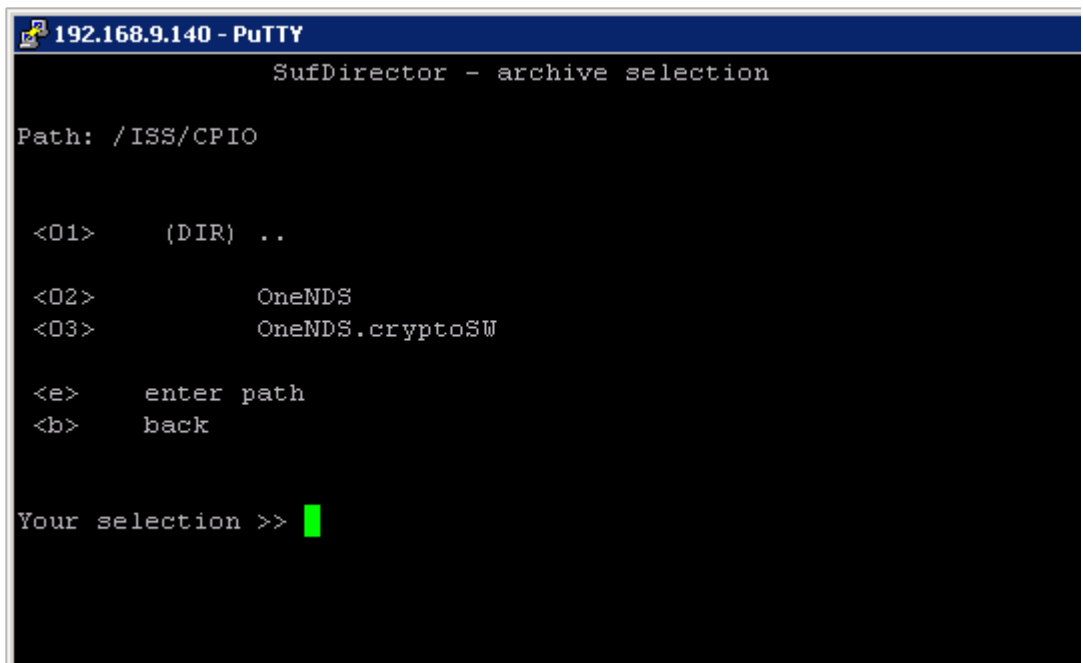
<1>   select archive
<2>   change destination
<3>   start medium preparation

<b>   back

select action >> █
```

Select Next Operation (select archive, change dir, start medium preparation).

- a. Select option **<1> select archive**, to select the update medium to be prepared on the Install Server. Select option **<2> OneNDS**



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - archive selection

Path: /ISS/CPIO

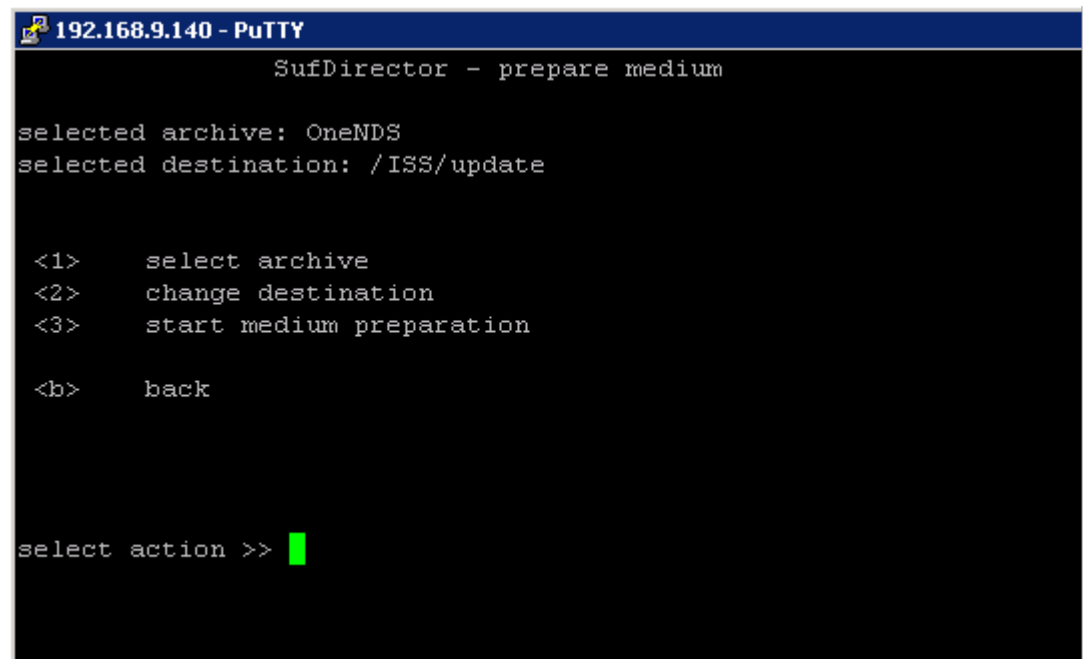
<01>  (DIR)  ..
<02>      OneNDS
<03>      OneNDS.cryptoSW

<e>   enter path
<b>   back

Your selection >> █
```

Select *OneNDS.cpio*.

- b. Select option **<3> start medium preparation**.



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare medium

selected archive: OneNDS
selected destination: /ISS/update

<1>   select archive
<2>   change destination
<3>   start medium preparation

<b>   back

select action >> █
```

OneNDS.cpio file is unzipped to the selected destination directory. Default destination directory is /ISS/update/.

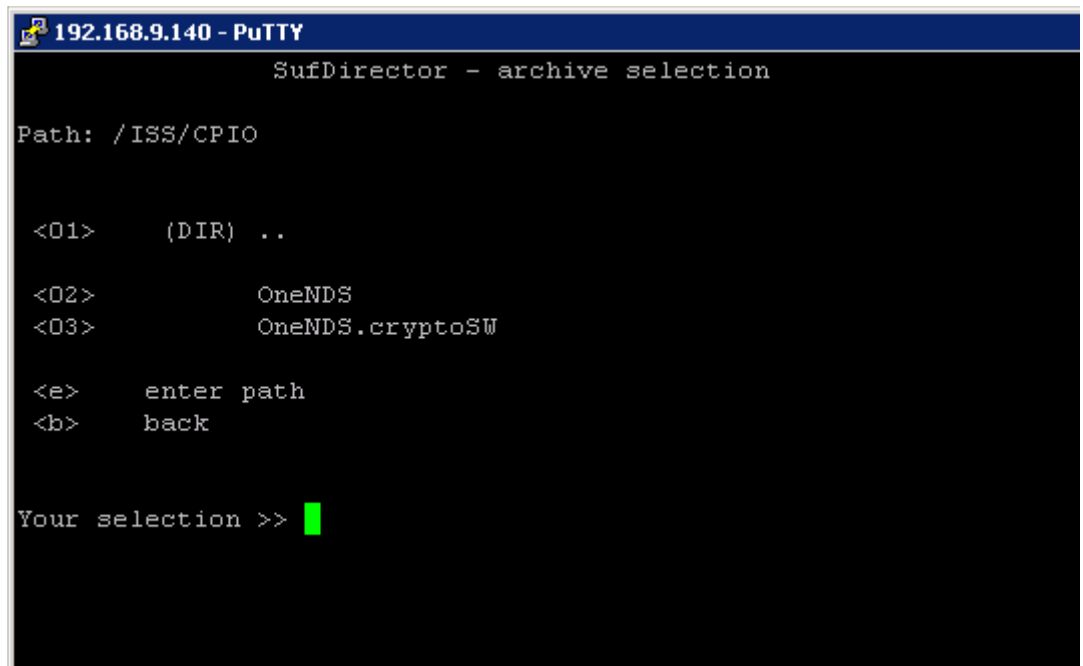
Now the `OneNDS.cpio` file is unzipped to the selected directory (default destination directory is `/ISS/update/`). A new directory named `OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.1.16_UPDATE_02-18.medium` is created.

Now the `OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio` file must be handled in the same way.

Select option **<1> prepare new medium.**

Select option **<1> select archive.**

Select option **<3> OneNDS.cryptoSW.**



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - archive selection

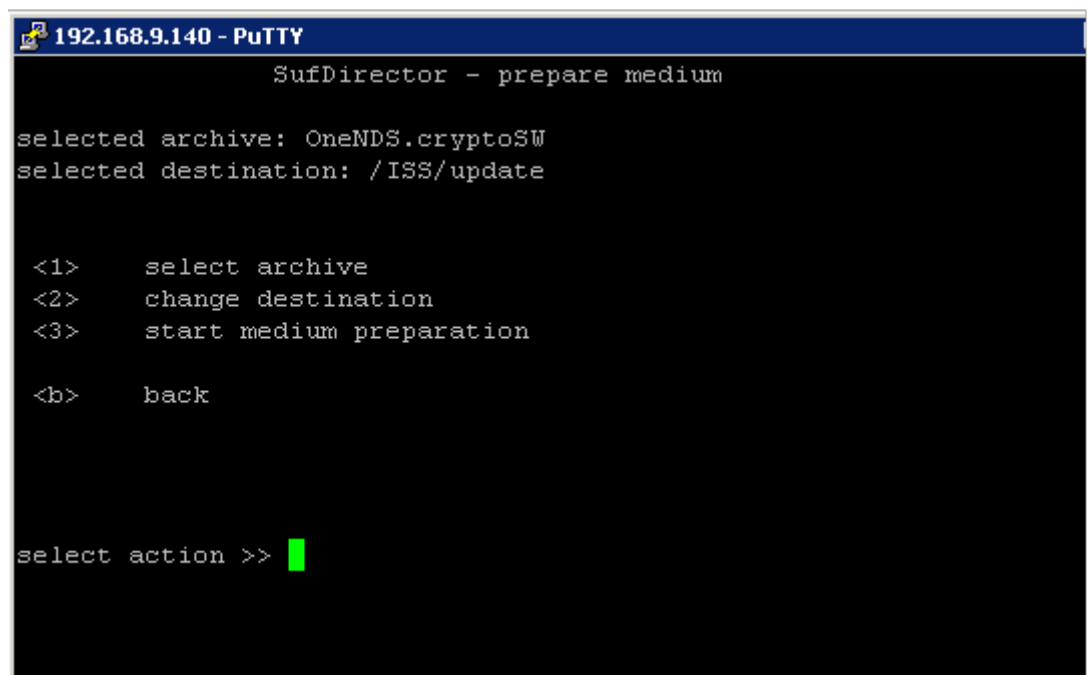
Path: /ISS/CPIO

<01>      (DIR)  ..
<02>      OneNDS
<03>      OneNDS.cryptoSW

<e>      enter path
<b>      back

Your selection >> █
```

Select option **<3> start medium preparation.**



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare medium

selected archive: OneNDS.cryptoSW
selected destination: /ISS/update

<1>    select archive
<2>    change destination
<3>    start medium preparation

<b>    back

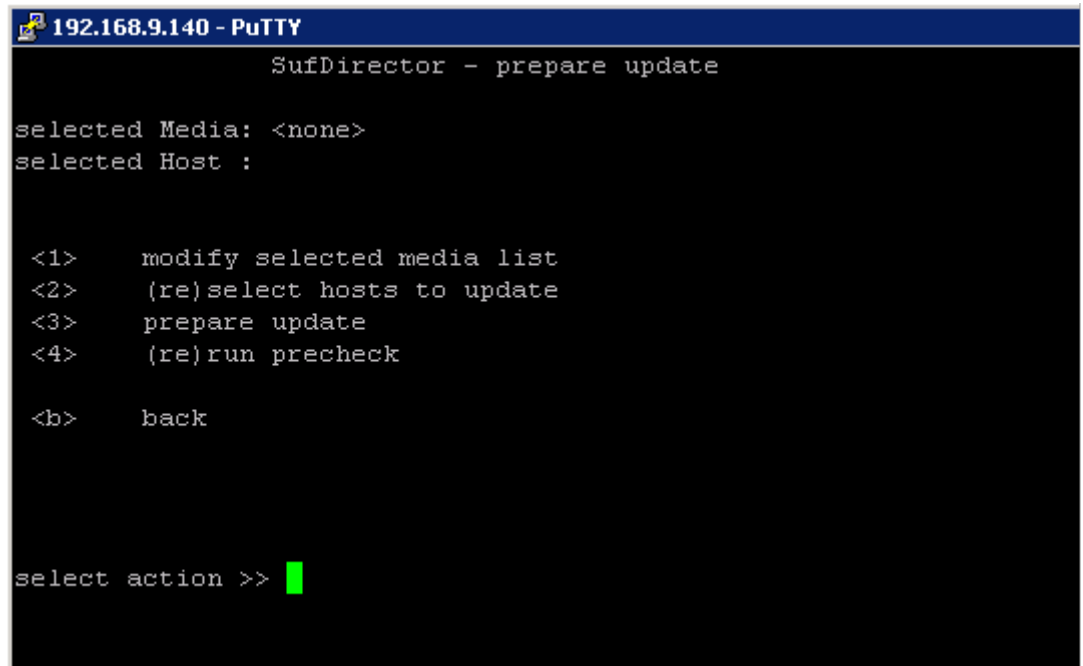
select action >> █
```

OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio file is unzipped to the selected destination directory.

Now the OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio file is unzipped to the OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.1.16_UPDATE_02-18.medium directory. The OneNDS.cryptoSW.cpio file contains additional files to the OneNDS.cpio file; no files in OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.1.16_UPDATE_02-18.medium directory will be overwritten during preparation process.

4. Select option **<2> update NEs.**

The following screen is displayed:



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare update

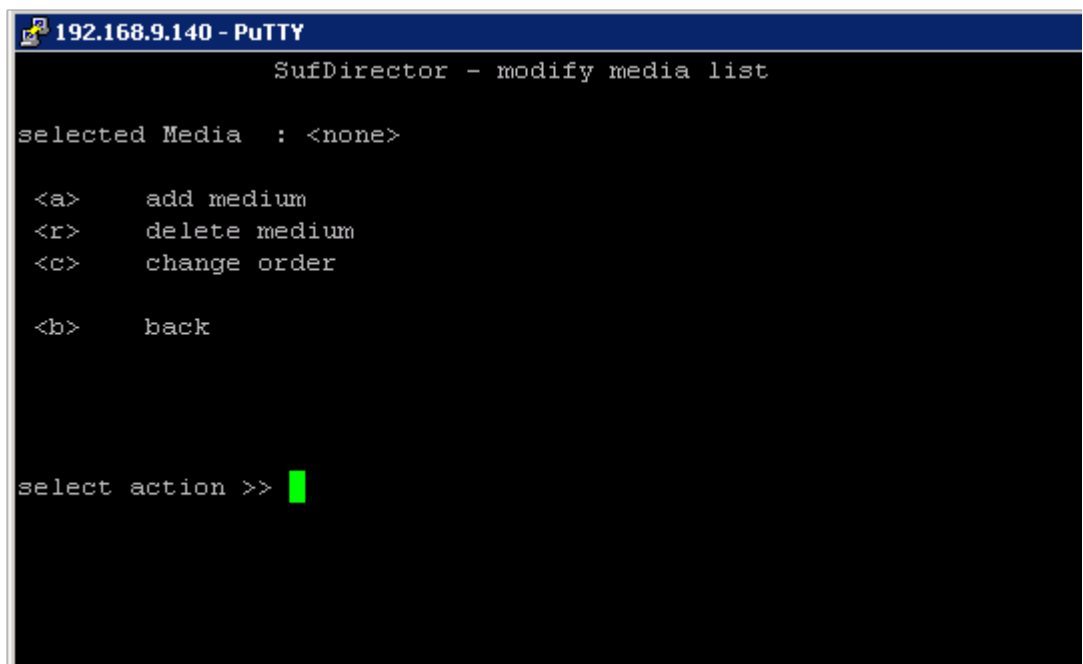
selected Media: <none>
selected Host :

<1>    modify selected media list
<2>    (re)select hosts to update
<3>    prepare update
<4>    (re)run precheck

<b>    back

select action >> █
```

a. Select option **<1> modify selected media list.**



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - modify media list

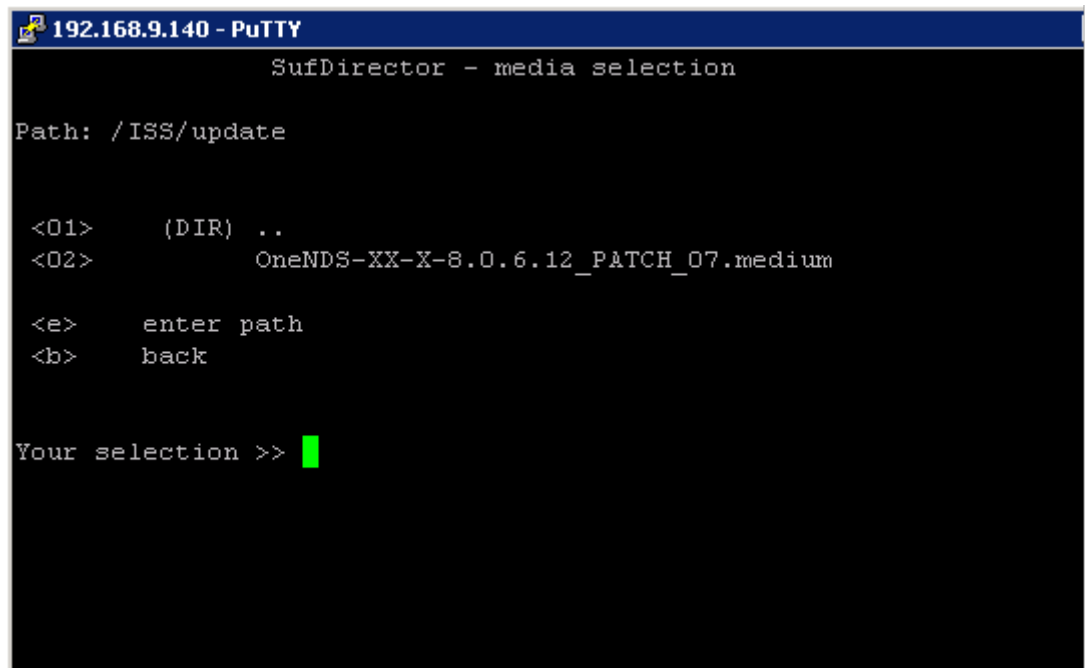
selected Media : <none>

<a>    add medium
<r>    delete medium
<c>    change order

<b>    back

select action >> █
```

b. Select option **<a> add medium.**



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - media selection

Path: /ISS/update

<01>      (DIR)  ..
<02>      OneNDS-XX-X-8.0.6.12_PATCH_07.medium

<e>      enter path
<b>      back

Your selection >> █
```

Select Media for Update, for example <2>.

- c. Select one of the indicated software media that must be used for update, for example, option <2>.

The destination can be kept as indicated above and must not be changed.

- d. Select option .

3.2.2 Updating the NEs

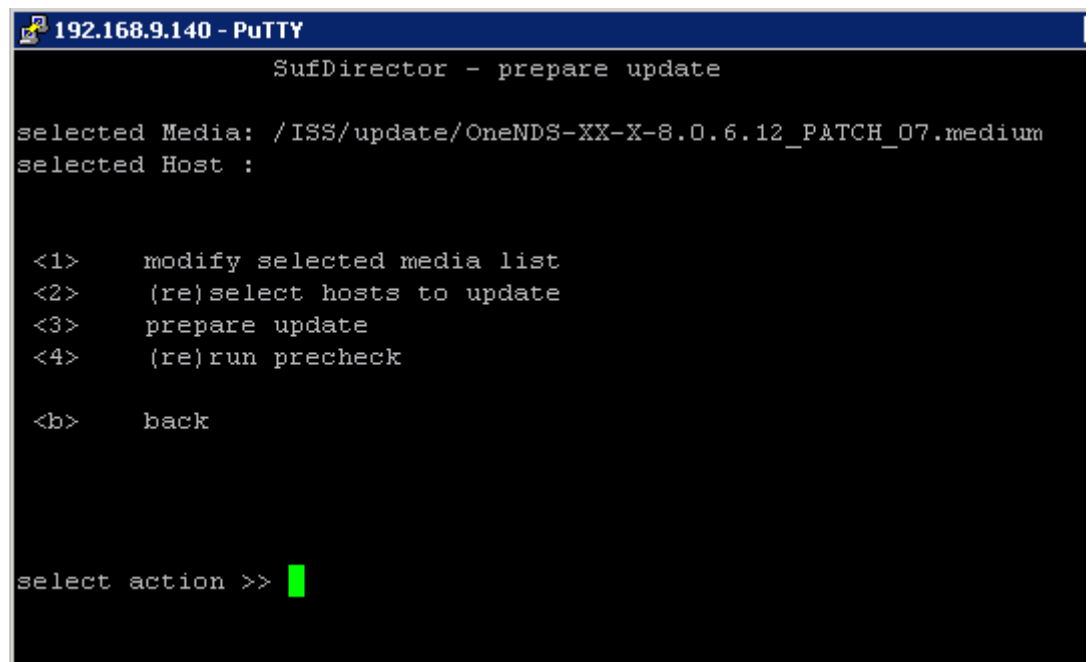
The Install Server is updated automatically with **prepare new medium** option.

If the new Install Server software version is contained, this is automatically installed without any operator interaction.

Note: There is no fallback/commit mechanism available on Install Server. In addition, the disc raid configuration is not touched.

Perform the following steps:

1. Select one of the hosts to be updated by choosing the option <2>.



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare update

selected Media: /ISS/update/OneNDS-XX-X-8.0.6.12_PATCH_07.medium
selected Host :

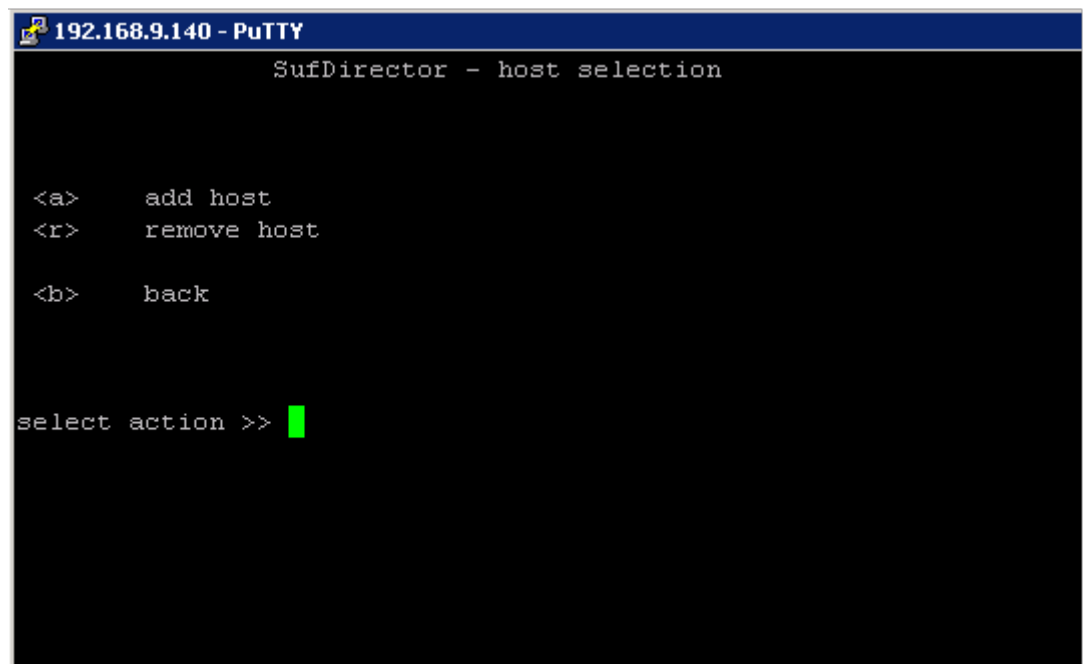
<1>    modify selected media list
<2>    (re)select hosts to update
<3>    prepare update
<4>    (re)run precheck

<b>    back

select action >> █
```

Select host to update <2>.

The following screen is displayed:



```
192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - host selection

<a>    add host
<r>    remove host

<b>    back

select action >> █
```

a. Select option <a>.

A panel is opened where you enter the appropriate host name listed on `/etc/hosts` on install server (for example, `mch3-pgwds1`) and press **Enter**.

- b. Select option ****.

This takes you back to the previous screen ("prepare update").

2. When the selection of the appropriate host is completed, start the preparation of update by choosing **option <3>**.

```

192.168.9.140 - PuTTY
SufDirector - prepare update

selected Media: /ISS/update/OneNDS-XX-X-8.0.6.12_PATCH_07.medium
selected Host : mch3-pgwds1

<1>    modify selected media list
<2>    (re)select hosts to update
<3>    prepare update
<4>    (re)run precheck

<b>    back

select action >> █

```

Start "prepare update" <3>.

```

mch3a-install_218.1.90.207
Enter the name of the host in the admin-LAN: mch3-pgwds1

Script started, file is /var/opt/SMAWtsupir/work/session.9262/mch3-pgwds1/SufInst
aller.log
Writing log to /var/opt/SMAWuf/Controller/SufInstaller.1/SufInstaller.log
No install directory given. Using default directory
*** If using ssh, be prepared to enter the passwords asap. ***
*** sshd has a timeout while waiting for the password. ***
** Starting update for node mch3-pgwds1 using interface mch3-pgwds1
** Getting local version
Local APS: TSPYSR911100
pkgadd SMAWufut APS: TSPYSR911100
pkgadd SMAWufus APS: TSPYSR911100
Continue (y/n)? y
Installing node mch3-pgwds1 using interface mch3-pgwds1
Warning: Permanently added 'mch3-pgwds1218.1.90.245' (RSA) to the list of known
hosts.
Enter passphrase for key '/export/home/sufuser/.ssh/id_rsa':
Node mch3-pgwds1 updated
No public key found: /export/home/sufuser/.ssh/id_dsa.pub
It seems you do not have a DSA key.
This will grant sufuser@mch3a-tstlnx automated root access to mch3-pgwds1
You will have to enter the password for first access to mch3-pgwds1
Enter passphrase for key '/export/home/sufuser/.ssh/id_rsa': █

```

If asked, enter passphrase and click **Enter**.

```
mch3a-install_218.1.90.207
select action >>
contacting hosts ...
* mch3-pgwds1 ...
cannot contact host mch3-pgwds1 via SUF. If this is a freshly installed system
than the SUF components have not yet been installed.

Shall SUF be installed now on mch3-pgwds1[y/n] ? y

Shall admin-LAN be used [y/n] ? y

Enter the name of the host in the admin-LAN: mch3-pgwds1

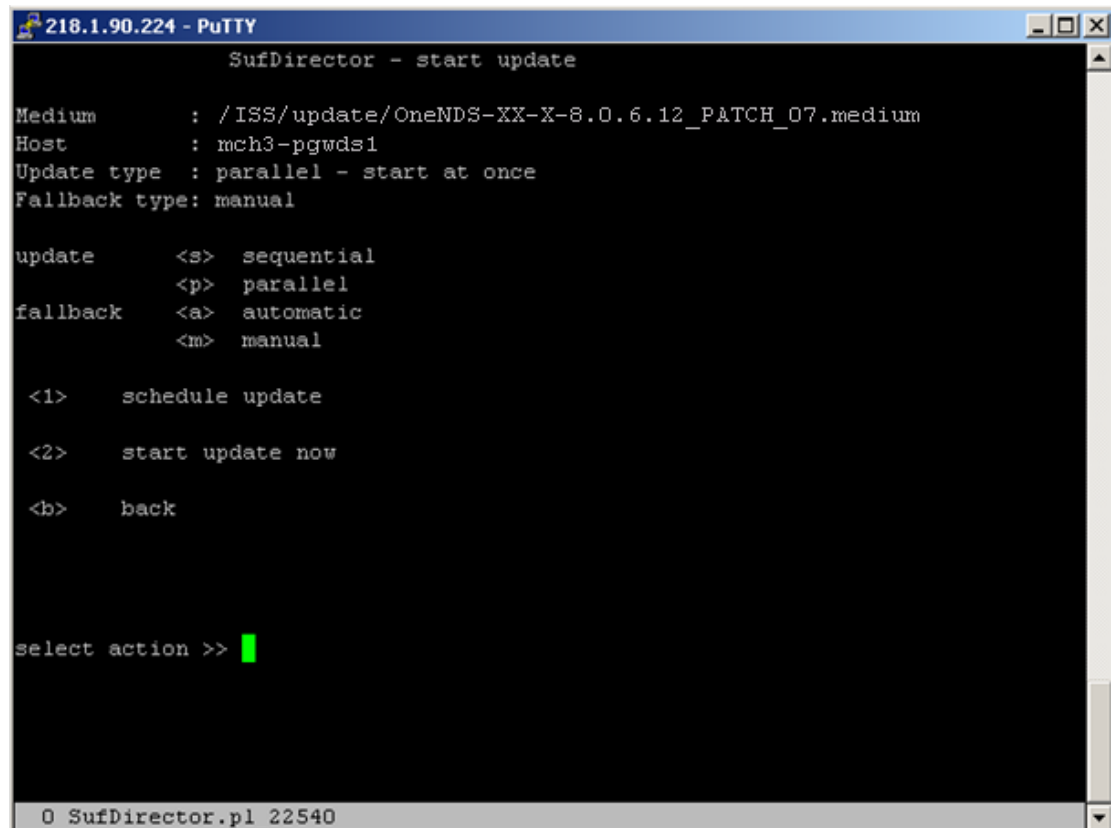
Script started, file is /var/opt/SMAWspir/work/session.9262/mch3-pgwds1/SufInst
aller.log
Writing log to /var/opt/SMAWuf/Controller/SufInstaller.1/SufInstaller.log
No install directory given. Using default directory
*** If using ssh, be prepared to enter the passwords asap. ***
*** sshd has a timeout while waiting for the password. ***
** Starting update for node mch3-pgwds1 using interface mch3-pgwds1
** Getting local version
Local APS: TSPYSR911100
pkgadd SMAWufut APS: TSPYSR911100
pkgadd SMAWufus APS: TSPYSR911100
Continue (y/n)?
```

If asked, enter the values as described in the screen.

By entering one of the following options, the update process is customized:

update	<s>	sequential	one NE after another is updated
	<p>		parallelupdates of single NE's are processed in parallel
fallback	<a>	automatic	in case of an error during the update procedure the Install Server itself initiates all actions needed to fall back to the previous software version
	<m>	manual	the operator needs to decide whether a fallback to a previous version is to be initiated or not

- After selecting the needed configurations, the update itself can be started by choosing option **<2>**.



```
218.1.90.224 - PuTTY
SufDirector - start update

Medium      : /ISS/update/OneNDS-XX-X-8.0.6.12_PATCH_07.medium
Host        : mch3-pgwds1
Update type  : parallel - start at once
Fallback type: manual

update      <s> sequential
            <p> parallel
fallback    <a> automatic
            <m> manual

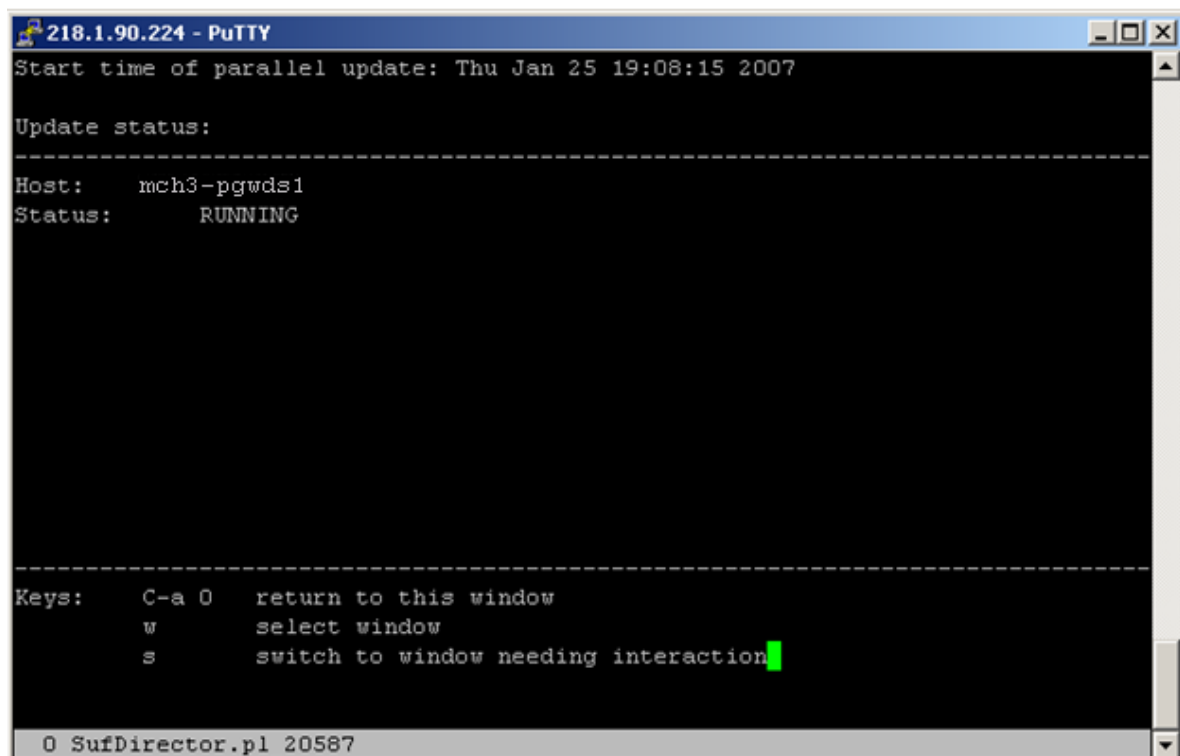
<1>         schedule update
<2>         start update now
<b>         back

select action >> █

0 SufDirector.pl_22540
```

Select update process configurations.

After the update is started, the status of the dedicated update procedure for a dedicated NE is presented as shown within the following screen:



```

218.1.90.224 - PuTTY
Start time of parallel update: Thu Jan 25 19:08:15 2007

Update status:
-----
Host:      mch3-pgwds1
Status:    RUNNING

-----

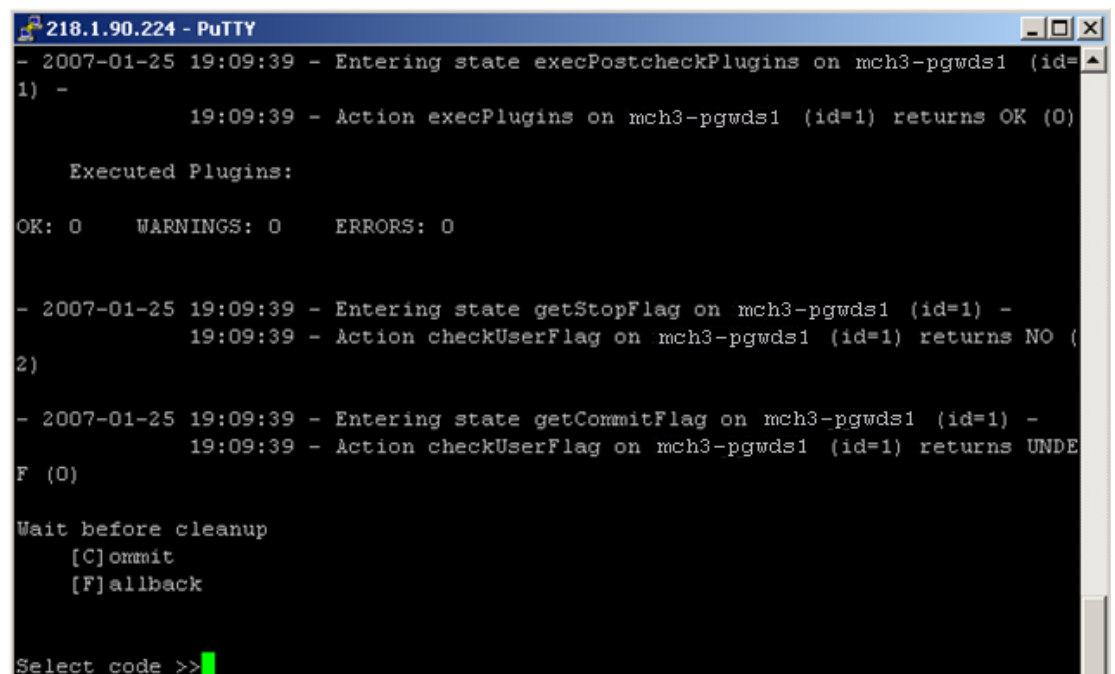
Keys:      C-a 0   return to this window
           w      select window
           s      switch to window needing interaction

0 SufDirector.pl_20587

```

Indicate update status.

4. When the update of a dedicated NE is completed, this is reported in a window as shown in the following screen:



```

218.1.90.224 - PuTTY
- 2007-01-25 19:09:39 - Entering state execPostcheckPlugins on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) -
1) -
    19:09:39 - Action execPlugins on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) returns OK (0)

    Executed Plugins:
OK: 0    WARNINGS: 0    ERRORS: 0

- 2007-01-25 19:09:39 - Entering state getStopFlag on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) -
    19:09:39 - Action checkUserFlag on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) returns NO (
2)

- 2007-01-25 19:09:39 - Entering state getCommitFlag on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) -
    19:09:39 - Action checkUserFlag on mch3-pgwds1 (id=1) returns UNDE
F (0)

Wait before cleanup
[C]onmit
[F]allback

Select code >>

```

Select one of the indicated codes:

[C]ommit (the update is completed and a fallback is not possible anymore), or a

[F]allback (previous software version is “reinstalled” and can be used again).

Leave the window, as it is for an unlimited time to verify the behavior of the installed software and ensure that it fits to the expectations. However, when you are sure you must commit the update to prevent from later clashes with next update actions on the same NE.

Note: If you select **[F]** for Fallback, the machine reboots and starts from the hard disks without updated. However, the DS does not start automatically

(This is not valid for IBM and HP blade with SAN, where you must perform the fallback according to Annex: IBM HS22 with EMC VNX5100 and Annex: HP ProLiant BL460c Gen8 Blade Servers with HP StorageWorks P2000 G3 Storage System).

Start the DS manually or use the ADM function Synch... DSA as the nodes database backup stored on the formerly split away disk is quite only.

```

Start time of parallel update: Thu Jan 25 19:43:50 2007

Update status:
-----
Host:   mck3 pgwdc1
Status: FINISHED

-----
Keys:   C-a 0   return to this window
        w       select window
        s       switch to window needing interaction
        q       quit update screen

```

Update process completed.

When you have committed the update, the **Status: COMPLETED** is reported. There are several options to continue:

- **w** - Change to another window indicating another update of another NE
- **s** - Change to a window that also waits for interactions

- **q** - Quit the update screen.

When you quit the update screen by choosing option **<q>**, answer the following two questions for deletion of temporary data with “yes”.

After the above step, get back to the start screen for choosing other NE's as described and shown in the first figure in 3.2.1.

Note:

After the update, following files are available on the updated nodes:

`/tmp/pre-update.err`

`/tmp/post-update.err`

These files are ignored as they do not indicate any error.

3.2.3 Pre-update and Post-update checks

During update procedure, pre-update and post-update checks are performed.

3.2.3.1 Troubleshooting

If pre-update checks detect some error on DS node, following warnings appears after solving the problem and pressing **[R]etry** (this is caused because of DS has been stopped during first run of pre-update checks):

<code>CC_check_physical_memory</code>	<code>WARNING</code>
<code>nds_pre_updateHealthCheck</code>	<code>WARNING</code>

Output:

```
### WARNING in CC_check_physical_memory:
```

```
... checking physical memory
...checkMemoryParameters: WARN: Checks that depend
on running One-NDS software are disabled.
```

```
WARNING: OneNDS is not running !
```

```
Please check /tspinst/CC_check_physical_memory.log
```

```
### WARNING in nds_pre_updateHealthCheck:
```

```
NDS daemon is not running - org cannot be executed.
```

```
WARNING: DS is NOT running. Continue without
resolving this warning will result in subsequent
health checks to be skipped.
```

Complete log can be found in `/tspinst/nds-update-checks.log`

Ignore these warnings, and press **[C]ontinue** in `SufDirector`.

3.3 Full Installation of New or Broken Nodes after the Installation Update

This section describes the steps performed after the installation update.

In case of hardware error, a node must be reinstalled. Therefore Install Server has to be ready for a possible quick reinstallation.

To minimize the downtime for reinstallation caused by failure, the following steps must be performed directly after all the software updates are committed and the SUF sessions are closed:

- Update the TPD according to [2], and generate `network.xml`.
- Transfer One-NDS 9 SP2 full medium (OneNDS-XX-X-9.0.2.18 FULL) and `network.xml` to the Install Server and do a complete Install Server preparation (including password set/check, Hotfix installation). For more information about Install Server preparation, see chapter “One-NDS Installation Steps” in [4].
- In case of hardware failure Install Server is setup for node reinstallation.

4

Annex: IBM HS22 with EMC VNX5100

Note:

Handling of snapshots through `sufSession.pl` script and handling of update through `SufDirector.pl` script are two independent processes and there is no correlation between them.

1. Before update take a snapshot of the system. For more information, refer section 4.1.
2. During update, ignore warnings related to “no split disks” and continue.
3. At the end of update, `SufDirector.pl` script ends in **[C]ommit / [F]allback** state. Select **[C]ommit** right away.
Select **q** to quit the update screen and **y** to remove the temporary files.
It does not do anything besides cleanly finishing the update and clearing temporary files used by `SufDirector.pl` script.
This is not a real commit. If a commit is required, see below.
4. If update is OK, perform commit. For more information, refer section 4.1.
5. If a rollback is needed, restore the original snapshot taken in the first step.
For more information, refer section 4.1.

4.1 Creating Snapshots before Nodes Update, Commit and Rollback (IBM)

4.1.1 Preparing the Install server `/etc/hosts`

To run further scripts after installing the Install server, the `/etc/hosts` file must be filled.

This can either be done manually through editing the file or recommended to use the generated shell script `fillETCHosts_<site>.sh`

1. Copy the script to the Install server as user `root` to `/tmp`
2. Execute the shell script
`/tmp/fillETCHosts_<site>.sh`

Info: This needs to be done also after an extension of the system.

4.1.2 Preparing the Install Server Environment for Update and Fallback

1. Install `navicli` on the install server.
 - a. Log on to the install server as user `oamsys` and switch to user `root`.
Ensure that `rpm OneNDS_istools` is installed already.
 - b. Copy the `NaviCLI-Linux-64-x86-en_US` rpm (can be found within Additional Data) on the Install Server to the directory `/tmp` and change to the directory `/tmp`.
`cd /tmp`
`scp <...>/NaviCLI* /tmp/.`
 - c. Install the rpm through command
`rpm -U NaviCLI*`
 - d. Run the script `setlevel_cli.sh` with level low.
`/opt/Navisphere/bin/setlevel_cli.sh`

```
mch23-instB:/tmp # rpm -U NaviCLI-Linux-64-x86-en_US-7.31.25.1.24-1.x86_64.rpm
Run the script /opt/Navisphere/bin/setlevel_cli.sh to set the security level before you proceed.
mch23-instB:/tmp # /opt/Navisphere/bin/setlevel_cli.sh
Please enter the verifying level(low|medium|h|m) to set?
l
Setting low verifying level.....
Verification level has been set SUCCESSFULLY!!!
Please refer the log /opt/Navisphere/bin/setlevel.log
mch23-instB:/tmp #
```

2. Install the update and fallback scripts on all install servers.
 - a. Log on to the install server as user `oamsys` and switch to user `root`.
 - b. Create the needed directory with permissions.
`mkdir /ISS/snapshot`
`cd /ISS`
`chown sufuser:users snapshot`
 - c. Switch to user `sufuser` and change to snapshot directory.
`su - sufuser`
`cd /ISS/snapshot`
 - d. Copy the snapshot scripts to the install server to the directory.
`cp <...>/updateScripts.tar.gz /ISS/snapshot`
 - e. Untar the snapshot scripts.
`tar -xvzf updateScripts.tar.gz`

3. Copy the configuration data generated through the TPD xmlConverter to the installation servers:
 - a. Log on to the install server as user oamsys and switch to user sufuser.
 - b. Copy the config data to the install server and rename them to mmhosts.cfg respectively parameters.sh

```
mkdir /ISS/snapshot/script/tmp/
```

```
scp <...>/snapshotConfig/mmhosts_<site>.cfg  
/ISS/snapshot/script/tmp/mmhosts.cfg
```

```
scp <...>/snapshotConfig/parameters_<site>.sh  
/ISS/snapshot/script/parameters.sh
```

4.1.3 Preparing the Snapshots and Session Starting

Perform the following steps:

1. Log on to install server as user “sufuser”.

SufSession Help:

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession

#####

Usage: sufSession OPTION [OPTION arguments]

Available OPTIONS and OPTION arguments:

"sufSession -init"
Initialize sufSession environment. Create cache LUN pool and system configuration files.

"sufSession -refresh"
Refresh cluster configuration files. Must be run after when cluster has been altered (e.g. after replacing faulty HW)

"sufSession -validate"
Validate configuration files and sufficient amount of cache LUN existence"

"sufSession -listnodes"
List available NODENAMEs, hostnames bound to them and their physical location in the cluster.

"sufSession -start NODENAME | -all"
NODENAME: Activate SUF session for NODENAME
-all: Activate SUF session for all available NODEs

"sufSession -listsessions"
List active SUF sessions available for commit or rollback.

"sufSession -commit NODENAME | -all [-o]"
NODENAME: De-activate SUF session for NODENAME
-all: De-activate all active SUF sessions
-o: Do not ask for confirmation before de-activating session(s).

"sufSession -rollback NODENAME -o"
NODENAME: Rollback SUF session for NODENAME
-o: Do not ask confirmation before rolling back SUF session.

"sufSession -rollbacklog view|clear"
view: View contents of rollbacklog.
clear: Clear contents of rollbacklog.

"sufSession -identify NODENAME on|off"
NODENAME on: Turn blinking of blue beacon light in the front panel of NODENAME on.
NODENAME off: Turn beacon light in the front panel of NODENAME off.

sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

2. Preparation

```
cd /ISS/snapshot
./sufSession -init
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -init
```

```
Scanning LUNs 300 - 350
Scanning for LUN... 300
Scanning for LUN... 301
Scanning for LUN... 302
Scanning for LUN... 303
Scanning for LUN... 304
Scanning for LUN... 305
Scanning for LUN... 306
Scanning for LUN... 307
Scanning for LUN... 308
Scanning for LUN... 309
Scanning for LUN... 310
Scanning for LUN... 311
Scanning for LUN... 312
Scanning for LUN... 313
Scanning for LUN... 314
Scanning for LUN... 315
Scanning for LUN... 316
Scanning for LUN... 317
Scanning for LUN... 318
Scanning for LUN... 319
Scanning for LUN... 320
Scanning for LUN... 321
Scanning for LUN... 322
Scanning for LUN... 323
Scanning for LUN... 324
Scanning for LUN... 325
```

```
Adding LUNs: 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 into reserved lunpool.
```

```
Following IPs already detected for aMMs:
10.50.118.104
```

```
Do you wish to re-scan MGMT net for aMMs(y/n): n
Fetching HBA UID data of mch23-sm2...
```

```
Fetching WWN of porthost1 root@mch23-be032:
```

```
Fetching host MAC data
```

```
Fetching host MAC data from 10.50.118.104
```

```
Fetching MAC data from: root@mch23-be032
```

```
Completed
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

If the `./sufSession -init` is done for the second time after EMC configuration (not the second time during this update session), the LUN's are not initialized and the output screens appears as below :

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -init
```

```
LUNs have already been allocated into reserved LUN pool. Skipping LUN scan. Run validate to check, that enough cache LUNs are allocated.
```

```
Following IPs already detected for aMMs:
10.50.118.104
```

```
Do you wish to re-scan MGMT net for aMMs(y/n): n
Fetching HBA UID data of mch23-sm2...
```

```
Fetching WWN of porthost1 root@mch23-be032:
```

```
Fetching host MAC data
```

```
Fetching host MAC data from 10.50.118.104
```

```
Fetching MAC data from: root@mch23-be032
```

```
Completed
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

3. Validate the data stored in EMC:

```
./sufSession -validate
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -validate

Checking existense of configuration files... Passed

**** Configuration to be validated: ****

Valid nodes for SnapSession:
NODENAME      hostname      chassis aMM IP      slot ID
#####
mch23-sm2      mch23-sm2      10.50.118.104      3
mch23-pgw2      mch23-pgw2      10.50.118.104      4
mch23-pgd2      mch23-pgd2      10.50.118.104      5
mch23-rds02      mch23-rds02      10.50.118.104      6
mch23-be022      mch23-be022      10.50.118.104      9
mch23-be032      mch23-be032      10.50.118.104      10

*** Starting validation ***
Checking number of cache LUNs...
Checking cache LUNs...
Valid cache LUNs: 23
Counting valid Storagegroups...
Valid SGs: 23, Cache LUNs: 23..... Passed
Checking aMM IP connectivity to 10.50.118.104... Passed
Checking Host to Storage Group bindings and Host to aMMIP[slot_id] bindings...
root@mch23-sm2: 10.50.118.104[3] SG[mch23-sm2]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-sm2...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-sm2" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-sm2... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 3 to MAC on root@mch23-sm2... Passed
root@mch23-pgw2: 10.50.118.104[4] SG[mch23-pgw2]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-pgw2...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-pgw2" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-pgw2... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 4 to MAC on root@mch23-pgw2... Passed
root@mch23-pgd2: 10.50.118.104[5] SG[mch23-pgd2]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-pgd2...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-pgd2" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-pgd2... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 5 to MAC on root@mch23-pgd2... Passed
root@mch23-rds02: 10.50.118.104[6] SG[mch23-rds02]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-rds02...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-rds02" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-rds02... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 6 to MAC on root@mch23-rds02... Passed
root@mch23-be022: 10.50.118.104[9] SG[mch23-be022]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-be022...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-be022" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-be022... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 9 to MAC on root@mch23-be022... Passed
root@mch23-be032: 10.50.118.104[10] SG[mch23-be032]
Fetching MAC and WUN data from root@mch23-be032...(sles10)
Checking WUNs in "mch23-be032" against WUN fetched from root@mch23-be032... Passed
Comparing MAC address of 10.50.118.104, slot 10 to MAC on root@mch23-be032... Passed
OK
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

4. List all nodes which are available to be updated.

```
./sufSession -listnodes
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -listnodes

Valid nodes for SnapSession:
NODENAME      hostname      chassis aMM IP      slot ID
#####
mch23-sm2      mch23-sm2      10.50.118.104      3
mch23-pgw2      mch23-pgw2      10.50.118.104      4
mch23-pgd2      mch23-pgd2      10.50.118.104      5
mch23-rds02      mch23-rds02      10.50.118.104      6
mch23-be022      mch23-be022      10.50.118.104      9
mch23-be032      mch23-be032      10.50.118.104      10
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

5. Start the snapshot either on one specific node or on all nodes in parallel.

```
./sufSession -start <nodename> | -all
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -start mch23-pgw2

Synching from OS IO buffer root@mch23-pgw2:
Starting SUF session for: mch23-pgw2, OS LUN 8
You must activate a snapshot on this session before you can access it.

sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

Note: Read the output carefully. If the snapshots exist for some node and it is not clear whether the snapshot is up-to-date, perform – commit and –start again commands for this node.

The EMC is now ready and the One-NDS update can be performed.

4.1.4 Rollback If the Update Was Not Successful

The rollback must be done per node through the following command. Option –o can be used to omit questions.

```
./sufSession -rollback <nodename>
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -rollback mch23-pgw2

Rolling back will cause all updates since the start of the SUF session to be lost!
Do you wish to continue (y/n): y
Powering off mch23-pgw2. aMM IP: 10.50.118.104, server slot: 4.
"mch23-pgw2" power is Off, starting rollback of session mch23-pgw2, rate medium.

Powering on "mch23-pgw2".
Rollback succesfully started for "mch23-pgw2".
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```

Note:

- The rollback just restores the snapshot, but the snapshot is still available.
- The snapshot is taken before the start of SUF update .The rollback restores the running server, so the rolled back server is automatically started.

4.1.5 Commit If the Update Was Successful

The commit must be done per node through the following command. Option –o can be used to omit questions.

```
./sufSession -commit <nodename>
```

```
sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot> ./sufSession -commit mch23-pgw2

Committing changes will delete patch update backup OS image created at the start of the SUF session.
Do you wish to continue (y/n): y
Deleting snapview session: mch23-pgw2

sufuser@:/ISS/snapshot>
```


5

Annex: HP ProLiant BL460c Gen8 Blade Servers with HP StorageWorks P2000 G3 Storage System

Note: Handling of snapshots through the `sufSession.pl` script and handling of update through `SufDirector.pl` script are two independent processes and there is no correlation between them.

1. Before update through the `SufDirector.pl` script take a snapshot of the system through the `sufSession.pl` script. For more information, refer section 5.1.
2. During update through the `SufDirector.pl` script ignore warnings related to “no split disks” and continue.

```

===== ATTENTION ===== ATTENTION ===== ATTENTION
===== ATTENTION =====

= Neither local mirrors nor ZFS declared!
= Splitting local mirrors resp. ZFS cloning is
absolutely required for fallback!
= Please declare mirrors resp. ZFS datasets through
SufAdmin [get|set]ClusterDescription
= before starting the update.

===== ATTENTION ===== ATTENTION ===== ATTENTION
===== ATTENTION =====

There are warnings! Are you sure to go on ? [y|n]>>
Select “y”.

```

3. At the end of update, `SufDirector.pl` script ends in **[C]ommit / [F]allback** state. Select **[C]ommit** right away.
Select **q** to quit the update screen and **y** to remove the temporary files.

It does not do anything besides cleanly finishing the update and clearing temporary files used by SufDirector.pl script.

This is not real commit. If a commit is needed, perform it through the sufSession.pl script (see below).

4. If update is OK, perform commit through the sufSession.pl script. For more information, refer section 5.1.
5. If a rollback is needed, restore the original snapshot taken in the first step through sufSession.pl script. For more information, refer section 5.1.

5.1 Creating Snapshots before Nodes Update, Commit and Rollback (HP)

5.1.1 Starting the Snapshots

1. As "root " on Install Server, copy onends_hp_hw-9.0.1-*.noarch.rpm from additionalData to /tmp directory
2. Install onends_hp_hw-9.0.1-*.noarch.rpm

```
# cd /tmp
# rpm -Uvh onends_hp_hw-9.0.1-*.noarch.rpm
```
3. Copy hpConfig_allSites_net.xml generated by TPD to /tftpboot directory.
4. Start the snapshot.

```
# cd /tftpboot
# ./scripts/sufSession.pl -f
hpConfig_allSites_net.xml -s --all --StoragePwd
<storage_password> --sdfrunPwd <sdfrun_password> --
OAPwd <OA_password> -wait
```

Hint: Ensure that the parameter --all starts a snapshot also for Install Server. However, a rollback of Install Server is not allowed to run from Install Server.

To avoid starting the snapshot for Install Server the parameter -n <node1,node2,...> must be used instead of the parameter --all.

5.1.2 Rollback

Hint:

- A rollback must not be performed in parallel shells with several sessions.

- A rollback of Install Server is not allowed to run from Install Server. From this reason the parameter `--all` is not allowed to use for rollback from Install Server together with `hpConfig_allSites_net.xml`.
- A rollback is not allowed to be performed on DS nodes in the state "Primary".

As "root" on Install Server

```
# cd /tftpboot  
  
# ./scripts/sufSession.pl -f hpConfig_allSites_net.xml -r  
-n <node1,node2,...> --StoragePwd <storage_password> --  
sdfrunPwd <sdfrun_password> --OAPwd <OA_password> --wait
```

5.1.2.1 Verification of Successful Rollback

Perform the following steps:

1. Check if all `suf` sessions (snapshots) have been removed.

As "root" on Install Server

```
# cd /tftpboot  
  
# ./scripts/sufSession.pl -f  
hpConfig_allSites_net.xml -a -n <node1,node2,...> --  
StoragePwd <storage_password>
```

The result for all nodes must be:

```
No suf session for node <node1> found!
```

```
No suf session for node <node2> found!
```

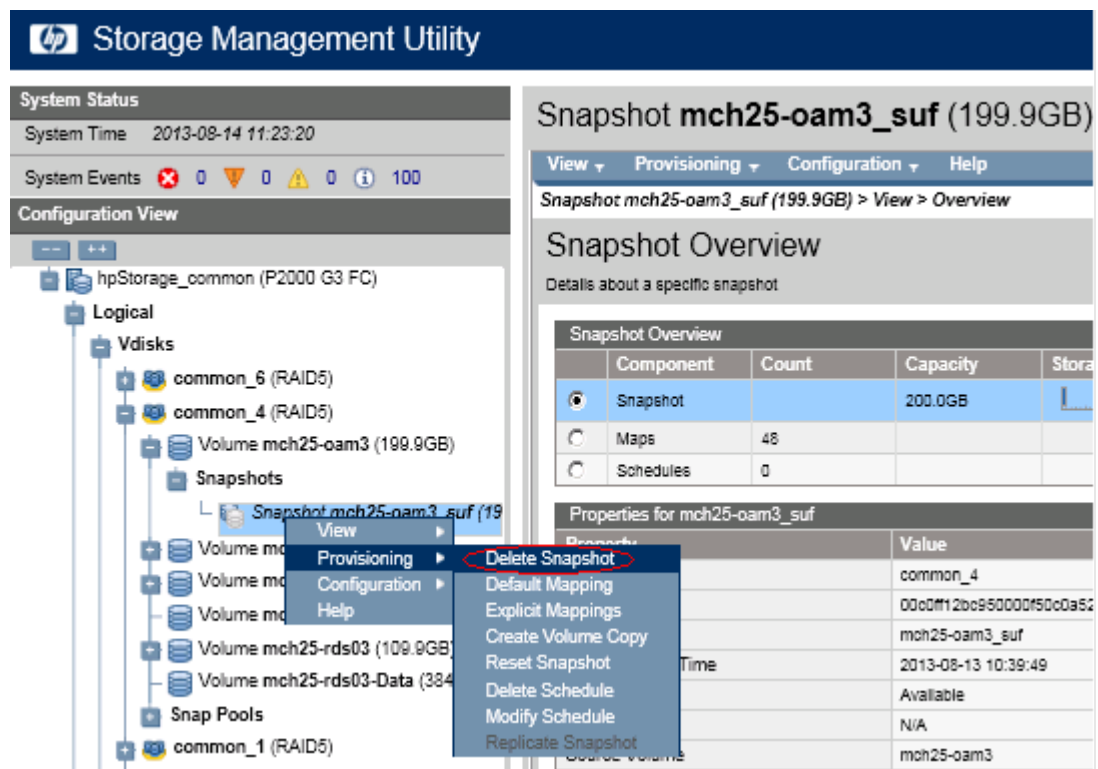
```
...
```

2. Check on install server as "root" that all nodes have required version.

```
# onends_nodes_check -q
```

If some `suf` session was not removed and the relevant node does not have required version, start rollback for this node again.

If some `suf` session was not removed and the relevant node has required version, simply manually remove the `suf` session through Storage Management Utility (see example below):



5.1.3 Commit

Hint:

- A commit must not be performed in parallel shells with several sessions.
- A commit of Install Server is not allowed to run from Install Server. From this reason the parameter `--all` is not allowed to use for commit from Install Server together with `hpConfig_allSites_net.xml`.
- A commit is not allowed to be performed on DS nodes in the state "Primary".

As "root" on Install Server

```
# cd /tftpboot
```

```
# ./scripts/sufSession.pl -f hpConfig_allSites_net.xml -c -n
<node1,node2,...> --StoragePwd <storage_password> -- sdfRunPwd
<sdfRun_password> --OAPwd <OA_password> --wait
```

6

Annex: Useful Logs and Basic Statuses

See Annex: Useful Logs and Basic Statuses in [\[4\]](#).

Glossary and Abbreviations

AAA	Authentication, Authorization, Accounting
ADM	One-NDS Administrator
AU	AAA Server Unit
BC	Bladecenter (IBM)
BE	Backend
BE-DSA	Backend DSA
BIOS	Basic Input/Output System
C-NTDB	Carrier Network Technology Database
DNS	Domain Name System
DS	Directory Server
DSA	Directory System Agent
ExP	Application Extension Package
FE	Front End
HW	Hardware
INS	Install Server
IMN	Installation Manual
JKS	Java Key Store
JCEKS	Java Cryptographic Extension Key Store
KVM	Keyboard Video Mouse Switch

LDAP	Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
LDIF	LDAP Interchange Format
LVM	Logical Volume Manager
NDS	One-NDS Directory
NTF	Notification Manager
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OA&M	Operation, Administration and Maintenance
One-NDS	Network Directory Server
OS	Operating System
PGW	Provisioning Gateway
PGW-DSA	Provisioning Gateway DSA
RAID	Redundant Array of Independent Disks
R-DSA	Routing DSA
SDF	Service Data Function
SSDS	Secondary Synchronized DS
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TPD	Technical Project Data
YaST	Yet Another Setup Tool